

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TENTH YEAR.

MONDAY, JANUARY 30, 1892.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

THREE CENTS

A Duluth Clothing House Exclusively Owned and Controlled by Duluth Men
ESTABLISHED 1881.
Store Closed Every Evening Except Mondays and Saturdays.

Stock Taken and Books Balanced

All this has been done during the past week, and we are more than pleased with the business of 1892. But we find we are carrying over a great many more Overcoats than a year ago. To reduce this stock and do it quickly, we will commence today

The Grandest and Greatest Overcoat Sale

Duluth or any other city has ever seen. For this entire week we will give you your choice of any Overcoat in the house for

\$14.98.

Your choice of all our very best \$20, \$22, \$25, \$28 and \$30 Tailor-made Double and Single Breasted Melton and Kersey Overcoats for this week at \$14.98.

Your choice of all our handsome Ulsters and Storm coats, worth \$20, \$25 and \$28, for this week at \$14.98.

Your choice of all our fine Fur Trimmed and Chinchilla Overcoats, worth from \$20 to \$30, for this week at \$14.98.

Hundreds of good Overcoats from \$4.00 to \$12.00.

Remember this is not a sale of a few odds and ends but, your choice of ANY OVERCOAT, (fur coats alone excluded) in our entire mammoth store for the paltry sum of

FOURTEEN NINETY-EIGHT

Until store closes next Saturday night—Sale is for cash only.

The BIG DULUTH

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL, Props.
Wholesalers and Retailers of Lumbermen's, Miners and Explorer's Supplies.

Housekeepers, Attention!

This is the time of the year to buy Furniture and Carpets at prices away below the lowest. Every housekeeper in Duluth and vicinity, as well as those contemplating Housekeeping soon should visit my store at once and see the immense stock of Parlor, Bed Room and Dining Room Furniture I am offering at such amazingly low prices.

F.S. Kelly,

710 and 712 West Superior Street.

Everything for the Home,
Everything for the Office,
ON EASY PAYMENTS.

JUST SEE OUR EXCLUSIVE SPECIALS:

THE PATEK-PHILIPPE WATCH,
DULUTH HARBOR SPOONS AND TRAYS,
WHALEBACK TRAYS, ETC., ETC.
J. M. GEIST, Jeweler, The Leading House.

FINE HOUSES!

Several very desirable East End houses, from \$12,000 to \$25,000 on Bench, First, Second and Jefferson Streets.

E. R. BRACE,

513 Palladio,
DULUTH.

BLAINE BURIED

The Remains of the Ex-Secretary of State Were Borne to the Grave This Morning.

Large Numbers of Relatives and Friends Covered the Bier and Its Surroundings With Flowers.

All Efforts to Have a Private Funeral Proved Unavailing; Owing to the Popular Demonstration.

The Services Were Grand in Their Simplicity and Were Attended by Thousands of People.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Mr. Blaine could not have a private funeral, though every effort was made to comply with his own understanding and with the expressed desire of his family in this regard. The surging wave of public interest swept over the barriers imposed and made his private funeral one of the most impressive of public demonstrations in honor of the dead.

The most eminent men in the nation stood around his bier. All business in the nation's capital was suspended during the period when the funeral services were in progress. The presence of the president and his cabinet, supreme judges and high officials of congress and diplomatic corps was not more significant than the homage of the waiting crowds, in respectful silence, lined the streets through which the funeral cortege passed.

The parlor on the second floor, where the body lay in its cedar casket closely sealed, was fairly embowered with floral tributes. The casket itself rested on a huge bed of roses, violets, palm leaves and ferns sent by Mrs. Emmons Blaine, about nine feet long by four feet wide, the flowers artistically given the combination of colors and designs of an oriental rug.

The large ship of state sent by the Knights of Reciprocity was near by, and around the pedestal on which the coffin rested and upon the coffin itself were a wreath of orchids and roses from President Harrison; a wreath of white roses and violets from Mrs. Chandler; a simple wreath of violets from the ladies with ribbons from James G. Blaine, Jr.; a garland of violets from Mrs. Eugene C. Corbin; a wreath of roses upon the casket; a wreath of roses and violets from Louis Dent, consul to Kingston, Jamaica, (formerly Mr. Blaine's private secretary); a large wreath of violets and white orchids from Mrs. R. R. Hitt; and immense wreath of white flowers with long streamers of ribbon from the diplomatic corps; a wreath of ivy leaves and violets from Mrs. Henry Cabot Lodge; a wreath of lilies of the valley and palm leaves from Mrs. Whitelaw Reid; a wreath of roses from Mrs. Emmons Blaine; a large cross and spray of lilies from Mrs. Du Loring; a bunch of white roses from Mrs. Alger; a wreath of white roses from Mrs. Tracy; a wreath of white roses from Mrs. Audenreid; a wreath of ivy sprayed with white roses from Mr. and Mrs. John McLean and many more.

The parlor was far too small for the distinguished mourners who by invitation sought access to it. The president entered accompanied by Mrs. McKee and Secretary Hallford and Lieut. Parker. The vice-president was accompanied by Mrs. Morton. Then came members of the cabinet with their families. The chief justice of the United States, newly arrived from the funeral of his late assistant, Justice McMillan, accompanied by Mrs. and Miss Fuller.

Closely following them came Mrs. Hitt, Miss Macomb, Miss Loring, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, Mrs. Cameron, Miss Cameron, Senator Cameron, Senator and Mrs. Chandler, Gen. and Mrs. Parke, Mrs. John Hay, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Newlands, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Cummings, Representative and Mrs. Henry Cabot Lodge, Mr. and Mrs. Howard, Mr. and Mrs. Marcellus Bailey, Mrs. Audenreid, Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Durnell, of Minnesota, ex-Governor and Mrs. Perham, of Maine, Sir Julian and Lady Pauncefoot, Senators Gordon and Voorhees, Speaker Crisp, Representative Holman and J. T. Devine (Mr. Blaine's stenographer in the preparation of his "Twenty Years in Congress"), Representative Blount, Charles Smith, editor of the Philadelphia Press, and ex-minister to Russia; Representative and Mrs. Dingley, Representative Milliken, Mrs. Frye, the Blaine delegation of fourteen gentlemen headed by Governor Cleaves, and Mrs. Fessenden, of Connecticut; Senator and Mrs. Manderson, Senators Allison, McPherson and Sherman, Senators Cockrell and Corman, Senator Aldrich and Senator Morill, Senator and Miss Dawes, Senator Hoar, Senator and Mrs. Washburn, Senator Ransom and Gen. Baird, Judge and Mrs. Wylie and many others.

Not all of those who had requested or had received invitations to the house could obtain admission to the mansion, and many perforce remained in the long line of carriages which filled the adjacent streets. The immediate mourners grouped around the casket, were the widow, her married daughter, Mrs. Damrosch, Miss Hattie Blaine, J. G. Blaine, J. H. Hatter, all nephews of the deceased statesman.

Though a concourse of several thousand people occupied Lafayette square

facing the Blaine residence, and though the doors and windows of the house adjoining were thronged with spectators, and a double line of carriages 150 or more in number extended far along the broad surface of Pennsylvania avenue in front of the White House, the treasury and the war, state and navy department buildings, there was no disorder or confusion observable. On the contrary there was a marked air of decorous solemnity attending even the outside demonstrations.

The ceremonies inside the house were grand in their simplicity. Before the hour of the invited guests began to arrive and take their seats in the large and floral bedecked front parlor of the mansion. There were no chairs reserved except for the president and the immediate family of the deceased.

Eleven o'clock was the hour named for the simple service of prayer which was to precede the removal of the body to the church for the more public rites. It was only a few minutes after that hour when the mourners entered and all the distinguished company rose to the church for the more public rites.

The family was followed by the Rev. Dr. Hamlin of the church of the Covenant, who, standing beside the casket, in a low tone, delivered the Presbyterian prayer for the departed soul. As he did so, Walter Damrosch touched the keys of the piano to a slow dirge and the scene was an impressive one. Dr. Hamlin returned thanks to God that by his power this life was ended only that the life of immortality might be begun. He beseeched the Almighty to comfort the stricken household, because the one that had gone out of this life had gone to immortality. Let the consolation that came from above fall tenderly and sweetly upon them.

The cortege then started for the church. In the first carriage was Rev. T. Hamlin, the officiating clergyman. Then came the pall bearers, Senator and Mrs. Frye, Senator Morgan, ex-Speaker Reed, Representative Boutelle, Representative Bingham, of Pennsylvania, in which state Mr. Blaine was born; Gen. Thomas E. O'Conor, (second cousin of Mr. Blaine); John Hay, ex-assistant secretary of state; Joseph H. Mapley, of Augusta; P. V. Elv, of Boston; Almet F. Jenks, of Brooklyn; and Robert R. Hitt, of Illinois.

Then came the immediate members of the family and relatives and most intimate friends and servants. In the next carriage were Doctors Johnston and Hitt. The distinguished guests followed in the order of precedence. The Presbyterian church of the Covenant, where Mr. Blaine was a pew holder, is situated at the corner of Connecticut avenue and N street, opposite the British legation and in the heart of the fashionable north western section of the city. The decorations at the church were very rich. The terrace formed by the pulpit and the rails separating the organ gallery from the platform afforded a background for a striking massing of plants and cut flowers. On the edge of the pulpit cut flowers were ranged in a plan ten or eleven feet wide. The blooms comprised roses, lilies of the valley, and azaleas. The front of the organ was covered with curtains of blue and white, and the pulpit itself was draped in the same material. The space in front of the pulpit, in which the coffin lay, was entirely covered with the floral emblems which accompanied the remains from the house. These were disposed in such a way as to heighten the effect of the decorations. The relatives and pall bearers occupied the first eight rows of seats in the main aisle. Behind them were seated the president, vice president, cabinet officers, Speaker Crisp and members of the supreme court with their families.

Intermixed with them were Baron Fava, dean of the diplomatic corps, Sir Julian Pauncefoot, British minister; the new Russian minister, Prince Countzen, representatives of the French, German and Spanish legations and nearly all the ministers from South and Central America, as well as many senators and representatives in addition to those present at the house. Among the senators were Sherman, Voorhees, Morrill, Washburn, Peffer and Cockerell. Five of the justices of the supreme court headed by the venerable Justice Field arrived early. The others were Justices Gray, Blatchford, Brown and Shiras. Chief Justice Fuller joined them just before the service began.

On the left of the church were delegations from the state of Massachusetts from the Union League clubs, of New York and Philadelphia, and from various points in Pennsylvania. Warner Miller, Theodore Roosevelt, Henry Cabot Lodge and ex-Representative Durnell, of Minnesota, were with these delegations. It was exactly 12 o'clock when the slow and solemn organ music announced the arrival of the funeral party at the door of the church. As the sad procession moved up the aisle Walter Damrosch, who was at the organ, played an improvisation made up of several themes of hymns which Mr. Blaine loved. All present rose and remained standing as the funeral party moved down the aisles. Dr. Hamlin, the pastor, walked at the head of the mourners and holding in his hand an open book containing the ritual of the Presbyterian worship as he advanced, read selections from the scriptures. Behind him came the honorary pall bearers.

At the chancel rail the body was deposited amidst a profusion of flowers. The members of the family knelt with their heads bowed in prayer and remained in this attitude for some time. More distant kindred, relatives, intimate friends, the president and his cabinet and the other members of the funeral party who were at the house came in after the family and were seated in the pews reserved for them.

When all were seated the deep peals of the organ ceased and Dr. Hamlin, rising from his place in the pulpit began the services with the reading of selections from the scriptures. The reading finished, prayer was offered up by Dr. Hamlin. At the close the prayer, the funeral procession once more formed and the body was conveyed to Oakhill cemetery and there laid to rest.

MUST WAIT ONE YEAR

Grant For a Survey of a Canal From the Great Lakes to the Sea Delayed.

Hard Work Done by Secretary Thompson. Maj. Baldwin and Congressman Haugen But Was.

The Stories in St. Paul Papers of Coming Democratic Appointments in Minnesota Are All Unreliable.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—[Special to The Herald.]—Secretary Thompson, of the Duluth chamber of commerce, has paid very close attention to congress during the past two or three weeks, and has done some excellent work in working up sentiment in favor of the passage of the bill providing an appropriation of \$100,000 for the preliminary survey of the proposed ship canal from the great lakes to the Atlantic seaboard. He has been assisted by Congressman-elect Baldwin and Congressman Haugen, of Wisconsin, and many other lake state men, who are interested in this great movement. As telegraphed on Saturday, however, the bill will not become a law during this session of congress, owing to the Democratic members of the rules committee refusing to set a date for its consideration. This means a postponement for another year.

A great deal of slush has been printed in Minneapolis and St. Paul dailies about the wrangle Minnesota Democrats are going to get in over the distribution of offices under the incoming Cleveland administration. It has at various times been stated that Michael Doran, the Democratic national committeeman from Minnesota, was going to attempt to control any and all appointments for Minnesota under the Cleveland administration. The real facts of the matter are, according to men in Washington who have some knowledge of the Democratic situation, that Mr. Doran is not going to exert himself to control all the patronage, and if he did the chances are ten to one that he would fail.

Mr. Doran is going to have a great deal to say about some of the big appointments in Minnesota, but even in this respect he will consult other prominent Democratic leaders before recommending any man. He has given no indication that he intends to snub Cleveland Hall, of the Third Minnesota district, Maj. Baldwin, congressman-elect from the Sixth district, or Representative Harries, now representing the First district, who will retire on March 4. The prospects are that Maj. Baldwin will not have any trouble in securing the appointment of candidates that he recommends from his own district for any office within the confines of that district.

This will be the case also with Representative Hall's district, and Capt. Harries will have something to say about the distribution of patronage in his district. It has been stated, and there is some foundation for the statement, that Representative Hall is a candidate for the office of collector for Minnesota, and when Mr. Cleveland is inducted into office he may blossom out as a full-fledged candidate for this position. In the event that he does, and is not seriously opposed by Mr. Doran and other well-known Democratic leaders in Minnesota, he may be appointed. There is a great deal of talk about the other candidates for the big federal positions in Minnesota, but a great deal of it is guess work.

It is a well understood fact in Washington if not in Minnesota that no recommendations for appointments have been held by Mr. Cleveland and none will be until after his inauguration on March 4, and it will be a month or six weeks after that before he gives any serious consideration to the appointment of minor officials in any state of the union. It will be seen that the aspiring candidates will be obliged to wait some time before they know their fate.

In some respects there is evidence that Mr. Cleveland does not propose to make sweeping changes in appointing officers when he again resumes the reins of government. There is just a possibility that he may allow Republicans in postoffices, at any rate, to serve out their terms before making any changes, unless there is a good reason to call for their early resignation.

A Costly Canal.
NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—It is now estimated that the canal proposed to run from Lake Superior to the Erie will cost at least \$500,000,000. The canal would be 315 miles in length, have thirty locks and a large number of costly aqueducts. The canal will have to be thirty feet deep and 300 feet wide.

Three Fatally Crushed.
LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 30.—A freight on the Newport News & Mississippi railroad was derailed by a misplaced switch at Asphalt station, seventy miles from this city, last night. Six cars and their contents were destroyed and Engineer Fred Price, Fireman Fred Lierne and Brakeman Walter Darcis, in attempting to jump, were caught in the wreck and seriously, perhaps fatally crushed. Supt. Ross broke his arm in two places while en route to the wreck.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL

ONE MAN WAS KILLED.

Others Were Seriously Injured by Explosion in a Fireworks Plant.

CINCINNATI, O., Jan. 30.—A terrific explosion occurred this morning at the Deihl fireworks plant in Reading, a suburban village eleven miles from this city. The charging house was completely shattered and blazing timbers shot in the air, setting fire to the surrounding buildings.

Henry Horne, aged 18, was instantly killed; Gus Gerwin, 24, fatally injured; Olive White and Tillie Matt, both about 18 years old, were seriously burned. Many others were more or less injured. The cause of the explosion is not known.

The men and women employed in the charging house began work but a short time before the powder let go. The works are owned by the Consolidated Fireworks company of North America, of New York. Fifty persons were employed at the plant.

EXECUTED TWO CHILDREN

The Awful Deed Committed by a Bohemian Ex-Priest of Baltimore Who Was Suffering From Delirium.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 30.—A Bohemian ex-priest, John B. Hojda, executed his two children this morning. The murders were committed, it is thought, while the man was suffering from delirium. He has been considered somewhat demented for some time.

Breaking loose from his attendants, the ex-priest rushed down stairs. He secured an axe and instantly killed his three-week-old child. An assault upon his 3-year-old son followed.

He then seized a loaded gun and jumped from the second story window. He was not hurt by the fall and was soon lost to sight. Some hours later he was captured and locked up.

Hojda some years ago was in charge of a parish on East Baltimore street, near Central avenue. He fell in love with a young lady member of his congregation. He finally abandoned his church and married the girl. Subsequently he opened a florist's place on the Belair road.

WAS BLAINE ELECTED?

A New York Clergyman Declares Blaine Was Chosen President in 1884.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—Rev. Dr. Robert S. MacArthur preached a sermon in the Calvary Baptist church, of which he is pastor, last night, in the course of which he said that he believed that James G. Blaine had been elected president of the United States in 1884. Democrats, Dr. MacArthur said, had told him that they knew this at which a sufficient number of ballots had been changed to give Mr. Cleveland an apparent majority, and also that they knew the men who had done this deed.

Dr. MacArthur's statements caused a sensation among his large congregation. The preacher also gave what he said was the first accurate account of how Rev. Dr. Burchard came to deliver his famous alterative speech which proved so fatal to Mr. Blaine's presidential aspirations. After paying a glowing tribute to the deceased statesman the reverend gentleman said:

"With regard to the unfortunate remark by Dr. Burchard, there has been some understanding that I may be able to clear away. Many thought that Dr. Burchard deliberately uttered the words in order to injure his cause, but I am sure that he could not have known he was to deliver the address five minutes beforehand. The committee in charge had chosen Dr. Armitage to preside and make the opening address to Mr. Blaine, but he was detained in Philadelphia and a member of the committee suggested to me to ask Dr. Burchard to fill his place. We delayed the affair a full half hour and then I asked Dr. Burchard to accept the duty. As the ill chosen words fell trembling from his lips I watched Mr. Blaine. He seemed to be absorbed in deep thought and not to notice them, though he must have been the first to appreciate their importance."

CAUSED BY CURIOSITY.

A Series of Terrific Explosions of Gas in a Kentucky City.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Jan. 30.—Just as church services were beginning yesterday five alarms of fire were turned in. The cause of it all was a man's curiosity and a match. A group of men were standing on a street corner at the mouth of a large sewer guessing what made the water look so greasy.

One of them said he would see, and dropped a lighted match into the oily substance. At once there was a terrific explosion and one of the spectators, a man named Haley, had part of his hand torn off. The flames rushed on through the sewer, consuming the oil which had escaped from the gas company's broken pipe.

One explosion followed another, tearing up the sidewalks square after square and shattering window glass along the way. Great excitement prevailed, women shrieking and fainting from fright. The fire engines could accomplish nothing, and the oil continued to burn until it had emptied itself into the Kentucky river. The gas works were rendered inoperative and last night candles had to be depended upon for illumination.

THREE PERSONS INJURED.

Serious Explosion of a Boiler in a Factory.

PONTIAC, Mich., Jan. 30.—The boiler in Stewart's factory in the western portion of this city exploded about 7 o'clock this morning and destroyed the entire works. Four men were seriously injured and one killed. Had the explosion occurred fifteen minutes later, the loss of life would have been great.

The injured are: Archie McCoy, cut about the head; Fred Wilson, night watchman, face painfully burned; George Latourette, engineer, burned about the face, and a boy, name unknown, cut and burned.

Additional dispatches on pages 4 and 6.

Dunkin's



KAHN'S OLD STAND 105 and 107 WEST SUPERIOR STREET, DULUTH.

ONLY TWO DAYS MORE!

Monday and Tuesday,

BARGAINS :: BANKRUPT :: BARGAINS!

AT KAHN'S OLD STAND.

Our lease is up Tuesday. We have been ordered out. We are compelled to vacate at once. We want to sell the stock, not move it. We have cut prices all to pieces. TODAY and TOMORROW ONLY.

OPEN TONIGHT AND TOMORROW NIGHT UNTIL 10 O'CLOCK

OVER FOUR MILLIONS.

The Business of the Duluth Street Railway Company in 1892 Was Double That in 1891.

More Than Four Million Passengers Were Carried, or a Daily Average of Over Eleven Thousand.

At Present, However, Daily Average Number of Passenger Reaches a Little Over Sixteen Thousand.

Through the kindness of General Manager Wardwell, The Herald is enabled to give some official figures regarding the operating of the Duluth street railway system for last year. Taken as a united whole there are exactly forty-four miles of track operated. There are 35 cars in daily use and 200 men have steady employment. By May 1, there will be another lot of 20 largest size cars received and half of that lot will be put into service, making a daily operation of 45 cars. The reserves are kept for emergency calls or for replacing any "crumples" which may develop from time to time.

The following figures do not include the Motor Line company's service or the Lakeside company, but refer to the Duluth Street Railway company's operations exclusively:

The minimum number of cars run per day for any one month in 1892 was 22, and the maximum number 31, or a daily average of 25 cars daily for the entire year. The miles operated or covered by the cars in their work was 1,042,888 7-10 miles, and the average miles run by each car per day was 124 9-10. The average daily consumption of coal at the power houses was 24,682 pounds, or an average per car per year of 987 28-100 pounds, or 7 and 75 100 pounds of coal to each car mile traveled.

The number of passengers carried during the year was 4,055,023, or a yearly daily average of a little over 11,000. The average daily number of passengers carried now is a little over 16,000. The company has handled over 40,000 people in one day, however. The total number of passengers carried last year is about double the number carried in 1891.

Col. Wright Resigned.

The resignation of Col. F. P. Wright, of the Third regiment national guard state of Minnesota, was forwarded to Gen. W. B. Bend, of the First brigade, on Saturday. The step taken by Col. Wright was due to the pressure of business, both at his business place, on Fourth street, and as mayor of the city of St. Paul. His resignation will create a vacancy, which Lieut. Col. J. C. Shan-

drew, of St. Paul, will probably be elected to fill, while Maj. C. E. Johnson, of Mankato, will also go up a step higher.

DULUTH'S LUMBER TRADE.

Indications of a Slight Advance in Prices for Spring Delivery.

In none of the "boom editions" of newspapers or books setting forth attractions and resources of Duluth have the winters been listed on the credit side of the inventory, says the Duluth correspondent of the Northwestern Lumberman. There have been but two little flurries of snow and wind, which lasted but a few hours, and at no time during the present winter has work been suspended for an hour in the camps. The sky is usually clear, the air crisp, snow remaining at about eight inches in depth throughout the logging district, the swamps frozen solidly, and the ice roads continuing even and firm.

In the city the building rush has never abated and the lumber yards always present a lively appearance. But, aside from what lumber is being distributed to local contractors, little is moving. The farmers go into hibernation about this time and the western retail dealers will not begin to stock up for spring trade until about March 1. There is every indication now of a slight advance in prices on stocks for spring delivery. It is evident that there will be a scarcity of lumber especially for the western trade.

Eastern buyers are picking up all desirable blocks to go forward immediately on the opening of navigation, and prices which are named in these contracts will average 50 cents higher than at the close of navigation. When the Northwestern dealers come to town they will find badly broken stocks and firm prices. The lumber remaining after the dealers on the lower lakes have looked it over, and that what is not wanted at home will go to the Northwest.

Duluth has not as yet, any standing in the Southwest, the Omaha and Kansas City territories, on account of the prohibitive railway freight. The difference of 7 cents a hundred between Duluth and Minneapolis to the Southwest, together with the excessive rates into the very same territory on other commodities, created a mild revolution among shippers here and at Superior and their combined vigorous protest brought to the head of the lakes last week a delegation of railway freight agents, which had been appointed by the Western Freight association.

The delegation was met by shippers from the two cities and made acquainted with the burdens complained of. In the first place complaint made was against the roads between Duluth and Chicago; St. Paul and Minneapolis, about the same distance from Chicago, have lower rates. Again the same rates were demanded from Duluth to Chicago, as from Chicago here, and a reduction to the Southwest generally was demanded.

The rates complained of particularly were on lumber. The rates on this class of freight from Chicago south are 20 cents a hundred lower than from Duluth. A committee appointed by the jobbers and lumber shippers went over the ground in detail with the railroad men, the result of which will undoubtedly be that some concessions and reductions in

rates will be made. But whether reductions will be made on lumber or not, is somewhat uncertain.

One of the railroad men in speaking of the matter said that he did not believe that existing lumber rates would be disturbed. "It is true," said he, "that Duluth is paying more on lumber to the southwest than Minneapolis. But suppose the tariff should be lowered, it would simply result in a corresponding cut from Minneapolis to the southwest, and it would leave the shippers on the same basis, relatively, as they are now. What would be gained by it to them? If the roads out of here were to order a cut on lumber, and by this movement there should spring up such a shipment west as would attract the notice and competition of the steamboat men, they would make a reduction on eastern rates to retain their trade, and the railroads would carry no more lumber than they do now."

KILLED BY DYNAMITE.

John Nordby Was Literally Blown to Pieces at Virginia.

John Nordby, employed by Winston Bros., the contractors who are building the Iron Range extension, was instantly killed by an explosion at a point about one mile from Virginia on Saturday.

Nordby was engaged in blasting by the use of dynamite. In some way a stick of the powerful agent was accidentally exploded. Nordby was literally blown to pieces. Portions of his body were picked up at points many feet distant from the scene of the explosion. Nothing is known of the man's family or home at this place.

The Land of Everlasting Summer
Is easily reached on the Chicago & Eastern Illinois railroad, "Evanston Route." Limited vestibule trains leave Chicago daily at 4 p. m., reaching Duluth and the Gulf coast in 36 hours, quicker than other lines. For full information, apply to Chas. W. Humphrey, northern passenger agent, 170 East Third street, St. Paul, Minn., Chicago city ticket office, 201 Clark street, or to Charles L. Stone, general passenger and ticket agent, Chicago.

Indigestion? Miserable! Take BEECHAM'S PILLS.

It isn't afraid of Soap.
Soap has no terrors for the black made by diamond dyes: it is one of the few colors soap cannot make run. In fact, washings actually seem to brighten goods that have been colored black with the diamond dyes.

There are three kinds of this black specially made for home use and sold by druggists—fast diamond black for wool, for cotton, and for silk and feathers, every one easy to use and never fading or cracking.

Notice.
This is to warn the public that Wm. Campbell has no connection with this company and we will not be responsible for any business he transacts.
NORTHWESTERN BENEFIT ASS'N.
Minneapolis, Jan. 26, 1893.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

Dyspepsia's victim's find prompt and permanent relief in Hood's Sarsaparilla, which tones the stomach and creates an appetite.

The Only Line That Does It.
The St. Paul & Duluth Short line runs three daily trains between Duluth, St. Paul and Minneapolis a d Chicago, making direct connections for all points in the East and South, Southern Florida and California. This is the only line that can give you this service and no one will question it. For reliable information and sleeping car reservations call on
F. B. Ross,
Northern Passenger Agent,
428 Spaulding hotel.

A Fashion Item.
Worth makes the maid.
The want of him the awky.
In every town from Denver to Shee-ag-ay.
The author of the above lines evidently does not agree with Thomson that "loveliness is, when unadorned, adorned the most." We shall not attempt to be an arbiter of taste in feminine fashions, but are ready to back up the man who said that the American maid (and matron) is the most attractive female individual on the round globe. In a good many cases, of course, the maid's gowns are not designed by Worth, but no one dare say that the lack of the Paris man-milliner's work makes any one a gawk, in any town from Denver to Chicago. Any one who has traveled to any extent on the Burlington Road—on which are situated almost all the towns of any importance between Denver and Chicago (and for that matter, the towns from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago and St. Louis) can have failed to note the number of well-dressed and handsome ladies who favor this magnificent line with their presence and patronage. "Worth (not the Parisian) makes the man; the want of it the fellow," and its sterling worth to equipment, operation and reliability is what makes the Burlington Route the peer of any and a general favorite in ten great states of the West. Any agent of its connecting lines can sell you a ticket and give you valuable information—or you can address W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

BEWARE OF FRAUD.
Ask for the name of the man having W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES. None genuine without W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. Look for it when you buy.
Sold everywhere.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.
A sewed shoe that will not rip; calf, seamless, smooth inside, more comfortable, stylish and durable than any other shoe ever sold at the price. Every style. Equals custom-made shoes costing from \$4 to \$5.
The following are of the same high standard of merit:
\$4.00 and \$5.00 Fine Calf, Hand-Sewed.
\$3.50 Police, Farmers and Letter-Carriers.
\$2.50, \$2.25 and \$2.00 for Working Men.
\$2.00 and \$1.75 for Youths and Boys.
\$3.00 Hand-Sewed.
\$2.50 and 2.00 Dongola, LADIES.
\$1.75 for Misses.
IT IS A DUTY you owe yourself to get the best value for your money. Economize in your footwear by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes, which represent the best value at the prices advertised as thousands can testify. Do you wear them?

AT BEDTIME I TAKE A PLEASANT PNEUMIC DRINK
THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.
My doctor says it is most valuable for the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is perfectly safe for use as a daily or occasional medicine.
LANE'S MEDICINE
Do not get it until you see the name of the doctor on the wrapper. For a free trial, send a card to the doctor, and he will send you a bottle. Address: G. L. T. Co., 100 N. 3rd St., St. Paul, Minn.

DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS.
The only safe, sure and reliable Female Pill ever offered to Ladies. Especially recommended to married Ladies. Beware of Pills put up in the boxes as they are dangerous. Ask for Dr. Mott's Pennyroyal Pills and take no other. Send for circular. Price \$1.00 per box, 6 boxes for \$5.00.
L. M. & Co. Chemical Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

A SWEDISH FESTIVAL

Swedish Lutherans in Duluth and Other Parts of Minnesota Preparing for a Great Festival.

Will be Held Next May in St. Paul or Minneapolis and Fifteen Thousand People Expected.

Thirty Singers Have Already been Pledged by the Duluth Congregations for the Musical Jubilee.

The Swedish Lutherans of Minnesota are arranging for a great festival and jubilee, to be held, next spring, at which it is expected 15,000 people will be present. At a meeting held a few days ago in Minneapolis the date of holding the convention was first discussed and, after a full expression of views, Sunday and Monday, May 21 and 22, were decided upon, this being the dates of the great national festival in Sweden. It was also stated that invitations would be extended to high church dignitaries of Sweden and the United States, and that it was expected that at least two bishops from the old country would honor the jubilee with their presence.

The matter of a place for holding the festival was taken up, and was ultimately referred to a special committee to report at the next meeting. The committee consists of: J. E. Holberg, S. P. Cronquist, C. J. Johnson, John Bodin, J. M. Carlson and J. L. Hoff.

Reports were heard from the committee on music, and the encouragement given aroused a great deal of enthusiasm. From the congregations heard from at least 350 singers are pledged, those so far heard from being: Anoka, 15; Red Wing, 15; Stillwater, 20; Dassel, 12; Winthrop, 8; Duluth, 30; Scandinavian Grove, 12; Marine Mills, 16; Svea, 8; Cannon Falls, 20; Hoffman, 15; St. Cloud, 20; St. Paul, 75; Minneapolis, 150; St. Peter, 60.

It was decided that the great musical feature of the event shall consist of a grand concert to be given Monday evening, May 22, and to have printed 10,000 copies of the music.

PLENTY OF BARKISES.

Complete List of the Candidates for the Municipal Offices.

There was an additional candidate put in an appearance at the city clerk's office after The Herald went to press on Saturday. E. R. Jefferson filed nomination papers for alderman of the Fourth ward. The complete list of candidates is as follows:

Treasurer—F. J. Voss.
Comptroller—W. G. Ten Brook.
Aldermen, First ward—Martin Sorenson, Matt Carroll (People's), Matt Carroll (Democrat).
Second ward—Benjamin F. Howard (Republican), Harvey A. Wing.
Third ward—George Dinwoodie, William Getty, J. R. Melning (Republican), James Sullivan (Democrat).
Fourth ward—R. Johnson (People's), Fred H. Quinby, John Harquell, Phillip Westaway (Republican), E. R. Jefferson.
Fifth ward—A. M. Cox, Frank Peterson.
Sixth ward—N. N. Oie, (Republican), R. C. Kennedy, J. B. Dunphy.
Seventh ward—H. M. Meyers, (two years), H. R. Spencer, (one year), James Butchart, (one year), John Coventry (one year).

THE DULUTH SALESMEN.

They Organize Zenith Council of United Commercial Travelers.

The meeting of the traveling salesmen of Duluth, held at the Spalding Saturday night, was largely attended and Zenith Council of the United Commercial Travelers was formed, with the following officers and members:

Senior counselor, F. H. Sigrist; junior counselor, Lawrence O'Brien; past counselor, S. de la Verne; secretary, A. L. Belliveau; treasurer, J. H. Sigrist; director, A. A. Kerr; page, J. E. Willcuts; sentinel, H. G. Murray. Committees: Executive, Messrs. Phelps, Millar, Dorman, Holcomb; reception, Messrs. O'Brien, Morton, de la Verne; entertainment, Millar, Willcuts, O'Brien, Kerr.

Saturday, Feb. 11, was set for the date when the council will be formally organized. At that time officers of the supreme council from Ohio, Illinois and Massachusetts will be present, the new members of the council will be initiated and the officers installed, after which there will be a banquet.

RECEPTION TO DR. RINGLAND.

The New President of Macalester Meets Friends and Students Socially.

Dr. and Mrs. Ringland, of Macalester college, were tendered a reception at the residence of Dr. Wallace at Macalester Saturday evening, from 8 until 10 o'clock. About 300 guests were present, and Dr. and Mrs. Wallace were assisted in receiving by the ladies of the faculty. The college students sang a number of college songs. Light refreshments were served during the evening.

Dr. Ringland entered upon his duty as president of Macalester college Jan. 1. The reception was only for the students and friends at Macalester. In the near future Dr. and Mrs. Ringland will be tendered a reception by the St. Paul Presbyterian alliance at the Central church, and early in February they will be given a reception by friends in Minneapolis at the Westminster church.

Steamer Nyack Sold.
The passenger steamer Nyack, which has for years run between Buffalo and Duluth in the Lake Superior Transit company, and last year by the Union Dry Dock company, has been sold by the latter company to Capt. R. F. Parsons, who is going to put her in the World's fair trade between Buffalo and Chicago. The purchase price is said to be about \$40,000. The Nyack was built at Buffalo in 1878, by the Union Dry Dock company. Her measurement is 1025 tons, rating 22, and Lloyd's valuation at \$65,000. She can accommodate 250 passengers and is to be provided with an electric light plant.

VERY PRODUCTIVE SOIL.

The Rare Opportunity in Itasca County for the Farmer.

The rush to the prairie states is a thing of the past. The agriculturists of the East are commencing to learn something of the extraordinary productivity of the soil of Northeastern Minnesota.

As one travels through Itasca county, says the Grand Rapids Magnet, they have but a faint idea of the wonder full soil underneath them. It is a soil that will grow in abundance, every kind of cereal, vegetable and grasses, including a northern climate. This soil, which is of a sandy surface, has a deep clay subsoil, particularly adapted to grains, hay and vegetables.

Farming for some years will not be carried on in Itasca county on such an extensive scale as in the prairie states. A farm of thirty acres here will yield a larger percentage of profit to the owner than 200 acres of prairie country ever could. The seasons here are certain, there are no such drawbacks to the securing of crops that are incidental to the states of Kansas, Iowa, and the two Dakotas.

A man can farm here at far less expense than in a prairie country. He does not require such expensive machinery. His returns are surer. He can profitably employ every idle day by getting out ties, telegraph poles and other kinds of timbers, for which there is constant demand. Should he desire, he can find steady employment during the winter months, in the woods, in good wages. Hay can be raised in unlimited quantities, which finds a ready market at \$10 per ton.

Oats is another product of which there is a steady demand at good prices. The average yield is eighty bushels per acre. With these many advantages to the farmer, thousands of acres of free government lands in Itasca county, subject to homestead entry, there is no reason why agricultural pursuits should not be entered into with confidence. It will go toward making Grand Rapids a new metropolis on the upper Mississippi river.

NOT MUCH IN IT.

The Judgment Obtained by a Woman Now Living in Duluth.

The sensational damage suit brought by Emma Schmidt against Maurice Durnam at Minneapolis in 1890 seems to have taken another turn recently. It will be remembered that Emma Schmidt obtained a verdict against Durnam in the sum of \$2,750, on the charge of the non-fulfillment of a promise to marry.

An execution was made by the sheriff against Durnam's property to collect the judgment and for some reason the sheriff's certificate of execution was not returned to the office of the sheriff. So Durnam on Jan. 14 sold his share of all his property to one Robert F. Miller.

Emma Schmidt is now married to C. M. Stude, of Duluth, who has been in Minneapolis last week looking after these interests of his wife, and it is understood that when he found her matters stood he decided to let the whole affair drop.

Nearly Asphyxiated.
Frank Zak, T. Shanks, F. Scoponski and Jim Skawski, all Polishers, narrowly escaped death from asphyxiation yesterday. They arrived in Duluth from Mesaba Saturday evening and lodged with J. A. McMillen at 508 East Superior street, retiring Saturday night at 11 o'clock. Shortly before 5 o'clock yesterday McMillen smelt escaping gas and finally traced it to the floor of the room where the Polishers were sleeping. He broke open the door and found the four of them nearly dead. They were dragged out of the room and a physician summoned but they revived quickly after getting into the fresh air. They had evidently turned out the gas and turned it on again.

The Heavy Snowfall.
The snowfall since Saturday has been quite hard on freight trains and plows have been in use on a number of lines. The passenger trains, generally, were on time this morning with the exception of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic's Boston express, which was several hours delayed. The fall of snow on the upper Michigan peninsula has been the heaviest known for years. The Northwestern road has some passenger trains badly delayed in that section, but Duluth-Chicago lines have not been delayed.

Read Kilgore, Siewert & Co's adv. Page 8.

Silverman's Scheme.
Lazrus Silverman, projector of the electric mining plant to be put in at Cashaway Falls, was on the Vermilion range last week with a party of Eastern capitalists who are interested in the enterprise. The falls were visited and the adjacent mines at Ely were paid some attention, as it is these mines the Silverman syndicate hope to secure contracts from to furnish electric power for their operation.

A Small Sided Strike.
There was a little strike among the workmen at the Ironstone Structural steel plant on Saturday. The company reduced wages from \$2 to \$1.75 a day, owing to the short hours and the impossibility of doing as much work. Three or four men left and the rest refused to quit work. Mr. York, who has been conferring with Eastern capitalists about increasing the size of the plant, will return home in a few days.

Chair Cars for the South Shore.
The Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway company has decided to put a line of buffet chair cars on the route between Sault Ste. Marie, St. Ignace and Duluth. The construction of the cars will be commenced in the shops at Marquette in a few weeks.

The Chandler Mine.
The work of sinking No. 4 shaft at the Chandler mine at Ely several levels deeper has been commenced and it will be put down to the eighth level. It is expected that the shaft will be down to the required depth by early spring.

Read Kilgore, Siewert & Co's adv. Page 8.

The St. Paul & Duluth R. R.
Is the short line to St. Paul, Minneapolis and Chicago. Three trains daily. Chair and sleeping car reservations made at city ticket office. 428 Spalding Hotel.

MERCURIAL

Mr. J. C. Jones, of Fulton, Arkansas, writes:

"About ten years ago I contracted a severe case of blood poisoning. Leading physicians prescribed medicine after medicine, which I took without any relief. I also tried mercurial and potash remedies, with unsuccessful results, until I was brought on an attack of mercurial rheumatism that one of my friends advised me to try. After suffering four years I gave up all remedies and began using S. S. S. After taking several bottles I was entirely cured and able to resume work. S. S. S. is the greatest medicine for blood poisoning to-day on the market."

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

HILL'S MUNDANE SPHERE.

He Wishes to Encircle This Mundane Sphere with the Great Pacific Mail and Ship.

Railway Age. Although the Canadian Pacific railway with its great line of Pacific steamers, has received subsidies and land grants aggregating upwards of \$200,000,000 from Great Britain and the Dominion government, and is now preparing to place a line of boats on the Atlantic, it is certain that the intention of President James H. Hill, of the Great Northern railway and Northern Steamship company, is to eventually compete with the big Canadian corporation in a railway and steamship system that will almost encircle the globe.

The fleet of six passenger steamers on the lakes, which will undoubtedly be the outcome of the present contract for the two vessels now under construction, will form the most important link in the system intended for competition with the Canadian line as the monopoly of the long trip across the country will be broken by a ride of more than 1,000 miles through the lakes on the most elegantly appointed ships afloat on fresh water. The policy of the Great Northern in building these vessels is, of course, along the plan adopted by the Canadian Pacific, when that company several years ago bought the line from England and established its present line of fast steamers between Owen Sound, Ont., and Port Arthur at the head of Lake Superior.

Why?

Taste of "Royal Ruby Port Wine" and you will know why we call it "Royal." A glass held up to the light will show why we call it Ruby. \$500 reward for any bottle of this wine found under five years old. It is grand in sickness, or where a strengthening cordial is required; recommended by physicians. In quart bottles; price, \$1. For sale by S. F. Boyce, druggist.

Fresh imported cod liver oil at Max Wirth's drug store.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

Dr. LeDuc's French periodical pills for sale at Max Wirth's, 15 West Superior street.

Read Kilgore Siewert & Co's adv. Page 8.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

TAKE WARNING!

Neglect Not These Signals of Danger.

A Useful Lesson on Health Taught by The Indians' Example.

Let the Remedy be Simple and Safe—Kikopoo Indian Sagwa.

If you are ailing, not exactly sick but feeling "just right," have a drowsy, dull feeling, bad taste in the mouth, variable appetite, occasional pains in the joints and muscles, or other signs of impending sickness, why not do as the Indians do—drive such symptoms out of the system by the judicious use of their reliable vegetable remedy, Kikopoo Indian Sagwa?



"Thundering Horse," a Kikopoo chief, age 29 years. From his photograph.

Don't neglect such warnings. That pain in your shoulder may develop into rheumatism, and a month's sickness deprive you of the income of your toll. That white, furry tongue denotes your liver is out of order, and disease would easily take root in your system. What could you do then? Think of your business, your income and your family.

Seek safety as you would fly from cholera or small pox. You are in danger if you neglect these warnings. They may pass off, but the chances are against you, and even then the poison is only latent in your system.

Do not, however, put your trust in the numerous mineral medicines with which the market is flooded. The action of many of these decoctions, such as mercury, arsenic, strychnine, digitalis, belladonna, opium, and the like, and any druggist will tell you if he has any doubt of this. Kikopoo Indian Sagwa and other Kikopoo medicines contain only the purest of the field and forest, nature's own vegetable growth of roots, herbs and berries, and are free from all mineral poisons whatever, because the Indians have no knowledge of them, depending wholly upon nature's laboratory for their remedies, and their skill, but of centuries of experience, in preparing them.

Kikopoo Indian Sagwa, made by the Indians from roots, herbs and berries of their own gathering and medicine dealers only. One dollar bottle. Tell us what you need. FREE. Send three two-cent stamps and you will receive a thrilling and interesting book of 125 pages, entitled "Life and Scenes among the Kikopoo Indians." Tell us all about the Indians. Address HEALY & BROWN, Distributors, Agents, 521 Grand Ave., New Haven, Conn.

TRY THE HERALD WANT COLUMNS!

"SITUATIONS WANTED" FREE.

POPULAR WANTS!

Advertisements in this column ONE CENT A WORD EACH INSERTION. SITUATIONS WANTED—FREE. No newspaper takes for one column till for bid, i. e., until ordered out. Every advertisement is carefully classified, under proper heading, easily found, read, and will reach more readers than any reached in any other way. Try it.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FREE.

EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER WANTS position in family, gown, etc. Enquire at 115 East Superior street.

WANTED, A SITUATION BY YOUNG LADY in a confectionery store or printing office. Address R. C. West Duluth, Minn.

WASHING AND IRONING WANTED BY a woman, also a house and office cleaning. Family washing taken home. Call at 412 West Superior street. Mrs. Mary Barrett, 412 East Fourth street.

SITUATION WANTED BY FIRST CLASS colored cook in private family, no objection to boarding house. Call at 412 West Superior street.

WANTED—WASHING TO TAKE HOME; all work first-class, 315 West Superior street.

WANTED—STORES AND OFFICES TO clean. No. 23 First avenue east, upstairs.

WANTED—MALE HELP. WANTED—AGENTS CAN MAKE DAILY \$5 to \$10 by working for us. Clean steady work. Big money for ministers and teachers. Address with return stamp, 303 Schiller Theater, Chicago.

WANTED, ONE ENGLISH SPEAKING AND one Scandinavian salesman; salary and commission. The Singer Mfg. Co., 625 West Superior street.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP. WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework at 325 West Second street. Good wages paid.

WANTED—LADY AGENTS CAN MAKE from \$5 to \$10 daily by working for us. Big money for ministers and teachers. Address with return stamp, 303 Schiller Theater, Chicago.

WANTED AT ONCE, GOOD WOMAN COOK. Write place, 422 West First.

WANTED—GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK. Big wages. Apply at Carter's store, Lee for Park.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 135 East Third street.

TO RENT—ROOMS. FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping with city water, 15 West Second street.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping, 15 First avenue east.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT. 22 WEST Third street.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE, BARBERS TWO CHAIR OUTFIT. W. C. Peters, 336 Lake avenue south.

NEW HOUSES, EASY TERMS, FINE LOCATION, Sixteenth avenue east, corner Jefferson. Open every day 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. Sunday 2 until 4. W. J. Reed, 42 Exchange building.

DO YOU WANT TO LEARN SHORTHAND? Pupils qualified in three months for professional work by an experienced teacher and professional stenographer. In also monthly for court reporting, \$5 per month until Feb. 1. Address A. A. Little, office.

Unreserved Auction Sale.

Under instructions from Charles A. Beattie (who is compelled through sickness to retire from business) I will sell at auction to the highest bidder on premises, No. 344 Lake Avenue South, his entire business.

On Friday, Feb. 3, at 2 p.m.

1st. Namely, the unexpired lease of building being the saloon, store adjoining No. 342; over this store are eight rooms, with six rooms over saloon; outfitting comprises all conveniences such as stables, carriage houses and a large barn, which, if not required, could all be readily rented, as well as the upper portion of building, which has all been erected with a view to rent as offices or rooms.

2nd. The liquors and cigars now in stock, amounting to between \$500 and \$800 (five and six hundred dollars) "wholesale cost," also all glasses and other fixtures for a growing business where money has been made since it was opened seven years ago.

The loose fixtures consist of 1 Combination Safe, 1 National Cash Register (cost \$175), 1 Walnut Writing Desk, a large quantity of Stuffed Deer Heads, Birds, Elk Horns, etc. Card Tables, Bar Chairs, Sofa, Clock, Stove and Pipes, etc. etc. 1 excellent Top Bug (nearly new), 6 years old, and an excellent driver; can be driven by a lady with perfect safety. 1 Cutter, Fur Robes, and 1 Driving Harness, Rings, Stable Tools, etc.; 2 Bed Room Sets, Mattresses, Blankets, Quilts, Pillows, Chairs, 2 Stoves, Canary Birds, Guinea Pigs, Pictures, Ornaments, etc. Also the license paid up to July 1st, 1893.

N. B.—This offers one of the best business chances today on record, and as aforesaid, the owner being compelled to retire through sickness. This business will bear inspection and will positively be sold to the highest bidder. Place open and all other information can be had any time before sale, by applying on the premises or to the undersigned. A. M. BEATTIE, Auctioneer.

10 per cent cash at fall of the hammer, balance next day, when keys will be surrendered.

ST. PAUL & DULUTH RAILROAD.

	Daily	Sunday	Limited	Night
	Fast	Fast	Daily	Daily
St. Paul to Duluth	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
Duluth to St. Paul	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
St. Paul to Minneapolis	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
Minneapolis to St. Paul	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
St. Paul to Chicago	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
Chicago to St. Paul	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
St. Paul to New York	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
New York to St. Paul	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
St. Paul to London	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
London to St. Paul	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
St. Paul to Paris	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
Paris to St. Paul	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
St. Paul to Rome	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
Rome to St. Paul	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
St. Paul to Athens	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
Athens to St. Paul	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
St. Paul to Constantinople	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
Constantinople to St. Paul	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
St. Paul to Bombay	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
Bombay to St. Paul	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
St. Paul to Calcutta	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
Calcutta to St. Paul	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
St. Paul to Hong Kong	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
Hong Kong to St. Paul	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
St. Paul to Shanghai	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
Shanghai to St. Paul	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
St. Paul to Yokohama	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
Yokohama to St. Paul	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
St. Paul to Kobe	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
Kobe to St. Paul	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
St. Paul to Osaka	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
Osaka to St. Paul	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
St. Paul to Manila	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
Manila to St. Paul	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
St. Paul to Cebu	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
Cebu to St. Paul	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
St. Paul to Singapore	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
Singapore to St. Paul	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
St. Paul to Batavia	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
Batavia to St. Paul	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
St. Paul to Surabaya	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
Surabaya to St. Paul	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
St. Paul to Medan	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
Medan to St. Paul	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
St. Paul to Palembang	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
Palembang to St. Paul	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
St. Paul to Bengkulu	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
Bengkulu to St. Paul	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
St. Paul to Padang	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
Padang to St. Paul	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
St. Paul to Palembang	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
Palembang to St. Paul	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
St. Paul to Bengkulu	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
Bengkulu to St. Paul	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
St. Paul to Padang	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
Padang to St. Paul	8:00 am	8:00 am	11:15 pm	11:15 pm

F. R. BOSS, Northern Passenger Agent, 428 West Superior Street.

POPULAR WANTS!

TO RENT—HOUSE. FOR RENT—9-ROOM HOUSE. ALL MOD. conveniences; steam heat. Enquire 205 Lyceum.

DOUGHT SOME STOCK

D. Thomson Purchased Four Thousand Shares of Missabe & Northern Stock This Morning.

His Sale Said to be in the Interests of the Merritts and Gives Them Control.

Another Move Made by the Grant-Chase Faction—An Injunction Served This Morning.

Another move in the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway matter has been made and the Merritts seem to be "in it" more than ever. The directors of the company met this morning and authorized the sale to A. D. Thomson of \$400,000 of stock in the company. This sale is in the interests of the Merritts and will give them a controlling interest in the road. A matter which way the present legal complications may be settled. It may be thought that this sale could not be made with the injunction still in force, but a remark dropped by one of the parties interested may throw some light on the matter. He said concerning the injunction that "it doesn't enjoin us from selling the stock at par."

Another injunction gotten out in the district court of Ramsey county was served this morning. It reads as follows:

Donald Grant, D.W. Grant and Albert Chase, plaintiffs, vs. The Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railway company, Leonidas Merritt, Alfred Merritt, N. D. Merritt, S. R. Payne, Edwin N. Hall, K. J. Chase, W. W. Henry, and A. R. Merritt, defendants.

Upon reading and filing the verified complaint of the plaintiffs, it is ordered, That the above named defendants, and each and every one of them, show cause before this court at general term of the court house in the city of St. Paul, a said state, on the 1st day of February, A. D. 1892, at 10 a. m., why an injunction during the pendency of this action should not be granted, issued as prayed for in said complaint.

Ordered further that until said hearing and the further order of the court in the premises the said defendants and each and every one of them are commanded, enjoined and forbidden from voting, authorizing, executing, or delivering the contracts mentioned in said complaint, in either or any of them and from aiding or abetting the same in any way by their actions in the premises.

The contract being, first, the contract between the said defendant the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway company and one Charles W. Wetmore and second, the contract between the said company and the American Steel Barge company touching and concerning the extension of the railway line of said railway company and the shipment of iron ores by water transportation from the docks of said company to ports on the great lakes.

Let a copy of this order be served on the several defendants on or before Jan. 30, A. D. 1892. By the Court, CHAS. E. ORIS, Judge.

The hearing of the above indicates will be held on Wednesday and until that time nothing can be done toward carrying out the contract.

DREW FOR PLACES.

The City Candidates Secured Their Places on the Ticket.

The small army of candidates for aldermanic honors met in City Clerk Burke's office this morning and at 10 o'clock drew for places on the ticket. The occasion was marked by good humor, harmony and an abundance of neatness and despatch. T. W. Abell acted as clerk, Frank Burke deposited in a cap folded slips containing the names of the various candidates in the respective wards. Fred Voss shook up the aforesaid cap and Capt. Hibbard drew out slip after slip until each man knew his place.

Providing no changes or withdrawals are made, the tickets will contain names in number and arrangement as follows: First ward—Martin Sorenson, Mathew Carroll; Second ward—H. A. Wing, B. F. Howard; Third ward—James Sullivan, William Gentry, George Dinwoodie, J. R. Metting; Fourth ward—F. H. Quinby, E. R. Jefferson, Philip Westaway, J. L. Harquell, Bert Johnson; Fifth ward—Frank Peterson, A. M. Cox; Sixth ward—R. C. Kennedy, Nels N. Ole, John B. Dunphy; Seventh ward—Jas. Butchart, H. M. Myers, John Coventry, H. R. Spencer.

To Be Sold at Auction.

Charles W. Beattie, of 314 Lake avenue, calls attention to another column of this paper where, his entire stock, including liquors, cigars, fixtures and furniture will be closed out at auction for cash to the highest bidder on next Friday, Feb. 3, at 2 o'clock. This move is necessitated by ex-Alderman Beattie on account of protracted illness which compels him to retire from active business.

Not Doubted.

Haynie & Co. simply take their medicine, but they say they will cause things to fairly hum and we wouldn't wonder if they did.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

WHEAT DULL AND LOWER.

A Break at Chicago Caused a Decline in Prices Here.

Wheat opened strong and 1/2c higher today, each selling in car lots at 72 1/2c and 72 3/4c. Trading was dull in May and very little was done in spot stuff. May ruled firm at 72 1/2c until late, when there was a break at Chicago and the price here dropped to 72c. The close was 1/2c below Saturday, except for lower grades of cash, as follows:

No. 1 hard, cash, 69 1/2c; January, 69 1/2c; May, 74 1/2c; July, 77c; No. 1 northern, cash, 67c; January, 67c; May, 72c; July, 74 1/2c; No. 2 northern, cash, 65c; January, 65c; May, 70c; July, 72c; No. 3 northern, cash, 63c; January, 63c; May, 68c; July, 70c; No. 4 northern, cash, 61c; January, 61c; May, 66c; July, 68c; No. 5 northern, cash, 59c; January, 59c; May, 64c; July, 66c; No. 6 northern, cash, 57c; January, 57c; May, 62c; July, 64c; No. 7 northern, cash, 55c; January, 55c; May, 60c; July, 62c; No. 8 northern, cash, 53c; January, 53c; May, 58c; July, 60c; No. 9 northern, cash, 51c; January, 51c; May, 56c; July, 58c; No. 10 northern, cash, 49c; January, 49c; May, 54c; July, 56c; No. 11 northern, cash, 47c; January, 47c; May, 52c; July, 54c; No. 12 northern, cash, 45c; January, 45c; May, 50c; July, 52c; No. 13 northern, cash, 43c; January, 43c; May, 48c; July, 50c; No. 14 northern, cash, 41c; January, 41c; May, 46c; July, 48c; No. 15 northern, cash, 39c; January, 39c; May, 44c; July, 46c; No. 16 northern, cash, 37c; January, 37c; May, 42c; July, 44c; No. 17 northern, cash, 35c; January, 35c; May, 40c; July, 42c; No. 18 northern, cash, 33c; January, 33c; May, 38c; July, 40c; No. 19 northern, cash, 31c; January, 31c; May, 36c; July, 38c; No. 20 northern, cash, 29c; January, 29c; May, 34c; July, 36c; No. 21 northern, cash, 27c; January, 27c; May, 32c; July, 34c; No. 22 northern, cash, 25c; January, 25c; May, 30c; July, 32c; No. 23 northern, cash, 23c; January, 23c; May, 28c; July, 30c; No. 24 northern, cash, 21c; January, 21c; May, 26c; July, 28c; No. 25 northern, cash, 19c; January, 19c; May, 24c; July, 26c; No. 26 northern, cash, 17c; January, 17c; May, 22c; July, 24c; No. 27 northern, cash, 15c; January, 15c; May, 20c; July, 22c; No. 28 northern, cash, 13c; January, 13c; May, 18c; July, 20c; No. 29 northern, cash, 11c; January, 11c; May, 16c; July, 18c; No. 30 northern, cash, 9c; January, 9c; May, 14c; July, 16c; No. 31 northern, cash, 7c; January, 7c; May, 12c; July, 14c; No. 32 northern, cash, 5c; January, 5c; May, 10c; July, 12c; No. 33 northern, cash, 3c; January, 3c; May, 8c; July, 10c; No. 34 northern, cash, 1c; January, 1c; May, 6c; July, 8c; No. 35 northern, cash, 1/2c; January, 1/2c; May, 5c; July, 7c; No. 36 northern, cash, 1/4c; January, 1/4c; May, 4c; July, 6c; No. 37 northern, cash, 1/8c; January, 1/8c; May, 3c; July, 5c; No. 38 northern, cash, 1/16c; January, 1/16c; May, 2c; July, 4c; No. 39 northern, cash, 1/32c; January, 1/32c; May, 1c; July, 3c; No. 40 northern, cash, 1/64c; January, 1/64c; May, 1/2c; July, 2c; No. 41 northern, cash, 1/128c; January, 1/128c; May, 1/4c; July, 1c; No. 42 northern, cash, 1/256c; January, 1/256c; May, 1/8c; July, 1/2c; No. 43 northern, cash, 1/512c; January, 1/512c; May, 1/16c; July, 1/4c; No. 44 northern, cash, 1/1024c; January, 1/1024c; May, 1/32c; July, 1/8c; No. 45 northern, cash, 1/2048c; January, 1/2048c; May, 1/64c; July, 1/16c; No. 46 northern, cash, 1/4096c; January, 1/4096c; May, 1/128c; July, 1/32c; 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January, 1/649037107316853453566312041152512c; May, 1/536

OR IRISH HOME RULE

The Measure Which Mr. Gladstone Has Framed Does Not Suit the Irish Parliamentary Leaders.

Opposition is Offered to the Clause Which Deals With the Much Vexed Land Question.

By the Bill Taxation Will be Reduced and Important Powers Given the Dublin Parliament.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The queen's speech will be read from the throne tomorrow. The speech is said to be more optimistic than might have been expected. The relations of her majesty's government with all foreign powers is declared satisfactory and hopeful.

Messrs. McCarthy, Sexton and Dillon are in a hesitant way approved the house in the home rule bill reserving control of the land question to the imperial parliament for a fixed number of years, but they differ with Mr. Gladstone as to the period during which the Irish legislature has to wait. Mr. Gladstone proposes ten years. The Irish leaders think five too long and demand three. With further advances from the imperial chieftain under the land purchase act or to reconcile their constituents to any delay whatever.

It is doubtful whether Mr. Gladstone will be able to get the bulk of his supporters in the house to assent to any further grant, and the Irish members will reject the clause without its financial appendix. It will thus be seen that while the proposed amendment is absolutely wreck the bill, it will add further peril to its passage.

The earl of Kimberley, lord president of the council and secretary of state for India, Sir William Vernon Harcourt, chancellor of the exchequer; the Rt. Hon. George Shaw Lefevre, first commissioner of works, and Lord Oxborough, master of the horse, have gone to attend a council at Osborne house, Isle of Wight.

A synopsis of the proposed home rule bill has been made public. The bill declares that there shall be established in Ireland a commission consisting of the queen and Irish legislative committees to make and repeal laws for the peace, order and good government of Ireland. Power is retained by the imperial parliament to enact laws relating to the crown, the making of war or peace, the army and navy, making of treaties, trade navigation, or quarantine, the post and telegraph service, coinage, copyright and the imposition of any taxation relating to duties of customs and duties of excise assessed in the act.

A sub-clause retains to the imperial parliament control for five years over legislation. The Irish legislature is restricted from passing any laws respecting the establishment of religion or prohibiting the free exercise thereof, or imposing any privilege or conferring any disability on account of religious belief, or abrogating or derogating from the right to establish or maintain any place of denominational instruction or charity, or prejudicially affecting the right of any child to attend a school receiving public money without attending the religious instruction at that school, or impairing without either the leave of her majesty in council first obtained, on an address presented by the legislative body of Ireland, or the consent of the corporation interested, the rights, property or privileges of any existing corporation incorporated by royal charter or local and general act of parliament or from making any legislation changing the arms of the home rule, except so far as that is declared to be alterable by the Irish legislature.

The queen retains the same prerogatives with respect to summoning, proroguing the Irish legislative body as the queen has with respect to the imperial parliament. The Irish legislative body can continue for five years and no longer from the day on which it is appointed to meet. The executive government of Ireland is to be continued by her majesty and to be carried on by the lord lieutenant in behalf of her majesty, with the aid of such officers and such council as her majesty may from time to time see fit. Subject to any instructions which may from time to time be given by her majesty, the lord lieutenant shall give or withhold the consent of her majesty to bills passed by the Irish legislative body and shall exercise the prerogatives of her majesty in summoning, proroguing and dissolving the Irish legislative body and any prerogatives the exercise of which may be delegated to him by her majesty.

The ninth clause of the bill, relating to the constitution of the Irish legislative body, differs in one important respect from the bill of 1886. The bill of 1886 provides that the legislative body shall consist of a first and second order, but instead of providing that the orders shall deliberate together as in the bill of 1886, it provides that they shall sit and vote separately, thus constituting two distinct houses of the legislature. If the result of the voting brings the two orders into collision, then the question at issue is to be referred to a joint committee of both houses. If the question still remains undecided through inability to agree, then the question at issue may be referred to the people. The new bill thus provides for a popular reference.

The tenth clause substantially provides as in 1886, that the upper house or first order shall include 103 members, 75 elective and 28 peerage members. The elective members are to be possessed of property, if real estate, or partly real and personal, bringing in an income of at least £200 a year, or, if only personal, then bringing the same income, or, if being the capital value of £2000 or upwards, free of all charges. Ireland is to be divided into electoral districts for the first, each elector to be an owner or occupier of some land or tenement within the district of a net annual value of £25 or upwards. The term of an elective member of the first order is to be years, 37 or 38 to retire every fifth year. The peers are to be the twenty-eight Irish representative

peers. The peerage representation in the first order to last for no longer than thirty years from the appointed day of organization, when the places of all peerage members are to be vacated or filled by elective members. Dissolution of the legislative body is not to vacate the offices of the members of the first order.

The second legislative body is to consist of 204 members to be chosen by existing constituencies in Ireland, two by each constituency, with the exception of the city of Cork, which is to be divided in two divisions and two members chosen by each division. An important new clause provides for 103 members of the imperial parliament from the Irish legislative body who may also sit in the Irish body if elected thereto as well as in the imperial parliament.

The annual contribution of Ireland on account of the national debt is reduced to £733,000; army and navy, £833,000; imperial civil expenditures, £550,000; royal Irish constabulary and Dublin metropolitan police, £500,000; for reduction of the national debt, £180,000. These are great reductions from the bill of 1886, which provided that Ireland should pay for interest and management of the national debt, £1,466,000; army and navy, £1,167,000; imperial civil expenditure, £1,110,000; royal Irish constabulary and Dublin metropolitan police, £1,000,000; reduction of national debt, £2,400,000.

Duties of customs and duties of excise collections in Ireland are to be applied to Irish charges and any excess applied as part of the public revenues under control of the Irish government. It is made the duty of the Irish legislature to impose all such taxes, duties, and imposts as may be necessary to raise a sufficient revenue to meet all sums charged for the time being on the Irish consolidated fund. This fund is to meet advances towards expenses of the Irish government, the salaries of judges of any court and all payments for Irish services except the salaries of the lord lieutenants.

The Irish land commission is to remain in existence until all charges payable out of the public revenues in Ireland and guaranteed by the treasury are fully paid. Subject to any existing charges on the church property, such property shall belong to the Irish government. If the queen signifies to the Irish legislature that a state of war exists the Irish legislature may make extra appropriations for the army and navy and to aid in the defense of the realm.

No bill for raising or appropriating any part of the public revenue can be adopted without a recommendation from the queen. The Dublin metropolitan police is to continue subject to the lord lieutenant for a period of five years until the Irish administration will guarantee that an adequate legal police system has been organized. The royal Irish constabulary, while it exists, is to continue subject to the control of the lord lieutenant; but the Irish legislature may provide for the establishment and maintenance of a police force in counties and boroughs in Ireland, under the control of the local authorities, and arrangements may be made between the treasury and the Irish government for the establishment and maintenance of police reserves.

There is an entirely new clause 22 which gives the crown the right to veto all bills of the Irish legislature and gives the Irish representative peers the right to sit in the house of lords at Westminster and vote on all imperial questions. Controversies regarding constitutional questions are to be referred to the joint committee of the privy council for decision. The functions of the lord lieutenant are the same as in the bill of 1886 and the judiciary is to remain for five years under the control of the imperial government, then to pass under the control of the Irish government. Other provisions are similar to the bill of 1886.

A BIG LUMBER DEAL.

A Weyerhaeuser Syndicate Secures Valuable Pine at Leech Lake.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 30.—One of the biggest lumber deals ever made in the Northwest, which has been on the tapis for some time, was consummated in this city last night.

The deal includes the transfer of about 500,000,000 feet of standing pine around Leech lake, in this state, from the St. Anthony Lumber company to a syndicate of lumbermen headed by Frederick Weyerhaeuser, the big Rock Island lumberman. The consideration was slightly above \$2,000,000, and with the timber transferred the Cross Lake Logging railway with all its equipment and franchises. This railroad runs from Cross Lake to near Leech lake and is twenty-three miles in length.

The significant feature of the deal is the effect it will have on Minneapolis. The new concern will practically control every boom on the upper Mississippi and every foot of the great timber stand will be cut at Winona and Clinton. At present nine-tenths of the log cut is sawed at Minneapolis.

STRAW PAPER COMBINE.

Forty-one Mills in Eleven States Have Joined the Trust.

JACKSON, Mich., Jan. 30.—A combination has just been effected whereby the Columbian Straw Paper company with headquarters at Chicago, secures control of forty-one straw paper mills in the states of Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Nebraska and the Dakotas. The company is organized under the laws of New Jersey, with a capital stock of \$4,000,000. The Central City Paper company of this city has been purchased by the combination for about \$400,000. The principal officers of the trust are: Philo D. Beard, Buffalo, N. Y., president; F. G. Treblein, Xenia, O., vice president.

Noted Stallion Dead.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Jan. 30.—El Mahdi, 2:55 1/2, the best bred son of Onward, and one of the best bred stallions in the world, died last night. He was purchased three years ago by Harvey A. Moyer, of Kentucky, for \$4,000. Recently Mr. Moyer received an offer of \$15,000 for him. El Mahdi was sired by Onward, 2:25 1/2. His dam was Lady Barker, 3:45, sired by Futuro, 2:13 1/2, a 3-year-old, and El Flora, pacer, 2:18 1/2, a 4-year-old.

The Highland electric cars are running regularly from the head of the incline through the prettiest tract of land at the head of the lakes.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.



Hoopskirts are Coming.

Ladies don't be foolish. Be wise and use

Kirk's White Russian Soap

No poisonous greases enter into its composition. It is always full weight and unadulterated—remember this.

Dusky Diamond Tar Soap, made from refined beef marrow and distilled pine tar. A wonderful skin soap; cures cuts, wounds, bruises, and makes the hands soft.

COLOMBIA MAY SEIZE IT.

A New Concession for the Panama Canal Company Not Likely.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—The Herald's special cable dispatch from Panama this morning says: An eminent Colombian, high in the affairs of state, assures me that no action will be taken on M. Mance's application for a new concession for the Panama Canal company, upon which congress lately empowered Vice President Card to act, until United States Minister Abbott reaches Bogota. In the decision, Colombia will be largely influenced by the friendly policy of the United States government. Colombians are now convinced that the French company cannot complete the canal without aid from the French government. A further concession is therefore considered in the nature of lost time.

When the concession lapses next month, it is probable that the government of Colombia will take immediate possession of the canal and the visible assets of the company. If this is done, the Colombian government expects the aid of the United States if necessary. This expectation is based on the treaty with the United States by which that government is bound to protect the interest of the Colombia.

A new concession may be granted to an American and British syndicate, if it is anxious to secure it. If not, the Colombian government may undertake to complete the work as a national enterprise. In that case they would let the contract for its completion to the lowest responsible bidder. If the government should undertake the work, the payment for it would be arranged by issuing special canal bonds.

Should the United States desire special privileges on the isthmus not already assured by the treaty of 1846, that government might secure them by joining Colombia and guaranteeing the interest on the bonds to be used. Employees of the canal here are now losing hope of M. Mance's return to Bogota being successful in securing a new concession.

ARTON SEEMS DEFIANT.

And the French Authorities Evidently Not Anxious to Arrest Him.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—The Libre Parole today publishes an interview with M. Arton, whose name has been so frequently mentioned in connection with the Panama scandal. Arton said that if he was not arrested there would be reasons for his not being taken into custody.

He declared that he always carried poison with him, and was ready to commit suicide if the exigency of affairs demanded it. He denied the charge that he had been made against him that he had embezzled the sum of 9,000,000 francs. When requested to name the members of the chamber of deputies who had accepted bribes in connection with the Panama company, Arton refused to do so, but said he would name them if the police caught him.

ESCAPE OF A MURDERER.

The Result of Carelessness of a Turnkey, Who Was Discharged.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 30.—Arthur Watson escaped from the Covington jail Saturday night in a manner that shows the most inexcusable carelessness and breach of trust on the part of the turnkey. Watson was to be tried next Monday for the most atrocious murder of a school girl, Miss Cain, whom he brutally killed because she would not marry him. The turnkey late Saturday night allowed Watson to eat his lunch in the corridor, and while he was there went out to the office, leaving the door open, to see a prisoner who had just been brought in by the patrol wagon. When he returned Watson was gone. The turnkey was instantly discharged.

Wheel Works Burned.

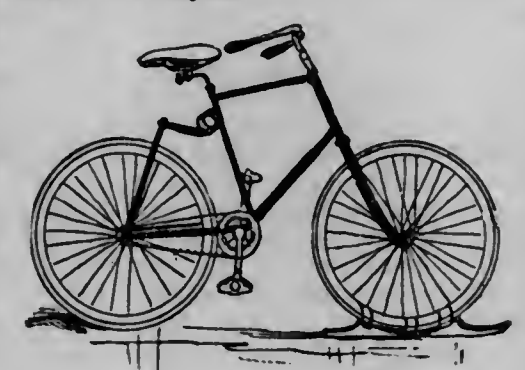
PORTSMOUTH, O., Jan. 30.—The mammoth plant of the Portsmouth wheel works burned last evening. The loss is estimated at \$100,000, as everything is a total wreck and a large quantity of raw and manufactured material was burned. Insurance unknown.

Horses at Auction.

I will sell at public auction on Tuesday, Jan. 31, at 1:30 p. m., another carload of Minnesota draft horses, weight 1400 to 1600 pounds, also some delivery and express horses, at Keadall's barn, 125-127 West First street, Duluth. Terms cash. J. L. HENKE.

The Swift Bicycle Skate.

The latest novelty on the ice is the bicycle skate recently invented by Mike Murphy, a seventeen-year-old Brooklyn boy. There is nothing complicated about the device. It is simply a skate runner fastened to the front wheel of a safety bicycle with clamps. The steering is done in the ordinary manner while the one behind feels the usual task of the bicycle.



MURPHY'S BICYCLE SKATE. Murphy has developed remarkable speed on his odd wheel. He says the principal difficulty he encounters is in making his legs go fast enough to keep up with the pedals. It is believed that on a straight stretch of ice, and with a skilful use to prevent the slipping of the rear wheel, Murphy or some fast rider could cover a mile in time that would make the great performances of Zimmerman, Windle, Taylor and Johnson seem slow by comparison. The skate runner will fit any safety bicycle the front wheel of which is not geared.

Physicians Puzzled.

Many persons are unable to sleep on their left side. The cause has long been a puzzle to physicians. Metropolitan papers speak with great interest of Dr. Franklin Miles, the eminent Indiana specialist in nervous and heart diseases, who has proven that this habit arises from a diseased heart. He has examined and kept on record thousands of cases. His New Heart Cure, a wonderful remedy, is sold at all druggists. Thousands testify to its value as a cure for Heart Diseases. Mrs. Chas. Benson, Loveland, Colo., says its effects on her were marvelous. Elegant Book on heart disease free.

Read Kilgore, Siewert & Co's adv. Page 8.

\$200 to \$1000 loans wanted; rates 7 and 8 percent. Geo. P. Tvedt, 120 Chamber of Commerce.

Choice of Routes.

The St. Paul & Duluth R. R. can ticket you to Florida either via St. Louis or Chicago and make through car arrangements for you.

428 Spalding Hotel.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

Read Kilgore, Siewert & Co's adv. Page 8.

Offices For Rent.

Elegant ground floor offices for rent in the new Herald building, 220 West Superior street. Ready for occupancy Feb. 1. Inquire at Herald office in Henderson block, Fifth avenue west and Superior street.

Announcement.

I hereby announce myself as an independent candidate for alderman of the Sixth ward at the ensuing election in February. Having served my constituents for six years in the capacity of alderman I again solicit their suffrages. Jan. 21. RONT, C. KENNEDY.

GUINNESS A BOX.

BECHAM'S PILLS COVERED WITH A TASTELESS AND SOLUBLE COATING.

FOR SICK HEADACHE. Nauseas, or Swelling in the Head, Wind, Pain, and Spasms of the Stomach, Pain in the Back, Gravel, and Flying Pains in the Body, Rheumatism, etc.

Take four, five or even six of Becham's Pills, and in nine cases out of ten, they will cure. (Directions printed on the wrapper.) For the cure of indigestion, flatulency, and all the ailments arising from a disordered stomach, the pills are equally effective. They are covered with a tasteless and soluble coating, and contain no opium or other dangerous ingredients. Price 25 cents a box. New York Depot, 360 Canal St.

MEMBERS

Duluth Jobbers UNION.

LULUTH SHOE CO., Manufacturers and Jobbers, Boots and Shoes.	GILL & WRIGHT, Duluth Roller Mills, "Gill's Best" Flour.
LULUTH DRY GOODS CO., Wholesale Dry Goods, Manufacturers Men's Furnishing Goods.	QUINBY & OMEIS, Builders and Cut Stone Contractors, and Shippers of Stone.
DULUTH & SUPERIOR EDDING CO. Manufacturers and Jobbers, Mattresses, Pillows and Bedding Material.	PIONEER FUEL CO., Shippers and Jobbers, Hard and Soft Coal, Wood and Coke.
CHAPIN-WELLS HARDWARE CO., Wholesale Heavy and Shelf Hardware, Lumbermen's Supplies.	NORTHWESTERN FUEL CO., Shippers and Jobbers, Anthracite and Bituminous Coals.
J. J. & R. A. COSTELLO, Wholesale Heavy and Shelf Hardware, Lumbermen's and Miners Supplies.	NATIONAL IRON WORKS, Machinists and Founders, Engines, Pumps and Mining Machinery.
CRANE-ORDWAY CO., Manufacturers and Jobbers, Steam, Gas and Water Goods.	IRONTON STRUCTURAL STEEL CO. Builders' and Bridge Materials.
FRONIX ELECTRIC CO., Manufacturers and Jobbers of Electrical Supplies.	DULUTH MANUFACTURING CO., Manufacturers of Freight Cars, Castings, Merchant Bar Iron, Forgings.
WELLS-STONE MERCHANTILE CO., Importers and Wholesale Grocers.	MARINETTE IRON WORKS, Machinists and Founders, Steam Engines.
STONE-ORDEAN CO., Importers and Wholesale Grocers.	CLYDE IRON WORKS, Machinists and Founders, Marine Supplies.
KELLY ROSSON & CO., Wholesale Groceries and Produce.	CRAWFORD STEAM ENGINE WORKS, Manufacturers Steam Engines, Pumps.
SMITH & CULTER SPICE CO., Roasters of Coffee and Manufacturers of Butter, Tomatoes, Extracts and Spices.	DULUTH BOILER WORKS, Manufacturers Stationary and Marine Boilers, Iron Tanks.
J. S. SHINNERS & CO., Manufacturers and Jobbers, Confectionery.	PETTON, KIMBALL & BARBER, Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.
T. B. HAWKES & CO., Wholesale Grain, Hay and Flour.	DUNCAN BREWER & CO., Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.
CULVER BROS., Wholesale Grain and Hay, Storage.	C. B. WOODRUFF, Wholesale and Retail Lumber, Lath and Shingles.
MESSICK & MACULEY, Wholesale Commission, Butter, Eggs and Country Produce.	MESABA LUMBER CO., Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.
A. FITGER & CO., Brewers, The Trade and Families Supplied.	HOWE LUMBER CO.—Tower, Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.
HELLER & LOEB, Importers and Wholesale Wine and Liquor Merchants.	MITCHELL & McCURE, Manufacturers Lumber.
CALIFORNIA WINE HOUSE, Wholesale Wines, Liquors, Etc.	SCOTT & HOLSTON LUMBER CO., Manufacturers Lumber, Sash, Doors, Mouldings.
CHULIZ BROS., Leather and Shoe Findings, Manufacturers of Boot and Shoe Uppers.	HOWARD LUMBER CO., Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.
E. WIELAND, Tanner, Harness Leather and Specialty.	RICHARDS LUMBER CO., Manufacturers Lumber.

"THERE IS SCIENCE IN NEATNESS."

BE WISE, AND USE

SAPOLIO

MEMBERS OF THE

DULUTH CLEARING HOUSE ASSOCIATION!

	CAPITAL	SURPLUS
First National Bank	\$1,000,000	\$200,000
American Exchange Bank	500,000	30,000
Marine National Bank	250,000	20,000
National Bank of Commerce	200,000	21,000
State Bank of Duluth	100,000	40,000
Security Bank of Duluth	100,000	3,000
Iron Exchange Bank	100,000	

Hartman General Electric Company

ARE PREPARED TO

Furnish Electric Current
For Arc and Incandescent Light
And Motor Service.

GENERAL OFFICE: ROOM 3, EXCHANGE BUILDING.
Station A, Foot of Fifth Ave. East. Station B, 126 West Michigan Street.

LOANS PLACED WITHOUT DELAY

ON FIRST MORTGAGE SECURITIES.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES

Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.

HOUSES TO RENT.

FOUND AFTER MANY YEARS.

Mr. John A. Olson, 1004 Garfield avenue, Duluth, says: "For a number of years I have been troubled with a complication of difficulties which is not easy for me to describe. I would have severe pains in my stomach, side and back, could not rest at night and would get up in the morning feeling worn out and unfit for the duties of the day. My appetite was poor and what I did eat seemed to make me feel worse. I lost in flesh and became weak, nervous and despondent.

"The doctors failed to give me any relief, and patent medicines did me no good. After reading the statements of some persons who had been treated by Dr. Speer & Co., I called at their office in the New York block, West Superior. They located my trouble and described my feelings better than I could do myself. I commenced their treatment, and in less than three weeks my disagreeable symptoms left me. The pains are gone, I eat and sleep well, and am gaining in flesh and strength. The nervous and despondent feelings have disappeared and I feel like a new man in every respect. I feel very grateful for the benefit I have received, and cannot too highly recommend Dr. Speer & Co. for what they have done for me."

JOHN A. OLSON, 1004 Garfield Avenue, Duluth, Minn.

Removed!

Pioneer Fuel Co.

To 416 W. Superior St.
Chamber of Commerce
Building.
Telephone 161.

Temporary Headquarters.

Kilgore, Siewert & Co.

Gentlemen:

Tomorrow is the last day in which
you can buy ALL OUR BEST

Collars and Cuffs,
(E. & W. Excepted.)

Shirts, Pajamas,

Night Shirts,

Gloves and Mittens,

Underwear and

Hosiery,

Robes, Jackets,

Gowns, Umbrellas,

Canes, Valises,

Hats, Caps,

Mufflers, Handk'fs,

Seal Muffs,

Mackintosh Coats, Etc.

At Actual Cost.

DON'T MISS this last chance.
It's economy and worth your
attention.

Kilgore, Siewert & Co.

Under Brighton Hotel.

IT IS A MISTAKE.

So Says Mr. Winchell of the Bill Raising
the Iron Ore Tax.

Horace V. Winchell, assistant state
geologist, came up from Minneapolis
this morning and will go on the
range tomorrow. Mr. Winchell says
it keeps him bustling pretty lively in
order to keep posted on the develop-
ments on the range. A year ago he
could come up occasionally and spend
two or three days on the range and keep
up with the progress of discoveries but
now it would require him to spend two-
thirds of his time there to keep pace
with the prospecting.

Speaking of the bill providing for
raising the tax on ore mined, Mr. Win-
chell says that many of the leg-
islators do not understand its
effect on the situation here. They think
that everybody interested in the
Mesaba range has grown rich, whereas
they are poorer, whatever may be their
future prospects. These legislators do
not realize that they are striking a blow
at the Mesaba range, the Vermilion being
able to stand it. They seem to forget also,
says Mr. Winchell, that the state treasury
has already been enriched over half a million
dollars through the Mesaba range.

Mr. Winchell believes that the state
ought to offer a bonus of 25 cents per ton
for every ton of pig iron made inside the
state from Minnesota ores and says that
in no way could the state increase its
revenues any better than this because of
the great impetus it would give mining
and manufacturing.

Business Favors.
Possibly the most peculiar complica-
tion of technical points in leases, has
just been brought to light through the
Haynie & Co. moving into the Kahn
stand, and it seems that they are forced
to every extreme, simply through grant-
ing what is commonly called a business
favor. Look to technicalities, they often
cause great troubles.

To the Lakeside Public.
C. W. Dorsey, clothes cleaning and
tonorial rooms. London station. Pat-
ronize home industry.

Union Covered Skating Rink.
Marine brass band Wednesday and
Saturday evenings, good ice. Lake ave.

NO CHANGE PROBABLE

Attorney W. W. Billson Gives His Ideas as
to the Result of Municipal Leg-
islation This Winter.

He Thinks Nearly all of the Cities of the
State Will Retain Their Pre-
sent Charters.

Measure Most Important to Duluth is That
Legalizing Local Assessments and
Authorizing Reassessments.

W. W. Billson has been called upon
to express his opinion on numerous
points on charter revision at different
sessions of the council's committee and
last week he spent several days at St.
Paul in the interests of Duluth in the
matter of charter revision. He was
seen this morning by a Herald reporter
and expressed himself as follows on the
results of his mission and the probable
result as seems likely from such impres-
sions he received and such information
he could gather:

"As to the general policy of the legis-
lature with reference to municipal legis-
lation in view of the recent adoption of
the constitutional amendment prohib-
iting special legislation upon that subject
it is too early to speak with confidence.
The indications are, however, that the
cities of the state will retain for the pre-
sent their existing charters. It is doubt-
ful whether any general municipal code
will be adopted at the present session.
None should be adopted if it will doubt-
less be left optional with the several
cities to come in under its provisions or
to continue under the operation of their
respective charters. Should a general
municipal code be adopted, parts of it
would no doubt be applicable to all cities
that may elect to adopt it and for the
purposes of other provisions of the code,
the cities will undoubtedly be divided
into classes according to population. No
state, I believe, has ever yet prohibited
special municipal legislation without
having immediate recourse to a legisla-
tion of cities on the basis of popula-
tion."

"So far as the different cities of our
state may desire modifications of their
existing charters, they will undoubtedly
be somewhat hampered by the recent
constitutional amendment and will have
to put up with a few of the more impor-
tant changes."

"As for Duluth, her chief interest in
the municipal legislation of the session
undoubtedly lies in an act which has
already been introduced, legalizing local
assessments in certain cases and reassess-
ments in others. It is also sup-
posed that a bill will be introduced the
effect of which will be to enable the city
to proceed with the construction of the
tunnel, the greater part of the expense
to be paid by local assessments upon
the property benefited."

"It is also understood that Duluth will
ask for legislation perfecting the possi-
bility of the common council in some minor
matters of police regulation of no special
interest to the general public."

WEST DULUTH ITEMS.

Public Hall Question Coming Before the Coun-
cil Again Tonight.

The public hall question will come up
again for consideration at the council
meeting tonight. A proposition will be
made asking the village to erect a \$300
building on a double corner to be do-
nated for the purpose. This is con-
sidered a fair proposition and it is
thought will be favorably entertained by
the council. The citizens will be pri-
vileged to vote on the question at the
next election.

Born, yesterday, to Mr. and Mrs. Hans
Engleson, a daughter.

F. P. McDonald and J. P. Murphy
registered at the city hall this morning
as plain drunks.

The ladies of the W. C. T. U. will
hold a meeting Thursday afternoon, tak-
ing for a topic "Physical Culture." Mrs.
Scoville, of Duluth, will give an ad-
dress.

Geo. Skinner is about to open a com-
mission business at this place.

The representative business men of
the city have been invited to meet at
Home Bros.' store this evening for the
purpose of organizing a club and read-
ing room.

The Ladies Aid of the M. E. church
will meet Wednesday of this week with
Mrs. Fossett.

The regular communication of Euclid
lodge will be held Wednesday evening
for work and refreshments.

Notes of Issue Filed.
Notes of issue have been filed in the
following cases for the regular term: J.
A. Taylor vs. the Lackawanna Iron com-
pany; Green Drumfield vs. Andrew Er-
landson; Cutler & Gilbert vs. W. C.
Doherty et al.; J. A. Taylor vs. the St.
Louis River Brownstone company; E. F.
Clark vs. Geo. E. Milligan; W. E. Covey
as assignee vs. Cutler & Gilbert; James
Dongan vs. James Turner et al.; R. L.
Wilkins vs. W. C. Sherwood; Joseph A.
Ward vs. the West Duluth Light and
Water company.

The complaint in the last case alleges
personal damages by reason of a cave-
in of a trench in which defendant was
working. The amount asked for is
\$5000.

BRIDGES TO SUPERIOR.

Haugen Bitterly Opposed to Rice's and Con-
nor's Points.

A Washington special to the Pioneer
Press says: The proposed bridge for
Duluth and Superior is giving the Min-
nesota and Wisconsin members some-
thing to do these days. The Minnesota
members, Lind, Halvorsen and Baldwin,
seem to be in favor of the new measure
introduced, which, by the way, is the
most numerous introduced measure in
congress.

The promoters of the bridge for the
Duluth Terminal railroad sent copies of
the bill to senators and representatives
indiscriminately, and it has been intro-
duced by them in both branches so there
are at least a dozen bills. Maj. Baldwin
said that he did not think it probable
that the bill could be passed this session,
while Mr. Lind, who will have charge of
it in committee, says he will try to get up
a measure satisfactory to all parties.

Representative Haugen is bitterly op-
posed to the bill proposing to connect
Rice's and Connor's points, and has not
yet given his assent to the Grassy Point
bridge. It is probable that delegations
from Duluth and Superior will have to
come to Washington with powers to fix
up a bill satisfactory to the citizens of
both cities before anything will be done.

FIRE THE BEAR.

Thrilling Experience of a Wisconsin Hunter

An Augusta, Wis., paper gives the fol-
lowing thrilling account of an experience
F. De Hundra, of that place, had with a
bear near Brule: He was returning
home one night when he was pounced
upon by a she bear whose two cubs he
had shot the night before. The first he
knew was that he was down between the
fore paws of the monster. Luckily for
Le Hundra, the suddenness of the at-
tack was such that he had not even "had
time to get scared."

The thought of a bunch of matches he
had in his vest pocket came to him like a
flash, and he reached for them. It was
the work of a moment to strike them on
his clothes and light the whole bunch at
once. The flames of the matches held
the bear's throat instantly communicated
therewith and set it afire, the flames en-
veloping her head in an instant.

The owners of the matches ran and
started on the run for Brule river. As
she ran the flames about her head
streamed rearward, setting her whole
body in flames. A few seconds afterwards
the body of the bear was found on the
bank of the river.

A Steamboat's Slip.

Thomas C. Powers is the owner of the
steamboat Butte, which, on Nov. 17,
1879, slid from its fastenings on the Ma-
rine ways at Bismarck and ran down on
the steamboat McLeod, lying at the foot
of the ways, staving her in and sinking
her. The owners of the McLeod, after
considerable litigation, recovered a judg-
ment for \$57,282 against the Butte's
owner, which the latter was compelled to
pay. C. S. W. Munger, of Hartford, Conn.,
contractors who placed the Butte on the
Marine ways to repair her, and Power
now brings suit against them to recover
\$81,771, as damages for his losses, for
through the steamboat being improperly
stayed on the ways. R. S. Munger, of
this city, was then a member of the firm
of Weaver & Co.

Look into our "On or Before" Clause
Before Taking Any Other.

MONEY
Always on Hand

FOR—
UNIMPROVED

LOANS OF ANY AMOUNT.

With the
INVALUABLE

"ON OR BEFORE"

PRIVILEGE.

Which means that the Mortgage is made
for five years, but you have the privilege
of paying off on any semi-annual
Interest Day, Without Cost or Notice.
If you consult your own interests you will
sign no other form of mortgage.

R. M. NEWPORT & SON,
Investment Bankers, 5 Phoenix Bldg.

The Ladies in Clover.

The ancient saying that "it is a cold
wind that blows down any good again"
has a fitting illustration of its truth-
ness right in our midst, that the good to
be derived in this instance is particu-
larly agreeable to the ladies—and in full
accordance with the adage "it never
rains but it pours" you will conjecture
from the following:

Those who have watched the papers
closely know that the Kahn store is to
be occupied by J. E. Haynie & Co., as
they some time ago secured the lease of
that building. Now, in view of this fact,
Haynie & Co. leased the store they now
occupy to be surrendered on the 5th day
of February, but owing to extensive
alterations which means the tearing out
of both the front and rear of the Kahn
store, Haynie & Co. find it exceedingly
inconvenient to move. But, the leasee
of the building they now occupy de-
mands possession at once and will not
even listen to any of the propositions
Haynie & Co. have made, and in fact
already has possession of the building
and commenced to move in. So Haynie
& Co. are temporarily in a position
which is to say the least, very uncon-
fortable. They must either close up
their business for a month entirely or
endeavor to carry on business while the
front and rear of the store is open to the
friendly raw weather. Mr. Haynie,
upon being interviewed, was rather in-
clined to think it was a put up job to
force them to store their goods for one
month. But it will result in another
stock of merchandise being thrown upon
this market in the same location as the
Kahn stock is selling, which really
makes the unheard of record of two
stocks forced upon the market within
one month in the same location. Haynie
& Co. never do anything by halves and
of course the ladies will anxiously await
this second spill of merchandise.

Read Kilgore, Siewert & Co.'s adv.
Page 8.

Union Covered Skating Rink.
Marine brass band Wednesday and
Saturday evenings, good ice. Lake ave.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote & Co.
Dr. Schlifman, Woodbridge block, fills
the most sensitive teeth without pain.

"Gill's Best" flour, the home manu-
facture of Duluth, is the best in the
market.

Alfred J. Frantz has sued O. L. Young
and wife to recover \$350 alleged dam-
ages by reason of failure of defendants
to complete a realty deal. Judgment
has been rendered for \$383.95.

Rudolph Nyberg, Robert M. Lamont,
Herbert K. Wattam and Ferdinand
Ruhne received first citizenship papers
from Clerk Sinclair this morning.

The Penn Land and Loan company
has sued O. L. Young to recover \$335
damages sustained by reason of an in-
complete real estate deal. Judgment
will probably be entered today.

The case of the Marine National bank
vs. P. L. Peterson et al. has been dis-
missed on motion of the plaintiffs.
Similar action has been taken in W. F.
Norton vs. Maryn Wheeler and in
Marine National bank vs. John D. Gill
and S. Chapman.

A marriage license has been issued to
Stanislaus J. Phalen and Alma Mary
Fringue.

The East End Cinch club will meet on
Thursday instead of Wednesday this
week, at the residence of J. A. Ferguson,
2310 East First street.

The St. Paul real estate exchange has
notified the Duluth exchange that it will
send five delegates to the banquet to-
morrow evening at the Spaulding. Those
who will come are President H. S. Fair-
child, Secretary J. C. Wall, C. W. Horr,
Thomas Cochran and E. J. Hodgson.

Charles Muschell, an Italian, who was
working in the Northern Pacific yard
was run over by a box car yesterday and
his leg nearly severed. He was removed
to St. Mary's hospital.

The wedding of Melville P. Ward-
well, vice-president of the Clyde Iron
company, to Miss Mary Louise Ames is
set for next Wednesday at the residence
of the bride's parents in Bangor, Maine.
They will arrive in Duluth about the
evening of February 4, or the morning
of the day following.

The Canadian steamer Lothair, well
known in the Duluth and Kingston
trade, burned at her Windsor dock last
week and was totally destroyed.

The regular monthly meeting of the
Duluth Humane society will be held at
the Y. M. C. A. parlors on Wednesday
of this week at 5 o'clock.

The Wren case is dragging its tor-
tuous length along again today and is
likely to for some days to come.
Wrangles of the attorneys were features
of the session this morning and the
point argued was on the competency as
evidence in the case of the deposition of
Joseph H. Sharp.

Yesterday Eva E. Johnson died at St.
Mary's hospital of pulmonary phthisis.
The body will be shipped this morning to
Rio, Wis., for interment.

The births reported to the board of
health this morning were as follows:
Oliver and Matilda LeTowers, 2803
Railroad street, a son; J. T. and Geta
Odegaard, 1913 First street west, a
daughter.

McGiffert & White is the name of a
new loan and investment firm which has
opened an office at room 213, First Na-
tional bank building.

The state high school board's exami-
nations will be given in this city
this week at the Central High school.
The subject of geography will be taken
up in grades Wednesday.

PERSONAL.

City Attorney S. L. Smith, after a
week's illness of considerable severity
is at his desk in the city hall once more
today.

George N. Baxter, of Fairbault, ex-
United States district attorney, arrived in
the city last evening.

E. H. Bartlett, of New York, is at the
Spaulding today.

C. G. Munyon, of Hartford, Conn., is
in the city today.

Hon. J. A. Boggs spent Sunday at
home and returned to St. Paul last evening.

Mrs. W. L. Tillman has gone to Ober-
lin, O., to visit friends.

Mrs. H. M. Baldwin, of Kenosha, Wis.,
is visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Larmer.

Miss Maggie Sampson is again at
home after a four month's visit in New
York and Boston.

Alderman R. F. Hugo, who has been
sick, is somewhat better today.

D. H. Bacon was a passenger to Chi-
cago this morning. He may go to In-
diana before he returns.

John Cogan started for Boston last
evening.

Mrs. M. H. Luther left for St. Paul
this afternoon.

Mrs. B. B. Brown went to Chicago
this afternoon.

Maj. J. H. Upham and family have
moved from the Spaulding hotel where
they have been stopping since the
Brighton was closed and they are now
"at home" at the Upham residence 301
East Fourth street.

Miss Davis, of Washington, D. C., and
the Misses Lucy and Mary Dixon, of
West Superior, Wis., are visiting Mrs.
George W. Goff, 308 Piedmont avenue.

G. A. French, of the firm of French
& Bassett, left last night on a trip to
Tampa, Fla.

Patronizing the Short Line.

Last Friday, the short line trains be-
tween Duluth and Lakeside were rein-
stated to the extent of two trips a day—
one in from Lakeside in the morning
and one back again in the evening. Pa-
trons to secure that service, took out-
right tickets good for "beaters," to the
amount of \$270 per month. Last Sat-
urday evening, two cars were filled with
passengers and this morning 125 passen-
gers stepped aboard at Lakeside.

Partially Frozen.

Willis Bradley, a colored man who
has been working in the woods near
Duluth, was found in an unconscious
condition below the Seventh street
bridge in St. Paul Saturday morning.
He is a workman, about 30 years of
age, and when picked up both of his
feet and hands were partially frozen.
He had on a pair of overshoes, but no
shoes or stockings. He was taken to
the city hospital, and is doing nicely.

Chance for Trouble?

If anyone wants trouble let them say
lease to Haynie & Co.

The Great Eastern
The Largest and Finest Clothing House in the West.

HEY!

HAVE YOU SEEN THOSE.....

Irish Frieze Storm Ulsters

THAT WE ARE SELLING FOR.....

\$8, \$11 and \$14!

WE ARE now in the midst of our **Gigantic Pants Sale.** Just take a look at our east front show window, it will give you an idea of what we are doing. **DON'T YOU** want a pair to finish out that odd coat and vest.

REMEMBER!

THERE IS ONLY
ASHORT TIME LEFT
IN WHICH TO
SECURE A

TICKET

THAT MAY TAKE YOU

(To Europe,
To Florida,
To California,
To the World's Fair, (With Expenses.)
Or \$100 in Gold!

Drawing Takes Place Wednesday!

EVERYBODY INVITED!
Will announce HOUR of DRAWING Tomorrow.

M. S. BURROWS & CO.

For Sale,
Hotel and fixtures at Mountain Iron, doing
paying business. Satisfactory reasons
for desiring to sell. Inquire,
STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK,
Duluth.

Something of Interest.
The St. Paul & Duluth R. R. is the
short line to all California and Southern
points. All information regarding this
trip cheerfully given.
428 Spaulding hotel.

To the Friends Of Organized Labor

It is desired that all union men and friends
of organized labor interest themselves in the

BALL

TO BE GIVEN
In Aid of the Homestead Sufferers,

—AT—
TURNER HALL,

Monday Even'g. Jan. 30

By Purchasing One or More Tickets.

The committee of arrangements guaran-
tee all who attend a pleasant time, and if
all interest themselves as they should, a
handsome sum will be realized.

The Town Of Biwabik

Last July an unbroken wilder-
ness, now an incorporated vil-
lage, with Bank, Stores, Lumber
Yards and all kinds of business,
and building up rapidly. It's
population, now about 400, will
soon be numbered by thousands.
The plat consists of 80 acres;
the westerly 40 is pretty well
sold, and prices have doubled
since Oct. 1. The easterly 40
will soon be ready for sale, and
you can make money by buying
early. See

D. W. SCOTT,
408 First National Bank Bld'g.,
DULUTH, MINN.

ECONOMY IS WEALTH

**Purchase Your
Groceries At**
208 WEST SUPERIOR STREET,
AND SAVE MONEY.

They sell for cash only. Try this method of
purchasing your goods; it will save you more
than you can imagine. No had debts, no book-
keeper's salary to pay, no capital lying dead in
our books, no need for "A" to pay for "B's" in-
dulgences. One price to everyone, and that
price lower than you ever purchased goods for
in Duluth. Our goods are reliable and stand-
ard in quality. For instance, the best Quality
of Duluth Patent Flour, \$2.00 per large sack,
and everything else in proportion.
In order to get acquainted with you and prove
to you the many benefits derived from buying
goods for cash, we will give every customer pur-
chasing FIVE DOLLARS WORTH or over,
from now until Feb. 1, 1893,

**Free! 1 Pound of Green or
Black Tea, Free!**
208 WEST SUPERIOR STREET

Felt Shoes

AND

Slippers!

We carry the Best Makes, Good
Styles and Fit.
A complete line of Men's,
Ladies', Misses', Children's.

Ladies' Skating Shoes!

At \$2.50 and \$3.

A. WIELAND,

123 W. SUPERIOR ST.

6% MONEY!

We

THREE CENTS

ELI PURE

THE HEARING OPENED

Council Last Evening Commenced the Trial of the Fire Commissioners on the Charges Preferred.

Large Number of Technical Objections Presented by the Accused Commissioners and Overruled.

Messrs. Mendenhall and Hartley Want a Conference With Superior Over the Bridge Question.

The hearing on the charges against Fire Commissioners Hart and Helinski was commenced before the council last evening and the announcement that it was to come up attracted a great crowd. Every seat was filled and many were standing in the rear. All of the aldermen were present except Aldermen N. F. Hugo and Wilson. Two stenographers were present reporting the proceedings and the commissioners and Attorney J. D. Holmes the city.

The resolution introduced by Alderman Dingwall preferring the charges was read after which the hearing was commenced. Mr. Rude announced that he had some objections to the charges and Mr. Thurman read them from a typewritten copy. The proceedings were objected to, first, because due notice of the hearing and a copy of the charges had not been served on the commissioners ten days before the day of hearing as required; second, because no proper charges were pending; third, because no proper action had been taken to bring them, and fourth, because the power only exists in the full council to try the commissioners and two members were not present.

Attorney Holmes replied by asking when the service had been made. Clerk Burke replied that each commissioner had been served with a copy on January 10. Attorney Rude then explained that the ground of his objection was that the resolution was not in force when the service was made and therefore there were no charges existing at the time.

A discussion then arose as to how objections should be disposed of. President Hugo thought each one should be voted on as it was offered. Ald. Long was of the opinion that the objections should be noted and the hearing proceed with the hearing. City Attorney Smith said they might do either, as the court often does in law suits.

Attorney Rude maintained that these are questions of jurisdiction and that the court never takes such objections under advisement but passes upon them at once. The question was finally put and the council refused to sustain the objections. Alderman Thomas alone voting to do so. On every objection presented later the vote was the same.

Attorney Rude, continuing under protest, then presented some specific objections as to the competency of certain aldermen to sit. Alderman Dingwall was objected to first because he is the accuser, the man who fathered the resolution. It was insisted that it was preposterous for the accuser to be one of the jury. Aldermen Hugo and Helinski were objected to on the ground that they had expressed opinions outside and previous to the hearing adverse to the commissioners and had, in fact, threatened to have them turned out of office unless they restored one Twaddle to his position in the department.

Attorney Holmes replied that the council is fixed by charter as the body to hear and determine on the charges, and the council cannot change this nor bar any of its members. The objections were again overruled. Alderman Thomas alone voting to sustain them. The five charges were then objected to, each one separately. The objections to the first four were all exactly the same. There were, first, that the charges alleged are not sufficient to justify removal from office and, second, that no specific act of malfeasance is charged, and that the charges are not definite enough to admit of the commissioners procuring evidence to refute them.

Attorney Rude then argued in favor of the objections, principally to the effect that some definite charge must be preferred, one which the commissioners could answer directly to. In court, he said, the time and place must be specified in a charge made against a man in order that he might defend himself.

President Hugo finally said: "Now, gentlemen, it is not intended that this shall be a lawyers' battle. When the hair-splitting comes we will hire these fellows to go before Judge Stearns. We can't tell which is telling the truth when both are lawyers," he added with a smile. "What we want is to get at the facts, the evidence."

Each objection was then overruled. The objection to the fifth charge was that but one specific charge is preferred and that it is not sufficient, and that it is too indefinite. This was likewise overruled. These being disposed of the commissioners then, under protest, joined issue and made answer to the charges as follows: First, that no sufficient cause for removal is charged; second, that the council has no jurisdiction and cannot call into question the action of the commissioners in removing men from the department; third, that they have performed all the duties alleged to have been omitted in the first section of charge 5; and fourth, that if there has been any neglect to perform the duties alleged to have been omitted in charge 5, then the whole board, including Commissioner McGregor, is liable, and he should be included in the charges. All the charges were denied and the commissioners demanded that their accuser be put to the proof.

Attorney Holmes wanted some time to consider the answer and the council adjourned. It was finally decided to adjourn to Monday morning at 9 o'clock.

WANT A CONFERENCE.
Messrs. Mendenhall and Hartley Want to Build a Bridge.

Outside of the hearing there was an other interesting feature at the council meeting. It was the clashing of two

bridge companies, and for a time matters were just a little warm.

Luther Mendenhall addressed the council first. He said that for some time the street railway company has been endeavoring to establish rapid communication with Superior and to this bridge is necessary. Congress now grants the right to build one and as that body adjourns in about a month it is necessary to push matters. He said that he represented the Duluth and Superior Bridge Company organized to construct a bridge between Rice's and Connor's Points. There is another bill pending providing for a bridge between West Duluth and Superior. The effect of building such a bridge he said would be to divert the business of West Duluth to Superior instead of to Duluth as the distance between the two is shorter. His company, he said, had always desired that the business be brought here and centralized as much as possible in Duluth. This summer a free ferry will be put on, but a bridge must be had. It should be a free bridge. He said that his company would build the bridge and would agree that any time the cities wished to acquire it it would sell it for the actual cost with reasonable interest added and the tolls deducted. He asked the appointment of a committee to confer with a similar committee from Superior.

Alderman Long wanted to ask a few questions. He wanted to know if any other street railway could use the bridge. Mr. Mendenhall replied that all street railways were to be subject to the same tolls, these to be regulated by the secretary of war. In answer to an inquiry as to the cost, Mr. Mendenhall said that it would not exceed \$200,000.

Alderman Long then said that he had found at Washington another bill pending, and went on to say something about it, finally admitting that he had been working in its interest. This is the Commercial Improvement company's bill. He found at Washington, he said, objections filed against it by G. G. Hartley. This bill provided for a low rate of tolls, to be fixed by arbitration, provides that street car companies, foot passengers and teams may use it and in fact it was very little different from the Duluth and Superior bridge company's bill. He said that an offer had been made by the street car company wanting them to use the bridge for \$3000 per year. He then charged the Duluth Street Railway company with obstructing the passage of this bill and wanted know what their declaration that they were seeking to hold the business of West Duluth for Duluth amounted to in face of this.

G. G. Hartley replied that he did not know much about Alderman Long's bill till he found it in Washington. He then saw that it was a measure that no Duluthian would pass unless he was interested in it. He said that he claimed that the company, under that bill, cannot be forced to open its gates to anyone but street car companies. He tried to find out who was interested in the company but could only learn that they were some Eastern capitalists and speculators who declared to him that they did not need the co-operation of Duluthians to get their bill through. He thought the scheme had been concocted when it was learned that the street railway wanted to connect the two points and that the parties interested wanted to get a valuable franchise and then sell out. He roared the bill pretty liberally and the projectors were very presumptuous to think the people of Duluth and Superior such lunk heads as to sit down and let it go through.

Alderman Long replied that Mr. Hartley had gotten hold of an old copy of the bill and that the measure now before congress is considerably different. He said it provides for general use of the bridge and that the company must open it to everyone. It was no snap game he declared, and had been projected more than a year ago before anything was heard about the street railway company's scheme to connect the two points. The company in whose interest he was working is supported by large property owners in both cities.

President Hugo said that there was already such a committee in existence as Mr. Mendenhall desired, and suggested that as the council had a more exciting matter before it, that business better be continued.

The Highland Improvement company asked for electric light service from the power house at the corner of First avenue west and Ninth street, along Highland avenue to the north boundary of the Fifth division of Duluth. The company also for some sort of fire protection on the hill. Referred.

The committee on light and water offered a resolution providing that that although the water company has notified the city that the East Superior street main was opened Jan. 1, W. H. H. Stowell has informed the city that he has no water because the pipes are frozen, and providing for a notification to the company that the city will not pay the guarantee until water is turned on in the whole main. Alderman Long thought this did not go far enough. The company had not complied with the terms of the compromise last summer and should be ordered to remedy this, not merely notified that the guarantees would not be paid. He drew up an amendment providing that it be ascertained whether the city has not good grounds against the company for non-performance of contract and if such grounds do exist that such an action be brought; also that the company be ordered to furnish water through the East Superior street main. Carried unanimously.

Ald. Long presented a resolution expressing it as the sense of the common council that the bill before the legislature, introduced by a St. Louis county member, leg lizing street railway franchises, is inimical to the best interests of the city and urging the St. Louis county representatives to do all in their power to prevent its passage. It passed unanimously.

Another resolution was passed endorsing the Bogs bill legalizing certain assessments and authorizing reassessments in some cities, and urging the legislature to adopt it.

A resolution providing for advertising for bids for a site of 50 to 100 frontage on Superior street between Second avenue east and Second avenue west was adopted. L. W. Menning & Co. offered to put a system of ventilation in the cupola court room for \$550. Referred.

Luther Mendenhall and others presented a petition asking the council to maintain a skating rink in the city and cited the act of the council of Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago as precedents. Referred to committee on finance. Levi J. Hill asked the settlement of

his claim of \$600.08 for grading Grand avenue in Lakeside.

Wieland Bros. asked that steps be taken toward adjusting the differences between themselves and the city over the title to some lots near the ship canal. Referred. S. A. Thompson submitted a communication requesting the council to take action regarding the site, 30x50 feet, which the government needs in establishing the life saving station and explaining some matters in connection with it. Referred.

GUNFLINT LAKE ORE.

Reply to an Article in the Engineering and Mining Journal.

F. Hille replies in the Port Arthur Sentinel to an article written by R. A. Parker, which appeared in the Engineering and Mining Journal, entitled "New Canadian Iron Fields." Mr. Parker dealt with the occurrence of iron around Gunflint lake, and said the ore was titaniferous. Mr. Hille replies as follows: Canada borders on the north side of the lake, while the United States (Minnesota) is on the south, west and east sides. The geological formation at the north end consists of Huronian schists (Keweenaw), with almost vertical dip, overlaid in many places by the flat lying basal beds of the Animikie slates capped by trap overflows (Cambrian rocks), while at the west side lying bands of chert (lowest Cambrian) and a Magnetic band. Laurentian gneiss are to be seen. There is no gabro around the lake, and also in the neighborhood of Mr. Paulson's mine, which is about five miles west of the lake (in Minnesota). Iron is here not flat lying but dips to the south between chloritic schist and quartzite. And if Mr. Parker attributes the gabro as an indication of the existence of titanium then we have no titaniferous iron in this country, and in fact, in all the five years of my living here I found only once in an iron analysis "a good trace" of titanium notwithstanding that I have made several hundreds of such analyses during that time.

SMELTING MESABA ORES.

What the Starting of the West Duluth Furnaces Means.

Superior Leader: It is doubtful whether the people have a full comprehension of what is meant by successfully starting the blast furnaces at West Duluth on unmixed Mesaba ores. The situation is worthy of an industrial epic. Situated on navigable waters is a furnace into whose bowels fine Bessemer ores can almost be shoveled by the miner standing on the original bed of iron; across the way is a long row of coking ovens, furnishing a fine quality of coke; radiating in every direction are six or seven great trunk lines of railway reaching ahead of all competitors a market which in itself is an empire and to the eastward, opening up resources of the world, stretches the great chain of lakes assuring forever low rates on products outward and cheap rates on fuel inward.

Some other localities, in these respects barring the lakes, are equally favored; but only in America is there a naturally tributary to her doors, in addition to the advantages named, endless forests of timber, vast plains for cattle and corn. All the bill pretty liberally and the projectors were very presumptuous to think the people of Duluth and Superior such lunk heads as to sit down and let it go through.

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TEMPLE OPERA HOUSE

TWO NIGHTS AND SATURDAY MATINEE,

February 2, 3 and 4,

ENGAGEMENT OF THE FAMOUS ENGLISH ACTOR,

Mr. E. S. Willard

UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF A. M. PALMER.

Thursday Evening, - - - THE MIDDLEMAN

Friday Evening, - - - The Professor's Love Story

Saturday Matinee, - - - A FOOL'S PARADISE

Original Cast! Original Scenery!

SEATS NOW ON SALE!

I hereby announce myself a candidate for alderman of the Third ward.
GEO. DINWOODIE.

Read Kilgore, Siewert & Co's adv. Page 8.

GEO. DINWOODIE, 208 West Superior street. Best coal, lowest prices, prompt delivery.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

The copartnership heretofore existing between George Marcotte and Pat Hogan, under the firm name of Marcotte & Hogan, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. George Marcotte will continue the business at 1008 West Michigan street, and will collect all bills and pay all debts of the late firm.
GEO. MARCOTTE,
P. HOGAN.

Duluth, Jan. 25, 1893.

For Sale.
Hotel and fixtures at Mountain Iron, doing paying business. Satisfactory reasons for desiring to sell. Inquire, STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK, Duluth.

Something of Interest.

The St. Paul & Duluth R. R. is the short line to all California and Southern points. All information regarding this trip cheerfully given.

428 Spalding hotel.

Winter Tourist Rates.

Are now in effect via the "St. Paul & Duluth R. R." to principal resorts in Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas, California and Mexico, including Jacksonville, St. Augustine, Indian River points in Florida, Galveston and Houston, Texas, Los Angeles, San Diego and San Francisco, Cal., at lowest rates, with choice of variable routes. For particulars and rates, call at 428 West Superior street, The Spalding, F. B. ROSS, Nor. Pass. Agent.

Wirth's German Lung Balsam is the best remedy for a larynx, croup, and whooping cough.

The ladies of St. Paul's Episcopal church request all friends of Bishop Barker and family to attend a reception given to them Wednesday evening, Feb. 1, at the residence of Mrs. S. S. Walbank, 428 East Second street. There will be no other invitations sent out except the notice given in the papers.

Try a bottle of Wirth's German Lung Balsam.

Offices For Rent.

Elegant ground floor offices for rent in the New Herald building, 220 West Superior street. Ready for occupancy Feb. 1. Inquire at Herald office in Henderson block, Fifth avenue west and Superior street.

The Only Line That Does It.

The St. Paul & Duluth Short line runs three daily trains between Duluth, St. Paul and Minneapolis and Chicago, making direct connections for all points in the East and South, Southern Florida and California. This is the only line that can give you this service and no one will question it. For reliable information and sleeping car reservations call on Northern Passenger Agent, 428 Spalding hotel.

Fashions in Children's Clothes.

Dame Fashion takes as much interest in the little folks as in the belles and beaux, and it is hard work for some mothers to keep their children stylishly dressed. Diamond dyes, however, solve the problem for them, and little suits, cloaks, bonnets and hose, of fashionable brown, cardinal or myrtle green, are easily made from faded garments. Nothing equals diamond dyes for home dyeing.

Scrofula, whether hereditary or acquired, is thoroughly expelled from the blood by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier.

Fifty men wanted to chop wood and clear land. Apply at 1033 West First street, H. D. Enle.

Indigestion! Miserable! Take BEECHAM'S PILLS.

Notice.
This is to warn the public that Wm. Campbell has no connection with this company and we will not be responsible for any business he transacts.

NORTHWESTERN BENEFIT ASS'N.
Minneapolis, Jan. 26, 1893.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

Here's the Point!

WHAT POINT?

Irish Point==

A pair of Real Irish Point Curtains, 3½ yards long for..... \$3.00

Worth \$6.00.

A pair of Imitation Real Brussels Net Curtains, 3½ yards long for..... \$1.65

Worth \$3.00.

Embroidered Sash Muslins..... 20C Yd.

(Sold everywhere for 35c.)

Busy Days==

These in our Curtain department. Competition is strong, but we always keep our prices the lowest.

ESTIMATES==

For Window Shades furnished on application. Always the Best workmanship.

Silberstein & Bondy

For Sale in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist, 13 West Superior Street.

MANHOOD RESTORED.

"Nerve Seeds," a scientific remedy to cure all nervous diseases, such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Nightly Emissions, Evil Dreams, Loss of Confidence, Nervousness, Lassitude, all drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs in either sex caused by over exertion, youthful errors, or excessive use of tobacco, opium or stimulants which result in Infertility, Consumption and Insanity. Put up convenient to carry in vest pocket. Sent by mail in plain package to any address for \$1.00, or 6 for \$5.00. (With every \$5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular Free. Address GRANT & NEAVE, 220 Canal St., New York.)

For Sale in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist, 13 West Superior Street.

A CONTINENTAL UNION

Goldwin Smith, of Toronto, Going to See Mr. Cleveland Regarding the Annexation of Canada.

He Is Hopeful That the Next Administration Will Meet Them Half Way On Annexation.

Is Confident That On a Vote the Canadians Would Decide in Favor of Union.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—Professor Goldwin Smith, of Toronto, president of the Continental Union association, was a guest at the Victoria yesterday. He intends to call upon the president-elect, either in this city or Lakewood, and if possible obtain his views as to the policy of the new administration towards Canada.

"We are hopeful," said Professor Smith, "that the Cleveland administration will meet us half way in the matter of annexation. Were the question put to a vote in the Dominion, I believe a large majority would be returned for a union with the United States. It must come sooner or later. The minute the union is established there will be an extraordinary development of agricultural and mineral interests of the Dominion. We are after a better market, and we trust that changes will be made in the McKinley tariff law that will insure freer trade between the two countries."

"The public debt of Canada," continued Prof. Smith, "is about \$280,000,000. The country is poor but has remarkable possibilities. All that is needed in American enterprise is to open up the mineral and other wealth of the Dominion and prosperity will result. Should Canada be annexed, I believe the votes of the people would be about equally divided between the two great parties."

Prof. Smith was asked if he thought Britain would be likely to oppose the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands. "I do not know of any good reason why she should object. Certainly her own policy has been to acquire all the territory she can. Witness Africa, Egypt, Australia and other countries. But why, if the United States refused to annex San Domingo and St. Thomas when there was a chance, does she desire to assume control of Hawaii? There would be an immediate necessity of an increase in the navy and therefore the construction of a cable at an immense cost."

A WINDOW GLASS COMBINE.

Revival of the Association Which Collapsed Some Time Ago.

FINDLAY, O., Jan. 31.—The five window glass factories in Findlay, those in Fostoria, Tiffin and North Baltimore will all doubtless go into the combine of makers and jobbers which is being formed to succeed the defunct Western Window Glass association.

The consolidation is the direct work of President Hart of the old association, of Muncie, Ind., who has been busy engaged for some time in fusing enthusiasm into the scheme. Contracts have been sent out to all the manufacturers, a condition of which is that it is void unless 90 per cent of the manufacturers of the Western district join. This condition, it is publicly stated, was fulfilled last week.

A meeting will be held at Chicago this week to perfect details and application will be made within a week at the national capital of Wisconsin for a charter for the National Glass company, of Milwaukee. The new combine will include all the makers and jobbers of window glass in Pittsburg, Wheeling, Ohio, Indiana and other Western states and its purpose is to control and maintain prices.

It will do by the penalty of forfeitures deposited, otherwise capital stock subscribed. Every jobber going in will take so many shares of the capital stock at \$100 per share, and this will be kept in the treasury to be forfeited in case the factory or jobber it belongs to fails to keep the rules of the combine. The company will fix prices and negotiate terms with labor, but the management of plants and sale of ware will be left to the factory owners. The combination, if it meets with the success its promoters anticipate, will be far-reaching and important to consumers and all interested in window glass.

Another move for the formation of the combine is doubtless to put the factory owners in better shape to fight the labor in the shape of the window glass workers' union. Wages in this industry have been very high for years past and the employers fought for a reduction last year. With the prospect of a reduction in the tariff, the manufacturers will certainly demand a big cut in the scale next summer.

DANGER FROM ICE PAST.

A Sudden Change in Temperature Checked a Disastrous Flood.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 31.—The river men are confident that the danger from ice in the river has passed, the sudden change in temperature having checked what threatened to be a disastrous flood. The Allegheny and Monongahela rivers are full of ice, which is rushing along with a might, but so far has caused but little damage in the local harbors. Not more than seventeen feet of water is expected.

The Ex-Queen's Protest.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—The steamer Australia, which will leave Honolulu Wednesday of this week, will be due here Feb. 8. Among her passengers will be the ex-queen's attorney, Paul Neuman, who will probably go to Washington to present her protest and complaint against United States Minister Stevens. The next news from the Hawaiian capital will probably be brought by the Oriental steamer China, which has orders to stop at Honolulu and which is due here Wednesday next.

A New Theatrical Circuit.

Eau Claire, Wis., Jan. 31.—A new theatrical circuit is being formed by

Managers Condon, of Duluth, and Burlingame, of Eau Claire, to include Superior, Duluth, Eau Claire, Winona, La Crosse and the new house to be built at Ashland. It will be known as "The Condon-Burlingame circuit."

A MURDER, NOT A FALL.

Sensational Developments in the Death of an Iowa Young Man.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa, Jan. 31.—About a week ago Joseph Murphy, a young man living at Stone City, was found under the Milwaukee bridge over Crow creek, dead. It was supposed that he had fallen from the bridge and broken his neck. Later developments, however, would indicate that he was murdered for his money.

On the night of his death he attended a charity party, but left early in the evening accompanied by Billy Petersen. They had a gallon of alcohol between them. They went to a dance at William Stickle's. What transpired there is not known, except that about 10 o'clock Murphy was jostled out of the house and thrown upon a woodpile. He was in a semi-unconscious condition at this time, but notwithstanding the fact the night was one of the coldest of the winter no attention was paid to him.

Some time between 2 and 3 o'clock in the morning he disappeared, and about 10 o'clock his body was found under the bridge. What lends strength to the murder theory is the fact that he could not have fallen from the bridge to the place where he was found; that there was a large gash in the back of his head, while there was no cut or mark on his cap, and that of \$50 in his possession the day before not a single cent was in his pockets when found. A thorough investigation will be made, and it is murdered, an effort will be made to bring the guilty parties to justice.

A MISSING AUDITOR.

He Is Short \$7000 and Probably Will Not Be Prosecuted.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa, Jan. 31.—Mr. Doughty, county auditor of Emmet county, has disappeared and a shortage of nearly \$7000 has been discovered in his accounts. Last summer a deficit of nearly \$5000 was found, but relatively small and the board of supervisors, out of sympathy for his family, took no other action than to appoint a deputy to take charge of the office to prevent a further steal. They also permitted him to remain in the office upon half pay.

At the January meeting of the board of supervisors it was decided to make a more thorough examination of the books. Doughty, upon learning of this, disappeared and his whereabouts is not now known. The examination of the books has just been completed, showing a further deficit of \$1,679.39, or a shortage of almost \$7000. Most of the money was taken from the school fund.

It is not known that Doughty gambled and what he did with the money is a mystery. His wife is heart broken over the actions of her husband. It is not probable that any attempt will be made to find him.

HOSMER WAS DEFEATED.

Bubear, the Englishman, Won the Sculling Race on the Thames.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—The international sculling race between Geo. Bubear, the English oarsman, and George Hosmer, of Boston, took place yesterday morning and was won by Bubear, who defeated his opponent by about five lengths. The course was from Putney to Mortlake, a distance of about four miles and a quarter. The race was for the championship of England and started at 10 o'clock.

Bubear's colors were a red and white ground with red and blue stripes running and British standard crossed. Hosmer's colors were a white ground with a red, white and blue striped border with stars at intermediate distances. In each corner were the American and English flags crossed, and in the center was Hosmer's likeness as he sits in his racing boat. Over the portrait was the oarsman's name and beneath it the words, "For the Championship of England."

SMOTHERED BY GAS.

Two Men at Davenport Lost Their Lives—Others Narrowly Escaped.

DAVENPORT, Ia., Jan. 31.—At 8 o'clock yesterday morning a salesgirl found the store on Main street in which she worked unopened. Going upstairs she was nearly overcome by gas. Help was called and the upper door forced.

Mrs. Phil Dahms, her two children and domestic, were insensitive. They were taken out and have so far recovered as to be out of danger. A back room on the same floor was forced and there were found dead Charles Rapp, a tailor, and his friend, Lewis Franklin, a Davenport traveling man. Franklin and Rapp were friends and were spending the night together. The cause of the fatal trouble was the bursting of a gas pipe, which endangered half the block.

THE FALL OF A RECTOR.

He Was Found to be Corresponding With a Married Woman.

TORONTO, Ont., Jan. 31.—A special from St. John, N.B., says considerable excitement has been created here by the announcement that the Rev. L. G. Stevens, rector of St. Luke's Episcopal church, had resigned.

It is alleged that Stevens, who is a married man, has been engaged in correspondence with a married woman, a member of his congregation. The woman's husband came into possession of the letters and, it is alleged, demanded money of Stevens. Bishop Kingston was notified and immediately ordered Stevens to resign or he would dismiss him from the church. Stevens claims that he is the victim of a blackmailing scheme.

A Cabinet Crisis.

CHRISTIANIA, Jan. 31.—It is believed that a cabinet crisis is again imminent on account of the agitation for a separate consular service from Norway.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

The St. Paul & Duluth R. R.

Is the short line to St. Paul, Minneapolis and Chicago. Three trains daily. Chair and sleeping car reservations made at city ticket office, 428 Spaulding hotel.

Every Man whose watch has been rung out of the bow (ring), by a pickpocket,

Every Man whose watch has been damaged by dropping out of the bow, and

Every Man of sense who merely compares the old pull-out bow and the new

Non-pull-out

will exclaim: "Ought to have been made long ago!"

It can't be twisted off the case. Can only be had with Jas. Boss Filled and other cases stamped with this trade mark.

Ask your jeweler for pamphlet. Keystone Watch Case Co., Philadelphia.

REGARDED WITH FAVOR.

The Annexation of Hawaii Favored by Prominent Congressmen.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The president and members of the cabinet are reticent touching their views on the Hawaii question. It is, however, understood that President Harrison would not be averse to leaving this acquisition as a monument to his administration, if it could be brought about without serious internal complications.

The majority of the members of the foreign affairs committee look with favor upon the proposition, providing that the present treaty arrangements do not interfere. They are wary, however, of publicly expressing themselves.

Senator Morgan, however, makes no secret of his willingness to acquiesce in the desire of Hawaii to enter the United States and it is understood that Senator Sherman agrees with him. Senator Dolph naturally looks with favor as do most of the Pacific coast members upon the proposition.

Senator Hiseck, also of the foreign affairs committee, is understood to agree with Senator Warner Miller in his public expressions of view in favor of the proposition if it can be carried out without serious complications. Senator Butler coincides with Senator Morgan.

This frank expression from these two leading Democratic members of the foreign affairs committee will largely influence Democratic senators in favor of the proposition. It is probable that at least a majority of the Republican members of the committee will also favor it.

It is understood that a majority of the Republican members of the house committee on foreign affairs are inclined to favor the proposition. This Democratic is cautious about an expression, but there is reason to believe that he opposes the proposition. McCready, who is a prominent member of the committee, is absent just now, but there is reason to believe that he will favor the proposition, if it can be brought about without serious complications.

Chipman, of Michigan, who is also a member of the committee, openly favors the proposition. It is probable that other Democratic members are reticent.

Naval Authorities Silent.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—A dispatch from Victoria, B. C., says the naval authorities there and at Esquimaux declined to say whether they have received any instructions from the home government bearing on the situation at Honolulu, and will give no information as to the whereabouts of the ships being ordered to proceed to the scene of the recent revolution.

A Rehearing Asked.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—John N. Jewett, chief clerk of the supreme court yesterday copies of a petition asking the court to reopen the Chicago lake front case for a rehearing. The court will on Saturday examine the reasons advanced for the rehearing. If the court finds, as in ninety-nine out of a hundred it does, that the reasons are insufficient, the belief is that it will do so in this case.

Laid to Rest.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 31.—The funeral of ex-Postmaster General James Campbell, last survivor of President Pierce's cabinet, took place yesterday from St. Mary's Roman Catholic church.

Fresh imported cod liver oil at Max Wirth's drug store.

Dr. LeDuc's French periodical pills for sale at Max Wirth's, 13 West Superior street.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

If Your Cistern Is Out of Order

or Soft Water is scarce, don't worry yourself for a moment—go right ahead and use hard water with

KIRK'S

WHITE RUSSIAN

SOAP

and you'll never know the difference. The clothes will be just as white, clean and sweet-smelling, because the "White Russian" is specially adapted for use in hard water.

JAS. S. KIRK & CO., Chicago. Dusky Diamond Tar Soap. Best Soap for the Hands.

TRY THE HERALD WANT COLUMNS!

"SITUATIONS WANTED" FREE.

POPULAR WANTS! POPULAR WANTS! POPULAR WANTS!

TO RENT—HOUSE. FOR RENT—CHIEF TERRACE. TWO

FOR RENT—ROOM HOUSE. ALL MOD.

GOOD EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE FOR RENT.

CASH IN BANK FOR ANY GOOD REAL

MONEY TO LOAN IN ANY AMOUNT ON

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE. JEW

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS AND

ABOUT MONEY. DO YOU NEED ANY?

THE SECURITY LOAN COMPANY

WILL LEND YOU ANY SUM YOU WISH

ON THE DAY YOU ASK FOR IT.

WE MAKE LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES,

IN ANY AMOUNT

AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE RATE, WITHOUT PUBLICITY

THE SECURITY LOAN COMPANY

P. B. CROSBY,

COMMISSION BROKER,

Boys and Girls Mining Stocks for Cash.

Room 302 Palladio Building, DULUTH, MINN.

Correspondence Solicited. Weekly Circular.

ATTORNEYS.

GEORGE WETHERBY, ATTORNEY AT

RENTING AND COLLECTING.

CORDY EDWARDS' RENTAL AGENCY, 208

RENTING AND COLLECTING.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

C. A. Nash to P. M. Nash, lot 8, block 33.

W. T. Nash to P. M. Nash, lot 8, block 33.

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Dawkins



HAS REMOVED TO THE
CORNER OF FIRST AVENUE WEST & FIRST STREET
DIRECTLY IN THE REAR OF
KAHN'S OLD STAND

We have been forced to move from our present location, as the building is
leased to other parties. We commence to move our stock
at 10 o'clock Tuesday night, and

WE WILL BE OPEN FOR BUSINESS IN OUR NEW LOCATION
WEDNESDAY MORNING AT EIGHT O'CLOCK

WE STILL HAVE \$35,000 WORTH
OF
KAHN'S BANKRUPT STOCK
On Hand, and Will Close it Out Regardless of Cost or Value.

Our expenses will be small in our new store, less than one-third what they
were in Kahn's old store, and we can well afford to sell our goods
cheaper. We will offer the balance of this week

260 JACKETS and WRAPS AT 50c Each
WORTH UP TO \$12.00.

They Are Not the Latest Styles, But Are Good Warm Garments.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE
CORNER FIRST AVENUE WEST AND FIRST STREET.

\$20 Secures a Lot for a Home in the heart of the city.

THE building boom along the new electric line on the hill was never equalled in Duluth. More than ninety houses have been started in the Fifth and Sixth Divisions of DULUTH HEIGHTS within twenty days; new ones are starting every day. People begin to realize it is a nice thing to have a HOME in the heart of the city, convenient to their business. As a special inducement for the public to take advantage of our present low prices, we will reduce our cash payment to

\$20 PER LOT

From Jan. 16th, to Feb. 1st,

After that we will advance our prices \$25 per lot, and the cash payment will be as usual, \$50 per lot. Our prices run from \$175 to \$350 per lot, and location and street railway facilities considered, it is the cheapest property ever sold in Duluth or any other city of its size in the Northwest.

Highland Improvement Co.

Room 1, Lyceum Building, Opposite the Spalding.

\$20 Secures a Lot for a Home in the heart of the city.

\$20 Secures a Lot for a Home in the heart of the city.

\$20 Secures a Lot for a Home in the heart of the city.

PARLIAMENT OPENED

British Legislators Met in London Today and Listened to the Speech From the Throne.

A Careful Search of the Basement Failed to Discover Any Gunpowder or Dynamite Bombs.

The Usual Rush By Members to Secure the Best Seats Began At an Early Hour.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—A careful search of the vaults of the house of commons this morning failed to discover any barrels of gun powder or dynamite bombs. No body expected to find any, but the ancient ceremony was performed with the same formality and ceremony as for nearly 300 years past. One of the tory members grimly remarked that it was not necessary now for Guy Fawkes to conceal themselves in the vaults of the house of commons.

After the preliminary ceremonies there was the customary race for seats. The first member to arrive was H. Kerr, Conservative M. P. for St. Helens. Mr. Kerr, who is 40 years of age and was born in India, got to the house as early as 9 o'clock in the morning. He was followed three-quarters of an hour later by J. E. Johnson, Liberal member for Middle Leicestershire.

But few of the members, however, were about at such an uncanny hour, and it was not until about 8:45 that the stream of legislators set in. From that time till 11 o'clock there was no let up. J. Austin Chamberlain, the Unionist whip, drove up to the house of commons at an early hour in a cab. The young Unionist, who is about 30 years old and very like his father, conveyed with him in the cab a store of silk hats which he rapidly deposited on the third bench below the gangway on the government side, thus securing these places for the Liberal-Unionists.

The crowd outside the house of commons was small through the morning hours but increased toward midday. Prominent members of parliament were, as usual, hissed or applauded according to the sentiments of the spectators towards them.

A Strike Ended. DUNKIRK, N. Y., Jan. 31.—Yesterday afternoon 375 men went to work in the Brooks works and the strike is broken. No further trouble is expected.

Back From the Wedding. ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 31.—The czarowitch has arrived home on her return from the wedding of Prince Carl and the Princess Margaret of Prussia.

HAWAIIAN STOCK JUMPED.

The Fine Italian Hand of Claus Spreckles Was Visible.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—The fine Italian hand of Claus Spreckles was seen yesterday in the way Hawaiian stock jumped from 10 cents to \$5 a share. Any one who thinks Spreckles knew nothing beforehand about the Hawaiian revolution should watch his manipulations of this sugar company's stock.

Last November he called a meeting of the directors of the Hawaiian Commercial company and told them the company was \$500,000 in debt, the sugar industry on the islands unprofitable, and to avoid bankruptcy an assessment of \$6 would have to be levied. These people could not pay the fearful assessment.

The day of sale came last Friday, just twelve hours before the steamer Claudine appeared with the news of the revolution. If the steamer's arrival was not timely it was fortunate for Spreckles, for when the sale occurred about noon there were only a few present, and the future of sugar stock never looked more gloomy. It was found that only 2600 shares had paid their assessments, leaving 45,400 shares to be knocked down to the highest bidder. The farce of a sale was carried out. Stevens, a clerk in Spreckles' office, bid in the various lots of stock, giving from 5 to 15 cents a share for stock that had been sold out by Spreckles eight years ago for from \$50 to \$60 a share. There is no chance to recover this stock, as all the proceedings were legal.

When Hawaiian Commercial stock was quoted at one jump at \$5 there were curses loud and deep among the former holders and brokers over the way they had been chiselled by Spreckles. If the annexation furor continues there is no reason why Spreckles should not run the stock up to \$50 or \$40, as it will be cheap at those figures should this country annex the islands and thus restore the old bounty.

Brought Good Prices.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Jan. 31.—A large crowd was present at Brasfield's breeders sale here yesterday. The bidding on Vancian was very brisk. She was sold to L. Broadhead, of Spring station, for \$12,250. The next best prices to this were: Asby, 3-year-old by Vancian, dam Wilkes Bird to Maj. J. F. Shackelford, of H. Richmond, Kentucky, \$3000. Princess, yearling, dam Peerless to J. F. Galloway, of Lowell, for \$2000.

Swindled Many People.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—Herman Zinke, an ex-convict, is a prisoner at police headquarters, having been arrested for passing a number of forged checks on unsuspecting merchants. His method was to purchase goods and give a check for a large amount receiving the difference. In this way he has succeeded in swindling a number of persons. What the total amount of his stealings will be cannot be conjectured.

North Dakota State Elevator.

BISMARCK, N. D., Jan. 31.—A bill was introduced in the senate last evening by Senator Hillier appropriating \$100,000 for the erection of a state wheat elevator at Superior or Duluth.

FROZEN IN THE WOODS.

The Terrible Experience of a Scandinavian From Minneapolis.

STILLWATER, Jan. 31.—A Scandinavian, name unknown, was badly frozen near Perry's place near Tamarack Saturday night. He had gone from Minneapolis to work in the woods and had started to walk from Perry's place to Oscar Jay's at the Musser Sautny camp, a distance of twelve miles.

He accomplished two or three miles of the way and being quite weak, having recently recovered from sickness, tired out and sought to retreat his steps. When within half a mile of shelter he sank to the ground exhausted and lay exposed to the blizzard all night.

Yesterday he was picked up unconscious by a party driving through the woods and taken to Perry's. Both his hands and his lower extremities, as far up as the knees were frozen—probably fatally. He was taken to Minneapolis and will probably be cared for in the hospital.

Refused to Indict.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 31.—The grand jury of St. Clair county, Ill., today wrestled with the subject of indicting the managers, bookmakers, betters and everyone connected with the East St. Louis jockey club track. After laboring with the subject for ten hours, the jury-men refused to indict any of the men connected with the race track. It is believed the prosecution was instigated by political opponents of prominent persons connected with the club.

Duel With Swords.

PARIS, Jan. 31.—Deputies Deroulede and Pichon fought a duel with swords yesterday afternoon. The duel was the result of an insult offered by Deroulede to Pichon in the chamber of deputies on Saturday, when Deroulede called out to Pichon: "You are M. Herz's sleeping partner." Pichon was seriously wounded in the ribs, while Deroulede received a scratch in the face.

A Finish Fight.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 31.—The Sharp-Crosby finish fight for \$500 and the lightweight championship of Missouri, did not come off last night on account of police interference. The fight has been postponed until next Sunday. The spot will probably be in Illinois and a rattling contest is expected.

Died in Toledo.

TOLEDO, Jan. 31.—Horace S. Walbridge died suddenly today. He was largely interested in mines in Wisconsin. Mr. Walbridge was one of Toledo's oldest and best known citizens.

Entries Are Numerous.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 31.—The entries for the spring stakes of the Louisville jockey club are published and make the largest showing in the history of Kentucky racing. Last year the nominations were nearly all from Kentucky and the South, and this year they come from New Jersey to California, from Chicago to New Orleans and even from England.

Geo. Dinwiddie, 208 West Superior street. Best coal. Lowest prices. Promptest delivery.

Judge Edgerton Ill.

SIoux FALLS, S. D., Jan. 31.—Judge Edgerton, of the United States district court for South Dakota, lies seriously ill at his residence in this city. He returned Saturday evening from St. Paul, where he has been holding court for the state of Minnesota. About 8 o'clock he was suddenly seized with an attack resembling in effect paralysis, being unable to move. Physicians have been constantly in attendance since that time, and the result of the attack is not determinable at present. The physicians, however, are hopeful.

Mr. Blaine's Will.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—A special from Washington says: Mr. Blaine left a will bestowing all of his property upon Mrs. Blaine and making her sole executrix without bonds. The total value of the estate is estimated at \$800,000.

A Sensation Expected.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 31.—Farm Boss Hubbard, the principal witness in the Lincoln asylum scandal, who has been missing for months, has returned and will make a full confession. His disclosures, it is thought, will make a sensation.

Decline in Spirits.

PEORIA, Ill., Jan. 31.—A notice was posted on change yesterday announcing a decline of 18 cents per proof gallon on high wines and spirits.

CATARRHALIX
A great discovery. Cures acute
CATARRH
in
SEVEN DAYS.

This greatest known cure for all stages of this terrible disease is the perfection of modern treatment. It

NEVER FAILS.
It is both local and constitutional in its effects.

All Diseased Parts
of the nose and head are reached and healed
AT ONCE
and every trace of

Catarrhal Poison
Quickly driven from the blood and system and a permanent cure

Always Results.

Price of Remedy \$1
It is worth thousands to any one suffering with catarrh. Mailed postage prepaid to any address on receipt of price in express or money order; cash or stamps. Call on or address all orders to (the sole proprietor.)

A. TATTERSALL & CO.,
607 Chamber of Commerce, Duluth, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of two hundred and sixty-two dollars and fifty cents (\$262.50) which became due on or before the 27th day of August, A. D. 1892, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Ned McLachlan, Jr., and Annie McLachlan, his wife, and Charles d'Autremont, Jr., and Minnesota, to Clara A. H. Smith, of Ansonia, N. Y., dated the 27th day of August, A. D. 1890, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 30th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 25 of mortgages, at page 60, and such default having continued for the period of thirty days and up to said mortgage, pursuant to the provisions thereof, to wit: the sum of two thousand five hundred (\$2,500) dollars, with interest from the date thereof at the rate of seven (7) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, may, at the option of the owner and holder of said mortgage, be come at once due and payable, and the said mortgage should become due and be at once due and payable, therefore there is now due, payable and unpaid on the sum secured by said mortgage the sum of two thousand five hundred (\$2,500) dollars principal and three hundred and twenty-four cents and four-tenths (\$250.44) interest, making in all two thousand eight hundred and eighty-four cents and four-tenths (\$2,804.44), and no suit or proceeding in law, equity or otherwise being now pending, or having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described therein and covered thereby, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows to-wit:

Lot number nine (9), block number eighteen (18), of the Bay Front division of Duluth, first re-subdivided according to the recorded plat thereof, together with all the hereditaments and appurtenances thereto in anywise appertaining, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, by the sheriff of said county of St. Louis, at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county and state on the 10th day of February A. D. 1893, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law, to pay the aforesaid debt and interest to gether with fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee and the costs and disbursements of sale at law.

Dated December 28th, 1892.

CLARA A. H. SMITH,
Mortgagee.

B. C. RUTHE,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

Jan-31-93-24-31-F-7-14.

LADIES
Can Secure Competent Servants
By Advertising in the
HERALD WANT COLUMN

WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES.
(Northern Pacific R. R. Co., Lessee.)
Latest Time Card.
Two Through Trains Daily.

Time	From	To	Time	From	To
12:45pm	Duluth	Chicago	9:05am	Chicago	Duluth
1:30pm	Duluth	St. Paul	8:30am	St. Paul	Duluth
10:15am	Chicago	Duluth	11:40am	Duluth	Chicago
1:30pm	Duluth	Chicago	8:30am	Chicago	Duluth
1:30pm	Duluth	Chicago	8:30am	Chicago	Duluth
1:30pm	Duluth	Chicago	8:30am	Chicago	Duluth

Tickets sold and baggage checked through all points in the United States and Canada. Free connections made in Chicago with all trains going East and South. For full information apply to your nearest ticket agent or to
Gen. Pass. and Tkt. Agt., Chicago, Ill.

An Ordinance

Amending an ordinance entitled "Ordinance LII, regulating pawn brokers, second hand stores and junk shops" passed May 5th, 1890 and published May 9th, 1890 as amended, the common council of the city of Duluth do ordain:

Section 1. That the ordinance entitled "Ordinance LII, regulating pawn brokers, second hand stores and junk shops" passed May 5th, 1890 and published May 9th, 1890 as amended, be and the same is hereby amended by striking out of section seven of said ordinance all that part of said section seven following the words, "except that the license required of such person shall be," and inserting in lieu thereof the following to-wit: "Who incurred (100) dollars per year and the amount of the bond required of such person shall be one thousand (1000) dollars."

Sec. 2. This ordinance shall be in force and take effect from and after its passage and publication.

Passed Jan. 23rd, 1893.

T. W. HUGO,
President of the Common Council.

Attest:
FRANK BURKE, JR.,
City Clerk.

Approved Jan. 30, 1893.

C. D'AUTREMONT, JR.,
Mayor.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of St. Louis, } ss.

In probate court, special term, January 21st, 1893.

In the matter of the estate of Leander Johnson, deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto John Mattson, of said county.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court, for examination and allowance, at the probate office in Duluth, in said county, on Monday, the fourteenth day of August, A. D. 1893, at ten o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to this court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown, further time be allowed.

Ordered, further that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order on Tuesday in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 21st day of January, A. D. 1893.

By the Court,
BUSINESS ATTY.,
Judge of Probate.

Jan. 24, 31, Feb. 7.

Notice to Contractors

Sealed bids will be received by the board of education of the city of Duluth up to 8 p. m. Saturday, Feb. 18, 1893, at their office in the Central High school for the erection of a new school building and stone addition to the Jackson School building, situated at the corner of Third street and Fifth avenue west.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of Palmer & Hall, architects.

A certified check in the sum of five hundred dollars, payable to the order of the board of education, must accompany each bid.

By order of the board of education of the city of Duluth,

H. W. PEARSON,
Clerk.

Jan. 27, 1901.

A FIRE IN AN ASYLUM.

The Engine Room of a Lunatic Asylum Near Chicago Destroyed by Fire This Morning.

By Hard Work the Firemen Prevented the Flames Reaching the Quarters of the Lunatics.

A Man and His Son Perished in Their Burning Dwelling in a Massachusetts Town.

CHICAGO, Jan. 31.—Fire broke out in the engine room of the insane asylum at Dunning, about twelve miles from this city, at 6:30 o'clock this morning. There are many insane patients in the institution. Every available man about the insane asylum and the poor house nearby was ordered to help combat the flames.

Fire companies were sent from this city and neighboring suburbs, but they were unable to accomplish much, owing to the fact that there was little or no water available for fighting the fire.

The wind blew directly away from the main building and saved that part of the institution from destruction, but the engine room containing the boilers and lymans used for heating and lighting the institution was completely destroyed.

The greatest damage caused by the fire is the crippled condition in which the institution is left. A number of small buildings clustered about the main building including the amusement hall and the administration building will be without heat for a week at least.

Light can be supplied by lamps and water can be hauled to the buildings by wagon, but there is no possible way of seating them at present. The best of order was maintained among the patients, only a few of them who were confined in the wards overlooking the engine house knowing that a fire was in progress.

PERISHED IN THE FLAMES.

A Man and His Son Burned to Death in a Dwelling.

HAVENHILL, Mass., Jan. 31.—The home of James Addison at West Newbury was burned early this morning. Mr. Addison, aged 40, and William, aged 16, probably perished in the flames. Addison's wife died two years ago. Since her death he has lived alone, his son being with him part of the time. There is a possibility that the son was not at home but the probability is that he was. The house was in a sparsely settled locality with only few neighbors near.

BEGINNING OF THE END.

The Aged Archbishop of St. Louis is Seriously Ill.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 31.—Archbishop Centric, of this city, is seriously ill. Last Friday the venerable archbishop suffered from a chill immediately after dinner and medical assistance was at once summoned.

In the evening a high fever developed, and the condition of the patient became so alarming that a priest was called to administer the rites of extreme unction. Later in the evening the archbishop's condition was such that the priest deferred administering the sacrament until Saturday. Today he is reported slightly better. It is believed that this last attack of illness is the beginning of the end.

A VERY OLD AGE.

A Pennsylvania Woman Celebrated Her One Hundredth Birthday.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 31.—The many friends of Mrs. Polly Ross assembled at the residence of Mrs. Jane Stoops, at Mount Chestnut in Butler county, yesterday, to celebrate the 100th anniversary of Mrs. Ross's birthday.

She was born in Westmoreland county. Her father was 85 and her mother 70 years and 6 months old at the time of her death. Her brothers all lived to be old men.

Mrs. Ross is the mother of four children, has twenty-eight grandchildren, forty great-grandchildren and six great-great-grandchildren. The old lady can still walk without a cane.

CAUSED HEAVY LOSS.

A Fire Does Considerable Damage in a Pennsylvania Town.

ALTOONA, Pa., Jan. 31.—At 1 o'clock yesterday morning the large four-story brick building on Eleventh avenue known as Woodcock's arcade was discovered to be on fire and at 5 o'clock when the firemen had gained control, damage to the extent of \$40,000 had been done.

The occupants of the building who sustained loss were: The World's Museum company, six families on the second floor, and the stores of Frederick Hesser.

Double Murder and Suicide.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Jan. 31.—Frederick Schurmann, a prominent tobaccoist, was found dying in bed yesterday. Beside him were his two children, a girl 12 years old and a boy of 9, both dead. Schurmann had administered poison to his children and then taken a heavy dose himself. It is believed Schurmann was temporarily insane. He cannot survive.

An Attempted Murder.

Joseph White, who was recently stabbed at Coquet by a man named Peleran, was brought to St. Mary's hospital here, having taken a turn for the worse last week and his chances for recovery being considered doubtful. Since coming here, however, he has improved, and yesterday afternoon was regarded as likely to recover. Peleran is under arrest on a charge of attempting to murder, and his examination is set for February 4, before Judge Curry at Coquet.

\$200 to \$1000 loans wanted; rates 7 and 8 percent. Geo. P. Tvedt, 120 Chamber of Commerce.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

BALDWIN IS A HUSTLER.

Has Done More Than Halvorsen For His Constituents Already.

A Washington special to the Pioneer Press says: "Maj. Baldwin, of Duluth, the member-elect of the Sixth district, who has been here most of the winter, is making rapid strides in acquiring a knowledge of his legislative duties. He has already accomplished more for the old Fifth district than the present representative has accomplished during his entire two years. Maj. Baldwin is energetic and alert and the people of his district, who have practically had no representation for two years, have turned things over to him and have forwarded nearly all of their requests to him, which were previously unheeded by the man who is drawing the salary."

"Land matters, pension claims and other errands in and about the various departments, which a Western member is of course in duty bound to perform, have been taken up by Maj. Baldwin and disposed of. Then in looking after affairs pertaining to Duluth harbor and improvements on the lakes, he has already taken an active part, and is ready to go on with the work as soon as he becomes a full-fledged member."

"Maj. Baldwin has not yet engaged in a collar-and-elbow contest over patronage with Mr. Duran and Mr. Kelly or any of the Democratic bosses, and it is possible that he will not have any trouble with them. But he is the kind of a man that cannot be entirely ignored by the bosses when they come to distribute the patronage of the state, and he is apt to look after his own district with considerable care."

Another dispatch, referring to committee places in the next congress, says: "The most important place for the state and the place possible for one Minnesota man to get is rivers and harbors. This may go to Baldwin, and there is reason to believe he will get it. In this congress two Michigan members are on this committee, but as the Democrat has been defeated, the probabilities are that a Northwestern man will be selected, and the Duluth man will be the one." The major thinks Crisp will be re-elected speaker.

Sunday Opening of the Fair.

To the Editor of The Herald: As I read an editorial in your last issue of the Evening Herald under the heading "Sunday Opening of the Fair," in which, among other things, you referred to a statement of Rev. Dr. Collier, of Chicago, it reminded me of a statement made by another divine even more distinguished, published in the February number of the Homiletic Review, where he says:

"There is a little knot of atheists banded under the term of 'Secular union.' They have been looking for a pretext to attack the American Sabbath; they think they have found it in the fair. They say: 'Is not the fair a people's institution? Are not the laboring people to enjoy it? I say keep the doors shut. Keep them shut because the fourth commandment says: 'Keep the Sabbath holy.' Have any of you heard of the decalogue being superseded? As long as the way to the fair is barred by the flaming sword of that commandment I am in favor of Sunday closing. Again, appeal to your patriotism. The American Sunday is an American institution. We will show the visitors from abroad a grand sight, but the grandest will be our American Sunday. There is nothing like it. It is as much an American institution as the ballot box or the public school system. An open fair would not be fair to the employees. It would not do to give them a slice off of Tuesday or Thursday. Sunday has a different meaning from other days. In the name of thousands of employees I protest."

This statement of Mr. Martin is in full harmony with the general feeling among our Christian people and far more patriotic and constitutional than the statement of the Chicago divine, and it is biblical. We ought to weigh in the scale of Christian justice, than anything else. Christianity is not to be used like an editor's overcoat, to take off and on according to circumstances, and we cannot afford to act and live like heathens, because we expect some of them to visit. A SWEDISH MINISTER.

Duluth, Jan. 29, 1893.

"Royal Ruby" Port Wine.

If you are reduced in vitality or strength by illness or any other cause, we recommend the use of the grand old port wine, the very blood of the grape. A grand tonic for mothers nursing and those reduced by wasting disease. It creates strength; improves the appetite. Nature's own remedy, much preferable to drugs, guaranteed absolutely pure and of age. Young wine ordinarily sold, is not fit to use. Insist on having this standard brand, it costs no more. \$1 in quart bottles only. Royal Wine company Chicago. For sale by S. F. Boyce, druggist.

For pains in the chest there is nothing better than a flannel cloth saturated with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on over the seat of pain. It will produce a counter irritation without blistering, and is not so disagreeable as mustard; in fact is much superior to any plaster on account of its pain-relieving qualities. If used in time it will prevent pneumonia. 50 cent bottles for sale by druggists.

The Highland electric cars are running regularly from the head of the incline through the prettiest tract of land at the head of the lakes.

The success of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in effecting a speedy cure of colds, croup and whooping cough has brought it into great demand. Messrs. Pontius & Son, of Cameron, Ohio, say that it has gained a reputation second to none in that vicinity. James M. Queen, of Johnson, W. Va. says it is the best he ever used. B. F. Jones, druggist, Winona, Miss., says: "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is perfectly reliable. I have always used it and it never failed to give the most perfect satisfaction." 50 cent bottles for sale by druggists.

Choice of Routes.

The St. Paul & Duluth R. R. can ticket you to Florida either via St. Louis or Chicago and make through car arrangements for you.

428 Spalding Hotel.

Elegant ground floor offices for rent in the new Herald building, 220 West Superior street. Ready for occupancy Feb. 1. Inquire at Herald office in Henderson block, Fifth avenue west and Superior street.

NEGLECT IS FATAL.

Awful Consequences From Little Things.

A Spark Kindles the Greatest of Conflagrations.

So From Small Beginnings Come Insanity and Paralysis.

How little people realize that neglect is fatal! They do not understand that headache, loss of memory, confused mind, mental depression, dull, dizzy and bad feeling, head, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, with tired and unrefreshed waking mornings, poor appetites, weakness with tired, numb, trembling or cold limbs and feeling of nervous and physical exhaustion are the sure forerunners of insanity or paralysis.

"I was weak and nervous," said Miss Pauline Roe, who resides at 805 Seventh avenue, New York City, "and finally had a stroke of paralysis. The suffering I endured was unbearable. My speech was impaired, my mouth drawn to one side and the pains in my head were maddening."



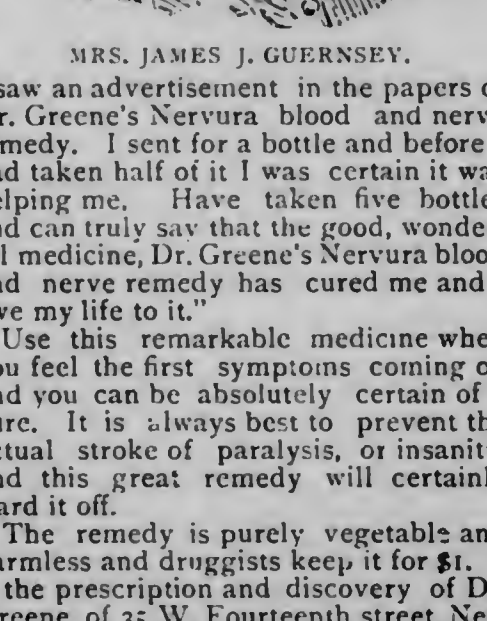
MISS PAULINE ROE.

"I used Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. Before I had used one bottle I felt a marked improvement, and now I feel myself well again. I recommend all troubled with nervous complaints or any similar affliction to use this really wonderful medicine." The well known John S. Doremus, Esq., of 281 Ellison street, Patterson, N. J., says:

"I shall be ready at any and all times to testify to the remarkable restoration to health of Miss Pauline Roe, and the wonderful effects of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy."

Mrs. James J. Guernsey, of 41 Myrtle street, Albany, N. Y., states:

"I go so very weak and numb I could hardly stand on my feet, at times could not raise my foot from the floor. My whole right side was almost useless. Then



MRS. JAMES J. GUERNSEY.

I saw an advertisement in the papers of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. I sent for a bottle and before I had taken half of it I was certain it was helping me. I have taken five bottles and can truly say that the good, wonderful medicine, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy has cured me and I owe my life to it."

Use this remarkable medicine when you feel the first symptoms coming on and you can be absolutely certain of a cure. It is always best to prevent the actual stroke of paralysis, or insanity, and this great remedy will certainly ward it off.

The remedy is purely vegetable and harmless and druggists keep it for \$1. It is the prescription and discovery of Dr. Greene, of N. Y. Fourth street, New York, the successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases, and he can be consulted free, personally or by letter.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building

I hereby announce myself as an independent candidate for alderman of the Sixth ward at the ensuing election in February. Having served my constituents for six years in the capacity of alderman I again solicit their suffrages.

Jan. 21. ROBT. C. KENNEDY.



It Cures Colds, Croup, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by druggists everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and \$1.00.

HAVE YOU A DON'T YOU WANT A...

HAIR MATTRESS

For a warm, comfortable bed, there is nothing equal to a NICE HAIR MATTRESS. We make them to order in any size to fit your bed, and GUARANTEE THE BEST HAIR for the price paid.

HAVE YOUR OLD MATTRESS MADE OVER EQUAL TO NEW

Reupholstering, Repairing, Refinishing,

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERY, On Partial Payments. FRENCH & BASSETT, 24 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

Let me give You a Pointer Chew Lorillard's CLIMAX PLUG. It's Much the Best.



YOUR OFFICE! I can supply it with every convenience at prices that will be pleasing to you. CARL BERKELMAN, 113 EAST SUPERIOR STREET, OPPOSITE CITY HALL. FINE FURNITURE AT LOW PRICES.

DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS. The only safe, sure and reliable Female Pill ever offered to Ladies. Especially recommended to married Ladies. Beware of Pills put up in tin boxes as they are dangerous. Ask for Dr. Mott's Pennyroyal Pills and take no other. Send for circular. Price \$1.00 per box, 6 boxes for \$5.00. Dr. Mott's Chemical Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

For Sale by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth.

"A FAIR FACE MAY PROVE A FOUL BARGAIN." MARRY A PLAIN GIRL IF SHE USES SAPOLIO

MEMBERS OF THE DULUTH CLEARING HOUSE ASSOCIATION

First National Bank	\$1,000,000	\$200,000
American Exchange Bank	500,000	350,000
Marine National Bank	250,000	20,000
National Bank of Commerce	200,000	21,000
State Bank of Duluth	100,000	40,000
Security Bank of Duluth	100,000	35,000
Iron Exchange Bank	100,000	

Hartman General Electric Company

ARE PREPARED TO Furnish Electric Current For Arc and Incandescent Light And Motor Service.

GENERAL OFFICE: ROOM 3, EXCHANGE BUILDING. Station A, Foot of Fifth Ave. East. Station B, 126 West Michigan Street.

LOANS PLACED WITHOUT DELAY ON FIRST MORTGAGE SECURITIES. MENDENHALL & HOOPES Real Estate, Loans and Insurance. 17 HOUSES TO RENT.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Notice of Election

DEPUTY CITY CLERK. DULUTH, Minn., Jan. 13th, 1893. Notice is hereby given that the annual general municipal election of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, for the election of the following named city officers will take place on Tuesday, the 7th day of February, 1893.

Officers to be Chosen.

City Comptroller. City Treasurer. One alderman for the First ward. One alderman for the Second ward. One alderman for the Third ward. One alderman for the Fourth ward. One alderman for the Fifth ward. One alderman for the Sixth ward. Two aldermen for the Seventh ward, one to serve one year and one to serve two years.

The polls will be opened at six o'clock in the morning, and kept open without interruption or adjournment until seven o'clock in the evening.

The following named persons and places have been appointed and designated to serve as judges of election and polling places respectively, in each of the several polling precincts of the city of Duluth, to-wit:

First Ward.

First precinct—Judges of election: Olaf Dahl, K. Harris, W. J. Wollin. Polling place—Hanson's store, 235 Lake avenue south. Second precinct—Judges of election: James Brown, Theodore Eldon, Smith Seales. Polling place—No. 84 Lake avenue south. Third precinct—Judges of election: James Prior, John Meers, Alex. Shaw. Polling place—Ferry house south of canal.

Second Ward.

First precinct—Judges of election: A. C. Barlow, John H. La Verne, H. E. Mitchell. Polling place—Engin house No. 4. Second precinct—Judges of election: Thomas Clark, John W. Miller, W. M. Barnett. Polling place—Hunters Park station. Third precinct—Judges of election: John Bell, E. C. Holliday, Chas. S. Haron. Polling place—Street car barn, Twentieth avenue east.

Third Ward.

First precinct—Judges of election: Chas. McKay, W. W. Davis, A. T. Scarlett. Polling place—Police headquarters. Second precinct—Judges of election: Wallace Warner, Cully Smith, G. T. Johns. Polling place—City building, Sixth avenue east. Third precinct—Judges of election: John Cogan, John H. Cameron, L. A. Gidding. Polling place—804 East Second street. Fourth precinct—Judges of election: E. Applebaum, F. A. Grunow, Alex. Elmer. Polling place—No. 420 Fifth avenue east. Fifth precinct—Judges of election: Svend Olsen, L. H. Whipple, Paul F. E. Wieland. Polling place—No. 594 Second avenue east.

Fourth Ward.

First precinct—Judges of election: B. A. Douglas, G. H. McMillan, Hiram Parsons. Polling place—No. 8 West First street. Second precinct—Judges of election: S. C. McQuade, J. H. Baker, Charles E. Boden. Polling place—No. 215 West Michigan street. Third precinct—Judges of election: John A. Van Dyck, William Kaiser, E. Hammett. Polling place—No. 168 West Superior street. Fourth precinct—Judges of election: H. C. Osterhout, D. S. Blanchard, Thomas McLaughlin. Polling place—No. 1127 West Michigan street. Fifth precinct—Judges of election: A. L. Hudson, Arden Ringler, Bert Johnson. Polling place—No. 109 West Fourth street. Sixth precinct—Judges of election: Geo. W. Orelland, S. M. Polson, J. E. Houdren. Polling place—No. 802 West Fifth street.

Fifth Ward.

First precinct—Judges of election: Alex. Kennedy, J. S. Grover, C. A. Carlson. Polling place—No. 1068 West Superior street. Second precinct—Judges of election: A. Swearing, Geo. W. McLaughlin, L. K. McElhenny. Polling place—No. 636 Garfield avenue. Third precinct—Judges of election: L. A. Gundersen, A. O. Ayres, John Beckman. Polling place—No. 1022 West Michigan street.

Sixth Ward.

First precinct—Judges of election: E. S. Brownson, J. J. Crowley, A. F. Swanson, Jr. Polling place—No. 229 West Michigan street. Second precinct—Judges of election: Henry Haskins, A. N. Hopkins, J. W. Allen. Polling place—Corner Twenty-fifth avenue west and Superior street.

Seventh Ward.

First precinct—Judges of election: Cutler J. Marshall, Geo. W. Wiceloff, Samuel Lloyd. Polling place—City hall, Lakeside. The board of registry will meet at the polling place in the several polling precincts on Tuesday January 17, 1893, from 9 o'clock a. m. to 9 o'clock p. m. on Tuesday January 24th, 1893, from 9 o'clock a. m. to 9 o'clock p. m. and on Tuesday January 31st, 1893, from 12 o'clock m. to 9 o'clock p. m. to register voters and revise the rolls.

FRANK HERRICK, JR., City Clerk, Duluth, Minn.

{ Corporate } Jan. 12 to Feb. 6, inc.

MALTYDOR THE GENTLEMAN'S FRIEND. Our Perfected Springs free with every bottle. Does not stain. PREVENTS STRICTURE. Cures Gonorrhea and Gleet in 1 to 4 days. Ask Druggists. Sent to any address for \$1.00. MALTBY MFG CO., LANCASTER, E.

NORTHWESTERN NATIONAL

Bichloride of Gold Co., Dr. H. O. Rockwell, Residing Physician. Rooms 615-617 Chamber of Commerce Building. Use the Celebrated Dr. Mark M. Thompson Bichloride of Gold Remedies.

What We Will Do.

We Replace Slavery with Freedom.

No Time Lost From Business.

No Restriction of Liberty.

Treatment given at the office of the company.

All appetite for narcotics completely and permanently eradicated from the system in from three to four weeks' treatment.

Strongly endorsed as the most scientific yet discovered by Miss Francis E. Willard, Bishop Fallows, John V. Farwell and the press and clergy everywhere.

Write for circulars. All communications are treated in strictest confidence.

Address: SECRETARY OF NORTHWESTERN NATIONAL BICHLORIDE OF GOLD COMPANY.

Room 616 Chamber of Commerce Bldg., Duluth.

ONE PRICE AND THAT RIGHT



American Store.

IN OLDEN TIMES when a merchant advertised "A Sale," it was always a sure sign that it was a rare chance to buy merchandise, and consequently every "Faker"—every third-class shop used this "Sale Device" as a means of causing a crowd, until it became the every month, then the every week, and then the every day advertisement, and consequently, generally became looked upon as an advertiser's trick by the public.



We, As a Mercantile House,

Do not Practice Any Such Devices.

As Is Well Known,

We never have advertised anything we did not do. We call your attention to the above facts, to more thoroughly impress upon your mind the importance connected with dumping this stock of merchandise upon the market here. We are unfortunate in being forced to immediately commence removing this stock of merchandise into the old Kahn store, which is to be torn out

both front and rear, by the 5th of February. The contract is let to the architects by the owners of the building, and the fact that we are forced out of our present location, as you will notice, places us to say the least, in a very unsatisfactory position—between two fires, as it were.



The Word "Sale"

Does not amply illustrate what we are going to do. It is owing to the way it is generally abused, far inadequate to give ample knowledge of the

Deep Cuts That Will Be Made In Prices.

We give the above explanation, to fully show why we are forced to resort to these extreme methods, as mind you

We Claim And Think You Agree With Us

From the large patronage we receive,

That Good Reliable Goods Sell Themselves

If they are marked right on the start, and that it usually requires all kinds of circus advertising to sell inferior goods at a profit.



But In This Exceptional Instance

We Are Forced To Unload In a Short Time.

A quantity of merchandise equal to \$25,000 to \$30,000, or what would take nearly two months to do ordinarily. So we are forced to

Make Price Do The Work Of Time!

Irrespective Of Cost or Value.

And you'll see we will do it with a vim.

We Commence

To move at 12 o'clock tonight, and will have a portion of the stock ready by morning.

J. E. HAYNIE & CO.

ONE PRICE AND THAT RIGHT.



AMERICAN STORE.

Thrown ON THE Market!

\$25.000

Stock of the Most Select Ladies' Merchandise in this Section of the Country.

At the Kahn Store Room

Forced to Either Pack Them Away Or Sell Them Quick.

They Must Sell.

THE EVENING HERALD REMARKED:

That we were liable to "spill the merchandise." That will be no name for it.

Fine Laces,
Fine Dress Goods,
New Stylish Cloaks,
Good Hosiery, Underwear,
Prints and Batists,

Corsets and Corset Waists,
Gloves and Mittens,
Handkerchiefs and
Picture Throws,
ALL GO.

J. E. HAYNIE & CO.

Removed!

Pioneer Fuel Co.

To 416 W. Superior St.
Chamber of Commerce
Building.
Telephone 161.

Temporary Headquarters.

A Habeas Corpus Case.

An interesting writ of habeas corpus will come up before Judge Ensign in room No. 1 tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock. The petitioner is Vera M. Pickard who alleges that Margaret Mountain has in her possession a female child of the petitioner, whose age is 3 years, and that the respondent fails to and has refused to deliver said child to its mother, the petitioner. The child's name is Vera F. Hay and she is the offspring of an illegal and void marriage with a man named Hay, whose Christian name is not stated. The mother gave the child to the respondent to care for and bring up, but she alleges the respondent has failed to do so.

Land Office Report.

The report of the United States land office for the month of January, 1893, which closed at 2 o'clock today is as follows:

Land sold, 28 entries, 2472.30 acres.....	\$5,425.91
Homesteads, 125 entries, 17460.30 acres..	1,620.27
F. H. certificates, 397 acres.....	16.00
Soldiers' and sailors' declaratory state- ments.....	2.00
5 declaratory statements.....	10.00
1 military bounty land warrant.....	4.00
125 timber and stone entries.....	1,420.00
Plats, proofs and cancellations.....	50.50
Total.....	\$8,575.88

The Quickest Route to Hurley, Ironwood and Bessemer

Is via the South Shore line. Train leaves Duluth, Union depot, at 11:22 a. m. and arrives at Hurley 4:18 p. m., Ironwood 4:26 p. m., Bessemer 4:47 p. m., Wakefield 5:05 p. m.

Union Covered Skating Rink.

Marine brass band Wednesday and Saturday evenings, good ice. Lake ave.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio.
Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote & Co.

Dr. Schiffman, Woodbridge block, fills the most sensitive teeth without pain.

"Gill's Best" flour, the home manufacture of Duluth, is the best in the market.

Boyd's Germicide cures falling hair. Sold by Boyd & Wilbur, Temple Opera.

"Gill's Best" flour—the favorite with all families.

On or before loans wanted at 6 to 8 per cent. T. O. Hall, 207 Palladio.

City Detective Dan Kenna has been sued for \$5000 by Charles Swanson who alleges that he was falsely imprisoned. This is the commencement of an old case which was formerly dismissed.

Rev. Mr. Bywater, who recently attended the consecration of Bishop Barker and who has relatives in Duluth, will probably be invited to accept the rectorship of St. Luke's church at Minneapolis.

Martha Peters has sued the City of Duluth for \$10,000 damages said to have been received by reason of a fall over a wire on Lake avenue.

The appeal of the Duluth & Winnipeg railroad vs. Peter Isaacson, respondent, has been dismissed by the supreme court.

The meeting of the committee to complete arrangements for the opening of the Bethel has been unavoidably postponed until Friday, at 7:30 o'clock.

In the "Warren" case this morning F. F. Huntress, one of the interested parties, appeared for the defense. His testimony occupied the attention of all interested in the case all the forenoon.

This morning the last dial of the High school clock was put in place. That encloses the tower, and as soon as the wheels are in place and commence to turn round the hands may be looked for to point out the time of day.

During 1892 the Union and Zenith Building and Loan associations paid back to non-borrowers over \$100,000 and received over \$50,000 at less than 8 per cent interest. This is a pointer for 1893 borrowers.

One vagrant was the size of the grist in the municipal court this morning. He denied his guilt, waived a jury and 2 o'clock this afternoon was the hour set for his trial before Judge Powell.

Judge Ensign has confirmed the Lake avenue assessment in the Bunnell mat-

ter as to lots 9, 10 and 11, and rejected the assessment as to lots 7 and 8, all in block 12. The judge holds that the improvement of Lake avenue was a great benefit to the lots upon which the Bunnell block stands.

W. P. BROWN,
GRAIN, PROVISIONS AND STOCKS.
Private Wires to Chicago and New York.
107 and 109 Chamber of Commerce.

Good News for the Ladies.
"Dawkins" moves tonight to the corner of First street and First avenue west and will be open tomorrow morning. Dry goods will be almost given away there for the balance of this week. Read advertisement, page 5.

Look into our "On or Before" clause Before Taking Any Other.

MONEY
Always on Hand
FOR
LOANS OF ANY AMOUNT
BUSINESS AND RESIDENCE
PROPERTY AT

6%

"ON OR BEFORE"

Which means that the Mortgage is made for 3 years, but you have the privilege of paying part or all on any semi-annual interest day, without Cost or Notice.

If you consult your own interests you will sign no other form of mortgage.

R. M. NEWPORT & SON,
Investment Bankers, 8 Phoenix Block.

The Quickest Route to Hurley, Ironwood and Bessemer

Is via the South Shore line. Train leaves Duluth, Union depot, at 11:22 a. m. and arrives at Hurley 4:18 p. m., Ironwood 4:26 p. m., Bessemer 4:47 p. m., Wakefield 5:05 p. m.

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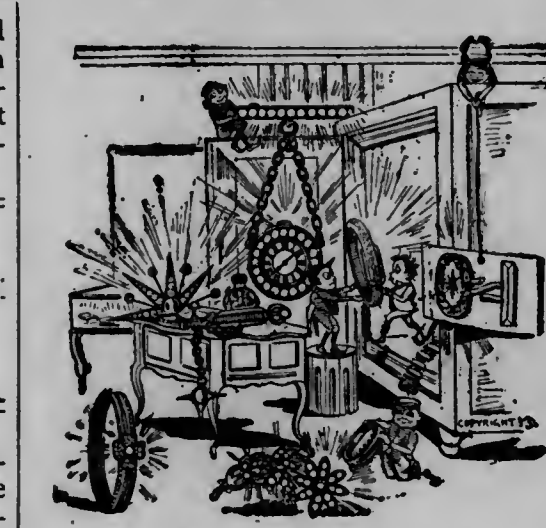
To the Lakeside Public.
C. W. Dorsey, clothes cleaning and tansorial rooms. London station. Patronize home industry.

Union Covered Skating Rink.

Marine brass band Wednesday and Saturday evenings, good ice. Lake ave.

Geo. Dinwoodie, 208 West Superior street. Best coal, lowest prices, promptest delivery.

To loan on bonded mortgage, for a client, \$1575. Apply to Rude, d'Autremont & Thurman, 206 Chamber of Commerce, Duluth, Minn.



A CHANCE FOR DIAMONDS.

Is always worth snapping at. Diamond cuts diamond, they say; that may be, but it's certain though, that diamonds can't be cut in value, even if they are cut for setting. The sun sets every night, but all the time we are setting before our patrons a display of sparklers which the queen of belles might be proud to possess. Whether you're proud or not, you can possess some of our diamonds. It doesn't cost a fortune to buy them, although it is a piece of good fortune to get them. Beauty without jewelry is like the sun in eclipse, and in jewelry, diamonds are always trumps. We are selling, etc.

ANDREW JACKSON,
JEWELLER,
Wholesale, Retail and Manufacturing
106 West Superior Street, Duluth

The Town Of Biwabik

Last July an unbroken wilderness, now an incorporated village, with Bank, Stores, Lumber Yards and all kinds of business, and building up rapidly. Its population, now about 400, will soon be numbered by thousands. The plat consists of 80 acres; the westerly 40 is pretty well sold, and prices have doubled since Oct. 1. The easterly 40 will soon be ready for sale, and you can make money by buying early. See

D. W. SCOTT,
408 First National Bank Bld'g.,
DULUTH, MINN.



The Largest and Finest Clothing House in the West.

Tomorrow, Is Wednesday,

The 1st of February, 1893.

The Day

On which
Some
Lucky
Purchaser
Gets
That

Trip to Europe,
Trip to Florida,
Trip to California,
Trip to the World's Fair,
(With Expenses)

Or \$100 in Gold

There remains only a short time to get in a ticket. Suppose you make a purchase and try your luck.

The Drawing

Takes place in our front show window at 3 p. m. sharp. A little girl, blindfolded, will draw the lucky ticket. Representatives of the daily papers will be present and act as judges.

All are Cordially Invited
To be Present.

M. S. BURROWS & CO.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TENTH YEAR.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1893.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

THREE CENTS

A Duluth Clothing House Exclusively Owned and Controlled by Duluth Men

ESTABLISHED 1881.

Store Closed Every Evening Except Mondays and Saturdays.

FOR THIS WEEK ONLY!

Your Choice of
Any Overcoat in
The House for

\$14.98

This wonderful sale includes our very best Tailor-Made Overcoats worth \$20, \$22, \$25, \$28 and \$30 in Handsome Meltons, Kerseys, Cheviots, fine Fur Trimmed and Chinchilla Overcoats and

Usters and Storm Coats.

Those who come first secure the first. Sale is for cash only.

The BIG DULUTH

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL, Props.

Wholesalers and Retailers of Lumbermen's, Miners and Explorer's Supplies.

Housekeepers, Attention!

This is the time of the year to buy Furniture and Carpets at prices away below the lowest. Every housekeeper in Duluth and vicinity, as well as those contemplating Housekeeping soon should visit my store at once and see the immense stock of Parlor, Bed Room and Dining Room Furniture I am offering at such amazingly low prices.

F.S. Kelly,

710 and 712 West Superior Street.

Everything for the Home,
Everything for the Office,
ON EASY PAYMENTS.

JUST SEE OUR EXCLUSIVE SPECIALS:

THE PATEK-PHILIPPE WATCH,
DULUTH HARBOR SPOONS AND TRAYS,
WHALEBACK TRAYS, ETC., ETC.

J. M. GEIST, Jeweler, The Leading House.

FINE HOUSES!

Several very desirable East End houses, from \$12,000 to \$25,000 on Bench, First, Second and Jefferson Streets.

E. R. BRACE,

513 Palladio,
DULUTH

TAXING IRON ORE

A Sub-Committee of the Senate Judiciary Committee Has Reported in Favor of the Bill.

It is Predicted that the Measure Will Pass Unless Good Work is Done Against It.

Factory Inspection Bill Introduced by Mr. Wyman Will Be Reported Favorably to the House.

Many of the Legislators Visited the State University Today and Were Entertained at Lunch.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 1.—[Special to The Herald.]—About 100 legislators visited the state university today and were lunched by the university. The session begins in the morning again at 10 o'clock.

The sub-committee of the senate committee on judiciary have reported favorably on taxing iron ore 5 cents a ton. The bill will pass unless good work is done against it.

The joint house and senate committees on reapportionment yesterday afternoon agreed to appoint sub-committees to investigate the subject of reapportionment, one on senatorial and representative districts, one on judicial and one to ascertain whether the state has the right to reapportion the congressional districts.

The house committee on labor will report favorably Mr. Wyman's factory inspection bill. The same committee will report favorably the bill prohibiting corporations from requiring employees to sign a contract not to belong or join any labor organization.

The house committee on military affairs will report for passage Mr. Morton's bill making the formation of the militia regiments the same as the United States army.

The house committee on military bill also reported favorably upon Jacobson's bill for a monument at Ft. Release in Lac qui Parle county. The bill appropriates \$500 for the monument, which is to be under the direction of a commission of Gen. Andrews and Capt. Grant, St. Paul, (the latter the hero of Ft. Release), Capt. Reed, of Glenwood, H. D. Hoard, of Montevideo, and D. M. Mills, of Lac qui Parle county.

A SANITARY CONGRESS ROW.

World's Fair and Health Association Committee Disagree.

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—There is a lively row between the committees of the American Public Health association and the World's fair auxiliary board, concerning the details of the international sanitary congress, to be held during the World's fair. Two members of each of the committees met yesterday for the purpose of outlining the program to be pursued. Dr. J. R. Keck, who has been appointed chairman of each committee, presided. With him was Dr. C. M. Hewitt, of Red Wing, Minn., who is also a member of the national board of public health.

Dr. Keck has attended several international conferences. Therefore, he claimed, that he is more capable of bringing to success the movement to hold an international congress in Chicago than those who make a mere vast undertaking for the first time. In the discussion which arose at the meeting referred to he wished to place at the head of each section some European physician of eminence, to which proposal the members of the auxiliary board objected. A war of words ensued and Dr. Keck asserted that he could not consent to act with the gentlemen who were unqualified to give a sound opinion upon the matter at issue. Dr. Keck also wished to have one language only in all the debates which are to take place, while the members of the auxiliary board were inclined to have three, English, French and German. The scene ended by the members of the auxiliary retiring declaring that they would draw up a program of their own.

BANK OF ROME SCANDAL.

Director of the Bureau of Industries Implicates Cabinet Officials.

ROME, Feb. 1.—Signor A. Monzilli, director of the bureau of industry and commerce, who was arrested Friday for complicity in the bank scandals, in an interview with a reporter, said: "If I am arrested, others of high standing will be arrested, too. I can assure you, I shall have cabinet ministers and ex-ministers to keep me company in jail. In 1889 I inspected the books of the banks now involved in the scandals and found serious irregularities in the book-keeping of the National bank and the Bank of Rome. I warned the government that the National bank would certainly collapse sooner or later unless drastic reforms were undertaken at once. My official superiors, however, compelled me to make a report exactly contradicting the facts as I had found them and stated them."

Signor Monzilli gave the reporter a list of ministers and ex-ministers who had been bribed or subsidized in various ways by the banks now in trouble, and earnestly requested that, in case he be arrested, the list be published at once.

Burned in a Blitzard.
ARDOCK, N. D., Feb. 1.—During a terrible blizzard yesterday, the Farmers' elevator burned to the ground. The elevator contained about 22,000 bushels of wheat. The loss is covered by insurance.

ANTI-OPTION BILL PASSED.

It Went Through the Senate by a Large Majority.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The senate got rid yesterday of the legislative incubus under which it has labored since the first day of the session. The anti-option bill reached the point at which voting began at 3:15 p.m. The first vote was on the amendment offered by Mr. Vilas, of Wisconsin, to the George substitute and the amendment was rejected, yeas, 19; nays, 50; and finally a vote of 40 to 29.

There were many of the members of the house of representatives present, almost as many of them as senators in the proceedings, as well as on the floor, and in the crowded galleries.

The Chandler resolution requesting the president to enter into negotiations with the commissioners from the provisional government of Hawaii for annexation of the islands was taken up and after a brief discussion was laid aside without action. The anti-option bill pushing it out of the way.

The anti-option bill went through by a vote of 40 to 29. The majority, though seemingly large was smaller than Mr. Washburn anticipated, and considerably less than the measure would have received had the vote been taken six weeks ago.

Every effort was made to amend the bill as to modify some of the bill's features, but Senator Washburn and the friends of the measure prevailed. They carefully guarded it against amendment in the proceedings, as well as on the floor, and in the crowded galleries.

ON CANADIAN RELATIONS.

President Harrison Will Send a Message to Congress Within Two Days, But No Action Expected.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—[Special to The Herald.]—President Harrison informed Senator Washburn today that his message on Canadian relations would be sent to congress within two days.

Mr. Washburn does not anticipate any action by the congress on it that will change the present consular sealing system to the injury of the Canadian roads.

THE MINNESOTA PLUMS.

Harries Wants to Succeed Marcus Johnson—McCauley for U. S. Attorney.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Although it will be more than a month before Cleveland is inaugurated and several months before he begins to pay any attention to the recommendations of candidates for appointment to offices from different states, Minnesota Democrats are beginning to hustle for the offices they want to fill.

They are now making their desires known here to Representatives Hall and Corser, of St. Paul, who are themselves candidates for the offices. They will probably join in recommending each other.

Capt. Harries said yesterday that Hall would not be a candidate, but would support him, and he will accept the place for this place. A. D. Ladue, of Dodge county, and C. H. Heffron, of Olmsted, for Edwards' place as collector of customs, H. T. Tolmey, of Spring Valley, Edwards' home, is a candidate, and several others will probably apply.

It is generally understood that the man selected for Eugene Hay's place as district attorney will come from the Twin Cities. Dan Lawler could have it, but doesn't want it. His choice is McCauley, of St. Paul, census fame. Baxter doesn't want the place again. Democrats think a Minneapolis lawyer might get the place, such a man as "Jimmy" Lawrence for instance. It is predicted here that Fote will succeed Hale as Minneapolis' postmaster.

DISHONEST CLERK.

Bert Widlake, Who Took Thousands of the Northern Pacific Co.'s Money.

TACOMA, Wash., Feb. 1.—A clever capture has resulted in the landing in the county jail of Bert Widlake, up to about two months ago chief clerk in the engineer's department of the Northern Pacific company.

He fled upon becoming aware that the company was suspicious of him. Investigation revealed that Widlake, who had charge of the pay rolls of construction gangs, had been carrying on a system of forgeries that will probably amount to thousands of dollars. Widlake's plan was to make false assignments; that is, "ring in straw men," and make out false time checks, forging fictitious names on them.

He would sell the checks to outsiders, receiving spot cash for them. When the young clerk became suspicious and skipped out a detective named Brewster was put on the case. The latter located Widlake near Victoria, B. C., working as a common laborer, and finally captured him at Whatcom.

HE HAD TWO WIVES.

The Trial of an Ashland Man for Bigamy Opens Tomorrow.

ASHLAND, Wis., Feb. 1.—Mrs. Anna Powers arrived from Ottumwa, Iowa, yesterday morning to assist in the prosecution of her husband, L. M. Powers, for bigamy. Powers was arrested in the state of Washington, where he had gone from Ashland, Wis., to work as a common laborer, and finally captured him at Whatcom.

The latter is the daughter of prominent society people of Ashland. Judge Calkins announces the case for trial Thursday. The Mrs. Powers from Iowa is very bitter against Powers, and promises to develop many things besides bigamy to convict him.

AN EXPENSIVE BLAZE.

Crawford Steam Boiler Works Visited by a Disastrous Fire Shortly After Midnight Last Night.

The Loss is Estimated at Twenty-Two Thousand Dollars, Principally Damage to Machinery.

Chief Smith is Laid to Believe that Incendiarism is the Cause—Will Be Rept.

The Crawford Steam Engine works at the corner of Morse street and Lake avenue south was visited by fire last night and damaged to the extent of \$22,000 upon which there is insurance amounting to \$15,000 in a number of companies. Fire was first discovered at the rear of the boiler and this was apparently put out and the department withdrawn about 10:30 o'clock.

The wind rose and some unseen embers rekindled and at 1:20 o'clock a second alarm brought the department again on the scene and they succeeded in keeping the fire confined to the building in which it started, but the shop is an utter ruin although the walls are standing in some parts. Inside the costly lathes and other machines and belting and shafting are iced and broken and the damage is very heavy.

The works employ from ten to forty men and were very busy boring and finishing up eighteen big duplex steam pumps which were to have been shipped in a few days beside a large amount of other work. The company will rebuild as soon as the losses are adjusted.

With a temperature of 30 degrees below zero and a swift wind blowing, the firemen worked at great disadvantage but did good service. The water froze almost as soon as it left the nozzles and a box car at the rear of the burned building is frozen to the track in about two feet of hard blue ice. The brick foundation aided the work of stopping the progress of the fire toward the canal.

A rumor is prevalent that the fire was of incendiary origin, as only a few minutes before the second alarm an officer and young Mr. Crawford went through the building and saw no signs of fire and left the place fully satisfied that all fire was out.

MADE AN ASSIGNMENT.

Corser & Co., of Minneapolis, Have Finally This Step.

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 1.—The expected has happened at last, and Corser & Co. have assigned for the benefit of their creditors. The cause given is the technical one of an action having been commenced in the district court by the National Bank of Commerce for the recovery of money, and the seizure of property in the hands of the Minneapolis Electric Light and Power company. The deed is made to Edridge C. Cooke, and is signed by Elwood S. Corser, Lester B. Elwood, Mary A. Corser, Deda M. Elwood and Corser & Co., making the deed full and complete. All parties to the assignment, and giving him full power in all matters.

THE C. P. INTO NEW YORK.

The Big Canadian Road Said to Be Preparing an Independent Intel.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—The Times says: There has long been a suspicion among railroad men that the Canadian Pacific railway was seeking quietly to obtain an independent outlet in New York by means of a line of its own running down along the west shore of the Hudson river, with terminals at Jersey City, or between that city or Weehawken. There has been so much done in the past year in the way of surveying and other preparations for railroad construction along the proposed line, that even the emphatic denials of President Van Horne that the Canadian Pacific is not interested in any line in this state, has failed to carry conviction to close observers.

Now comes the information from one of the best informed sources that the franchise for the construction of a railroad from Jersey City north to the Canadian frontier to the Canadian Pacific road. The statement is made that the new road will run west of the West Shore road. It is also intimated that the new tunnel through the palisades now being constructed ostensibly for the New York, Susquehanna & Western, will pass into the hands of the Canadian Pacific people.

A MUSIC TEACHER IN JAIL.

Charged With Attempt to Criminally Assault His Young Pupil.

ST. CLOUD, Feb. 1.—Joseph Leman, an unmarried man and violin player, aged about 40 years, was arrested yesterday upon a charge of attempting to outrage a 10-year-old daughter of Mrs. Barbara Weissman.

The girl alleges that while Leman was giving her music lessons he repeatedly attempted criminal acts upon her, but until yesterday she would not tell her parents. Leman is in jail awaiting trial.

THAYER IS PENNILESS.

The Ex-Governor of Nebraska Deserted by Nearly All His Friends.

OMAHA, Neb., Feb. 1.—It has been discovered that ex-Governor John M. Thayer, who created such a sensation two years ago by refusing to allow Governor Boyd to take possession of the governorship, is being sheltered by a poor soldier in the suburbs of Lincoln. All his wealthy political friends turned against him after his exit from office and he is penniless. It has been hitherto understood that he was in Texas.

ENGLAND MAY PROTEST.

May Demur to Hawaii's Absorption by This Country.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—It is stated that the report that the protest of England against the annexation of Hawaii would be presented yesterday was premature. It was said at the state department that it had not been received and there was no intimation that it would come, but the opinion prevailed that it might be expected at any time.

Lord Roseberry's statement to the Hawaiian charge at London that England, France and Germany would protest against the annexation of Hawaii by the United States is believed to have good foundation only so far as England is concerned. The interests of France and Germany in that country are not of sufficient importance to warrant either of them in proceeding even so far as a protest against the political absorption of the islands by the United States, in case it was deemed best by this country to take that action.

Dr. Mott Smith, the Hawaiian representative here, expects England to protest and to protest vigorously. He thinks that there will be a concentration of naval forces of England now in the Pacific ocean at Honolulu of making a demonstration. But it is not probable in the opinion of Dr. Smith that this will affect the opinion of the people in any way.

The commercial interests of Hawaii are practically all with the United States, and although the sympathies of the native population, under the influence of the members of the royal family, are undoubtedly with England, still the property interest of the island will eventually control its destiny. That interest is in favor of political incorporation with the United States.

EXPLOSION OF CHEMICALS.

It Started a Fire in a Book Company's Plant in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 1.—The American Book company's plant in this city was damaged by fire shortly after midnight to the extent of \$70,000. The blaze was confined to the hindry which occupies the upper floors of the building, while the lower floors are filled with the nest of machinery used in the manufacture of books.

The fire was under control within half an hour after the firemen fairly got to work. The loss will be materially reduced by the excellent work of the salvage corps. The fire is supposed to have started from an explosion of chemicals in the bindery. Insured.

NATURAL GAS EXPLODED.

Five Persons Seriously Injured in an Indiana Town.

ANDERSON, Ind., Feb. 1.—Natural gas exploded in a house occupied by Ulysses P. Brunson at midnight and completely wrecked it. Five persons were seriously injured. Ulysses P. Brunson was badly burned about the head. Mrs. Brunson was blown through a door and bruised as well as burned. She will die. Sarah Brunson, aged 11, Mary Brunson, aged 7, and Dollie Brunson, aged 3, were blown out of their beds, and badly burned about the face and legs. A leaky service pipe caused the disaster.

To Punish Gossipers.

PARIS, Feb. 1.—At a meeting of the cabinet yesterday M. Bourgeois submitted a bill which had been prepared for the punishment of persons circulating unfounded rumors regarding the safety of financial institutions, thereby causing the people to withdraw their money from saving banks. The bill was highly approved by the other members of the cabinet and will be brought before the chamber of deputies at once, the government demanding urgency for its consideration.

Earthquake in Sicily.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Sirimboli, the most northeastern of the Lipari islands in the Mediterranean off the north coast of Sicily, was visited by a severe earthquake yesterday. The volcano at the extreme of the island, which is in almost constant eruption, had an eruption of unusual violence immediately after the earthquake shock. Much alarm prevails among the inhabitants.

Fell Through a Bridge.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Feb. 1.—A freight train on the Chicago & Eastern Illinois fell through a bridge crossing Spring creek near Albion yesterday morning. Nearly every man of the train crew received injuries more or less severe, but none were fatally hurt. Eight cars were completely wrecked. The loss will be heavy and the road will suffer great inconvenience in transferring passengers.

Art Novelties Burned.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Yesterday fire started in the building 310 Broadway, occupied by Heinzer, Unger & Co., dealers in Christmas and art novelties. There were about fifty men and girls on the upper floors when the fire was discovered and all got out safely. Loss \$35,000.

Strikers' Leaders Arrested.

BUDA PESTH, Feb. 1.—Three of the leaders in the agitation that arose in the strike of 1500 men employed in the government small arms factory, here have been arrested. Four hundred of the strikers wanted to go back to work yesterday, but the others threatened them and they consequently refrained from returning.

After the Whisky Trust.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The judiciary committee of the house to which the resolution of Mr. Burrows, providing for an investigation of the whisky trust, was referred, met yesterday, discussed the matter and referred it to a sub-committee. The sub-committee have not yet decided when they will begin their inquiry.

Wife Murderer Hanged.

CAMDEN, Ark., Feb. 1.—Luke Tatum, the negro wife murderer, was hanged here at 10 a. m. yesterday.

Additional dispatches on pages 3 and 4.

GREAT SUCCESS

First Annual Banquet of the Duluth Real Estate Exchange at the Spalding Last Night.

Two Hundred Guests, Many of Them from St. Paul, Minneapolis and Elsewhere, Were Present.

The Menu Was Delicious, the Speeches Brilliant and Everything Reflected Credit on the Exchange.

Duluth Was Modestly Lauded, but the Balance of the State Was Not Entirely Forgotten.

If anyone had imagined that the real estate man was a thing of the past or that this class of business men did not form a material percentage of the population of Duluth, he should have looked in at the banquet hall at the Spalding last evening where the members of the Duluth real estate exchange were celebrating their first annual banquet. This was beginning of a series of annual banquets, and being the initial one the preparations had been made with unusual care and anxiety. The result of their efforts reflects great credit on the exchange and on the real estate men of Duluth, not only because of the social nature of the gathering, but also because of the excellent sentiments and words of advice and encouragement which came from the speakers. The toasts and responses were of more than ordinary merit and no banquet in Duluth has ever brought forth better.

Over 200 guests were seated at the three long tables arranged lengthwise of the room, having taken their place at 7:30 o'clock. The lobby of the hotel was filled with the expectant guests early in the evening. The St. Paul & Duluth limited was somewhat late, but upon its arrival brought a number of guests from St. Paul and Minneapolis. These were: Hon. Thomas Cochrane, Jr., president St. Paul chamber of commerce; W. J. Reed, J. C. Wall, treasurer, St. Paul real estate exchange; E. J. Hodgson, president St. Paul real estate exchange; St. Paul; E. A. Henderson, secretary Minneapolis real estate board; A. Sogard, J. C. Seelye, president real estate board of Minneapolis; J. W. Day, F. W. Bonness, B. Cooper, Minneapolis.

From Superior there were present: Elmer E. Barton, president Superior real estate exchange; James H. Agen, vice president National Real Estate association; Frank A. Flower, proprietor of the Leader; K. Thum, manager of the Telegram, and F. C. Fish, R. W. Mennicks, of Milwaukee, and Mayor D. W. Brukner, of St. Cloud, were also present. Mayor d'Autremont, O. Harman, president of the board of trade; Mayor Rockwell, of West Duluth; W. B. Walker, president of the stock exchange; A. B. Chapin, president of the jobbers union; C. F. Johnson, vice president of the chamber of commerce, and J. B. Grogue, secretary of the stock exchange, were among the local celebrities. Nearly all the officers of the real estate exchange, including E. C. Holliday, president; W. B. Silvey and G. W. Buck, vice president; D. E. Woodbridge, secretary, and G. E. Leland were present. Other guests were O. H. Simmons, D. G. Cash, A. T. Crossley, Ed Mendenhall, M. H. Alworth, F. H. Frisbie, W. H. Holgate, N. J. Upham, A. Harrington, James Goss, William McKee, John E. Davies, P. S. Anneke, J. C. Mischler, J. M. Miller, Robert Kneble, F. A. Day, C. G. Miller, M. Root, Richard Cullen, F. P. Dowse, C. M. Hoyt, H. W. Coffin, J. H. Triggs, Grant Wyatt, W. M. Backus, W. A. Holgate, Simcoe Chapman, J. A. MacKenzie, W. H. Squier, Amos Shepherd, S. M. Chandler, T. H. Fairfax, G. H. Crosby, C. E. Richardson, C. T. Crandall, R. H. Taussig, E. H. Dennick, J. H. Putnam, F. A. Patrick, A. Harrington, M. O. Hall, Judge J. T. Hale, Beriah Magoffin, I. H. LaVaque, Ray Lewis, C. E. Lovett, D. Scott, L. H. Whipple, F. H. Austin, I. Freimuth, Fred Reynolds, O. G. Traphagen, H. M. Bradley, J. K. Ozmun, Geo. Scarlett, A. G. LaRue, E. P. Towne, A. C. Bacheller, Wm. Craig, Hor. J. D. Boyd, G. A. Leland, Jas. C. Hunter, Ed Hazen, G. N. LaVaque, W. P. Strickland, Frank M. Zeller, R. M. Hunter, S. Sellick, C. B. Frank, Simon Clark, F. E. Stevens, J. H. Harris, H. Steele, F. Wray, Capt. R. A. Torrey, W. E. Lucas, H. T. Danzer, Professor H. V. Winchell, of Minneapolis, assistant state geologist, was also present.

Telegrams of regret were received from W. B. Cutler, of Buffalo, president, and B. M. Wei, of Milwaukee, ex-president of the National association. Other telegrams and letters of regret were also received.

The dinner was a delicate lunch rather than a "feed," and was all the more acceptable. Everything was choice and it took over two hours to get through the courses. The menu was as follows:

Olives. Cream of Oysters.
Whitfield à la Colbert.
Potato Croquette. Green Peas in Cases.
Roast Turkey. Potato Purée.
Broiled Teal Duck with Currant Jelly.
Fruit. Lettuce.
Crackers. Roasted Chicken.
Coffee.

Alderman C. A. Long, who had been chosen to fill the long position of toastmaster, and it proved to be a most wise selection, opened the oratorical menu by deploring his own selection to be toastmaster. He announced a song by the Glee club, "Come Brothers, Come," and then Frank Burke, P. Doran, George West, George Sherwood, Frank McWhorter, Fred Reynolds, and others, gave a great round of applause. Of course an encore was demanded as was the case with each number.

E. C. Holliday, president, responded to the toast "The Duluth Real Estate Exchange." He spoke of the organization of the exchange and of exchanges generally. A short time ago they were unheard of, but today are an accomplished fact. There is now a national organization perfected, connected with Washington's subdivision of that addition and

placed in both of them. He spoke somewhat of the work of the exchange. It has been mainly the publication of articles abroad relative to Duluth and the collection and distribution of statistics. Fiction has had no place in its work, everything has been fact. It has also done much toward setting the unprincipled dealer to obscurity. Other reforms are in progress and will be felt in time to come. The exchange rejoices in the prosperity of Superior as well.

Mayor d'Autremont responded to "The Future Great." He made some facetious remarks regarding the Duluth real estate man's capacity for statistics and provoked considerable laughter. Becoming serious, he said that to speak of the future of Duluth we must look around and see her advantages. She is at the extremity of navigation, surrounded by forests and mines, and with a magnificent undeveloped water power. When all this is considered, how can we help seeing a new Pittsburgh? But more than all Duluth must rely, he said, on the morality and uprightness of its people and he praised the religious and educational development of the city. Duluth owes a debt to the honesty and integrity of its early settlers, and today we have a body of educated and law-abiding citizens. Her schools are the pride of Duluth and on these the true greatness of the city depends, on the rising generation.

A Duluth idyl was then sung, being an adaptation of "Tara-boo-doo Duluth." It created great merriment and several encores were demanded.

I. C. Seelye, of Minneapolis, responded to the national association. He cracked a few good jokes about his residence in Duluth twenty years ago and told how the same Glee club quelled the Blueberry Indian war. He also said that he had read Proctor Knott's speech and believed Mayor d'Autremont to be some relation to him. As to the real estate exchange, he said it was the best expressed by Mr. Holliday. This is the most marvellous century of the world's history and we are entering on the last decade. The most potent factor in growth today is organization. It is the watchword everywhere and so the real estate men have come in. It is asked why did they not do so before and it may well be asked. They have been backward. The exchange is formed for benefiting the real estate men themselves, for pointing out the ways of imprudence and for bringing about a uniform and easy system of transfer. Mr. Seelye made reference to the Minneapolis banquet next week hoping that it will be as great a success as the Duluth one.

Thos. Cochrane, of "The Independence of Cities," "How many of you may know in what the foundation of cities lies" said he. "How often do we remember that it is the common sense that makes what we are. Any achievement which benefits any part of the state benefits the whole." Speaking of the cities and chatty he said that the most of necessity be an interdependence between us, for we rest for our happiness and good upon a common foundation, the general good of the whole geographical section of which we are the center.

We live in a rapid age, and a decade sees advances which a century would formerly have been amazed at. It is less than ten years ago since we celebrated with jubilation the completion of the Northern Pacific railroad across the continent. It is not a fair question which city that achievement most benefited, but the same day the St. Paul & Pacific road became the Manitoba system. These two events opened up the most wonderful wheat fields of the world, and not only laid the foundation but built almost alone, we might say, the superstructure of the wonderful cities which now ornament our state. No one of these monopolized the glory of the state's agricultural development, but all shared it not equally at least their geographical situation and natural advantages.

"Such illustrations may be multiplied and this year they have been repeated in the discovery of the Mesaba range and the completion of the Great Northern railroad to the Pacific ocean. Neither Duluth nor Superior will reap all the advantages of such a discovery as the iron ore lying on the very surface of Mesaba, nor should St. Paul and Minneapolis alone increase their trade by the new outlet to the Pacific and beyond."

"So in better things, in education and moral spheres, let us be an impulse and aid to each other, always competing fairly in bidding for what we cannot all have, and always glorying in that which is a common good and benefit to all." John Stone, of "The Real Estate and Printers' Ink," made some witty points. He said that discussion might be proper as to whether the real estate man makes the newspaper or the newspaper the real estate man. He likened this, however, to Mayor d'Autremont's as to whether the pen or the egg was made first and said there could be no answer. Each helps the other, he thought, and should do so even more. All, he said, should make an effort to lift themselves out of provincialism.

In introducing C. A. Towne, Toastmaster Long said that a few years ago a young lawyer was practicing in Michigan, but began to look around for something better. Turning to Duluth he could "see a town," (C. A. Towne, etc.) Mr. Towne got even by remarking that a man need not be in Duluth long (Long) before he can see a long (Long) distance ahead. [Great laughter.]

Mr. Towne's theme was "Progress and the Realty Agent." He did not know exactly which should go first, progress or the realty agent. When progress comes nosing around, the real estate man is not off. He is sometimes mistaken about the degree of progress.

"Why, gentlemen," said he, "where would have been the magnificent civilization of this age, its tents and arms, its fruits and peace, the refinements of art, the beneficence of science, the inestimable blessings of free self-government, the industrial achievements of America that are the despair of statistics, the commercial and manufacturing grandeur of New York, Chicago, Pittsburgh and Duluth, but for the real estate agent? Why, even now the civilized and barbarian races from Albion's shore to far Cathay and from the aurora borealis to the southern cross, are making ready to billet and bivouac upon our inexhaustible resources in commemoration of the plating of Columbus' Addition to the Old World. And how poor and inglorious the tale we should have to tell them could we not speak of the events connected with the laying out of Washington's subdivision of that addition and

Lincoln's rearrangement of that subdivision.

"Great are the demands and opportunities of your calling in its more enlarged aspects. To see in the waste places the germs of giant cities; to hear in the thrush-mazes of the forests, the wild fastnesses of the mountains, the prophetic rumble and roar of unborn monsters of iron straining to the burden of the uncreated commerce of unborn states; to divine, in short, the ways along which must inevitably move the vast armies of progress, requires the possession of the highest faculties, whose exercise, by enterprise, skill and honesty, will lead to the richest returns of private prosperity and public esteem."

"To you of this immediate neighborhood we believe has been promised an especial glory. Not tonight shall I be tempted to enter on the engrossing theme of the future of our beloved city. On that subject we are all priests and preachers, and the slightest provocation, most each our tripod and dream aloud of illimitable splendors and of prosperity without degree. Be yours to be on the right side of the right side upon golden fields, exhaustless mines and restless wheels, and to the other upon the peaceful and ceaseless growth and building together of products to the waiting nations, surrounded by a happy, prosperous and righteous community, she may keep her seat forever."

"Pat Duffy's Grand Opening Night" was then sung by P. Doran in inimitable fashion and brought great applause and an encore.

Dr. Salter responded to the "Real Estate Almoner," meaning, he said, the real estate man as a source of benevolence. He thanked the hearty support he had always accorded him in his philanthropic work. The ownership of real estate has much to do with the growth and building together of a country and its people. He cited Switzerland, where nearly every man owns his homestead, and Ireland, where scarcely any man does, as the two extremes, and attributed the prosperity of the former to the ownership of land. One of the greatest weaknesses before the real estate almoner, he said, is to provide the workmen with cheap land for homes. There should be, if possible, certain lands set apart for workmen which are not so subject to fluctuations in values. The workman who can "land ahead" will attach himself to the city as he could not otherwise be made to do. The future of the city is not alone in its churches and schools but also in the homes of its people.

The Duluth schools had received so much comment during the evening that it was a source of gratification that Superintendent E. R. Denfield was present to respond to the toast "Good Schools for Great Cities." He said that he desired to echo everything that had been said in reference to the schools. It seemed fitting that while the progress of the little giant of the unsalted sea in the commercial line is being portrayed by the Duluth school system, the intellectual features. Schools reflect the prevailing thought of the people, they embody the general policy of a people. The Duluth can well be proud of the men who have managed her school system. They built better than they knew. While Massachusetts, the pilgrim state, boasts of one school better than ours, they cannot boast of a better system. It is the boast of all Minnesota that Duluth has the best school system in the Northwest. One-sixth of the wealth of the graded schools of the state \$7,200,000, is in Duluth. What does this mean? It shows that while we know that we stand as the chief city in commercial possibilities we stand first in school opportunities as well. The entire country is looking at us today because of the way we have taken hold in regard to intellectual development. "Instruction must be to educate the people who are to make this city," said he, "so that when we lay down our armor the schools will have produced men who can take it up. We must feel that when we glance at the school system in the foundation on which rests republic."

Frank Burke, accompanied by the Glee club, then sang "Noreen, Noreen" and received a well-deserved encore. "The Bogie Man" was sung as the second number.

"The Citizens of Minnesota" was the theme assigned to E. A. Henderson, of Minneapolis. He said that the real estate man of Duluth, Superior and Minneapolis are very much alike and ought to stand together. The time has come when the chief cities of Minnesota, and he said that he would develop that theme should stand shoulder to shoulder on the common platform of Minnesota citizenship.

"The great advantage of living in the Northwest is found in the fact that there is room to grow. Duluth may become a second Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul a second New York and Brooklyn, yet there will be no crowding. The state in which we live is one wonderful and varied in its resources, and I wish to make the prediction here tonight that the forests and the mines immediately to the north and west of Duluth will contribute more to the future wealth and prosperity of Minnesota than the agricultural and grazing lands to the south and east, since Minnesota became a state."

"The cities of Minnesota have attained a wonderful prosperity, but they cannot maintain their world-wide supremacy unless they can maintain the quality of their citizenship. And right here the real estate man becomes an important factor. It is within his province to induce men to own their own houses, and to make the acquisition of a home possible. The home-owning citizen is the safest citizen. Your merchant or banker may consider inducements to go elsewhere, but the men who own the real estate within the limits of any city are not apt to consider that any other city can possibly offer them inducements. The owner of real estate is invariably an enthusiastic and progressive citizen. The men who own a business are buying, selling and improving real estate do more for the permanency and prosperity of their city than all other classes of citizens."

"Now for a moment of sermonizing and I am done, with apologies for having taken so much of your time. The man who is temperate in judgment and who lives most nearly according to the golden rule, who votes most conscientiously, and pays his taxes most uncomplainingly, can, and will, do more to promote the future prosperity of the city and state in which he lives than any other man. The best citizen in any community is the one who spells self with a little 's' and city with a big 'C.' If you own your own house you are sure to be a safer factor in government and a better citizen than if you own the homes of a dozen other men. The richest man in the community is not infrequently the poorest citizen. Whenever there is anything to be accomplished in behalf of our city or state, if we cannot give to the cause as many dollars or dimes as our neighbor, let us see if we cannot give more hours and minutes. Talent is often needed more than ten dollar bills. If we cannot pay taxes to our city, we can at least pay compliments. A lovely word for a city is 'the city of a public enterprise.' Many of the things that we are to do are to be done in the government bond of an appointee. If we are to be successful in the future, we must be able to successfully carry out the work that has been laid out for us on such a comprehensive and generous plan. Let us be asking ourselves this question:

"How much of time, or talent, or money can I give to best promote the interests of my city, and the citizens of my state?"

R. F. Fitzgerald responded to "Job Lots" and spoke a few words as to the jobbing men of Duluth. He said that his friends, he said, in the seeming foolishness of the things they attempt and then later by what they accomplish. The jobbers of Duluth attempted much last year and surprised their friends. This year they propose to do more. They owe much to the real estate men, everything which the latter do toward building up the city increases the opportunities of jobbers. The jobbers want the real estate men to come under the wire first in the state instead of second as now.

George W. Stevens made one of the best responses. He sang a song, "The Pine Woods." He spoke of the enormous amount of timber in the Duluth district placing it about 100,000,000 cords. The lumbermen of the district, he said, are working hard for the city. Two years ago his firm came here somewhat in doubt as to where they would find their market. Today they ship to Superior, and in every direction. The real estate men and lumbermen have much in common. The realty agent will sell a lot, a house will be built and the lumberman will be called on to supply the lumber. He announced that he was thinking of buying a lot [commotion among the realty agents] and building a home. When he came to Duluth he found the calamity howler. He was protesting principally against the plating of acres into lots out in the suburbs. Mr. Stevens roasted the howler pretty liberally saying that any set of men who would bring factories and patent medicine men to a city and establish them there a few miles out or not deserve to be honored. As an individual Duluth prospered, and his firm in two years had sold \$737,000 worth of lumber and had only charged \$37 to profit and loss.

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"When we put our present Board of Trade building we were under the impression that it would be quite ample accommodation for years to come, but we find that we have outgrown the building and I believe I am violating no confidence when I say that the members of the board of trade have in contemplation the erection of a magnificent building which will accommodate the grain, flour and vessel or marine interests at the head of the lakes; and when the board of trade sets out to do anything it usually gets what it is after. As soon as that imaginary boundary line which separates us from Manitoba is swept away we will develop that country which is already anxious and even waiting to throw its commerce into our laps and to take from us return for the products that they ship us our hardware, groceries and manufactured products."

"I might call attention to the menacing attitude of farmers' legislation against the grain interests. Chicago owes its greatness in a measure to the liberality of the laws of the state of Illinois. It seems to be the idea of average legislators that they have been elected simply to down railroads and other corporations, and where would the farmers be without the help of those great corporations who invest millions and risk their money and honor? Gentlemen, I pledge you will be well taken care of as far as the Duluth board of trade is concerned. They are putting their best foot forward, and we are putting in the hands of the board of trade the idea of average legislators that they have been elected simply to down railroads and other corporations, and where would the farmers be without the help of those great corporations who invest millions and risk their money and honor? Gentlemen, I pledge you will be well taken care of as far as the Duluth board of trade is concerned. 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NORTH DAKOTA'S PLAN

Senator Hillier Introduces a Bill to Establish a State Elevator at Duluth or Superior.

Unless it is considered that it is Unconstitutional, the Bill Will Probably be Adopted.

Only Grain from North Dakota is to be Handled and is to be Kept Unmixed.

BISMARCK, N. D., Feb. 1.—Following is a synopsis of an important bill introduced in the North Dakota legislature by Senator Hillier. As will be seen it is of special interest to Duluth and West Superior. Unless there are constitutional objections to this bill there is good reason to believe that it will become a law, though doubtless changed in many respects.

The bill provides for a state elevator to be located at Duluth or Superior. It appropriates \$100,000, institutes a board of grain and warehouse commissioners comprising the lieutenant governor, who shall be chairman, the chairman of the railroad commissioners and the commissioners of agriculture and labor; to select and purchase a site at Duluth or West Superior, subject to approval by the governor, purchase to be made as soon after July 15, 1893, as practicable. Plans and specifications for building must be approved by the governor and be accompanied by detailed estimates of cost of material, labor, and construction to be made. Bidders to be furnished with copies of the act and contract let to lowest bidder. Bonds in \$10,000, with three securities, must accompany each bid and contract then let to be accompanied by bond. Payment to be made from state treasury.

The board to appoint a suitable person as warehouseman and necessary associates to hold during the pleasure of the board. Persons employed must not be members of any board of trade or similar association and must give bond, compensation and bond to be fixed by the board. To be paid out of the warehouse funds originating from charges for storage and handling wheat, the same to be collected by the warehouseman and paid into the state treasury. These charges are to be a lien on the grain. One cent per bushel shall be charged and constitute a special warehouse fund to be controlled by the board and used to increase the capacity and facility of the elevator.

When this special fund reaches \$100,000 it is to be used by the board for paying for the site and erection of another elevator. All money must be turned over to the state treasury weekly, no wheat to be received except that grown in North Dakota. The state in which the warehouse is located to cede to North Dakota absolute civil jurisdiction over the land built upon, so as to exempt the same and all grain received or in transit from the laws or taxation of that state and leave them subject to North Dakota. The board is required to make provision at Buffalo or any other convenient point for transfer by suitable means and do all things necessary to enable North Dakota grain to reach the markets unmixed with that of other states. Expenses of such arrangements are to be met by toll. The original investment necessary for such arrangement to be paid out of the money appropriated by this act or from revenues to arise from the elevator at the site decided upon.

SHOULD ACCEPT THE OFFER.

Admiral Belknap Urges the Importance of Accepting Hawaii.

BOSTON, Feb. 1.—In a statement furnished to the press relative to the Hawaiian question, Rear Admiral Belknap, of the Brooklyn navy, (retired) says: "To the people of the United States, the present situation is of momentous interest and of vital importance. Indeed, it would seem that nature has established that group to be ultimately occupied as an outpost, as it were, of the great republic, and that nature has established that the time had now come for the fulfillment of such design."

"The group now seeks annexation to the United States. The consumption of such a wish would inure to the benefit of both peoples, commercially and politically. Annex the islands, constitute them a territory and reciprocity trade will double within two years. Not to take the fruit within our grasp and annex the group now begging us to take it would be a mistake of the gravest nature, both for the statesmen of the day and for the men among us of high commercial views and great enterprises."

"Let the British lion once get his paw upon the group, and Honolulu would soon become one of the most important strongholds of Great Britain's power. Great Britain will undoubtedly propose a joint arrangement for the profits of the island, but we want none of these tangle alliances. We want no joint protectorate, no occupation there by any European power, no Pacific Egypt. We need the group as part and parcel of the United States and should take what is offered us even at the hazard of war."

PRISON BARBARITY.

Callan, the Alleged Dynamiter, Tells of English Cruelties.

LOWELL, Mass., Feb. 1.—Thomas Callan, of Lowell, who was sentenced in London five years ago to fifteen years confinement as an alleged dynamiter, reached here yesterday morning. He has been confined in Chatham and Portland prisons.

He says that the prison methods are depriving the alleged dynamiters of their reason. They are not allowed to speak and solitary confinement is imposed if the men are even silent, and whispering. Callan says that Dr. Gallagher, of Brooklyn, who was a fellow prisoner, is insane, but the officials say he is shamming. Gallagher, according to Callan, is in the infirmary most of the time and cannot last long.

One of the other dynamiters, Callan

says, has become a driveling idiot. Some time he breaks out in wild laughter and for this is punished by solitary confinement in a dark, cold cell in chains for from two to five days. Callan is 52 years of age and unmarried and is a veteran of the war. There was a large crowd at the depot to meet him.

POVERTY AND PRIVATION.

Hungry Victims Tried to Exhibit Their Rags to Parliament.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—About 250 wretched looking victims of poverty and privation gathered on Tower hill yesterday to make a display of their rags and misery before the lords and commons. The mob had no settled plan of procedure; they were too hungry for that, but one and all they started in the direction of the parliament house, the more resolute taking the lead.

It was pitiful and excited the sympathy and surprise of spectators. The police at first did not interfere, thinking that the gathering would disperse very soon, but when it became apparent that the family of wretches really meant to make a scene before parliament the police determined to stop them.

A force of constables halted the procession at the Thames embankment and told them they could go no further. The wretched huddled together to discuss what they would do. One of them began to address the others, a stout, well-fed policeman pushed into the crowd and seized the orator by the neck—the fellow had no collar. Some of the unemployed got angry at this interference and tried to fight the police.

A general melee ensued, some of the rioters being apparently anxious to be arrested with the result of getting something to eat. The police laid about them with their batons and one of the crowd was so badly hurt that he had to be taken to a hospital. Others were more or less injured. The procession was then abandoned, it being apparent to the crowd that they would not be permitted to enter the precincts of parliament.

CHAIRMAN WALL DECLINED.

The Wisconsin Man Would Not Enter the Cleveland Cabinet.

MILWAUKEE, Feb. 1.—The Journal states: It is settled that Wisconsin will not have a member of President Cleveland's cabinet. This news comes from Chairman Wall, who returned from New York and Washington Sunday night. The facts in the case are that when the question of Wisconsin being represented in the cabinet by Mr. Wall was first discussed, Mr. Cleveland sent for Senator Vilas and went into the matter quite thoroughly. Senator Vilas has since had a number of interviews with Mr. Cleveland, in which he has shown the political standing of this state and warmly recommended Mr. Wall as one of the president's executives.

Mr. Wall was summoned to New York ten days ago and while there went to Mr. Cleveland and withdrew his name from the list of cabinet possibilities. Mr. Wall declined to accept of a mission for Mr. Cleveland, the object of his visit being to acquaint the members of congress with the fact that the state was being thoroughly in earnest in asking the repeal of the Sherman bill. Mr. Wall will return to Washington for the same purpose.

Chairman Wall said yesterday: "My visit East was principally on business. While there, however, I called upon Mr. Cleveland, and as the papers were saying so much about me as a probable or possible candidate for a position in his cabinet, I took the occasion to say to him that there were personal considerations which would make it impossible for me to accept such a place, even were it offered me."

THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

Mr. Gladstone Was Cheered When He Entered the House.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—When the house re-assembled yesterday Mr. Gladstone upon entering was vociferously cheered. He took the oath as minister and was followed by his colleagues. The Right Hon. A. J. Balfour, the Conservative leader, and Mr. Chamberlain, the leader of the Conservatives and Liberal Unionists.

William Coddington, Conservative member of parliament for Blackburn, raised an objection to the action of the government in having granted the Children's Bill to J. Spence, Balfour, a Liberal member of parliament for Burnley, who is accused of frauds in connection with the building associations. Mr. Coddington said that Balfour had committed enough frauds and should never have had such a favor extended to him.

Sir Wm. Vernon Harcourt, chancellor of the exchequer, replied that the office of stewardship of the Children's Bill was a mere fiction and the majority had not the right to inquire into cases of suspicion before granting it. A writ was issued for an election in Burnley of a successor to Mr. Balfour.

NOW LIKE A FIXED STAR.

Holmes' Comet Has Taken on New Shape of Great Interest to Astronomers.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Feb. 1.—Dr. Lewis Swift has received a cablegram from Ralph Copeland, royal astronomer at Edinburgh, stating that Professor Palisa had wired from Vienna that the Holmes comet now resembles a fixed star of the eighth magnitude, with nebulous envelope.

"Holmes' comet," said Dr. Swift, "will probably prove to be a body formed by the collision of two asteroids. Their orbits cross in that region. The discovery is one of importance in the scientific world. This comet was discovered Nov. 6 by Holmes, a London astronomer, and could be seen with the naked eye. The discovery was an accident and the comet was for some time thought to be 'biela.'"

Ben Butler's Will.

BOSTON, Feb. 1.—The will of the late Gen. Butler has been filed in the probate court at East Cambridge. It bears the date of 1854 with a codicil in 1862. All his estates, real and personal, are left to relatives, including a wife and mother since deceased.

Geo. Dinwiddie, 228 West Superior street. Best coal. Lowest prices. Prompt delivery.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

POWERFUL PROOF.

Indian Sagwa A Reliable Remedy of Rare Value.

The Professor of Physiological Chemistry at Yale College Analyzes Kickapoo Indian Sagwa—It is Pronounced Purely Vegetable and Absolutely Free from Mineral and Other Harmful Admixtures—A Compound of Great Remedial Value—Nature's Gift to Nature's Children.

To prove that Kickapoo Indian Sagwa is worthy of public confidence, and that it is a remedy of remarkable curative value, Messrs. Hays & Bigelow of New Haven, the agents for the Kickapoo Indian Medicine Co., requested that an analysis of Indian Sagwa should be made by the Professor of Physiological Chemistry at Yale College, considered one of the highest authorities in the country.

After he did and reported as follows:

"After a chemical analysis of Indian Sagwa, and examining the various substances entering into its composition, I find it to be an Extract of Roots, Barks and Herbs, of a Valuable Remedial Action, without any mineral or other deleterious admixtures."

He had no suggestions to offer which could improve Sagwa, as it was a remarkably perfect combination, and it is safe to say that no improvement could be made.

Thousands of cures attest to its remarkable curative properties. The health and longevity of the Indian proves the potency of the Indian's medicine.

Indian Sagwa keeps him well. If you feel "run down" or lack appetite, don't sleep well, have a bad taste in the mouth, pains in any part of the body, respond to the use of Indian Sagwa.

It is a powerful and reliable remedy for all ailments, and it is safe to say that no improvement could be made.

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Indian Sagwa keeps him well. If you feel "run down" or lack appetite, don't sleep well, have a bad taste in the mouth, pains in any part of the body, respond to the use of Indian Sagwa.

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TRY THE HERALD WANT COLUMNS!

"SITUATIONS WANTED" FREE.

POPULAR WANTS!

Advertisements in this column ONE CENT A WORD EACH INSERTION. SITUATIONS WANTED—FREE. No advertisements taken for new columns until full paid, and a small order sent. Every advertisement is carefully classified; and will reach more readers than can be reached in any other way. Try it.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

COMPETENT DRESSMAKER WISHES work in family, will work cheap at present. go 4 ft warranted. Reference, Address, 112 1/2 North street.

A YOUNG MAN OF 30 DESIRES ANY KIND of office work, good references. B 6 Herald.

SITUATION WANTED AS NURSE BY A lady of experience. Address B 81 Herald.

WANTED BY A LADY, SITUATION AS bookkeeper; has had experience; can furnish references. Address A 2 Herald.

EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER WANTS work in family, good fit guaranteed. References given. Address 115 East Superior street.

WANTED, A SITUATION BY YOUNG LADY in confectionery store or printing office. Address C. C. West Duluth Minn.

WASHING AND IRONING WANTED BY A woman, also house and office cleaning. Daily or weekly. Address 414 East Superior street.

SITUATION WANTED BY FIRST CLASS colored cook in private family, no objection to boarding house. Call at 414 West Superior street.

WANTED—STORES AND OFFICES TO clean. No. 23 First Avenue east, upstairs.

WANTED—TWO MACHINISTS. NONE but first-class men need apply. Clyde Iron Co.

WANTED—BOY IN OUR DRUG STORE. Sells & Walbank, 225 West Superior street.

WANTED, AT TREMONT HOTEL AT ONCE, a boy for general work, about the house.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework, at 525 West Second street. Good wages paid.

WANTED—GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK. Big wages. Apply at Carter's store, Lester Park.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FURNISHED ROOM—NEWLY FURNISHED for gentlemen only. 1216 Sixth Avenue west.

FURNISHED ROOMS, KNOWLTON BLOCK, 130 West Michigan street. Mrs. Carpenter.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping. 15 First Avenue east.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT. 21 WEST First street.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE, BARBER'S TWO CHAIR OUT-FIT. W. C. Peters, 536 Lake Avenue south.

NEW HOUSES, EASY TERMS; FINE LOTS. Open every day 8 until 4 p. m. Sundays 2 until 4. W. J. Reed, 42 Exchange building.

INSURANCE.

DO YOU WANT TO LEARN SHORTHAND? I will teach you in three months for \$10.00. Do your work by an experienced teacher and professional stenographer. In nine months you can get a position. \$5 per month. Feb. 1. Address A. A. this office.

Unreserved Auction Sale.

Under instructions from Charles A. Beattie (who is compelled through sickness to retire from business) I will sell at auction to the highest bidder on the premises, No. 344 Lake Avenue South, his entire business.

On Friday, Feb. 3, at 2 p. m.

1st, Namely, the unexpired lease of building b-ing the saloon, store adjoining No. 342; over this store are eight rooms, with six rooms over saloon; outbuildings comprising all conveniences such as stables, carriage houses and a large barn, which, if not required, could be readily rented, as well as the upper portion of building, which has all been erected with a view to rent as offices or rooms.

2nd, The liquors and cigars now in stock, amounting to between \$500 and \$600 (five and six hundred dollars) "wholesale cost," also all glasses and bar utensils for a growing business, where none has been made since it was opened seven years ago.

The loose fixtures consist of 1 Combination Stove, National Cash Register (cost \$175), 1 Walnut Writing Desk, a large quantity of Stuffed Deer Heads, Birds, Elk Horns, etc., etc. Card Tables, Bar Chairs, Sofa, Clock, Stove and Pipes, etc., etc. 1 excellent Top Burgundy (nearly new), 1 splendid Bay Horse, kind every way, 6 years old, and an excellent driver; can be driven by a lady with perfect safety. 1 Cutter, Fur Robes, and 1 Driving Harness, Rugs, Stable Tools, etc.; 2 Bedroom Sets, Mattresses, Blankets, Quilts, Pillows, Chairs, 2 Stoves, Canary Birds, Guinea Pigs, Pictures, Ornaments, etc., etc. Also the license paid up to July 1st, 1893.

N. B.—This offers one of the best business chances today on record, and as aforesaid, the owner being compelled to retire through sickness. This business will bear inspection and will positively be sold to the highest bidder. Please open and all other information can be had any time before sale, by applying on the premises or to the undersigned.

A. M. BEATTIE, Auctioneer.

10 per cent cash at fall of the hammer, balance next day, when keys will be surrendered.

EVENING HERALD.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DULUTH.

PUBLISHED BY THE DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.

Business and editorial rooms in Henderson block, corner Superior street and Fifth avenue west. Entrance opposite Spaulding. Telephone 24.

Eastern Office—100 World Building, New York. A. E. Story, Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
 Daily, per year.....\$7.00
 Daily, per three months.....1.80
 Daily, per month......50
 Weekly, per year.....1.50

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

The Weather.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, DULUTH, Minn., Feb. 1.—The cold wave that has been over the Northwest for the past week and threatening this section, has at last moved, drawn down by the storm that passed over the section yesterday, and now covers the entire western portion of the country, extending as far south as Minneapolis. The extreme range in temperature is 10 degrees this morning, the highest being 62 at Minneapolis, Minn., and the lowest 48 below at Havre, Mont. As the telegraph lines are all down over the country to the north of the United States, no reports are received from that section, but it is probable that low temperatures are being registered there than over Montana, where it is the coldest this morning.

Readings below zero are: Havre, Mont., 46; Fort Buford, N. D., 44; Miles City, Mont., 42; St. Vincent, 42; Helena, 40; Huron, S. D., 39; Duluth and St. Paul, 37; Pierre, S. D., 36; Omaha, 35; North Platte, Neb., 35; Des Moines, 32; Davenport, 30; Dodge City, Kan., 28; Kansas City, 27; and Lander, Wyo., 25. It is zero at Minneapolis and Milwaukee, 2 above at Green Bay, 12 at Chicago, 18 at Detroit, 28 at Cleveland, 40 at Cincinnati, 50 at St. Louis, 60 at Denver and 64 at Fort Smith, Ark.

Snow is now falling over Iowa, Nebraska, Colorado and Missouri, and rain over Indiana and Ohio, and fell in the vicinity of Duluth. The amount that fell in the city was 24 inch when melted, or equal to 35 inches on the level.

The temperature reached 18 at one time yesterday and registered 17 above at 8 o'clock last night, falling during the night to 25 below, the lowest so far this winter, and making a total fall of 45 degrees in twelve hours.

DULUTH, Feb. 1.—Fair; colder today and to night; wind shifting to southwest.

H. H. BARNES, Local Forecast Official.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Forecast till 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Generally fair, preceded by light rain or snow at Lake sections; southwesterly winds; colder Thursday morning, followed by rising temperature. For Minnesota and the Dakotas: Fair; variable winds shifting to southerly; probably warmer on Thursday.

The Two Propositions.

The News Tribune wriggled around on the bridge question in a most alarming manner this morning, nor is it astonishing that it should twist and squirm in a vain endeavor to meet The Herald's criticisms on its unfair treatment of the bill now before congress. It now tries to crawl out by asserting that the amendments mentioned by The Herald yesterday were not known to Senator Washburn ten days ago. Probably they were not, because the promoters of this enterprise are not telling all their plans to a senator who acknowledged to them that he must oppose the bill unless an agreement on the rates to be paid by the Duluth Street Railway company could be reached between them and Messrs. Hartley and Mendenhall. The bill, however, has been amended as The Herald stated, and the News Tribune, with all its twisting and squirming and attempts to misrepresent, was unable this morning to find any feature of the amended bill that is open to any serious objection. The amendments were on July 25 handed to a member of the senate committee and were then placed in the hands of Chief Clerk Cutler of the senate committee.

An attempt is made, however, to show that the clause regarding selling the bridge to the two cities is not as favorable as that in the purported bill of the Hartley company. This is incorrect. The bill now before congress, as amended, provides for purchase at the end of every ten years. Editor Hartley's proposition provides for purchase at the expiration of five years from and after the completion of the bridge, and if the cities are not in a position at that time to buy, there is nothing in the Hartley measure that would give them an opportunity to purchase at any subsequent time. But what is the use of discussing the provisions of a bill that has no existence save in the columns of the News Tribune? It has never been introduced in congress. It has never received the approval of the secretary of war, while the other bill has been stamped with the approval of Secretary Elkins.

There is another point. The character of the proposed bridge is an important matter. Mr. Hartley told the council Monday evening that the cost of his bridge would not exceed \$200,000. The Herald does not believe that the people of Duluth and Superior want a cheap bridge, and a bridge costing only that amount would not be a first class structure such as the traffic between the two cities would demand. The Commercial Improvement company's bridge would be a steam railroad bridge, as well as a bridge for street cars, wagon and passenger travel, and a combined bridge of that character is needed.

The gentlemen comprising this company are not unknown to the financial world, as the morning paper insinuates, nor are they unknown in Duluth. Several of them own valuable property here and it is not likely that they want to do anything to retard any increase in the value of their property. Furthermore it seems very desirable that the people who construct and control this bridge should not be financially interested in the street railway system in either Duluth or Superior. The possession of the bridge by the street railway corporations would be a menace to the best interests of both cities. One thing is certain, however. If the present fight be continued, no bridge bill will pass the present congress and the two cities will be obliged to wait at least another year for this easy means of intercommunication. The Hartley opposition now blocks the way to the construction of a bridge this year.

Senators by the People.

The vote in California on the question of electing United States senators by popular vote was ten to one in favor of such a change. While there have been in California several instances where the senatorship was actually sold to the highest bidder and corruption of the grossest character has been practised in the legislature, and thus the desire of the people for a change is not astonishing, still it cannot be denied that in nearly every state the sentiment in favor of electing United States senators by the popular vote is now quite powerful and is steadily increasing.

According to a recent Washington dispatch, members of congress who have strongly advocated the passage of a law providing that United States senators be elected by a direct vote of the people are of the opinion that their position has been strengthened during the present winter. They point with a great deal of satisfaction, to back up their claims, to the result of the senatorial fights before the legislatures in several of the Western states.

The states that are prominently referred to are North Dakota, Montana, Washington, Wyoming, Kansas and Wisconsin. In each and every one of these states there have been long drawn out contests over the election of senators, and the result is that the political parties interested have had so many little squabbles that in many instances the effect will be to split the different parties up, and the political discord will be so great that it will have its effect upon the voters at the polls in coming elections.

The same correspondent adds: "In many instances rumors have come to Washington, which appear to have excellent foundation, that money has been used lavishly in some cases and that promises have been made by corporations to secure votes of legislators in the interest of their own candidates in numerous cases. Minnesota was touched with a boodle tint again this winter; there is talk of the use of boodle in North Dakota and Montana, and that money has been used in Wyoming, Kansas, and Wisconsin is not doubted by those who have knowledge of the different senatorial battles as they progress from day to day."

The passage of an amendment to the federal constitution, providing that United States senators be elected by a direct vote of the people, would put a stop to the use of boodle in senatorial elections which now seems to be a part of almost every such contest in the legislatures. It is doubtful, however, whether any action in this direction will be taken by the present or the coming congress, although the time will probably come when a law will be passed providing that United States senators be elected the same as are members of the houses of representatives. Each state now has it in its power to direct that its senators be elected in this manner, and it is safe to say that even if the federal constitution be not amended, many states will make the change on their own account.

Iron and Steel Statistics.

The Herald has received a census bulletin just issued on the manufacture of iron and steel in the states of Alabama, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, Maryland, North Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia and West Virginia, which shows the remarkable progress made in these industries, and will be interesting to Duluth people, who are now confidently looking forward to a great development here in that line.

Some of the facts stated in this bulletin are striking proof of the marvelous growth of the industries there. Capital invested in the blast furnace branch of the industry shows an increase from \$16,964,207 in 1880 to \$33,207,370 in 1890, the tonnage of production increasing from 350,436 net tons in 1880 to 1,834,586 net tons in 1890. Capital invested in rolling mills and steel works increased from \$11,665,260 in 1880 to \$17,528,095 in 1890, the production of works increasing from 299,324 net tons in 1880 to 515,775 net tons in 1890. This increase of tonnage is to be noted as being confined exclusively to the manufacture of steel products. In the forge and bloomery industry the report shows a decrease since 1880. The number of establishments has fallen from 49 to 4; the decrease in capital invested shows a fall from \$516,363 to \$110,200; in average number of hands employed, from 394 to 60; in wages paid, from \$109,877 to \$34,000; in cost of material, from \$248,812 to \$133,785; and in value of products, from \$521,614 to \$175,000.

The census of iron and steel establishments shows that in the decade from 1880 to 1890, 14 were added to the list, and during the same period 12 were abandoned for iron-making purposes, giving a net increase of 2 establishments in 10 years. Since 1880 5 Bessemer steel plants have been erected in the South, four of which were added to existing iron rolling mills. Of this number one is in Virginia, two in West Virginia and two in Tennessee. Of the forty-nine rolling mills and steel works reported in 1890, seven were idle during the entire year.

In 1880 the forges and bloomeries of

the South produced 1355 tons of bar iron direct from the ore, valued at \$104,016; 7038 tons of blooms from pig and scrap iron, valued at \$414,460; and other products valued at \$3138. The establishments in 1890 produced 5320 tons of pig and scrap blooms, valued at \$175,000, in the manufacture of which there were consumed 4645 tons of pig iron, costing \$73,289; 1540 tons of old or scrap iron, costing \$28,610, and coke, charcoal, and other materials, costing \$31,886.

The statement that the British minister at Washington had been instructed by his government to protest against the annexation of Hawaii by this country has been denied. Just why England should protest against such a move is not clear, in view of that nation's propensity for taking forcible possession of every little country in sight on the slightest pretext.

Owing to a severe storm south of St. Paul the telegraph wires were prostrated for some time today, and consequently the complete telegraph report usually published by The Herald is curtailed. The storm appears to have been much more severe around Chicago than in the neighborhood of Duluth.

A Wisconsin Democrat has declined a public office. The name of this illustrious gentleman is Wall, the chairman of the state central committee, and he has refused the proffer of a portfolio in Mr. Cleveland's cabinet. But perhaps he wants to be minister to the court of St. James or to gay Paris.

Admiral Belknap advocates the annexation of Hawaii, even at the hazard of war. So say we all of us. England must not be permitted to establish any protectorate, joint or otherwise, over the islands. The people want to enter the American Union and they should be welcomed and received.

The anti-option bill passed the senate yesterday by a large majority. The News Tribune insults them by calling them "scared hayseed senators." The senators are to be congratulated upon being denounced from such a source.

The first banquet by the Duluth real estate exchange last night was a great success and must result in much good. It should be repeated every year.

AMUSEMENTS.

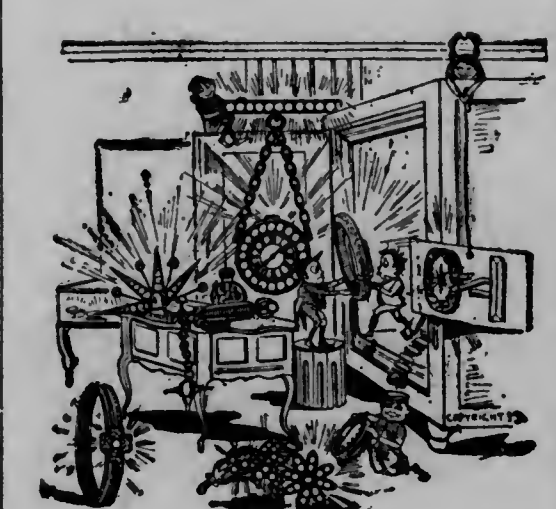
Willard in "The Middleman."
 E. S. Willard, who is to appear at the Temple tomorrow and Friday evenings and Saturday afternoon, has been described by an English critic as "the hope of England." This estimate, of course, implies achievement on the part of the young actor and recognized in him a genius that is sure to do things out of the ordinary to the honor of the English stage. His record already establishes him as an actor who has stimulated the thespian to some of the best dramas that have been recently written. Willard has produced rather than reproduced. He is a new experience to the theater-going public and offers new things. "The Middleman," written for him specially by Henry Arthur Jones, deals with the relations between capital and labor and tells the story of a broken-hearted old potter who gains fortune and revenge by discovering a lost secret of the ceramic art. The scene in the furnace room is a remarkable bit of realism. "The Middleman" will be produced tomorrow evening.

GOLD NEAR ASHLAND.

The Morgan Mine is Said to be Rich in Yellow Metal.

ASHLAND, Wis., Feb. 1.—The Morgan gold mine, south of Ashland, promises to develop greater than was at first expected. J. A. Morgan, who has developed mines in Mexico, returned from a trip to the mine yesterday morning. He says that both gold and silver have been struck.

The mine is located sixteen miles south of Ashland and was located by Capt. Dan Morgan. The company will get mining machinery in place as soon as possible.



A CHANCE FOR DIAMONDS.

Is always worth snapping at. Diamond cuts diamond, they say; that may be, but it's certain though, that diamonds can't be cut in value, even if they are cut for setting. The sun sets every night, but all the time we are setting before our patrons a display of sparklers which the queen of belles might be proud to possess. Whether you're proud or not you can possess some of our diamonds. It doesn't cost a fortune to buy them, although it is a piece of good fortune to get them. Beauty without jewelry is like the sun in eclipse, and in jewelry, diamonds are always triumphs. We are selling, etc.

ANDREW JACKSON,
 Wholesale, Retail and Manufacturing
 JEWELER,
 108 West Superior Street, Duluth.

DANKINS!



HAS REMOVED

TO

102 and 104 West First Street

CORNER FIRST AVENUE WEST AND FIRST STREET,

Directly in the REAR of Kahn's Old Stand.

Everything To be Sold Cheaper Than Ever To Close Out The Stock.

STORE OPEN EVENINGS.

ROW IN MINNEAPOLIS.

Catholics and Anti-Catholics Make Century Hall a Storm Center.

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 1.—There was a lively time in front of Century hall yesterday. For several days past the bulletin board has borne the announcement of an expose of the American Protective association, an anti-papal association, by Rev. Father Nugent, to occur Feb. 5. Yesterday morning there were tacked over the Nugent bills announcements that Prof. Rudolph, an "ex-priest," would lecture on Romanism Feb. 2, 3 and 7. The new bills had scarcely been up an hour before one of them was torn down.

The anti soon discovered the removal and another bill was put up. Both speakers have rented the hall, but the anti has secured dates both before and after the church speaker.

An Eight-legged Puppy.

LAKE CITY, Minn., Feb. 1.—A taxidermist of this city has received from Wabasha a puppy with a double body from the shoulders back. It has eight legs, the four hind ones being perfect, but two of the fore legs, though of full size, are crooked against the side of the body.

For alderman of the Fourth ward cast your vote for Fred H. Quinby.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WANTED, SEWING BY A GOOD DRESS-MAKER: Has experience in men's clothes. Address care of W., box 27, West Duluth.

FOR RENT SEVEN ROOM HOUSE, CENTRALLY located. City water, bath and electric light. \$25 per month. Enquire R. F. Willits, 315 Lyceum.

WANTED, A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSE-KEEPING. Apply to Mrs. J. H. Quinby, 715 West Second street.

FOR RENT, THREE ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping, with city water. 715 West Second street.

For alderman of the Fourth ward cast your vote for Fred H. Quinby.

Defaulters Arrested.

BUFFALO, Feb. 1.—Clarence G. Harmon was arrested in his home on Niagara street on the charge of defaulting committed while cashier of the Corey National bank of Corey, Pa.

Ice on the Move.

CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 1.—The ice is now on the move on almost the entire length of the Ohio river and its tributaries. River men are now talking about resumption of river traffic.

For alderman of the Fourth ward cast your vote for Fred H. Quinby.

After the Interview.

PARIS, Feb. 1.—In view of the sensational statements made in the alleged interview with Arton published in the Libre Parole, it is believed that Magistrate Franqueville will summon the author of the interview to disclose the source of his information and any other facts in his possession going to throw light upon the charges of corruption and bribery in connection with the Panama canal.

A Lawyer Shot Himself.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Wm. B. Waring, a lawyer 37 years of age, shot himself at his home No. 149 East Twenty-first street yesterday morning. The bullet penetrated his left breast but missed the heart. He was conveyed to the hospital, where it was stated he is perhaps fatally wounded. The cause of the act is not known.

Death of a Duke.

BERLIN, Feb. 1.—Duke Victor, of Ratibor, prince of Corvey, prince of Hohenlohe-Schillingfurst and president of the Prussian upper house, died at Breslau Sunday evening. The late duke was born in Langenbourg Feb. 10, 1818. He was proprietor of the lordships of Kieftersadtel and Zambowitz.

No Public Bequests.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 1.—The will of the late Professor Eben N. Horsford, of Cambridge, contains no public bequests, the estate being left to relatives. An inventory of the estate has not been filed.

For alderman of the Fourth ward cast your vote for Fred H. Quinby.

Must Prove Intention.

BOSTON, Feb. 1.—In the trial yesterday of Asa P. Potter, president of the bankrupt Maverick bank, for alleged false certification, Judge Putnam decided that the government must prove intention on Potter's part.

For alderman of the Fourth ward cast your vote for Fred H. Quinby.

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Ice on the Move.

CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 1.—The ice is now on the move on almost the entire length of the Ohio river and its tributaries. River men are now talking about resumption of river traffic.

For alderman of the Fourth ward cast your vote for Fred H. Quinby.

The Quickest Route to Hurley, Ironwood and Bessemer

Is via the South Shore line. Train leaves Duluth, Union depot, at 11:02 a. m. and arrives at Hurley 4:18 p. m., Ironwood 4:26 p. m., Bessemer 4:47 p. m., Waukegan 5:05 p. m.

The St. Paul & Duluth R. R. Is the short line to St. Paul, Minneapolis and Chicago. Three trains daily. Chair and sleeping car reservations made at city ticket office. 428 Spaulding Hotel.



Mrs. Isabella Emerson

Of Manchester, N. H.

After the Grip

Hood's Sarsaparilla Restored Health and Strength

"Last winter I had the Grip and was quite sick. After I began to get better, being weak and run down, I concluded to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, seeing it recommended so highly. I must say that I was more than pleased with it. I recovered my health completely in a short time and think

I Am in Better Health

than before I was sick. I feel sure that this is due to Hood's Sarsaparilla. In the package of Sarsaparilla when I opened it I found a sample box of Hood's Pills. I was surprised and delighted to find how well they agreed with me, no gripping and no weakening afterward. I have tried many other kinds of pills, but

Hood's Pills

the preference every time now. I think they are just wonderful. I am glad to recommend two such good preparations as Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills." Mrs. ISABELLA EMERSON, East Manchester, N. H.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal.

ONE PRICE AND THAT RIGHT



American Store.

IT WAS a midnight accomplishment by the assistance of drays and drays, and men and men. We succeeded in removing some

\$20,000 worth of the Merchandise for the Slaughter!

And our customers at this writing are displaying their better judgment by speedily securing these snags. We do not feel that we are suffering such a serious loss as is generally supposed for the reason that it is

Our Customers That Are Receiving The Advantages

In this instance—it is a picnic for the trade, and notwithstanding the fact that we are losing quite a great deal, we feel that the trade will be benefited, which is a benefit to us in an indirect way.



Our Other Store

AT NO. 10 East Superior street will continue in the same manner, except that any article you should want or buy

Will Be Cut In Price

The same as those removed to the Kahn store. We have not had time to mark them down but they will be sold at the same reductions as those we are now selling in the Kahn store.



Now If you Contemplate

Needing anything in the Dry Goods line, now is the accepted time to get it.

The Rules:

The same rules we enforce in our other quarters will be strictly observed here—that is, anything bought during this slaughter may be returned and the money will be refunded or the goods exchanged for anything else.

THROWN ON THE MARKET With a Vim! A RARE SELLING

Of Legitimate Wares at a Visible Reduction, to say the least, a delight to the ladies,

At Kahn's Old Stand.

OWING to a Complication in a lease, we are forced to move, and consequently forced to suffer a serious loss. Thereby,

We Give it to Our Customers,

And therefore do not consider it a loss, as it is vastly benefiting our own business interests.

We are still moving rapidly, having vacated the First and Third floors of our present location.

Come to the Dry Goods Social!

It is a place where you will recognize an opportunity to save money.

The Kahn Store will be Open Till 11 O'Clock Tonight, to Accommodate Those Who Cannot Come During the Day.

NUMBERS:

Kahn's Old Stand,
J. E. Haynie & Co.'s Stand

J. E. HAYNIE & CO.

THE VIADUCT MATTER.

City Engineer Reed Will Soon Report on the Proposition to Build One at Garfield Avenue.

Northern Pacific Railroad Has Made a Demand for Twenty-Two Feet of Head Room.

The City Engineer Seems to Think Duluth and Superior Should be Connected by a Tunnel.

City Engineer Reed will soon be ready to report on the Garfield avenue viaduct. All the railroads have been seen and the engineering part settled with the exception of the St. Paul & Duluth road. It is pretty well understood, however, what that road's ideas and wishes are and no difficulties are entertained from that source.

When Mr. Reed was in St. Paul last week in the interests of charter revision, he called on the engineering department of the Northern Pacific. The authorities in that department demanded 22 feet of head room. The preliminary plans as prepared some weeks ago by the city engineer, provide for 20 feet. As 13 feet is the greatest height of any cars made, and few men run above six feet in height, 20 feet of head room would give an ample six inches. Mr. Reed therefore considers the demand of the Northern Pacific people a little extravagant, as two-and-a-half feet is more extra headway than is usually considered necessary.

This change in height will lengthen the southern approach about seventy feet, but that on the north will not be materially affected, as on the original plan but little grade was given that end of the proposed structure. It will somewhat increase the grade of that part of the viaduct between Michigan and Railroad streets.

After city engineer's report, aside from ordering the improvement made, the

steps to be taken will be a meeting between the council and the railroads interested for the purpose of distributing the cost between the railroad companies.

Mr. Reed has also been interesting himself by figuring comparative cost of a tunnel and a bridge between Rice's and Connor's points. He says that a tunnel can be built between these two points at about the same price that can the proposed ship canal tunnel. The water space there is about 1200 feet wide but the extreme length is no greater than that of the tunnel canal. The openings would be nearer the dock line and the greater width of the water channel would save a great deal of excavating that will be necessary in the ship canal tunnel. The cost of a tunnel in that vicinity would be about double that of the proposed bridge but it would be no hindrance whatever to navigation and would be much less expensive to operate. Mr. Reed apparently seems to think that a tunnel communication between Duluth and West Superior would eventually be more satisfactory than a bridge.

The Municipal Grind.
In municipal court this morning John Mack, J. Smith, Mrs. Alice McGraw and Knute Christensen were adjudged guilty of drunkenness and sent to the county jail for a term of ten days each. Those sentenced were also found guilty of imbibing too much red liquor, but sentence in his case was suspended. J. C. Mitchell, to the charge of vagrancy, entered a plea of not guilty and the case set for trial at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

To My Fourth Ward Friends.
As one of the candidates for alderman of the Fourth ward I want to assure my many friends that I am in the field to stay, and am confident of election if I receive the encouragement at the polls which came to me unsolicited before I decided to enter the race as a candidate. Having resided in the ward for a great many years I think I understand the wants and requirements of this prominent section of our city and shall endeavor, if elected, to prove myself a faithful servant to the people who impose this trust upon me. I am not a chronic office seeker, neither am I of the opinion that upon my presence in the council depends the salvation of Duluth; but I am positive that no candidate is prompted with higher motives or the conscientious desire to serve the city more faithfully than myself. I deemed it wise to make this statement in view of certain reports that have come to my ears, in justice to myself and friends.
F. H. QUINBY.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

RECEIVING MANY ORDERS.

West Duluth Car Works Has Plenty of Work on Hand.

The Duluth Manufacturing company has received several new orders this week for manufactured iron and cars. One from the Thatcher Dump Car company, of New York, for the erection of a number of dump cars. Another order was from the Brainerd & Northern Railway company for 150 lumber cars and ten logging cars. A large order for rolled iron also came in from the Northern Pacific road.

West Duluth Briefs.
Chas. Birch, reporter for the News Tribune, is on the sick list.
Euclid lodge No. 193, meets this evening for labor and refreshments.
Houses for sale cheap. C. W. Hoyt, Merchants' bank, West Duluth.

Born—Yesterday to Mr. and Mrs. P. O. Noben, of Bay View, twins, boy and girl.

A party of young people will attend the Masonic reception at Duluth this evening.

A. A. Auby will tomorrow move his residence from Bay View Heights to the Duncan Gilchrist house on First avenue west.

B. C. Dent has sold his residence in Belmont Park to A. Greene, of Brainerd, who will make West Duluth his permanent home.

M. S. Knowl, Chippewa Falls; L. Hanson, Hudson, Wis.; Wm. Haley, St. Paul, and W. E. Lawrence Motley are late arrivals at the Phillips.

Dr. Rockwell, J. D. Boyd, C. W. Hoyt, W. Clarkson, Wm. Birch, Dr. Forin, S. S. Williamson and A. H. Smith attended the banquet at Duluth last evening. The buildings of the shipyard are about completed and will be finished this week. The fire brick for the furnace which will be constructed at once has arrived and active operations at the yard will soon begin.

TWENTY-THIRD ANNIVERSARY.

Palestine Lodge Will Have a Fine Celebration This Evening.

At the Masonic Temple tonight Palestine lodge, No. 79 A. F. & A. M., will celebrate the twenty-third anniversary of its existence. From 8 to 9 o'clock there will be a reception and promenade concert, the music to be furnished by Hoare's orchestra. From 9 to 10 o'clock the following musical program will be rendered:

Overture..... Orchestra.
Soprano solo, "Winter Lullaby"..... DeKoren.
Miss Edith Monk; Miss Helen Mackey, accompanist.
Mandolin Quartet..... Selected.
Mandolins, D. A. Willard, F. W. Maynard; Guitars, A. L. Agath, H. G. Gearhart.
Song..... Selected.
Zither solo, "Artist's Dream"..... Original.
Prof. P. F. Lund.
Piano solo..... Selected.
Piano solo..... Selected.
Song..... Selected.
Mandolin Quartet..... Selected.
Mandolins, D. A. Willard, F. W. Maynard; Guitars, A. L. Agath, H. G. Gearhart.
Soprano solo, "Good Night"..... Novis.
Miss Edith Monk; Miss Helen Mackey, accompanist.
From 10 to 11 o'clock there will be

dancing in the banquet hall on the fifth floor and refreshments and opportunities for social conversation will be open to all on the sixth floor. This is expected to be a most enjoyable occasion. About 700 general invitations have been sent out together with a large number to the members of the grand lodge and commanding officers.

A SUPERIOR STORY.

The Leader indulges in a Little Fiction Regarding the "Missabe Road."

The Superior Leader this morning contained an article bearing a Duluth date, on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern and American Steel Barge company relations. There is much in the article that is true and much more that is only speculation. It reads as follows:

"The two happiest men in Duluth are Capt. Alexander McDougall and A. D. Thomson. The great deal which places the Missabe & Northern road and the West Superior and Steel works together with the vast mining properties of the Merritts practically in the hands and under the control of the American Steel Barge company was engineered by A. D. Thomson. The result is of incalculable importance to the head of the lake. It not only places the West Superior Iron and Steel works solidly on its feet and furnishes money to complete the Missabe railroad and develop and consume the ores of the Merritt mines, but it insures the location of numerous other iron and steel industries.

"In this new deal the Land and River Improvement company has no interest except to get rid of the West Superior Iron and Steel works. The backers and promoters will be stockholders of the Standard Oil company, who did not care for either side of the river nor for petty jealousies. Improvements will, therefore, go in in nearly equal sizes on both sides of the bay. In Superior the foundations for blast furnaces already put in by Manager Mattes will be utilized. On this side new blast furnaces will be put in for consuming and making low grade ores. Collateral industries will also be erected as fast as practicable. The new deal will make a party of all the steel plates the West Superior Iron and Steel company can manufacture. The barge works will run at full capacity.

"Capt. McDougall will be the head of the allied interests. The ultimate result of the arrangements now in hand will be to merge the iron mines, the Missabe & Northern road, the West Superior Iron and Steel works and all collateral institutions in with the American Steel Barge works under one great corporate name. This cannot be done for some months, although all prices have been formally made so that the institutions mentioned will soon be working in exact harmony and practically under one head, Alexander McDougall.

"The report that iron ore docks will be built in Superior on section 16, near the Steel plant, is erroneous. Ore cars will carry ore directly from the mines to Duluth, West Duluth and Superior, but the great ore docks to be under the management of the new corporation will be where they are now building in the Marine division of that city. Only about 500 feet of dredging will be necessary to make the new docks accessible to the

whalebacks. The new deal includes a contract that the whalebacks shall carry all ore shipped eastward from the consolidated mines.

Alfred Merritt was shown the article this morning and smiled a little over it. The Merritts are in control, he says, and nobody else and Capt. McDougall will not be the head of the allied interests. He says that the article is nearly all speculation, but that there is some truth in it. He says that industries will be located on both sides of the bay and that either plan will have any monopoly. He adds further that the people of Duluth and Superior have not gained any idea as yet of what vast importance to both cities the carrying out of the plans of the combination will be.

Lon Merritt came up from St. Paul this morning. There is nothing new in connection with the Missabe road fight.

A First Street Deal.

B. Murphree, E. H. Hinton and W. W. Henry, Jr., have arranged for the sale of lots 61 and 63 West First street, at the corner of Fourth avenue west, belonging to the old Dominion Land company, for \$40,000 cash. The name of the purchaser is withheld and will not be given out for a few days.

Grand Organ Recital.

All lovers of music will read with pleasure the following program of the first grand organ recital to be given under the direction of Mr. J. Warren Andrews, of Minneapolis, at the First M. E. church next Tuesday:

Organ a) Fugue in E flat, "St. Anne" J. S. Bach
b) C. minuet in G.....Harlequin
Song—"Calm is the Night".....Bohn
Miss Eva Lillian Merrill.
Violin Solo—"Serenade to the Moon".....Fantasia
Mr. Sydney Brown.
a) Fantasia in E minor, "The Storm".....Lemmens
Organ b) The Village Harvest Home.
Song—"The Village Harvest Home".....Lemmens
Song—"Italia".....Walter Spinnay
Chorus—Hallelujah.....Handel
First M. E. church chorus choir.
Mr. S. S. Myers, director.
Song with violin obligato—"Likeness of the Lord".....Thomas
Miss Merrill and Mrs. Brown.
Organ a) Gavotte "Mignon".....Thomas
Organ b) Reverie of Home.....J. Warren Andrews
c) Out Folk at Home (variations) Flanger

For alderman of the Fourth ward cast your vote for Fred H. Quinby.

HOUSE AND LOT! In Endion.

Eight Rooms, Bath, Closets, City Water, Sewer Connection, Good Furnace, Staircase, Range, 25 Foot Lot, upper side, near street cars.

Price, \$2600.

\$800 cash, balance one to five years.

GEO. R. LAYBOURN,
14 PHOENIX BLOCK.

For alderman of the Fourth ward cast your vote for Fred H. Quinby.

Monaghan-Foley Wedding.

Thomas J. Monaghan and Mrs. Elizabeth M. Foley were married this morning at the pro-cathedral. They left on the St. Paul & Duluth limited this afternoon and will go to Chicago. The marriage was something of a surprise to their friends, not that it was unexpected, but the time was kept very quiet. Only a few friends were aware of it. Both bride and groom are well known in Duluth and have occupied prominent positions in Roman Catholic circles in Duluth.

The Quickest Route to Hurley, Ironwood and Bessemer.

Is via the South Shore line. Train leaves Duluth, Union depot, at 11:02 a. m. and arrives at Hurley 4:18 p. m., Ironwood 4:26 p. m., Bessemer 4:47 p. m., Wakefield 5:05 p. m.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

YOUR HEALTH

May depend upon the way you treat the ailments which nature gives. A few bottles of S. S. S. taken at the proper time may insure good health for a year or more.

IS IMPORTANT

that nature be assisted at the right time never fails to relieve the system of impurities, and is an excellent tonic.

He Wants to Add His Name.

"Permit me to add my name to your many other certificates in commendation of the great curative properties contained in Swift's Specific (S. S. S.). It is certainly one of the best tonics I ever used."
JOHN W. DANIEL, Anderson, S. C.
Treatise on blood and skin diseases mailed free.
SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Final Assessment

For Paving and Macadamizing Third Avenue West From Michigan Street to Third Street.

Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., Jan. 31, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that a contract has been completed for the paving of Third avenue west from Michigan street to Second street and macadamizing same avenue in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Second street to Third street; that the board of public works of said city will meet at their office, in the city hall, in said city, on Monday, the 13th day of February, A. D. 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m., to make an assessment of the sum of twelve thousand three hundred (\$12,300) dollars and one (1) cent, upon the real estate benefited by said paving and macadamizing, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof.

The following lands situated in said city, viz.: Lots 20, 22, 24 and 26, block 7, lots 42, 44, 46 and 48, block 6, Central division of Duluth lots 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 53 and 55, West Superior street; lots 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 53, 55, 57, 59, 61, 63, 65, 67, 69, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, 83, 85, 87, 89, 91, 93, 95, 97, 99, 101, 103, 105, 107, 109, 111, 113, 115, 117, 119, 121, 123, 125, 127, 129, 131, 133, 135, 137, 139, 141, 143, 145, 147, 149, 151, 153, 155, 157, 159, 161, 163, 165, 167, 169, 171, 173, 175, 177, 179, 181, 183, 185, 187, 189, 191, 193, 195, 197, 199, 201, 203, 205, 207, 209, 211, 213, 215, 217, 219, 221, 223, 225, 227, 229, 231, 233, 235, 237, 239, 241, 243, 245, 247, 249, 251, 253, 255, 257, 259, 261, 263, 265, 267, 269, 271, 273, 275, 277, 279, 281, 283, 285, 287, 289, 291, 293, 295, 297, 299, 301, 303, 305, 307, 309, 311, 313, 315, 317, 319, 321, 323, 325, 327, 329, 331, 333, 335, 337, 339, 341, 343, 345, 347, 349, 351, 353, 355, 357, 359, 361, 363, 365, 367, 369, 371, 373, 375, 377, 379, 381, 383, 385, 387, 389, 391, 393, 395, 397, 399, 401, 403, 405, 407, 409, 411, 413, 415, 417, 419, 421, 423, 425, 427, 429, 431, 433, 435, 437, 439, 441, 443, 445, 447, 449, 451, 453, 455, 457, 459, 461, 463, 465, 467, 469, 471, 473, 475, 477, 479, 481, 483, 485, 487, 489, 491, 493, 495, 497, 499, 501, 503, 505, 507, 509, 511, 513, 515, 517, 519, 521, 523, 525, 527, 529, 531, 533, 535, 537, 539, 541, 543, 545, 547, 549, 551, 553, 555, 557, 559, 561, 563, 565, 567, 569, 571, 573, 575, 577, 579, 581, 583, 585, 587, 589, 591, 593, 595, 597, 599, 601, 603, 605, 607, 609, 611, 613, 615, 617, 619, 621, 623, 625, 627, 629, 631, 633, 635, 637, 639, 641, 643, 645, 647, 649, 651, 653, 655, 657, 659, 661, 663, 665, 667, 669, 671, 673, 675, 677, 679, 681, 683, 685, 687, 689, 691, 693, 695, 697, 699, 701, 703, 705, 707, 709, 711, 713, 715, 717, 719, 721, 723, 725, 727, 729, 731, 733, 735, 737, 739, 741, 743, 745, 747, 749, 751, 753, 755, 757, 759, 761, 763, 765, 767, 769, 771, 773, 775, 777, 779, 781, 783, 785, 787, 789, 791, 793, 795, 797, 799, 801, 803, 805, 807, 809, 811, 813, 815, 817, 819, 821, 823, 825, 827, 829, 831, 833, 835, 837, 839, 841, 843, 845, 847, 849, 851, 853, 855, 857, 859, 861, 863, 865, 867, 869, 871, 873, 875, 877, 879, 881, 883, 885, 887, 889, 891, 893, 895, 897, 899, 901, 903, 905, 907, 909, 911, 913, 915, 917, 919, 921, 923, 925, 927, 929, 931, 933, 935, 937, 939, 941, 943, 945, 947, 949, 951, 953, 955, 957, 959, 961, 963, 965, 967, 969, 971, 973, 975, 977, 979, 981, 983, 985, 987, 989, 991, 993, 995, 997, 999, 1001, 1003, 1005, 1007, 1009, 1011, 1013, 1015, 1017, 1019, 1021, 1023, 1025, 1027, 1029, 1031, 1033, 1035, 1037, 1039, 1041, 1043, 1045, 1047, 1049, 1051, 1053, 1055, 1057, 1059, 1061, 1063, 1065, 1067, 1069, 1071, 1073, 1075, 1077, 1079, 1081, 1083, 1085, 1087, 1089, 1091, 1093, 1095, 1097, 1099, 1101, 1103, 1105, 1107, 1109, 1111, 1113, 1115, 1117, 1119, 1121, 1123, 1125, 1127, 1129, 1131, 1133, 1135, 1137, 1139, 1141, 1143, 1145, 1147, 1149, 1151, 1153, 1155, 1157, 1159, 1161, 1163, 1165, 1167, 1169, 1171, 1173, 1175, 1177, 1179, 1181, 1183, 1185, 1187, 1189, 1191, 1193, 1195, 1197, 1199, 1201, 1203, 1205, 1207, 1209, 1211, 1213, 1215, 1217, 1219, 1221, 1223, 1225, 1227, 1229, 1231, 1233, 1235, 1237, 1239, 1241, 1243, 1245, 1247, 1249, 1251, 1253, 1255, 1257, 1259, 1261, 1263, 1265, 1267, 1269, 1271, 1273, 1275, 1277, 1279, 1281, 1283, 1285, 1287, 1289, 1291, 1293, 1295, 1297, 1299, 1301, 1303, 1305, 1307, 1309, 1311, 1313, 1315, 1317, 1319, 1321, 1323, 1325, 1327, 1329, 1331, 1333, 1335, 1337, 1339, 1341, 1343, 1345, 1347, 1349, 1351, 1353, 1355, 1357, 1359, 1361, 1363, 1365, 1367, 1369, 1371, 1373, 1375, 1377, 1379, 1381, 1383, 1385, 1387, 1389, 1391, 1393, 1395, 1397, 1399, 1401, 1403, 1405, 1407, 1409, 1411, 1413, 1415, 1417, 1419, 1421, 1423, 1425, 1427, 1429, 1431, 1433, 1435, 1437, 1439, 1441, 1443, 1445, 1447, 1449, 1451, 1453, 1455, 1457, 1459, 1461, 1463, 1465, 1467, 1469, 1471, 1473, 1475, 1477, 1479, 1481, 1483, 1485, 1487, 1489, 1491, 1493, 1495, 1497, 1499, 1501, 1503, 1505, 1507, 1509, 1511, 1513, 1515, 1517, 1519, 1521, 1523, 1525, 1527, 1529, 1531, 1533, 1535, 1537, 1539, 1541, 1543, 1545, 1547, 1549, 1551, 1553, 1555, 1557, 1559, 1561, 1563, 1565, 1567, 1569, 1571, 1573, 1575, 1577, 1579, 1581, 1583, 1585, 1587, 1589, 1591, 1593, 1595, 1597, 1599, 1601, 1603, 1605, 1607, 1609, 1611, 1613, 1615, 1617, 1619, 1621, 1623, 1625, 1627, 1629, 1631, 1633, 1635, 1637, 1639, 1641, 1643, 1645, 1647, 1649, 1651, 1653, 1655, 1657, 1659, 1661, 1663, 1665, 1667, 1669, 1671, 1673, 1675, 1677, 1679, 1681, 1683, 1685, 1687, 1689, 1691, 1693, 1695, 1697, 1699, 1701, 1703, 1705, 1707, 1709, 1711, 1713, 1715, 1717, 1719, 1721, 1723, 1725, 1727, 1729, 1731, 1733, 1735, 1737,

DANGERS OF THE DEEP

They That Go Down to the Sea in Ships
See the Marvels of the Ocean.

But They Also Expose Themselves To Very
Great Perils and Often Lose Their
Lives.

Eighteen Thousand People Drowned In
Twenty-Five Years—Two Recent Not-
able Cases of Disaster.

The majesty of mystery is one of the attributes of the ocean. There is a calm, and while the vessel lies almost motionless upon the waters the beautiful nautilus, the fierce shark or the gigantic whale lends picturesqueness to the otherwise monotonous surroundings. There is a storm, and the lightning and the thunder gleam and grow like the deeper tones of a Wagnerian opera. Meanwhile, too, if you chance to be in tropical latitudes, the mighty waves that seem to assault the vessel like ravening wolves grow phosphorescent, and as they dash upon the deck send out a light so beautiful that an unaccustomed landsman might be pardoned for thinking that the illumination was procured from the infernal regions.



DR. J. A. LOVSON.

There, too, is the fog, more dreaded by mariners than the storm. At sea as well as on land there are certain routes upon which traffic goes. If the clouds settle down and across the water, the ships bound in opposite directions are liable to collide despite all the precautions of whistles and lookouts. Besides Mother Earth chances the sailor's craft once in awhile through volcanic action, and he has to look out for unknown reefs or is puzzled over the disappearance of some island or promontory. Then the captain may make a mistake in his calculations, and as a result the bark may be steered into the breakers instead of along its intended course.

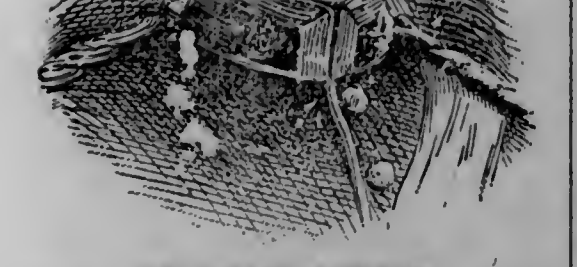
But, after the fog, as already said, the storm is the fiercest foe with which the sailor has to contend. I give the fog the preference as the chief terror of the deep, because either on sea or land the sun seen is the most dreaded. In a storm the fight is a fair one between man and nature, and mortal skill is pitted against the fury of the elements. That was the case in the recent memorable disaster on the China seas when the stately British ship Bokhara went to the bottom of the ocean.

One of the most interesting narratives of the wreck is that given by Dr. J. A. Lovson, Government Civil Hospital, Hong-Kong, who was one of the seven Europeans who escaped. He says in a statement to a London reporter that the sea was simply awful and the wind so strong that it was scarcely possible to stand on deck. Seas from time to time broke over the ship and carried everything movable on deck away. When the passengers decided to try and make for the lower bridge by a wave, struck on the foremast and caught by the legs in some ropes. He was tucked under a great wave and tried to swallow water in order to lose consciousness, the quicker, when he found himself on the surface. He then struck out for the shore, which was about 250 yards away, and had a long swim, before he was at last thrown on shore. He had nothing on but a tan pajama jacket and managed to crawl to a little fishing hut, where he lay shaking with cold.

Lieutenant Markham, of the First Shopshire Light Infantry, fell in with Dr. Lovson on the following morning. He had had very similar experiences, and when some Chinese came to look for wreckage persuaded them to take the doctor and himself to their island. The natives treated the survivors very kindly, but the mandarin of Makung treated them with the greatest civility and hospitality, even bringing out champagne in their honor.

Just before the Bokhara sank one of the most affecting scenes imaginable occurred, and yet it is not unusual to those who "go down to the deep in ships." Everything possible had been done, but without avail, and knowing that death was at hand the gallant captain, still undaunted, said goodby to his mates and, added to his farewell the remark: "We did our best to save the craft."

Of that sort of filer is the sailorman generally made, from the humblest "able bodied, rate A," up to the person who is auto-



LIEUTENANT MARKHAM.

crat and captain. Of course in times of peril they are fighting for themselves as well as others, but it is a tribute due them to say that they rarely lose their nerve. To be sure, instances are on record of crewsizing the boats and abandoning the passengers.

remaining women and children, but the debt of disgrace is more than balanced by the credit of splendid sacrifice and heroism. A more recent and fortunately less disastrous instance than that of the Bokhara is that of the North German Lloyd steamer Spree. In mid-ocean her shaft broke, and the shattered beam of steel pounded a great hole in the hull below the water line. Panic and peril ensued, but the captain and his subordinates were equal to the emergency, so far as keeping the steamer afloat was concerned, and the passengers gained courage and consolation from two soldiers, one of the cross of Christ, the other of the sword of Gideon—Dwight L. Moody, the evangelist, and General O. O. Howard, who is known to the Indians he has subdued and treated with considerate kindness after their surrender as the "Bible chief." What these men did is best described in the language of Mr. Moody. Just before leaving for his Massachusetts home, after landing, he said to a New York journalist, who asked him regarding the accident:

"We knew the ship was sinking when we came on deck. There was no panic there. The women did not scream or dash about, nor were the men very much frightened. Six hours after the accident, at noon, the captain came to the dining room, where we all gathered and told us that the pumps were working successfully, and that he thought he had sent the water into the hold, breaking forward, and that would have been the last of her. Night came on with the passengers still scanning the sea. The darkness seemed such as never human beings were called upon before to witness."

"In the dining room were gathered the first and second cabin passengers. In the first night one woman went insane and begged piteously that her two children should be saved and she let her do. The cabin steward, morning broke, the water on the deck was restrained. The officers were there with revolvers buckled to their waists for instant use. The strain on the mind of the people was awful."

"At last I proposed that we have a meeting. General Howard and some of the other passengers agreed to it. I was Captain Willigerd. 'I'm of that persuasion myself,' he said, and so we called a meeting. We gathered in the dining room and visited the bodies of the sick. I was not afraid, but in the dark hour I had all I could do to sustain myself. I read the English first poem. Over very real in German. Then I read the 107th psalm, and then we knelt and prayed."

"General Howard said: 'Jesus, lover of my soul, Let me up to thy bosom fly, While the nearer waters roll, While the tempest still is high. I do not think that any meeting ever held had a more comforting effect on the people. We slept that night—most of us did. I slept. General Howard slept peacefully."

"At 2:30 o'clock in the morning the ship looked like a little white star. It rose out of the blackness of the night and disappeared. It rose and fell thus the next morning. The ship was seen until it came in view all the time! That was the last we saw of her."

"We did our best." It seemed to tower high above us. In reality we were five times as big."

The ship proved to be the Luke Huron, which towed the Spree into Queenstown. According to the latest statistics at least 2,000 American and English vessels are wrecked each year. The record from 1854 to 1879 regarding British ships alone has been accurately compiled and shows that in that quarter of a century 43,222 vessels were lost and 18,319 people met their death. The perils of the deep are not, therefore, to be contemplated, but it is when the winds roar, the boat cracks and labors in the trough of the sea, and the water pours in through the bulkheads, when the end of life seems imminent, that the courage of man and the sublime resignation and piety of women show themselves in a manner that almost renders immortality divine.

The hardy mariner is rarely a saint, but very often he is in heroic mold and does his duty in the face of direct danger.

FRED C. DAYTON.

Refused to Look at It.

There was a captain of a Canadian liner who was called on to the bridge by his first officer to see a supposed sea serpent. "Sir," said he, "I once knew a man who saw one and put his name to a document to that effect. He was a captain, too, and when he came into harbor his employers dismissed him because they said they couldn't have a skipper who got so drunk as that. He was the sport of the press for a month, and his friends all put him down for as big a liar as Captain Frank's great-grandfather. I'm going home. I can't afford to see sea serpents."

The Porter's Head.

"In an accident a man's likely to lose his head," said the passenger conductor. "I don't share accident with you. I am treating people out of the sleeper they sent a porter back to one of the coaches to get the saw and ax. He came back and said there was a glass case in the berth and the porter got at 'em. The conductor didn't do a thing but took him one in the eye, and next day the papers said the colored porter was horribly cut and bruised about the head."

The title of "A Scandal in High Life" was suggested by the great altitude of the residence of one of the principal characters.

CHRONIC AILMENTS.

Best Standing Diseases Successfully Treated by the Physicians of the Copeland Medical Institute.

There are many people in Duluth who are suffering from chronic diseases, and who do not know where to find a cure. Every one of such should be open to conviction if proof is presented to him in support of what is said by physicians who assert that they can furnish that cure.

To these Dr. Copeland and his associates address themselves in this article. They say that they have a system of treatment which works better results in chronic cases than any that is known today. That system is based upon a design to enable everybody to get relief from the whole history of the practice of Dr. Copeland and his associates in Duluth there has never been a complaint of inefficient treatment or of careless work.

The physicians of the Copeland Medical Institute do not hold out brilliant promises for the purpose of securing large numbers of patients who will pay for one month's treatment only and then cease their visits, for their work is so satisfactory in every case that four-fifths of their practice is composed of patients who renew treatment after a month's trial.

CHRONIC CASES REQUIRE CHRONIC TREATMENT. IT IS UNREASONABLE TO EXPECT TO GET RID OF A DISEASE IN A FEW WEEKS THAT HAS EXISTED MONTHS OR YEARS.

Catarh of the Nose, Throat and Middle Ear.

Catarh of the nose and throat if allowed to progress unchecked often extends to neighboring organs, impairing or totally destroying the functions of those organs. Such were the conditions in the case related today. The catarh of the nose resulted in a catarh of the middle ear causing a buzzing and deafness in both ears.



MR. J. KNISTROM.

"I was troubled a long time with nasal catarh," said Mr. J. Knistrom, of 132 West Fourth street. "Before I began the treatment of the catarh, I was unable to vomit, but there was the desire to throw something up from the stomach. I would frequently get dizzy and feel weak and faint. My appetite was poor; at times I had no desire for food at all. I was subject to dull, heavy headaches over the eyes, my nose was stopped up with secretions that accumulated; was constantly hawking and spitting to clear my throat. The trouble extended to my ear and caused a deafness which kept getting worse till I could not hear an ordinary voice. Buzzing noises in my ear were incessant. I placed myself under treatment at the Copeland Medical Institute, and after receiving a systematic course of treatment such as is given at that institution, I am free from dull, heavy headaches, I have no more dizzy attacks or sick spells, I have a good appetite and am gaining weight every day. My hearing has been greatly improved. No more incessant hawking and spitting. I think the Copeland system of treating catarh troubles is unequalled for it has done wonders for me."

REMEMBER THAT YOU CAN RECEIVE THE BEST OF TREATMENT AND THE BEST OF MEDICINES AT A PRICE THAT ANY ONE CAN AFFORD TO PAY.

Copeland Medical Institute.

PERMANENTLY LOCATED OFFICES, Rooms 312, 313, 314, Lyeum Bldg., Opposite the Spalding Hotel.

DR. W. H. COPELAND, Consulting Physician. DR. H. M. HUNT, Examining Physician. Specialties: Catarrh and diseases of the Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs, Nervous Diseases, Skin Diseases, Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, etc. P. M. to 10 P. M. Sunday, 9 A. M. to 12 M.

CATARH CURED. SKIN DISEASES CURED. NERVOUS DISEASES CURED.

If you live at a distance send four cents in stamps for question circular. Address all mail to the Copeland Medical Institute, Lyeum building, Duluth, Minn.

The Marked Success

of Scott's Emulsion in consumption, scrofula and other forms of hereditary disease is due to its powerful food properties.

Scott's Emulsion

rapidly creates healthy flesh—proper weight. Hereditary taints develop only when the system becomes weakened.

Nothing in the world of medicine has been so successful in diseases that are most menacing to life. Physicians everywhere prescribe it.

Prepared by Scott & Bown, N. Y. All druggists.

CATARRHALIX

A great discovery. Cures acute

CATARRH

in

SEVEN DAYS.

This greatest known cure for all stages of this terrible disease is the perfection of modern

NEVER FAILS.

It is both local and constitutional in its effects.

All Diseased Parts

of the nose and head are reached and healed

AT ONCE

and every trace of

Catarrhal Poison

Quickly driven from the blood and system and a permanent cure

Always Results.

Price of Remedy \$1

It is worth thousands to any one suffering with this disease. Mailed postpaid to any address on receipt of price in express or money order, cash stamps. Call on or address all orders to the sole proprietors.

A. TATTERSALL & CO., 607 Chamber of Commerce, Duluth, Minn.

LADIES

Can Secure Confidential Servants

By Advertising in the

HERALD WANT COLUMNS

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

THE PULLMAN CAR LINE

—Between—

DULUTH, ST. PAUL

—AND—

NORTHERN PACIFIC COAST POINTS.

THE DINING CAR LINE.

Dining Cars on all through trains.

The Yellowstone Park Line.

This marvelous WONDERLAND reached only by this line.

THE PEOPLE'S LINE.

The people's highway from Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and West Superior to Winnipeg, Helena, Butte, Missoula, Spokane, Tacoma, Seattle, Portland and Puget Sound.

THE TOURISTS' LIN

The popular line to reach LAKES Pend d'Oreille, Coeur d'Alene, Kootenai, Cleburn, the Hot Springs and Mountain Resorts of the Northwest and to Alaska.

DAILY EXPRESS TRAINS

HAVE PULLMAN PALACE CARS, PULLMAN TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, FREE COLONIAL SLEEPING CARS.

Rates, maps or other pamphlets and information will be cheerfully furnished on application to F. A. GREENE, Ticket Agent, 416 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn., or CHAS. S. FEE, Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent, St. Paul.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic R'y.

DIRECT LINE TO

Boston, New York,

Montreal, Buffalo,

Philadelphia, Pittsburg,

Cleveland, Detroit,

All points in Michigan,

The East and South

Over 100 miles shorter than any other line to Boston and all New England Points.

Over 70 miles the shortest line to all Points East of Mackinaw or Detroit Mich.

WAGNER SLEEPING CARS

ON ALL THROUGH TRAINS.

For tickets, sleeping car accommodations and full information, apply to

T. H. LARKE, Commercial Agent, 426 West Superior Street, DULUTH, MINN. Building Hotel Block

HERN. S. MARSH, Attorney for Assignees, Dec. 25, Jan. 11, 18, 25, Feb. 1.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUMMONS FOR RELIEF, COMPLAINT FILED.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss. COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, } ss. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Greta Kantei, Plaintiff, vs. Elina Kantei, Defendant.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in city of Duluth, in said county, within 20 days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated Dec. 26th, 1892.

J. B. BOSTLAND, Plaintiff's Attorney, Duluth, Minn.

Dec. 25, Jan. 4, 11, 18, 25, Feb. 1.

MORTGAGE SALE—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of ninety and 65-100 dollars (\$90.65), which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by John E. Brown and Arthur E. Brown, her husband, to the American Loan and Trust Company, a corporation duly incorporated and organized under the laws of the state of Minnesota, bearing date the 15th day of December, 1892, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, on the 4th day of December, 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on page 356, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such behalf made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: Lot number 41, East Fourth street, Duluth, Proper First division, according to the recorded plat of said division, in St. Louis county, state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said mortgage, and the costs of said sale, and any said premises, and twenty-five dollars, attorneys fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, in and for the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Jan. 25th, A. D. 1893.

AMERICAN LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, Cash, WILLIAMS & CHESTER, Attorneys for Mortgagee, Dec. 25, Jan. 4-11-18-25, Feb. 1.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of one thousand five hundred and 25-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by John A. Canfield to John Berg, bearing date the 27th day of January, 1892, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, on the 30th day of January, A. D. 1892, at 5:00 o'clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages, on page 205, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such behalf made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section seven (7), town forty-nine (49) north, range fifteen (15) west of the fourth principal meridian, in St. Louis county and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the costs of said sale, and any said premises, and twenty-five dollars, attorneys fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, in and for the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, at 2 o'clock p. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 2nd, A. D. 1893.

JOHN H. BOYLE, Attorney for Mortgagee, 401 Palladio building, Duluth, Minn. Jan. 4-11-18-25-Feb. 1-8-15

SUMMONS FOR RELIEF, COMPLAINT FILED.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss. COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, } ss. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Grace E. Pattison, William H. Pattison and Eliza Conan, Plaintiffs, vs. Phillipine Pietz, Herman R. Pietz, Elizabeth Edes, Josephine A. Carter and A. G. Wilcox, Defendants.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in First National Bank building, in city of Duluth in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated Duluth, Minnesota, December 15, 1891.

Wm. W. BILLINGS & CARL A. WILLIAMS, Plaintiff's Attorneys, Jan. 15-25-Feb. 1-8-15-22

LEGAL NOTICES.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss. COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, } ss. Probate Court, Special Term, January 17th, 1893.

In the matter of the estate of Francis Murray, deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Mary Murray, of the county of St. Louis, representing among other things, that Francis Murray, late of the county of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the 22nd day of October, A. D. 1891, at the county of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of said county, at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within said county, and that said petitioner is the daughter and only heir-at-law of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to her granted:

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before this court, on Monday, the 14th day of February, A. D. 1893, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in Duluth, in said county. Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing this order on Wednesday in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 17th day of January, A. D. 1893.

By the Court, PHILIPAS AVER, Judge of Probate, Jan. 15-25-Feb. 1-8-15

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss. COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, } ss. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Dexter M. Ferry, Plaintiff, vs. Herman E. Long, as assignee of Brown Bros., and Mary E. Vokes, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that, under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 22nd day of January, 1893, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of said St. Louis county, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, the premises described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: A lot of land, in the city of Duluth, in said county, described as follows, to-wit: The northwest quarter (nw 1/4) of the northwest quarter (nw 1/4) of section seven (7) of township number 35 north of range fourteen (14) west, in St. Louis county and state of Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Jan. 24th, 1893.

PAUL SHAW, Sheriff of St. Louis county, By Wm. H. HANCOCK, Deputy.

DEAFER, DAVIS & HOLLISTER, Plaintiff's Attorneys, Jan. 25-Feb. 1-8-15-22-March-1-8

MORTGAGE SALE—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of one thousand five hundred and 25-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by John A. Canfield to John Berg, bearing date the 27th day of January, 1892, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, on the 30th day of January, A. D. 1892, at 5:00 o'clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages, on page 205, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such behalf made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section seven (7), town forty-nine (49) north, range fifteen (15) west of the fourth principal meridian, in St. Louis county and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the costs of said sale, and any said premises, and twenty-five dollars, attorneys fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, in and for the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, at 2 o'clock p. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 2nd, A. D. 1893.

JOHN H. BOYLE, Attorney for Mortgagee, 401 Palladio building, Duluth, Minn. Jan. 4-11-18-25-Feb. 1-8-15

SUMMONS FOR RELIEF, COMPLAINT FILED.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss. COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, } ss. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Grace E. Pattison, William H. Pattison and Eliza Conan, Plaintiffs, vs. Phillipine Pietz, Herman R. Pietz, Elizabeth Edes, Josephine A. Carter and A. G. Wilcox, Defendants.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in First National Bank building, in city of Duluth in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated Duluth, Minnesota, December 15, 1891.

Wm. W. BILLINGS & CARL A. WILLIAMS, Plaintiff's Attorneys, Jan. 15-25-Feb. 1-8-15-22

Notice to Contractors

Sealed bids will be received by the board of education of the city of Duluth up to 8 p. m. Saturday, Feb. 8, 1893, at their office in the Central High school for the erection of a new school building, situated at the corner of Third street and Fifth avenue west in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, for a five-story house.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of Palmer &

A THEATRICAL REVIEW.

The New Empire Theater in New York
Opened with a New Society
Border Drama.

"The Span of Life," a Melodrama of the
Lurid Type, is Exciting Great
Interest.

The Story of Belasco and Fyles' First Joint
Effort—Melodrama with a Real
Novelty.

New York, Jan. 25.—When David Belasco and Henry C. de Mille formed a play-writing partnership, no one expected that the result would be particularly startling. But it was. These men, who had, when working each for himself, turned out dramatic matter of no great strength, evolved as collaborators a number of highly successful and exceptionally meritorious plays, like "The Wife," "The Cherry Girl," "The Chumley," and "Men and Women." They were not conventional, it is true, but quiet dramatic climaxes were so well worked out and the audience's interest was so well maintained that the comparative coarseness of the war was forgotten in the admiration for the delicacy of the work.



SCENE FROM "THE SPAN OF LIFE."

ration elicited by the delicacy of the work. Belasco and de Mille made money together—a great deal of it. Then they separated. Some time afterward de Mille made an adaptation—that is the fashionable term nowadays—of Ludwig Finck's play, "The Lost Paradise," which proved to be a gold mine for Manager Charles Frohman. Belasco "did over" Frohman's "Miss Helmy," which was also a success. Neither of these men, however, was so well known as the other, and it was in a greater measure than his ex-collaborator responsible for "The Wife," etc., or even that he was capable of writing an original high grade play without "suggestions" from tried successes.

Since "The Lost Paradise" de Mille has offered nothing. Neither has it been announced that he has taken unto himself a collaborator. But Belasco has found one—Franklin Fyles of the New York Sun—and the result of their joint labors was seen at the inauguration of the new Empire theater tonight in the form of a society border drama with the very suggestive and inappropriate title, "The Girl I Left Behind Me." It requires no critic to decide that the story of the play is as high as the dramatic plane as the Belasco-de Mille successes.

Kate Kennon is the daughter of the general in command of a fort in the Blackfoot country of Montana in 1880. She is to be married to Lieutenant Parlow, a sort of double distilled gold medalist, on the day following the opening of the play. Like all good heroines, she had previously loved and still loves another man, who in this case happens to be Lieutenant Hawkesworth. Hawkesworth, like his rival, is attached to the post.

For some inexplicable reason Kate neglected to discover the true condition of her heart until within twenty-four hours of the time set for her marriage to the man whom she does not love. While the guests are assembled in the general's quarters a wounded soldier bursts into the room and announces that the scouting party in command of Hawkesworth and Parlow has been ambushed. Although the cowardice of Lieutenant Parlow is intended to be accepted by the audience as the cause of the disaster, that accomplished scoundrel contrives to direct suspicion against Hawkesworth. No marriage could be properly solemnized just then, and it isn't.

Kate naturally does not believe the charge of cowardice brought against her real suitor, but she is not so sure of her own valor. This he does by going out, as the lovers usually put it, "to certain death," which, if you will observe, never comes under such circumstances. Hawkesworth's bravery takes the form of breaking through a line of redskins who are besieging the fort. It is but just to Hawkesworth to state that Kate coaxes him to do this foolish deed by whispering nice things into his ear. The rest of the main story tells itself.

There is, as a Troy boy once expressed it, "deal loads of shooting" in "The Girl I Left Behind Me," but it is never lurid. Still, without the intense drawing room flavor which pervades the piece, it would come suspiciously near the line of better class border drama. The side stories are of the usual type, but are always interesting. Matters are straightened out in the end without much trouble—as the plot is not very deep—and everybody is happy. [Curtain.]

No melodrama has created as much talk in this city since "The Dark Secret" was produced some years ago, with its tank of real, wet water, as "The Span of Life," which was brought out at the People's theater. The new play is a melodrama of the



Belasco and Fyles.
Lamprolously lurid type, but, wonderful to relate, it contains one startling novelty and another rather striking one. "The Span of Life" is the work of Sutton Vane, an English playwright, who has not yet succeeded in dethroning Henry Arthur Jones and Pinero, but who will make more

money than both of them put together if he can write low grade melodramas with such startlingly original effects as he has put into "The Span of Life."
The excuse for the human bridge which gives the piece its appropriate and catchy name is furnished in this way: The heroine is endeavoring to escape from the villain. Her route leads across a little bridge over the King chasm in Zambesia, Africa. The bad man, in order that the scene shall make a bit, has cut away this frail support, and the heroine is about to give up in despair when her servants, who were once known to fame and the footlights as the Elsie Trio, throw themselves across the chasm, thus improvising a living bridge, to the further side of which the heroine crosses in safety—with a big, big S.

The other great scene of "The Span of Life" is where the hero, in order to foil the villain—which, by the way, is what every body in the play except the villain himself is engaged in doing—climbs the lighthouse and kicks the bell with his boot, thus summoning aid. Even the facility in "The Span of Life" is of an original type. When the fellow who makes things lively—in these words, the villain—becomes desirous of sending his half brother "to that bourne," etc., he doesn't knife him in the ordinary way. Instead he climbs the grape arbor and gives one particularly luscious bunch of the fruit several hypodermic injections of morphine. He feels certain that his good brother will pluck this particular bunch, but it is asking too much of the hero to expect him to die in the first act, and so a little boy cuts the grapes.
Eleonora Duse made her first appearance in the United States at the Fifth Avenue theater Monday evening in "Camille." There was a very large audience despite

new play, "A Social Swim," which was brought out at McVicker's, is fairly good, but by no means startling. While it will serve as a pleasant vehicle with which the star may vary her bill at times, it will scarcely enhance the reputation of the author of "Heau Drummel."



Recovers His Speech.
Alphonse Hempling, of Summit township, Butler county, Penn., made an affidavit that his 12-year-old son, who had St. Vitus dance for twelve years, lost his speech, was completely cured after using three bottles of Dr. Miller's Restorative Nerve and also recovered his speech. Thousands testify to wonderful cures from using it for nervous diseases, dyspepsia, nervous debility, dizziness, confusion of mind, headache, etc. Four doses of this nerve cure Mrs. W. E. Burns, South Bend, Ind., who had been suffering with constant headache for three months. Trial bottle and elegant book free at all druggists.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.
The Highland electric cars are running regularly from the head of the incline through the prettiest tract of land at the head of the lakes.

Offices For Rent.
Elegant ground floor offices for rent in the new Herald building, 220 West Superior street. Ready for occupancy Feb. 1. Inquire at Herald office in Henderson block, Fifth avenue west and Superior street.

\$200 to \$1000 loans wanted; rates 7 and 8 per cent. Geo. P. Tvedt, 120 Chamber of Commerce.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.
I hereby announce myself a candidate for alderman of the Third ward.
Geo. DINWOODIE.

Geo. Dinwoodie, 208 West Superior street. Best coal, lowest prices, promptest delivery.

For Sale.
Hotel and fixtures at Mountain Iron, doing paying business. Satisfactory reasons for desiring to sell. Inquire, STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK, Duluth.

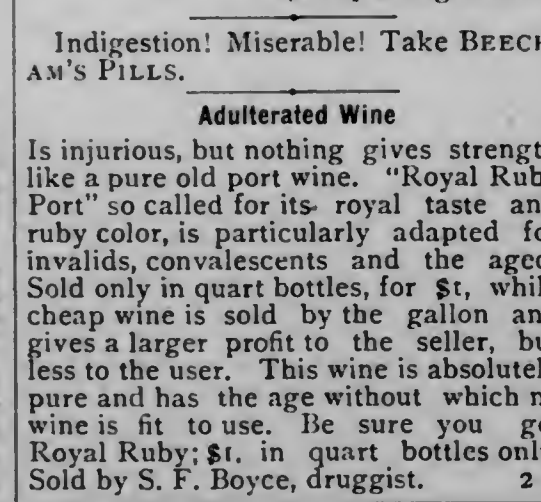
Something of Interest.
The St. Paul & Duluth R. R. is the short line to all California and Southern points. All information regarding this trip cheerfully given.
428 Spaulding hotel.

Winter Tourist Rates.
Are now in effect via the "St. Paul & Duluth R. R." to principal resorts in Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas, California and Mexico, including Jacksonville, St. Augustine, Indian River points in Florida, Galveston and Houston, Texas, Los Angeles, San Diego and San Francisco, Cal., at lowest rates, with choice of variable routes. For particulars and rates, call at City Ticket Office, 428 West Superior street.

Offices For Rent.
Elegant ground floor offices for rent in the new Herald building, 220 West Superior street. Ready for occupancy Feb. 1. Inquire at Herald office in Henderson block, Fifth avenue west and Superior street.

The Only Line That Does It.
The St. Paul & Duluth Short line runs three daily trains between Duluth, St. Paul and Minneapolis and Chicago, making direct connections for all points in the East and South, Southern Florida and California. This is the only line that can give you this service and no one will question it. For reliable information and sleeping car reservations call on Northern Passenger Agent, 428 Spaulding hotel.

Indigestion? Miserable! Take BEECHAM'S PILLS.
Adulterated Wine.
Is injurious, but nothing gives strength like a pure old port wine. "Royal Ruby Port" so called for its royal taste and ruby color, is particularly adapted for invalids, convalescents and the aged. Sold only in quart bottles, for \$1, while cheap wine is sold by the gallon and gives a larger profit to the seller, but less to the user. This wine is absolutely pure and has the age without which no wine is fit to use. Be sure you get Royal Ruby; \$1, in quart bottles only. Sold by S. F. Boyce, druggist.



AT BEDTIME I TAKE A PLEASANT PHERS DRINK.
THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND MY DOCTOR SAYS I AM FULLY RECOVERED. My doctor says it is only on the stomach, liver and bowels, and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea.
ANNE'S MEDICINE.
All the family ailments which this medicine cures, and is a pleasant laxative. For a free sample, send a card to the publisher, each day in order to be healthy this medicine is necessary.
Address: CHICAGO, R. F. WOODWARD, Le Roy, N. Y.

MEMBERS
Duluth Jobbers
UNION.

DULUTH SHOE CO., Manufacturers and Jobbers, Boots and Shoes.	GILL & WRIGHT, Duluth Roller Mills, "Gill & Bee" Flour.
DULUTH DRY GOODS CO., Wholesale Dry Goods, Manufacturers Men's Furnishing Goods.	QUINBY & OMEIS, Builders and Cut Stone Contractors, and Shippers of Stone.
DULUTH & SUPERIOR FIDELITY CO., Manufacturers and Jobbers, Mattresses, Pillows and Bedding Material.	PIONEER LUMBER CO., Shippers and Jobbers, Hard and Soft Coal, Wood and Coke.
CHAPIN-WELLS HARDWARE CO., Wholesale Heavy and Shelf Hardware, Lumbermen and Builders' Supplies.	NORTHWESTERN LUMBER CO., Shippers and Jobbers, Anthracite and Bituminous Coals.
J. J. & R. A. COSTELLO, Wholesale Heavy and Shelf Hardware, Lumbermen and Builders' Supplies.	NATIONAL IRON WORKS, Machinists and Founders, Engines, Pumps and Mining Machinery.
CRANE-ORDEAN CO., Wholesale Dry Goods, Steam, Gas and Water Goods.	IRONTON STRUCTURAL STEEL CO., Builders and Bridge Materials.
PHENIX ELECTRIC CO., Manufacturers and Jobbers of Electrical Supplies.	DULUTH MANUFACTURING CO., Manufacturers of Freight Cars, Cattle, Merchants Bar Iron, Forgings.
WELLS-STONE MERCHANTILE CO., Importers and Wholesale Grocers.	MARINETTE IRON WORKS, Machinists and Founders, Steam Engines.
STONE-ORDEAN CO., Importers and Wholesale Grocers.	CLYDE IRON WORKS, Machinists and Founders, Marine Supplies.
KELLY ROESON & CO., Wholesale Groceries and Produce.	CRAWFORD STEAM ENGINE WORKS, Manufacturers Steam Engines, Pumps.
SMITH & COUTLER SPICE CO., Wholesale of Coffee and Manufacturers of Baking Powder, Extracts and Spice.	DULUTH BOILER WORKS, Manufacturers Stationary and Marine Boilers, Iron Tanks.
J. S. SHINNERS & CO., Manufacturers and Jobbers, Confectionery.	PEYTON, KIMBALL & BARBER, Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.
T. B. HAWKES & CO., Wholesale Grain, Hay and Flour.	DUNCAN BREWER & CO., Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.
CULVER BROS., Wholesale Grain and Hay, Storage.	C. B. WOODRUFF, Wholesale and Retail Lumber, Lath and Shingles.
MESSICK & MACAULEY, Wholesale Commission, Butter, Eggs and Country Produce.	MESABA LUMBER CO., Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.
FITGER & CO., Butters, The Trade and Families Supplied.	HOWE LUMBER CO.—Tower, Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.
HELLER & LOEB, Importers and Wholesale Wine and Liquor Merchants.	MITCHELL & MCCLURE, Manufacturers Lumber.
CALIFORNIA WINE HOUSE, Wholesale Wines, Liquors, Etc.	SCOTT & HOLSTON LUMBER CO., Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.
SCHULZ BROS., Leather and Shoe Findings, Manufacturers of Boot and Shoe Uppers.	HOWARD LUMBER CO., Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.
E. WIELAND, Harness Leather & Specialty.	RICHARDS LUMBER CO., Manufacturers Lumber.

"A BRIGHT HOME MAKES A MERRY
HEART." JOY TRAVELS ALONG WITH
SAPOLIOMEMBERS OF THE
DULUTH CLEARING HOUSE ASSOCIATION

	CAPITAL	SURPLUS
First National Bank	\$1,000,000	\$200,000
American Exchange Bank	500,000	30,000
Marine National Bank	250,000	20,000
National Bank of Commerce	200,000	21,000
State Bank of Duluth	100,000	40,000
Security Bank of Duluth	100,000	35,000
Iron Exchange Bank	100,000	

Hartman General Electric Company

ARE PREPARED TO
Furnish Electric Current
For Arc and Incandescent Light
And Motor Service.
GENERAL OFFICE: ROOM 3, EXCHANGE BUILDING.
Station A, Foot of Fifth Ave. East. Station B, 126 West Michigan Street.

LOANS PLACED WITHOUT DELAY
ON FIRST MORTGAGE SECURITIES.
MENDENHALL & HOOPES
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
HOUSES TO RENT.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Notice of Election

Office of City Clerk,
Duluth, Minn., Jan. 15th, 1893.
Notice is hereby given that the annual general municipal election of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, for the election of the following named city officers will take place on

Tuesday, the 7th day of February, 1893.

Officers to be Chosen.

City Comptroller.
City Treasurer.
One alderman for the First ward.
One alderman for the Second ward.
One alderman for the Third ward.
One alderman for the Fourth ward.
One alderman for the Fifth ward.
Two aldermen for the Seventh ward, one to serve one year and one to serve two years.

The polls will be opened at six o'clock in the morning and kept open without interruption or adjournment until seven o'clock in the evening.

The following named persons and places have been appointed and designated to serve as judges of election and polling places respectively, in each of the several polling precincts of the city of Duluth, to-wit:

First Ward.

First precinct—Judges of election: Olaf Dahl, E. Berrin, E. Wollin.
Polling place—Hanson's store, 235 Lake avenue south.
Second precinct—Judges of election: James Brown, Theodore Elden, Smith Seales.
Polling place—No. 34 Lake avenue south.
Third precinct—Judges of election: James Prior, John Meers, Alex. Shaw.
Polling place—Ferry house south of canal.

Second Ward.

First precinct—Judges of election: A. C. Barlow, John H. La Vague, H. E. Mitchell.
Polling place—Equine house No. 4.
Second precinct—Judges of election: Thomas Clark, John W. Miller, W. M. Barnett.
Polling place—Hunter's Park station.
Third precinct—Judges of election: Jolp Bell, E. C. Holliday, Chas. S. Hazen.
Polling place—Street car barn, Twentieth avenue east.

Third Ward.

First precinct—Judges of election: Chas. McKay, W. W. Davis, A. T. Scarlett.
Polling place—Police headquarters.
Second precinct—Judges of election: Wallace Warner, Coby Smith, G. T. Johns.
Polling place—City building, Sixth avenue east.
Third precinct—Judges of election: John C. Johnson, J. Cameron, J. A. Coffey.
Polling place—804 East Second street.
Fourth precinct—Judges of election: E. Appleblom, P. A. Grunson, Alvin Bremer.
Polling place—No. 420 Fifth avenue east.
Fifth precinct—Judges of election: Sverre Olson, L. H. Whipple, Paul F. E. Weland.
Polling place—No. 304 Second avenue east.

Fourth Ward.

First precinct—Judges of election: H. A. Douglas, G. H. McCallum, Hiram Parsons.
Polling place—No. 32 West First street.
Second precinct—Judges of election: S. C. McQuade, J. H. Baker, Charles E. B. Allen.
Polling place—No. 215 West Michigan street.
Third precinct—Judges of election: John A. Van Dyck, William Kaiser, P. Hamme.
Polling place—No. 608 West Superior street.
Fourth precinct—Judges of election: H. C. Osterhout, D. S. Blanchard, Thomas McLaughlin.
Polling place—No. 1127 West Michigan street.
Fifth precinct—Judges of election: A. L. Hudson, Anton Ringer, Bert Johnson.
Polling place—No. 109 West Fourth street.
Sixth precinct—Judges of election: Geo. W. Orchard, S. M. Peltor, J. R. Henderson.
Polling place—No. 802 West Fifth street.

Fifth Ward.

First precinct—Judges of election: Alex. Kennedy, S. G. Green, C. A. Carlson.
Polling place—No. 100 West Superior street.
Second precinct—Judges of election: A. S. Swirling, Geo. W. McDams, L. K. McChesney.
Polling place—No. 636 Garfield avenue.
Third precinct—Judges of election: L. A. Gauderson, A. O. Ayres, John Beckman.
Polling place—No. 1922 West Michigan street.

Sixth Ward.

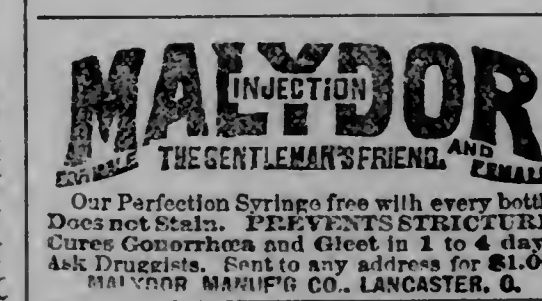
First precinct—Judges of election: E. S. Brown, J. J. Crowley, A. F. Swanstrom, Jr.
Polling place—No. 2222 West Michigan street.
Second precinct—Judges of election: Henry Haskins, A. N. Hopkins, J. W. Allen.
Polling place—Corner Twenty-fifth avenue west and Superior street.

Seventh Ward.

First precinct—Judges of election: Cutler J. Hamblin, Geo. W. Wheeler, James Lloyd.
Polling place—City hall, Lakeview.
The board of registry will meet at the polling places in the several polling precincts on Tuesday January 11, 1893, from 9 o'clock a. m. to 9 o'clock p. m., on Tuesday January 11th, 1893, from 9 o'clock a. m. to 9 o'clock p. m., and on Tuesday January 12th, 1893, from 12 o'clock m. to 9 o'clock p. m. to register voters and revise the list.

FRANK BURR, JR.,
City Clerk,
Duluth, Minn.

{Corporate seal.
Jan. 12 to Feb. 6, 1893.



THE GENTLEMAN'S FRIEND

Our Perfected Syringe free with every bottle. Does not stain. PREPARED BY THE GENTLEMAN'S FRIEND CO., Cures Gonorrhea and effects in 1 to 4 days. Ask Druggists. Send to any address for \$1.00. MALINDOR MANUFACTURING CO., LANCASTER, G.

NORTHWESTERN NATIONAL

Bichloride of Gold Co.,

Dr. H. O. Rockwell, Residing Physician,
Rooms 616-617 Chamber of Commerce Building.

Use the Celebrated Dr. Mark M. Thompson Bichloride of Gold Remedies.

What We Will Do.

We Replace Slavery With Freedom.

In the case of anyone who really desires to quit the use of Alcohol, Tobacco and Opium, we absolutely cure the disease which creates the appetite.

No Time Lost From Business,
No Injurious Effects,
No Restriction of Liberty.

Treatment given at the office of the company. All appetite for narcotics completely and permanently eradicated from the system in from three to four weeks' treatment.

Strongly endorsed as the most scientific yet discovered by Miss Francis E. Willard, Bishop Fallows, John V. Farwell and the press and clergy everywhere.

Write for circulars. All communications are treated in strictest confidence.

Address— SECRETARY NATIONAL
NORTHWESTERN NATIONAL
BICHLORIDE OF GOLD
COMPANY,
Room 616 Chamber of Commerce Bldg., Duluth.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TENTH YEAR.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1893.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION

THREE CENTS

SMITH, FARWELL & STEELE COMPANY.

The great object of advertising is not only

To Gain Custom, BUT To Keep Custom

A merchant should always be able to **Back Up** and **Make Good** every public announcement. An advertised specialty at a low price **Indicates** but does not **Guarantee** that everything else sold is a **Bargain**. Give careful consideration as well to articles which are not advertised. It is there you will find proof of the genuineness of our bargain declarations.

We Exhibit

In our mammoth warerooms, an assortment of

**Carpets,
Furniture,
Crockery,
And Other
House Furnishing Goods**

Not Duplicated at the Head of the Lakes.

We Sell on Easy Payments When Desired.

Do you need accommodation? Have you given this method of our business your consideration? It is honorable. It is just and equitable. Our books contain the names of the best citizens of Duluth, who have availed themselves of its advantages. We ask a payment of \$5.00 on \$25.00 Bought, 8.00 on 40.00 Bought, 10.00 on 50.00 Bought, 20.00 on 100.00 Bought. NO INTEREST CHARGED!

We Quote
The Lowest
Living Prices.

Smith,
Farwell &
Steele Co.,
DULUTH.

Fine Sleighs and Cutters!

RUSSIAN AND PORTLANDS, TWO-SEATERS AND SINGLES.

REMOVED TO 418-418 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

M. W. TURNER.

PLACE YOUR FIRE INSURANCE

WITH HARRY. D. PEARSON

BEFORE YOU ARE "ROASTED" OUT.

305 Burrows' Building.

FURNITURE

If you are in need of Furniture of any kind—a Parlor or Bed Room Suite, a Lounge or Couch, Tables or Chairs, Springs or Mattresses, Pillows or Quilts, or anything usually kept in a Furniture Store—and don't visit

BAYHA & CO.

You will miss it. Goods sold on Easy Payment Plan.

No. 108 and 110 First Avenue west, above First street.
N. B. Proprietor of the City Carpet Cleaning Works.

Blank Books!

You should have
Just what you want
And you can find it at

CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR'S BOOKSTORE.

JUST SEE OUR EXCLUSIVE SPECIALS:

THE PATEK-PHILIPPE WATCH,
DULUTH HARBOR SPOONS AND TRAYS,
WHALEBACK TRAYS, ETC., ETC.

J. M. GEIST, Jeweler, The Leading House.

SOLE AGENTS



HATS.

Cate & Clarke's,

333 SUPERIOR STREET WEST.

**UNDERWEAR,
HOSIERY,
NECKWEAR,**

AT

ON ANTI-OPTION

The Washburn-Hatch Measure Reached the House Today But Its Consideration Has Been Deferred.

Mr. Hatch Moved At Once to Non-Concur in the Amendments and Arrange a Conference.

The Opposition Raised a Point of Order That It Must Be Considered in Committee.

Speaker Crisp Would Not Decide the Point Without Consideration and Reserved His Decision Until Tomorrow.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The anti-option bill with senate amendments having been laid before the house, Mr. Hatch moved that the house non-concur in the amendments and agree to the request of the senate for a conference. Mr. Byrum raised the point of order that the amendments must be considered in committee of the whole.

The house discussed for a time the point of order, the amendments to the anti-option bill must first be considered in committee of the whole. The speaker then reserved his decision upon the point of order until tomorrow.

The fight over anti-option bill started immediately after the house had been called to order. Each side had met before 12 o'clock to outline its plan of action. Mr. Hatch and his fellow members on the committee on agriculture held a committee meeting at which the plan of procedure with the bill was discussed, and it was finally decided to move to non-concur in the senate amendments and endeavor to send the bill to conference as quickly as possible, for an agreement between two houses on the amendments made by the senate. It was decided to send the bill to conference direct from the speaker's table.

The plan of the opposition, to move a reference of the bill to the ways and means committee, was discussed, and Mr. Hatch was instructed, in case this motion should prevail, to call the bill up next Monday in the house and endeavor to pass it under suspension of the rules by a two-thirds vote. The opposition did not meet formally, but conferred together and decided to make an effort to send the bill to committee of the whole, and then, if successful, to endeavor to send it to the committee on rules.

PEOPLE DON'T LIKE 'EM.

The Columbian Postage Stamps Are a Discount.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The big porous plaster Columbian stamps, although only a month on the market, have already worn out their welcome, and reports from the principal postoffices of the country indicate a large falling off in their demand and a proportionate request for the old-style stamps.

Inquiries in New York, Philadelphia and other large cities, moreover, indicate a general consensus of opinion, especially on the part of large business houses, that the stamps are too large, and that where there is a quantity of correspondence to be mailed the amount of time occupied in affixing them to the letters cuts something of a figure.

Another objection is found in the fact that their size makes it difficult to wet them in the old-fashioned way, and any one who will try the experiment of sticking a dozen of them will find that the contract necessitates his "wetting his whistle." Hence the fact that the public are returning to the old stamp.

WRECK OF A FREIGHT TRAIN.

Three Men Were Injured and One Probably Fatally.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 2.—The Chicago limited on the Fort Wayne road collided with a freight train at Londonville 157 miles west of Pittsburgh, at 3 o'clock this morning. The engineer and the fireman of the freight train and an electrician in the employ of the company were injured but reports say that the passengers escaped. The engineer may die.

The Hawaii Commission.

CHICAGO, Feb. 2.—The Hawaiian commission to the United States, comprising Messrs. Loring A. Thurston, chairman; William R. Castle, Charles L. Carter, Joseph Marsden and W. C. Wilder, arrived in Chicago on the overland flyer of the Northwestern railroad at 11:30 this morning.

Beatty Found Guilty.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 2.—The jury in the case of Robert J. Beatty, charged with being an accomplice in the Home-Steak poisoning cases, brought in a verdict at 11:15 o'clock this morning of guilty on all the six indictments. The jury was out only sixteen minutes.

New Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 2.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate: Postmasters—Minnesota: Justin Pickett, Fergus Falls; Wisconsin: N. L. Lawrence, New Lisbon.

Assistant to Hay.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—District Attorney Hay has recommended the appointment of J. B. Stryker as assistant attorney, to succeed Edgerton, resigned. Mr. Stryker is a Democrat and there is no doubt but that he will be appointed.

THE SHERMAN SILVER LAW.

Cleveland is Anxious That It Should Be Repealed.

New York, Feb. 2.—"To repeal the Sherman silver law is the great necessity of the hour," said Mr. Cleveland last evening. "While I am naturally averse to being interviewed, my conviction on this subject is so deep and my feelings concerning it are so strong that I am willing you should quote what I say. Possibly this direct, and authorized expression from me will encourage our Republican friends in congress to stand out against repeal, but I hope not. This is not a party question, and should be considered from the standpoint of the common good, and not from that of party advantage."

A Washington special says that Don M. Dickinson is in Washington in the interest of Cleveland, and as his lieutenant is telling Democratic members of congress that unless the Sherman law is repealed at this session he will be forced to call an extra session. He also declares that, if obliged to call an extra session, he will not consider the patronage question until it is over. This message from the president-elect is having an effect on those opposing the Sherman law.

A poll of the senate made by Senator Sherman, however, shows that the Sherman law cannot be repealed this session. Cleveland will now be obliged to carry out his threat of calling an extra session.

THURSTON NOMINATED.

Some Progress Made in the Nebraska Senatorial Fight.

LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 2.—The Republican caucus last night nominated John M. Thurston on the twenty-ninth ballot. The scene in the rotunda of the Hotel Lincoln when the news was announced was an animated one. The Thurston boomers were wild with delight, and the Paddock supporters were crestfallen. The Populist leaders held a meeting last evening, and John Powers was roundly scored for not giving Green his support. Powers is in the sulks because the Populists did not stay by him.

It is announced today that thirteen Democrats will vote for Greene. If this is true he will lack but three votes of election and it is within the power of Powers to give him the three votes.

BIG INCREASE IN BUSINESS.

The Diamond Match Company Made a Good Showing for Last Year.

CHICAGO, Feb. 2.—The Diamond Match company held a meeting in the Pullman building yesterday and increased its capital stock \$500,000 to \$5,000,000.

Officers were elected as follows: President, A. C. Barber; vice president, W. H. Moore; second vice president, J. H. Moore; treasurer, J. K. Robinson; secretary, H. C. Crandall; directors, A. C. Barber, W. H. Moore, J. K. Robinson, James Hopkins and George T. Smith.

The president in his report said that the earnings of the company for 1892 were 31 per cent in excess of the earnings for 1891.

THE BELKNAP LOST.

An American Vessel Goes Down in the China Sea, But the Crew Saved.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 2.—The American ship Robert L. Belknap, which left Yokohama Nov. 29 for Mingo and left the latter port about Dec. 16 for New York, met with disaster near the Natunas group of islands, off the northwest coast of Borneo, in the China sea.

The vessel and cargo were totally lost, but all the persons on board are supposed to have been saved. Boats containing twenty persons from the ship have arrived at Singapore. Capt. Staples was master of the vessel.

A Section Struck Out.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The senate committee on interstate commerce although it had previously reported the house bill to amend the interstate commerce act, yesterday heard W. J. Sewell, of the Pennsylvania company, who made an argument in favor of striking out the second section of the bill. The committee decided to strike out the entire section. It regulated the transportation of loaded cars tendered by one line to another and the charges to be made for hauling this class of freight.

For the Inauguration.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—In the senate the vice president announced the appointment of Messrs. Teller, Republican, of Colorado; Ransom, Democrat, and McPherson, Democrat, of New Jersey, as the committee to make the necessary arrangements for the inauguration of the president elect on March 4 next.

Arrested For Embezzlement.

CHICAGO, Feb. 2.—Isaac N. Fairchild, charged with embezzling \$4000 from the Northern Pacific road, was arrested at the Newport hotel on Monroe street yesterday. When arrested he made a full confession. No money except a 25 cent piece was found on his person, and he refused to say anything about the \$4000. He was taken to St. Paul.

Colorado Miners on a Strike.

RICO, Col., Feb. 2.—Nearly all the mines in this district closed down yesterday. 600 union miners going on a strike against a reduction in wages to \$3 per day. No violence has been used so far but threats are made against any who may attempt to work.

Compulsory Law Repealed.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 2.—The house of representatives of the Illinois legislature yesterday passed the bill repealing the compulsory school law by a vote of 115 yeas to 11 nays. Many Republicans voted for the repeal. The senate unanimously adopted a similar bill.

Spooner for the Bench.

MILWAUKEE, Feb. 2.—It is stated here that Henry C. Payne has received a telegram indicating that ex-Senator John C. Spooner may be appointed associate justice of the United States supreme court to succeed Lamar.

HUMAN FLESH

Starving Sailors on Board Ship Thekla Tell a Story of Suffering.

Three of Them Strangled a Companion and Then Cut His Body Into Raw Strips.

For Sixteen Days They Subsisted Entirely Upon Their Comrade's Body But Saved Their Lives.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 2.—For sixteen days the three sailors rescued from the Norwegian ship Thekla subsisted on human flesh. The three strangled a fourth companion and lived on raw strips of meat cut from his body. From the time of their rescue till yesterday they have been insane from their sufferings in the rigging of the foundering ship.

Two of them recovered sufficiently to tell the story yesterday of the Thekla's voyage. The Thekla was in heavy weather, they say, from Dec. 2, when she left Philadelphia. Her decks were flooded almost constantly, deck houses and rails were swept away and the steering apparatus was broken.

When it was found that there was no hope of bringing the ship into port, the master, mate and eight seamen got away in a boat. The other boats had been smashed by the waves before they could be lowered. Nine men were obliged to remain in the rigging. They were unable to get food from below, and five of them, made insane by exposure and privation, jumped overboard.

The other four remained aboard from December 22 to January 7, the day of the rescue. On the thirteenth day lots were drawn to determine which one of the four should be killed and eaten. The lot fell twice in succession to a Dutch sailor, and he was strangled and devoured raw by the other three. The only drinking water they got was the dew they licked from the ropes.

CARS BLOWN INTO ATOMS

Two Freight Trains Collided in Ohio Exploding Gunpowder and Blowing Three Cars to Pieces.

STRYKER, O., Feb. 2.—Two freight trains collided and caused an explosion of two carloads of powder and blew a caboose and three cars into atoms, and hardly damaged an engine. There was no loss of life.

The accident occurred on the Lake Shore railroad. The ground is covered for acres with powder cans and wreckage. Pieces of timber were blown half a mile away. A heavy snow was falling at the time and the trainmen on the local did not see the flagman.

CANADIAN PACIFIC OFFICIALS.

President Van Horne and Several Associates Are in the City.

A special train, consisting of one private coach, arrived here over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway about noon. The gentlemen on board were Gen. Saml. Thomas, of New York, president of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway; W. C. Van Horne, of Montreal, president of the Canadian Pacific railway; T. G. Shaughnessy, of Montreal, vice president of the Canadian Pacific; and W. F. Fitch, general manager of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, from Marquette.

They are here to look over the situation at the head of the lake and to note the improvements in the company terminals and make arrangements for such others as may be necessary.

THE MISSABE ROAD WAR.

Meeting of the Directors Today But Nothing Given to the Public.

A St. Paul dispatch to The Herald today says: "An effort is being made to settle the Brown injunction case against the Missabe railroad outside of court."

The directors of the company have been in session in Duluth all day, but refuse to give out anything. Capt. McDougall was closeted with them for some time. They refused to deny or affirm the report about organization of an independent company to build the line from Stony Brook Junction to Duluth.

Steel Barge Officials.

Gen. Barlow, C. W. Wetmore, of New York; H. D. Stone, of St. Paul, and a lot of American Steel Barge officials are here today adjusting the "finalities" of the agreement with the Duluth, Missabe & Northern people. They are looking over the terminals selected in Marine division this afternoon.

To Take Warren's Testimony.

In the Warren case this morning Attorney Reddington in behalf of the Bishop Iron company filed a cross interrogatory to be propounded to J. H. Warren in San Francisco. Register Nichols issued an order that thirty days from the time of granting the allowance of a commissioner to take the testimony of J. H. Warren be allowed for the return of the testimony to the United States land office at Duluth and at the expiration of that time the case be considered closed.

Meining Still in It.

Yesterday The Herald contained an announcement that J. R. Meining had withdrawn from the aldermanic race in the Third ward. That item of news was received in good faith from one whom it was supposed to be reliable. It was spoken. It has turned out that the statement was made without due foundation and The Herald willingly corrects it.

TO LICENSE TELEGRAPHERS.

A Bill That Will Interest the Train Dispatchers.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 2.—A bill which will very greatly interest the electricians and telegraphers, has been introduced in the legislature by A. C. Fray, of Hennepin. It is entitled a bill to regulate telegraph offices and instruments, but is really a bill to establish a new state office to be known as the examiner of telegraphs. It is made the duty of the governor to appoint the examiner within ten days after the passage of the act, and the examiner is to have a room for his use in the capitol set apart by the governor.

No person shall be eligible for appointment to the office who is connected with the manufacture of any telegraph instruments or patents used in connection. The salary of the examiner is fixed at \$500 per annum, and he may have an assistant at \$200 per year.

The examiner and assistant shall examine applicants for telegraphers and train dispatchers, who may be examined under oath, touching their qualifications to act as telegraphers and dispatchers. The examiner and assistant are to condemn any deemed defective. Two grades of certificates of license are established—one for telegraphers and one for train dispatchers, and no person shall act as either without being so licensed. But an affidavit and employer's certificate of service for one year shall entitle the applicant to license without examination on payment of the fee, which is fixed at \$3 for the first license and \$1 annually thereafter. Companies and individuals are forbidden to employ any unlicensed operator, and all employers of operators must file with the examiner a list of operators and correct it monthly.

Infringements of the statute are misdemeanors, and punished with fine, not less than \$10, nor more than \$100, and imprisonment in default of payment for ninety days. Justices of the peace and municipal courts of the state are given jurisdiction in the cases.

THE BRIBERY STORY DENIED.

Col. Thompson Says no Congressman Was Bribed by the Panama People.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Feb. 2.—Col. Richard W. Thompson, ex-secretary of the navy and president of the American branch of the Panama Canal company, has made public a statement regarding the Panama canal scandal and the charge of Charles De Lesseps that money was used to bribe American congressmen.

"I can truthfully say," said Col. Thompson, "that I never spoke a single word outside of the committee room to any congressman on the subject of the Panama canal. I know nothing of the bribery of any congressman, big or little, and know of no occasion or reason why any congressman should have been bribed. The only occasion for any bribery, if there was such a thing as bribery, was when the Crapo resolution was up in the early part of 1881. Of course if that had passed that would have been the end of the canal, for the reason it declared it to be the duty of us to resist the proposed construction of the canal under the auspices of a foreign power. That was the only occasion for bribery that I can see, and it is certain that there was no bribery at that time, nor at any other time, so far as I am aware."

Col. Thompson said further: "The evidence of Charles De Lesseps, as I have read it, said that 12,000,000 francs had been placed to the credit of the American committee, and that it had spent this money so well that the French considered they could have safely entrusted a much larger sum to the American committee. Now, I have to say this, that I solemnly asseverate with all the vigor and strength that I possess that no trust was ever more faithfully and honestly executed by any set of men than this one."

"Is the sum named by Charles De Lesseps as having been placed to the credit of the American committee stated right?"

"I cannot say. The books, I presume, will show as to that."

Col. Thompson will go to Washington next Monday to appear before the Panama investigating committee.

GLEASON'S SCHOOL MA'AMS GO.

Another Sensational Turn to the Long Island City Mayoralty War.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—Much excitement prevails among the teachers in the Long Island City public schools.

Twenty-eight have been suspended by Superintendent Sheldon in pursuance of a resolution adopted by the Sanford board of education to the effect that all teachers not having a legal diploma should be suspended, pending an examination. Twenty of the twenty-eight teachers suspended are graduates from the high school, and have high school diplomas. The parents of all the dismissed teachers are known to be friendly to ex-Mayor Gleason, and this suspension is regarded by them and their friends as but the beginning of a general weeding out of all the Gleason employees of the city.

A TERRIBLE DISASTER.

Explosion in a Mine and Several Killed and Many Injured.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 2.—A report has just reached Pittsburg of a terrible mine disaster at Port Royal on the B. & O. railroad five miles from West Newton. The explosion occurred in the pits of the Royal Coal and Coke company and it is said several were killed and many injured.

The Fort Ripley Appraisers.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—Senators Washburn and Davis have recommended the appointment of Alvah Eastman, of St. Cloud; A. N. Dare, of Elk River, and Oscar Cutter, of Anoka, as a commission to reappraise the Fort Ripley reservation in Minnesota.

Additional dispatches on page 3.

A MASS OF VERBAGE.

The Irish National League of America Declares the Gladstone Home Rule Bill is Unsatisfactory.

Even Should the Bill Pass, it Would Only Place Ireland on a Still Lower Level.

Policy of Conciliation Has Been Advised Until Patience Has Ceased to be a Virtue.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—An address has been issued "to the Irish people" by the Irish National League of America. It is signed by the president, secretary and treasurer of the league. The address in part is as follows:

The great British statesman, the Right Hon. William E. Gladstone, will within the next few days introduce in the British parliament a home rule measure for Ireland. We have carefully studied the provisions, and are of the opinion that the measure is a mere mass of legal verbiage intended to give no satisfaction to any party. Even should the bill pass it would only place Ireland on a still lower level.

We stand today at the parting of the ways between resistance and conciliation. We have advised the latter until patience has ceased to be a virtue and further temporizing has become a crime. We advise the formation of clubs wherever there are Irishmen honestly desirous of improving the condition of Ireland. We call on you to join with us so that we may be able to round out the century by the fulfillment of our hopes.

Following is the circular in full as sent out by the officers of the Irish National League of America:

Irishmen: The supreme moment has arrived in the history of our country and we feel in such a crisis silence on our part would be criminal. The great British statesman, Rt. Hon. William Ewart Gladstone will within the next few days introduce in the British parliament a home rule measure for Ireland. The character of this measure we now know. We have carefully studied its provisions and we have arrived at our conclusions regarding it.

We are of the opinion that the measure is a mere mass of legal verbiage, intended to give no satisfaction to any party. We believe that even its promoters do not hope to get it through parliament and that it is designed for an excuse for shelving the Irish question. Gladstone will have done his best, and the Irish must be content to remain in slavery. Even should the bill pass, it would only place Ireland on a still lower level. There would be a make-believe parliament, entirely at the mercy of an English official with practically unlimited powers. The lord lieutenant would be to all intents an absolute ruler over a miserable crown colony. He would have his soldiers and his armed constabulary to enforce his wishes, and the parliament would be a nullity. The measure is a remarkable feat for its provisions concerning what the proposed parliament shall not do than for any powers it confers on an Irish legislature.

So hedged in is it with conditions that it falls short of even the measure of 1886. The Irish legislators 'provided' for would be legislators merely in name, without power to interfere in the matters most concerning their country. They might not even raise one penny for the purpose whatsoever, except in pursuance of instructions from their majesty; that is to say, from whatever English party happened to be in office. All sources of revenue would still remain in the hands of the imperial government, the constabulary would continue a crown force and the judges would be the puppets of the viceroy. Ireland cannot prosper as a mere agricultural country, and a parliament without the power to build up its trade would be worse than useless. The proposed parliament would have no such powers, would not be able to protect even the least of her interests. Any legislation whatsoever affecting the land question would be beyond its reach for years to come, and even in the matter of quarantine it would be forewarned to say whether or not Ireland should be a sort of British lazaretto.

With the consent of the lord lieutenant the parliament of Dublin might build a bridge, construct a road, reclaim a bog or legislate concerning gas, water and electricity, but that all. Have Irishmen fallen so low that they will accept such a measure as this from England? We think not. We believe that the national spirit is immortal and that our people will refuse to barter their nationhood. Strong in this belief and full of hope in the future of our country, we declare that the home rule proposals of Mr. Gladstone are inadequate and that the principle of independence only will satisfy the Irish people. We stand today at the parting of the ways—between resistance and conciliation. We have advised the latter until patience has ceased to be a virtue and further temporizing has become a crime. We call for an expression of the opinion of all Irishmen who remain true to their tradition as to the course we should pursue at this juncture.

We advise the formation of clubs wherever there are Irishmen honestly desirous of improving the condition of Ireland. Even those who are the most inclined to underrate the resources of our race must recognize that four scattered people could be welded into one homogeneous mass, working for Ireland's redemption, the task would be easy of accomplishment. To achieve this grand result is the goal of our ambition, and we call on you to join with us, so that we may be able to round out the century by the fulfillment of our hopes.

M. V. GANNON, Omaha, Neb., Pres.
JOHN F. SUTTON, Lincoln, Neb., Sec.
WILLIAM LYMAN, New York, Treas.

Blaze in a Foundry.

TYRONE, Pa., Feb. 2.—A fire of supposed incendiary origin occurred at 1 o'clock yesterday morning in the foundry and machine shops of Austin Bros. & Porter. The loss is \$25,000; insurance, \$60,000.

HORRIBLE FATE OF A NEGRO.

Saved From One Mob Only to Meet Death From Another.

TEXARKANA, Ark., Feb. 2.—The guards having in charge Henry Smith, the negro rapist, arrived with their prisoner from Hope, Ark., at 8 o'clock yesterday morning. A mob of 2000 met them at the railway station.

The guards surrounded Smith and forced a passage to a train in waiting to convey them to Paris, Tex. The crowd swarmed about the coach and demanded a look at Smith. Deputy Sheriff Shanklin ordered the negro to show himself at the window. The negro complied. The deputy sheriffs and guards then drew their revolvers and swore they would kill the first person who made a violent demonstration toward the prisoner.

The mob suddenly withdrew a short distance from the train and asked for another view of the negro. Deputy Sheriff Shanklin again commanded the negro to show himself, which he did, remaining in full view of the crowd for about three minutes. District Attorney Birmingham then mounted the platform of the coach and made an impassioned appeal to the mob, asking them to respect the law. He was followed by Deputy Sheriff Shanklin, who also asked the mob to allow them to take their prisoner to the scene of the crime.

The leaders of the mob, after a short consultation, agreed to let the train proceed. They gave three cheers for the deputies, and the rope was thrown about the neck of the train started for Paris.

CREMATED BY A MOB.

Smith Was Speedily Lynched by a Mob When He Reached Paris.

PARIS, Tex., Feb. 2.—All the morning trains yesterday brought hundreds of people to this city to await the arrival of the guard having in custody Henry Smith, the rape fiend. The country roads were alive with people coming with wagons and on horseback, and at noon when the Texas & Pacific train arrived, it is estimated that the crowd surrounding the depot numbered nearly 20,000 people.

When the train arrived, a rush was made for the coach and the negro was carried out. The deputy sheriff, who accompanied the negro from the station, attempted to prevent the mob from taking his prisoner. The guard was overpowered and the rope was thrown about Smith's neck and he was dragged from the train to the scene of the crime.

All along the route he was pelted with missiles, struck by fists and otherwise maltreated. He was tied to a stake and after being punished by every possible torture he was cremated among the howling of the mob. All the citizens and the surrounding country, irrespective of classes, took part in lynching.

NO LIKELIHOOD OF BLOODSHED.

One Vessel Sufficient to Protect American Interests in Hawaii.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—Secretary of State John W. Foster had a talk on the Hawaiian situation with Representative Hitt, of Illinois, ex-chairman of the house committee on foreign affairs, and the leading Republican member of that committee.

There are no indications of any material increase to be made in the number of United States naval vessels in Hawaiian waters. No developments that will lead to bloodshed in Honolulu or elsewhere in the islands have come to light, and it is the belief in naval circles that the force of marines and sailors on the Boston is sufficient to protect American interests and maintain order.

One vessel may be sent to support the Boston, and information obtained at the department leads to the belief that no others will follow, unless the situation becomes alarming, and this does not seem probable in view of the present state of affairs. The government will not be caught napping, however, and vessels will be prepared for sea and kept in readiness.

ENGLAND HOLDS THE KEY.

Biometallism Dependent on That Country's Course—Senator Jones' Opinion.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—Senator John P. Jones, of Nevada, a delegate to the monetary conference, said yesterday: "One important fact impressed me in my observations while in Brussels, and in my talks with public men since the conference adjourned, namely, that the key to the whole situation was in England, France and Germany and that the countries interested would be willing to take the biometallist standard with a uniform fixed ratio between the key metals if England would take the same position."

"I attribute the heavy gold shipments from this country to Europe to a great deal for gold on the part of the nations to Europe rather than to the sentiment of the national balance of trade. Evidently the nations of Europe are trying to accumulate gold."

BRIDE AND WIDOW IN A NIGHT.

Strangely Sudden Death of a Bridegroom—New Ulm.

NEW ULM, Feb. 2.—Charles Pingel was married Tuesday afternoon to Bertha Gise, and the festivities attendant upon the occasion were celebrated at the home of a friend. At midnight Pingel complained of feeling unwell and was taken to bed from which he never got up. His death occurred at 7:30 yesterday morning.

Fire at Canton.

CANTON, O., Feb. 2.—The plant of the National Wringer company, which is jointly occupied by them and Musser, manufacturer of pianos, was entirely destroyed last night. The loss is \$30,000; partly insured. The cause of the fire is not known.

In a Critical State.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—Ex-Secretary of War Elliott is ill at his home of pneumonia complicated with other ailments. He is very weak and his case is critical.

Geo. Dinwiddie, 228 West Superior street. Best coal. Lowest prices. Prompt delivery.

For alderman of the Fourth ward cast your vote for Fred H. Quimby.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

ABSOLUTELY FREE.

A Thrilling Book, To Any Reader Of This Paper.

Tells All About the Indians.

Latest Publication In Its Line, Entitled "Life and Scenes Among the Kickapoo Indians"—Contains Nearly Two Hundred Pages—Sent Free to Everybody.

In order to make the public familiar with the habits, manners, customs, and history of one of the oldest tribes of American Indians extant, we have published at great expense a large edition of a work entitled "Life and Scenes Among the Kickapoo Indians." All their peculiarities, traditions, habits, in fact their whole life and customs are told in a manner which will interest the reader and hold attention to the end. The book also explains our connection with the tribe, how it came about and what has come from it. The book is profusely illustrated and contains nearly 800 pages.

While this edition lasts we will send a copy free to all who apply, enclosing three cent stamps to pay cost of postage. To all who will guarantee to all requests received within the next two weeks following the appearance of this advertisement, we will send a copy of the book free of charge. Address care of W. J. Fox, 27 West Duluth.

A YOUNG MAN OF 20 DESIRES ANY KIND of office work, good references. B 63 Herald.

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P. Alexander to J. P. Larson, 1/4 lot 10, block 36, West Duluth. First division. \$500
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P. Alexander to M. S. Tweedie, lot 9, block 9, Duluth, First division. \$500
W. C. McGarrett to A. A. Aasen, part lot 42, block 58, Duluth Proper, Third division. \$1,750
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GOTHAM'S TERRIBLE EPIDEMIC.

Typus Fever Developing Into a Scourge and Spreading Rapidly.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—The health authorities have become alarmed over the rapid spread of typhus during the last week and they are adopting heroic measures to stop its terrible progress. Thirty-seven houses have been quarantined and the Industrial Mission hospital, which is a boarding house, has been closed. The scourge is no longer confined to the filthy lodging houses in the East side. One case has been reported from Harlem.

The police commissioners have received a request from the charities commissioners that a policeman be detailed to guard the tents for suspects on the grounds of Bellevue hospital. They at once authorized Superintendent Byrnes to make the detail.

The board estimate has furnished \$3000 with which to pay twenty persons to inspect lodging houses for the next thirty days.

Democratic Rally!

I beg to state that I am the only Democratic candidate for alderman in the Fourth ward. I am candidate by virtue of nomination paper, as we have had no Democratic caucus in said ward. Being entitled to my party vote, I respectfully ask the same. Will be thankful for Republican votes also. If elected will have at heart the interest of the Fourth ward, irrespective of political parties.

JOHN L. HARQUELL.

Joseph V. Dory, of Warsaw, Ill., was troubled with rheumatism and tried a number of different remedies, but says to none of them seemed to do him any good, but finally he got hold of one that speedily cured him. He was much pleased with it, and felt sure that others similarly afflicted would like to know what the remedy was that cured him. He states for the benefit of the public that it is called Chamberlain's Pain Balm. For sale by druggists.

DELICATE WOMEN.

Or Debilitated Women, should use

BROADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR.

Every intelligent possessor of this Tonic and exerts a wonderful influence in toning up and strengthening her system, by driving through the proper channels all impurities. Health and strength guaranteed to result from its use. "My wife, who was bedridden for eight months, after using Broadfield's Female Regulator for two months is getting well."

J. M. JOHNSON, Malvern, Ark.

BROADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Sold by Druggists at \$1.00 per bottle.

TRY THE HERALD WANT COLUMNS!

"SITUATIONS WANTED" FREE.

POPULAR WANTS!

Advertisements in this column ONE CENT A WORD EACH INSERTION.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FREE. No advertisements taken for these columns until Feb. 1, 1893. All notices ordered under proper heading—usually found, easily read—will reach more readers than can be reached in any other way. Try it.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

COMPETENT DRESSMAKER WISHES work in family, will work cheap at present. B 12 Herald.

WANTED, SITUATION AS HELPER IN blacksmith shop. Address C 71, Herald.

YOUNG MAN WITH GOOD RECOMMENDATION desires clerical work of some kind. Address C 82, Herald.

A YOUNG MAN OF 20 DESIRES ANY KIND of office work, good references. B 63 Herald.

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Unreserved Auction Sale.

Under instructions from Charles A. Beattie (who is compelled through sickness to retire from business) I will sell at auction to the highest bidder on the premises, No. 344 Lake Avenue South, his entire business,

On Friday, Feb. 3, at 2 p.m.

1st. Namely, the unexpired lease of building being the saloon, store adjoining No. 342; over this store are eight rooms, with six rooms over saloon; outbuildings comprises all conveniences such as stables, carriage houses and a large barn, which if not required, could all be readily rented, as well as the upper portion of building, which has all been erected with a view to rent as offices or rooms.

2nd. The liquors and cigars now in stock, amounting to between \$500 and \$600 (five and six hundred dollars) "wholesale cost," also all glasses and bar utensils for a growing business where money has been made since it was opened seven years ago.

EVENING HERALD.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DULUTH.

PUBLISHED BY THE DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.

Business and editorial rooms in Henderson block, corner Superior street and Fifth avenue west. Entrance opposite Spaulding. Telephone 2.

Eastern Office—100 World Building, New York. A. E. Story, Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily, per year, \$7.00
Daily, per three months, 1.80
Daily, per month, .60
Weekly, per year, 1.50

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as second-class matter.

The Weather.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, DULUTH, MINN., Feb. 2.—With the exception of Colorado, Wyoming and Western Kansas and Nebraska, it is storming everywhere that reports are received from. Outside of the United States, Winnipeg and Port Arthur are the only stations reporting. Following is the report from some of the more important places in the country: Haver, Mont., snowing, 30 below, wind 20 miles. Helena, Mont., snowing, 25 below, light wind. Winnipeg, Manitoba, snowing, 25 below, wind 20 miles. Port Arthur, Ont., calm and cloudy, 25 below. Huron, S. D., snowing, 10 below, wind 20 miles. St. Paul, Minn., snowing, 10 below, light wind. Omaha, Neb., snowing, 2 below, light wind. La Crosse, Wis., snowing, 1 below, wind 10 miles. Chicago, Ill., snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. Indianapolis, Ind., snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. St. Louis, Mo., snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. Cincinnati, Ohio, snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. New York, N. Y., snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. Boston, Mass., snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. Philadelphia, Pa., snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. Baltimore, Md., snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. Washington, D. C., snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. St. Petersburg, Fla., snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. Havana, Cuba, snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. Santiago, Chile, snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. Valparaiso, Chile, snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. Lima, Peru, snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. Buenos Aires, Argentina, snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. Sao Paulo, Brazil, snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. Montevideo, Uruguay, snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. Bogota, Colombia, snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. Medellin, Colombia, snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. Caracas, Venezuela, snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. Havana, Cuba, snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. Santiago, Chile, snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. Valparaiso, Chile, snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. Lima, Peru, snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. Buenos Aires, Argentina, snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. Sao Paulo, Brazil, snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. Montevideo, Uruguay, snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. Bogota, Colombia, snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. Medellin, Colombia, snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles. Caracas, Venezuela, snowing, 10 below, wind 10 miles.

Two areas of low barometer are shown this morning, one over Wyoming and South Dakota, and the other over Missouri. An area of very high pressure has moved to the country to the north of Lake Superior, and is causing the present storm in this vicinity. It is probable that the low area over Wyoming will move easterly today and join the one over Missouri near Lake Michigan. If it does, the present storm will continue until tonight, when it will probably clear away. The highest temperature registered here yesterday was 12 below zero, the lowest last night was 24 below.

DULUTH, Feb. 1.—Snow probably followed by clearing tonight, slightly warmer, followed by colder, high east and north-west winds shifting to northwest.

R. H. BROOKER, Local Forecast Official.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—Forecast till 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Minnesota and the Dakotas: occasional light snows, followed by clearing weather Friday; westerly winds shifting to westerly; warmer, except colder in North Dakota Friday morning. For Wisconsin: Generally cloudy weather and local snows; easterly winds; warmer.

An Important Measure.

The Herald publishes today the full text of the bill introduced in the legislature by Mr. Cotton at the instance of the common council to overcome the difficulties which have arisen in connection with the Piedmont avenue assessment. The bill declares that all assessments made for improvements prior to the establishment of a permanent grade are valid, and, owing to this provision is inapplicable to the invalidity of the assessment, the city may proceed in the usual manner to make a new assessment for the same amount, which shall be as valid as if the proceedings in the first instance had been entirely regular.

These provisions will cover the Piedmont avenue trouble and any other cases that may possibly arise in the future, and will also effectively prevent the overturning of any past assessments which may be open to objection. The bill is of great importance to Duluth, and its passage by the legislature is an urgent necessity. Therefore The Herald trusts that the members from this district will loyally support it and be able to secure its enactment. If any injustice would be done to any one person by the bill, The Herald would not favor it, but it is an undeniable fact that it would not impose a single dollar of assessment upon any person that is not now justly due and for which full value has not been received. The defeat of the bill would mean that the city at large would be compelled to pay for improvements that are rightly assessable upon the property directly benefited, the total amounting to about \$650,000.

The vital importance to the city of securing the passage of this bill can therefore be readily appreciated. The only opposition to it can only come from some property owner who is endeavoring to evade payment of a just assessment against his property and to oblige the city to pay for improvements that benefit him specially.

Rates That Are Unjust.

The Minneapolis Tribune has returned to the question of grain rates, in consequence of a recent article in The Herald pointing out that if certain rates ordered by the interstate commerce commission at points on the Northern Pacific were put into effect it would work a gross injustice to the people at those points. The Minneapolis paper does not see how the farmers of the Dakotas can be injured by cheaper rates to Minneapolis. No more than does The Herald. It was not said by this paper that any injustice would be done to them by reason of lower rates to Minneapolis, but it did point out that they would be placed at a disadvantage by reason of higher rates to Duluth and the denial of the competition between the two leading grain markets which now exists at those points. According to the order of the commission, Moorhead can continue to do business with both markets at the same rate, while Fargo, just across the Red river, is compelled to do its business with Minneapolis, because the commission has ordered a higher rate to Duluth than to Minneapolis. Fargo also has three competing railroads, but is turned over by the interstate commerce commission's decision to Minneapolis, while Jamestown, a hundred miles farther west and with but one railroad, is allowed to trade with both Duluth and Minneapolis. There are

other instances of similar injustice in this order to Dakota points, but these referred to will suffice to show its unfairness to the farmers of the Dakotas.

The Herald does not wait over the decision of the commission, as the Tribune asserts. On the contrary, it is well pleased with it, aside from a few instances of injustice to which reference has been made. The chief burden of the Minneapolis song of woe to the commissioners, when they heard the case, was that the flour rate between Minneapolis and Duluth must be reduced, or the milling industry at Minneapolis would be ruined. The commission declined to order any change in the flour rate, and with that decision Duluth is content, knowing full well that the Minneapolis millers cannot now compete with the mills at the head of the lakes, owing to the superior advantages that exist here for the milling business.

One of the chief arguments advanced by the commission for ordering the change in grain rates from certain Dakota points was that the back haul for the railroads is greater and more profitable from Minneapolis than it is from Duluth. The Herald entered an emphatic denial of this assertion, and the Minneapolis Tribune jumped to the defense of the commission and claimed that the commission was correct. But the Tribune produced nothing to support its assertion, and although The Herald has repeated its denial and challenged the Tribune to produce any statistics that will show a greater back haul from Minneapolis than from Duluth, the Minneapolis Tribune has failed up to date to prove its case.

The Duluth-Superior Bridge.

The News Tribune again devoted most of its space this morning to the Duluth-Superior bridge question. Having completely failed in its objections to the bill now before the senate giving the Commercial Improvement company power to construct a bridge, it is now indulging in quibbling about the exact date when the amendments to the bill were lodged with the senate committee on interstate commerce. The Herald does not propose to be led by a paper that is doing its best to present the building of any bridge this year into any discussion of statements made on this subject by other people.

The Herald repeats its statement of yesterday that on July 25 last amendments to the Commercial Improvement company's bill were placed in possession of the senate committee and that they were then and are now in the hands of Chief Clerk Cutler of that committee. The Herald now learns that Senator Washburn was aware of the amendments at that time, despite the alleged letter of January 20 from the senator saying that he has no knowledge of them. If the News Tribune is disinclined to accept the statements of The Herald on this point, it can easily verify them at Washington.

Neither is The Herald misleading the public regarding the Hartley proposition. It provides that the cities of Duluth and Superior must buy the bridge at the end of five years after its construction or not at all. That is the legal construction of the section of the alleged bill regarding purchase by the cities. It is also desirable to have a bridge from Rice's Point to Connor's Point that will carry steam cars as well as street cars and wagon and foot travel, and the Hartley proposition does not provide for such a bridge, while the other bill does. This will be the last chance to get a railroad bridge at that point.

The Irish national league of America has pronounced Mr. Gladstone's home rule bill to be adequate and unsatisfactory and not to be accepted by those who have been fighting for Ireland's cause. An address has been issued to the Irish people urging this view and declaring that the policy of conciliation has been urged until patience has ceased to be a virtue and further temporizing would be a virtue. What next?

Representative Kessler has introduced a bill in the Nebraska legislature to prohibit the use of gas. His desire is to put an end to fatalities from "blowing out the gas." Some papers claim that the foolkiller is badly needed in the Nebraska legislature. But why condemn his bill, when many people advocate prohibition of the liquor traffic, in order that some men may not get drunk?

Massachusetts Episcopalians are now earnestly discussing the question of a successor to Bishop Brooks. It is believed Dr. Satterlee, of New York, stands a good chance of being selected. Some people, however, claim that the diocese is too large and should be divided, as the work is too great for one man.

A French paper claims that the British had to partially back down in Egypt, being bluffed by the khedive. But it is the premier to whom England objected and elevated to that position Riaz Pasha, who is pro-British in his sympathies.

The coal dealer wears a pleasant smile at present. He likes "an old fashioned winter," wherein the mercury goes down and the coal pile follows suit.

The lower branch of the Alabama legislature has passed a bill prohibiting the sale or giving away of otherwise disposing of cigarettes, cigarette tobacco and

ONE PRICE AND THAT RIGHT



American Store.

NO DOUBT there never was or never again will be such a speedy selling of Ladies' merchandise as is being conducted here today at

Kahn's Old Stand.

Our very best customers who thoroughly know the value and sterling character of our goods are very actively taking advantage of this very visible sacrifice.



Fine Cloaks!

Are being snapped up in a manner that illustrates the knowledge of customers have of the superior garments we handle. Nobody wants an old style cloak at any price, or very few people at least, but to get a selection out of this assortment of the very latest accepted styles that are selling at these sacrifices, is what is causing such a tremendous selling of cloaks here.

cigarette paper in Alabama. The bill also prohibits the smoking of a cigarette in any public place. Every other state should follow this excellent example and put an end to the deadly habit.

President-elect Cleveland threatens that unless the Sherman silver law be repealed by the present congress he will call an extra session, and as it has been found that the senate will not repeal it at this session, Mr. Cleveland will be obliged to carry out his threat.

A Western politician gives it as a "straight tip" that Henry Villard is going into Mr. Cleveland's cabinet as secretary of the interior. Mr. Villard has been looking for a house in Washington, which lends confirmation to the story.

A number of society ladies in a Kentucky town have been indicted for playing pedro for prizes. The grand jury took the view that they were gambling. What then is the playing of progressive euchre for prizes?

The Illinois legislature has passed a bill abolishing the compulsory school law, and it will undoubtedly be approved by Governor Altgeld. The Democrats have thus redeemed the pledge they made at the November election.

Cupid is playing some strange pranks this year. Here is a New York dispatch announcing that Mrs. Amelia Jahn, an 80-year-old widow, has killed herself for love. Age apparently is no barrier to the tender passion.

The latest trust which has been formed is calculated to make many people tired. It has been organized by the bicycle manufacturers.

Salute, Gen. Charles A. Towne! May your justice always be tempered with mercy.

Herbert Stanley Renton will deliver his illustrated lecture, "A Day and Night in a Volcano," at the High school assembly room Friday evening. Children will be admitted for 10 cents.

The Land of Everlasting Summer is easily reached via the Chicago & Eastern Illinois railroad, "Evansville Route." Limited vestibuled trains leave Chicago daily at 4 p. m., reaching Florida and the Gulf coast six hours quicker than other lines. For full information apply to Chas. W. Humphrey, northern passenger agent, 170 East Third street, St. Paul, Minn., Chicago city ticket office, 204 Clark street, or to Charles L. Stone, general passenger and ticket agent, Chicago.

TOO LATE TO CLANNY. BOY WANTED—A GOOD STEADY BOY CAN find employment at the U. S. weather bureau office.



Goods! Dress

Hundreds of people of the better class are taking advantage of this great slaughter of fine Dress Goods. \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00 etc., for a whole dress. Of these \$7.50, \$8.00, \$9.00, \$12.00 imported materials make it the time for everybody to get a dress. It is because it is so thoroughly known that we do business on straight, legitimate principles. That we handle merchandise of the most thoroughly reliable order. That we always do just what we say that causes this tremendous buying of merchandise here.



Despite the Terrible Storm

Raging at this writing the store is filled with ladies speedily securing things.

Owing To The Rush

You may buy something in a hurry which you would rather exchange or return, if so you must remember you can always get your money refunded here.

Thrown on the Market.

The J. E. Haynie & Co. Stock of Dry Goods!

AT

KANSAS' OLD STAND

A Legitimate Slaughter of Trustworthy Merchandise.

Everything Must be Sold in the Next Few Days.

Prices Must do the Work of Time. OUR TIME IS SHORT.

They commence tearing the front out of this building in a short time. Come on to the sacrifice; you'll profit thereby.

J. E. HAYNIE & CO.

The Olympic Club's New Home.

The famous Olympic club of San Francisco has just taken possession of its palatial new home, which has been in course of construction for over a year. The building is a handsome 5-story basement and attic affair of stone, brick and terra cotta, and was erected at an expense of over \$250,000. The architecture is romantic, and the building is 193½ feet square. The main entrance is 15 by 16 feet in dimensions, and in the lobby is a life size bronze statue of "The Tired Boxer," the work of Douglas Tilden, the deaf mute sculptor of California. The building throughout is a model of comfort and utility. There is a big swimming bath 81 feet long, 35 feet wide and from 3 to 10 feet deep, which is said to be the largest in America.



THE NEW OLYMPIC CLUB BUILDING.

One old feature of the great tank is the fact that it is lighted at the bottom at night by 30 electric lights. Behind the swimming tank is the locker room, which contains lockers for the 1,500 members of the organization. The main gymnasium is 194 feet long, 65 feet wide and two stories high, and contains, besides a running track and fencing and boxing alcoves, a complete equipment of approved athletic apparatus. There is also a ladies' gymnasium and a reception room for the fair members of the club. Billiard tables, carrooms, a handball court, a reading room, bathrooms, electric light, steam heat, an elevator and salt water from the Pacific for the swimming tank are among the other attractions of the club. William Greer Harrison is president of the organization.

Vehicle Accident Insurance.

There is one phase of accident insurance which is not generally known, and yet it is widely patronized and a source of considerable revenue to companies that write it. It is the insurance of the owners of vehicles against liability which they or their employees may incur by killing or injuring persons while driving, and for a small annual fee, which varies with the class of driving he does or is done for him, a man can be prepared to meet any claims incurred through accidents of the nature mentioned.

Manatees Near Cuba.

Manatees are often seen north-west of Cuba shoals sporting about the reefs like sea lions. They are cunning creatures and can dodge the harpoon with more success than any other aquatic animal. When the harpoon is thrown at them they plunge with a defiant snort beneath the waves and presently come to the surface at some unexpected point, waving their flippers defiantly at their enemies.

CASH PRIZES FOR CYCLISTS.

The New National Cycling Association and Its Unique Racing Scheme.

An important new factor in the wheeling world is the recently formed National Cycling Association of America, which proposes to establish a racing circuit of 28 big cities in the United States, hold professional bicycling contests daily during the season, and to give at least \$1,500 in cash prizes at every tournament. The organization came into existence at Philadelphia at the instance of a number of baseball magnates. Charles H. Byrne of Brooklyn was chosen temporary president, George W. Wagner of Washington treasurer, and F. A. Egan of Philadelphia, secretary. The committee on constitution and bylaws appointed was F. A. Abell, chairman; C. von der Ahe, A. C. Buckenberger, E. B. Talcott and James Franklin.

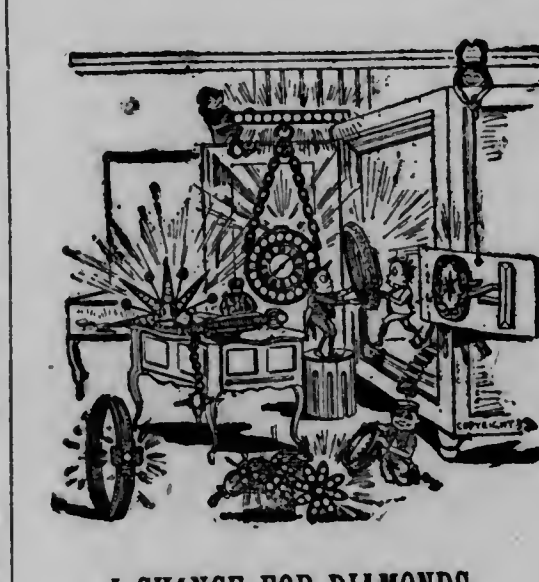
As every one knows, the League of American Wheelmen does not recognize racing for cash despite the fact that many amateur riders favor such a plan, and the new cash prize organization expects to enroll these and many other crack men in its ranks. The league has long fought the growing tendency on the part of amateurs to race for the cash value of prizes offered. The amateurs who ride to boom some particular wheel were also a source of considerable annoyance to the L. A. W. By a recent rule of the L. A. W. the questions were disposed of by dividing amateurs into two classes—the makers' amateur, who can receive pay for riding a certain wheel and compete for a trophy of any value, and the bona fide amateur, who must pay all his own expenses, and who cannot race for a prize valued at over \$50. C. H. Byrne, president of the new National Cycling association, is president of the Brooklyn baseball club and one of the best known national game magnates in America.

Winter Tourist Rates

Are now in effect via the "St. Paul & Duluth R. R." to principal resorts in Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas, California and Mexico, including Jacksonville, St. Augustine, Indian River points in Florida, Galveston and Houston, Texas, Los Angeles, San Diego and San Francisco, Cal., at lowest rates, with choice of variable routes. For particulars and rates, call at City Ticket Office, 428 West Superior street, The Spaulding, F. B. Ross, Nor. Pass. Agent.

The St. Paul & Duluth R. R. Is the short line to St. Paul, Minneapolis and Chicago. Three trains daily. Chair and sleeping car reservations made at city ticket office, 428 Spaulding Hotel. Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

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A CHANCE FOR DIAMONDS.

Is always worth snapping at. Diamond cuts diamond, they say; that may be, but it's certain though, that diamonds can't be cut in value, even if they are cut for setting. The sun sets every night, but all the time we are setting before our patrons a display of sparklers which the queen of belles might be proud to possess. Whether you're proud or not you can possess some of our diamonds. It doesn't cost a fortune to buy them, although it is a piece of good fortune to get them. Beauty without jewelry is like the sun in eclipse, and in jewelry, diamonds are always triumphs. We are selling, etc.

ANDREW JACKSON, Jeweler, 106 West Superior Street, Duluth

6% "ON OR BEFORE" MORTGAGE LOANS NO DELAY. Clague & Prindle, 216 West Superior Street.

BRONSON APOLOGIZES

The Weather Official Has Some Excuses to Offer For Allowing the Present Cold Snap.

He Says It Is a Regular Surprise Party, There Being a High Barometer Yesterday Morning.

Also, That There May Be a Very Cold Snap Commencing Tonight—Some February Figures.

Observer Bronson was just visible behind a barricade of desks and bookcases at noon today in his office in the Metropolitan block when a Herald reporter went to ask a few questions about the weather. Something was the matter with the steam pipes and the office was decidedly chilly. About the only things that seemed at home in the cold were a couple of Assistant Johnson's mounted specimens of Alaska ducks.

"I suppose you want to talk about the weather," said the local forecast official, "and you may commence by saying it's a regular surprise party. Yesterday morning there was a high barometer and a cold wave general over the North while it was warm and raining in some parts of the South. Today's unpleasant and severe weather is caused by a storm which developed yesterday evening in Colorado and Wyoming and is pretty general now in this section."

"The storm had a good cold basis to start on, for the warmest temperature last night was 12 below zero, and from that figure it ran down to 21 below. Now it is between 8 and 10 degrees below and the temperature is rising slowly, but the wind is increasing and there is a 25 to 30 mile breeze which makes things unpleasant, particularly when there is so much newly fallen snow lying around. I can't say how long this will continue just at present, but the indications are that the wind will shift and the temperature will continue to rise slowly until evening when it will take another drop and then you want to look out for a good cold spell."

"By the way," he continued, "do you know that people are apt to refer to January as the coldest month? Well, it generally is, but sometimes February gets on its feet and makes things bum, and about the coldest weather ever reported in Minnesota was in February. Here's a few figures about cold snaps in February that may be interesting. In 1875 we had -34 in Duluth, -34 in La Crosse, -18 in Albany and -20 in Detroit. In 1885 it was -22 in Duluth, -32 in Huron, Dak., -18 in Denver. In 1885 Ohio had a cold snap in February and -11 was reported at Canton. The next year there was a general cold wave over the South, and at Cedar Keys it was 26 above - an unusually low record for that region. In 1887 Fort Assinibone, turned in the remarkable record of -55, and in 1888 at St. Vincent -50 was the figure."

"The past month was a very cold one and the mean temperature was only 4.8 above. The highest was 37 above on Jan. 23, and the lowest was -22 on Jan. 10 and 14. In preceding years the number of cold waves have been experienced. In 1834 the temperature went down to -32. In 1840 the lowest figure was -37. Here are some of the below zero figures for succeeding years: 1841, -32; 1849, -20; 1852, -32; 1855, -36; 1860, -40; 1862, -36; 1864, -36; 1868, -39; 1873, -30; 1883, -34; 1884, -31; 1885, -35; 1886, -34; 1887, -35; 1888, -41. The last month's mean temperature was, as stated, 4.8, and this has only been equaled in five years since 1870. The figures for those years are: 1875, zero; 1883, 2; 1885, zero; 1887 and 1888, 2. The precipitation during the month was 1.00 inches, not an unusual figure. The highest wind during the month was on the last day when it reached 34 miles. Northern Pacific and Wisconsin Central trains are running behind time from one to three hours. Outbound trains this afternoon are running with snow plows ahead of them. Shortlines are practically on time."

The Duluth & Winnipeg was one hour and twenty minutes late. Iron Range trains were only a little behind time. St. Paul & Duluth and Omaha trains from St. Paul are nearly on time. The St. Paul & Duluth southbound train dropped one of its chair cars here this afternoon and went down with only one."

Duluth, Missabe & Northern trains were delayed by a frozen water tank on their line and a broken down engine on the Duluth & Winnipeg road. They were fourteen hours late in arriving. Freight on all roads are running as best they can, but traffic in that branch is seriously impeded."

THE SCHOOLS CLOSED.

The Children All Sent Home on Account of the Raging Storm.

Parents were notified early this morning, so far as was possible, that the city schools would be dismissed today and that all children be kept at home. A great many failed of course to get that notification and pupils in numbers quite considerable came out to the various buildings. Members of the school board, members of the police force, together with quite a number of private citizens, spent several hours with the assistance

of teams and sleighs, in getting the pupils back to their homes. Mayor d'Autremont says that it seems to him that there ought to be some way of contriving and establishing signals that would inform the people all over the city that no schools will be held when it is so decided on the same day and no previous announcement has been made.

A BRILLIANT AFFAIR.

Palestine Lodge Celebrated Its Anniversary With Great Success.

The anniversary celebration of Palestine lodge No. 79, A. F. and A. M., last evening at Masonic Temple was a brilliant affair and exceeded even the anticipations of its projectors. Over 500 people were present. Worthy Master W. B. Patton opened the reception with a brief speech after which an orchestra promenade concert was given for an hour.

Following this came the musical program, an unusually meritorious one. Miss Edith Moak sang two numbers and received a flattering reception. The mandolin quartet, Messrs. D. A. Willard, P. W. Maynard, A. L. Agatin and H. C. Gearhart, played two selections. Professor Lund gave a zither solo and Professor Gustance sang several comic songs, in excellent style. Signor Sala also gave an unusually fine piano solo.

Dancing was commenced at 10 o'clock on the fifth floor and the room was thronged with merry dancers all evening. Refreshments were served on the sixth floor.

THE CITY FINANCES.

Condition of the Various Funds According to Treasurer Voss' Report.

The following report for the month of January, 1892, was filed with the city clerk this morning by City Treasurer Fred Voss:

GENERAL FUND.	
Balance on hand Jan. 1, 1892.	\$28,400 50
Total receipts for month of January.	2,143 53
Total.	\$30,544 03
Total disbursements for month of January.	\$28,286 70
Balance on hand Feb. 1, 1892.	\$2,257 33
PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT FUND.	
Balance on hand Jan. 1, 1892.	\$2,317 71
Receipts for month of January.	57,045 06
Total.	\$59,362 77
Total disbursements for January.	47,628 94
Balance on hand Feb. 1, 1892.	\$11,733 83
TRAFFIC DEPARTMENT.	
Balance on hand Jan. 1, 1892.	\$7,232 37
Receipts for month of January.	6 25
Total.	\$7,238 62
Total disbursements for January.	3,108 06
Balance on hand Feb. 1, 1892.	\$4,130 56
LIBRARY FUND.	
Balance on hand Jan. 1, 1892.	\$8,229 26
Total disbursements for February.	548 80
Balance on hand Feb. 1, 1892.	\$7,680 46
PAID FUND.	
Balance on hand Jan. 1, 1892.	\$2,297 74
Disbursements for January, 1892.	548 80
Balance on hand Feb. 1, 1892.	\$1,748 94
REVENUE FUND.	
Balance on hand Jan. 1, 1892.	\$137 94
Disbursements during January.	375 00
Balance on hand Feb. 1, 1892.	-\$237 06

AMUSEMENTS.

Edward S. Willard.

The engagement of Edward S. Willard, the English actor, at the Temple commencing this evening, is one of the most important events of the season. Mr. Willard's fame, though well established in London, is comparatively new in this country. When Mr. Irving paid his first visit to America, he was a stock actor in London, though a very popular one. Since that time the younger artist has climbed the ladder of fame and placed himself at Mr. Irving's elbow in the world of dramatic art. Four seasons ago, Mr. Willard, after eighteen years of service in the stock companies of the provincial cities and of London, leased a theater and placed himself at the head of a strong company. He immediately attracted wide attention and was acknowledged "one of the really few great actors of the time." A. M. Palmer, who saw his work, entered into negotiations with him for an American tour. After some time this was arranged and in the autumn of 1890 he appeared at Palmer's theater, New York.

The morning after his performance the New York Sun said: "The American public will like Mr. Willard. He will impress upon you his sharp and distinctive individuality, somewhat as Mr. Irving did, less than a decade ago. There are all the features in his work that go to make an admirable actor—features of which large force, originality, moving pathos, earnestness and sustained vigor are the most prominent."

Mr. Willard will produce "The Mid-dleman" this evening. "The Professor's Love Story" tomorrow evening and "A Fool's Paradise" at the Saturday matinee.

Mr. Towne Surprised.

Charles A. Towne has been busy today receiving congratulations on his appointment as judge advocate general on Governor Nelson's staff, with the rank of brigadier general. Mr. Towne was much surprised at the announcement that he had been honored in this manner, because he was not an applicant for it and had not even the slightest idea that the governor was thinking of giving him any appointment whatever.

Notice of Withdrawal.

Thanking my friends for their support, I hereby announce my withdrawal as a candidate for alderman for Fourth ward in favor of my friend, Fred Quinby, and would ask my friends to give him their vote and support.

PHILIP WESTAWAY.

For alderman of the Fourth ward cast your vote for Fred H. Quinby.

IN THE LEGISLATURE.

Mr. Daugherty's Bill Regarding Improperly Executed Transfers of Realty by Wives Passed the Senate.

Staff Officers Named by Governor Nelson, Charles A. Towne Being Made the Judge Advocate General.

Statistics on Revenue From Iron Lands to be Used in Fighting the Ore Tax Bill.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 2.—[Special to The Herald.]—In the senate this morning, Mr. Daugherty's bill legalizing certain improperly executed transfers of real estate under power of attorney prior to 1866 by the wife of property belonging to the husband was passed. The Stevens' bill was passed making proceedings for vacation of streets and alleys legal, if such proceedings have not been protested against for five years after they were made.

Mr. Stevens' bill was passed giving sheriffs and deputies three months after the expiration of their term of office in which to complete sales under execution began during their term of office.

Mr. Lienau introduced a bill making married women liable for debts and torts, the same as unmarried women, and allowing husband and wife to transfer property to each other.

Mr. Grate introduced a bill providing that farmers who used wagons with tires three inches wide after June, 1894, should be exempted of one-fourth of their road tax.

Mr. Morse introduced a bill requiring all county officers to file a sworn report each year with the county commissioners setting forth the amount of fees and emoluments received by them during the year.

Governor Nelson appointed the following staff officers yesterday: A. F. Pray, of Minneapolis, inspector general; J. M. Diment, of Owatonna, quartermaster general; C. A. Towne, of Duluth, judge advocate general; J. H. Murphy, of St. Paul, surgeon general, all with rank of brigadier general; S. E. Olson, of Minneapolis, commissary general, rank of brigadier general; M. B. Fulker, of Winona, assistant quartermaster general, rank lieutenant-colonel; G. A. Whitney, of Wadena, inspector general, rank of colonel; George N. Simon, of Appleton, assistant commissary general, rank lieutenant-colonel; J. A. Brown, ofergus Falls, assistant judge advocate general, rank lieutenant-colonel; A. C. Wedge, of Albert Lea, assistant commissary general, rank lieutenant-colonel; W. L. Gilbert, of St. Paul, chaplain, rank of colonel.

Senator Daugherty has prepared statistics of revenues of the state derived from the mining interests of St. Louis county. The figures are much larger than anyone who had not given the matter careful consideration would naturally suppose. There are contracted to be mined under state leases this year 33,000 tons of manganese at 25 cents, \$8,250; 1649 prospecting leases at \$25 each a year, \$41,225; 282 fifty year leases at \$100 per year, \$28,200; incorporation fees for iron company, \$1,200,000; to be mined this year, 2,000,000 tons on Vermilion and Mesaba ranges at 1 cent per ton, \$20,000; total, \$126,675. Add to this the gross earnings of the railroads carrying the iron, which will make almost \$700,000 annually. In 1894 the Mesaba mines are to produce 80,000 tons under contract on state leases and in 1895 they will produce 1,050,000 tons, paying a royalty of 20 cents per ton, and thus the state will derive a revenue in 1895 of nearly \$600,000 from the milling interests alone. These figures will be used in the fight against the bill to increase the mining tax on ore to 5 cents at on.

A MANAGER SELECTED.

C. R. Henegau Will Manage the Pennsylvania Ohio Fuel Company's Dock.

C. R. Henegau, for some time manager of the Philadelphia & Reading Coal company's interests at Superior, has resigned and will immediately take charge of the dock of the Pennsylvania & Ohio Fuel company in course of construction at Onondaga, C. P. Dole superintendent of the Philadelphia & Reading company's dock, will also resign to accept a similar position with the new company at Onondaga, but his resignation will not take effect for several months.

"Yes, I have resigned," said Mr. Henegau in the Superior Leader this morning. "We will have a nice little coal company in the Ohio Fuel company. The docks at Onondaga are those formerly owned by Daugherty & Upham and have been nicely remodeled for our purposes. They are the same size as those of the Philadelphia & Reading—600 feet long by 325 wide—and when full will hold about 150,000 tons of coal. The boats have not yet been put in, but will be in about May 15 or the first of June. They will be the kind known as the Brown hoist—long steel arms reaching over the hold of the vessel—the same as used by the Philadelphia & Reading and the Lehigh. The company has been incorporated under the laws of Illinois. Most of the officers live in Chicago and Columbus. The stock is mostly divided between soft coal men and two railroads are also interested. We will have fine railroad facilities through the Duluth terminal, the Northern Pacific and the St. Paul & Duluth."

Dyspepsia's victim's find prompt and permanent relief in Hood's Sarsaparilla, which tones the stomach and creates an appetite.

Why?

Taste of "Royal Ruby Port Wine" and you will know why we call it "Royal." A glass held up to the light will show why we call it Ruby. \$500 reward for any bottle of this wine found under five years old. It is grand in sickness, or where a strengthening cordial is required; recommended by physicians. Be sure you get Royal Ruby. Sold only in quart bottles; price, \$1. For sale by S. F. Boyce, druggist.

DAWKINS!



HAS REMOVED

KAHN'S BANKRUPT :: STOCK

TO THE CORNER OF

First Avenue West and First Street,

Directly in the Rear of Kahn's Old Store.

Our expenses are less than one-third what they were in the other store, and we will make a still further reduction in prices on that account. When we purchased Kahn's Stock last Wednesday, the time we could have the use of the store was so short that we were unable to mark over the entire stock and get the goods on sale in time, and over \$15,000 worth of goods were piled up out of the way until we could get time to mark them.

THESE GOODS WE WILL PLACE ON SALE

TOMORROW, FRIDAY, FEB. 3

And we assure our friends and patrons that there are many rare bargains in the lot.

CLOAKS AT YOUR OWN PRICE.

A KING AMONG JUMPERS.

August Schwaner, the Wonderful Young

One of the most remarkable Y. M. C. A. athletes in the United States is August P. Schwaner, of the New York Young Men's institute and the New York Athletic club. During his short athletic career Schwaner is credited with having won every event he entered for, and he holds the following Y. M. C. A. records:

Standing high jump, 5 ft. 8 in.; standing broad jump, 10 ft. 6 in.; two standing jumps, 22 ft. 3 1/2 in.; three standing jumps, 33 ft. 6 1/2 in.; standing hop, step and jump, 29 ft. 9 in. Since he made these records Schwaner has increased his standing high jump record to 5 ft. 8 1/2 in., and at Boston in March, 1890, he made a standing broad jump of 10 ft. 10 1/2 in., which was a world's record, but it was not accepted. Schwaner was not dismayed, however, and in October again went at Malcolm W. Ford's broad jump record of 10 ft. 9 1/2 in. and cleared his bar at 10 ft. 9 1/2 in., thus August P. Schwaner, making a new world's record. Schwaner is about twenty-three years of age, is 5 ft. 10 1/2 in. tall and considers himself in condition when he weighs 140 pounds. He now has his eye on the running high jump, and wonders are expected of him.



105-107 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.
It pays to attend THE BEST. Young men and women do you wish a thorough course in Business, Shorthand and Typewriting or Telegraphy? If so, attend the Duluth Business University, the FINEST ACTUAL BUSINESS COLLEGE and SCHOOL OF STENOGRAPHY in the West. For information, call at College or write for Catalogue.
W. W. PHIPPS, President. W. C. McCARTER, Secretary.
Day and Evening Sessions.

Awnings, Packstraps and Tents,
EVERYTHING IN CANVAS AND EXPLORERS' OUTFITS.
STEAM PIPES COVERED.
C. POIRIER, BOOTS AND SHOES
REPAIRING PROMPTLY EXECUTED.
TELEPHONE 125.

FINE HOUSES!

Several very desirable East End houses, from \$12,000 to \$25,000 on Bench, First, Second and Jefferson Streets.

E. R. BRACE,

513 Palladio,
DULUTH

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

ON THE FROZEN FIELD

Skating and Ice Yachting Have Developed Into Very Popular Sports During the Recent Years.

A Few Interesting Points Regarding the Speed Skates That Are Used by the Experts.

The Champions Donoghue, Hagen and Noreng all Wear a Blade Over Seventeen Inches Long.

The skate and the ice yacht are monopolizing a large portion of public attention just at present, and the cold snap has given both of them an opportunity to grow in favor among lovers of winter sport. Curling is quite the most popular winter sport in America, and the great international match for the Gordon medal between Canadian and United States clubs is scheduled for Feb. 5 to 15 at Albany. Hockey or hockey, skate sailing, rink polo, tobogganing and snowshoeing are all growing in favor, but skating is holding its own very well as the most popular winter sport in America. Columns have been printed of late about the proposed matches between Hagen and Noreng, and Joseph F. Donoghue, the American amateur champion, at Minneapolis, but this far the skating for the world's championship has all been done on paper. Fred Breen and Hugh McCormick, the Canadians, have also attracted considerable attention and have been beaten by Hagen.



J. F. DONOGHUE.

Donoghue remained at Minneapolis for weeks endeavoring to arrange a match with either Noreng or Hagen, but he was finally compelled to leave Minneapolis without succeeding in his attempt. The swift young American became desperate and declared that he would skate Hagen, Noreng or any other man in America at any distance for \$100. He gave him 30 seconds start. The race was won on Feb. 10 at St. Paul. Noreng, Breen and McCormick were beaten.

His offer to skate for \$100 was accepted by any one who could not get a better offer. Hagen, however, was accepted by Alfred S. Franklin, a Canadian, who claims to have been skating in Europe but who has shown great ability here, and who was scheduled for Thursday, Jan. 27, at Stamford, Conn. This is a record skate, and his record is 100 miles in 37 minutes 45 seconds.



NORWEGIAN SKATE.

This match, which was preceded by a race at Red Bank, N. J., where Donoghue reduced the American mile record to 2 minutes 56 seconds and the 5-mile record to 16 minutes 3.5 seconds, has revived interest in racing between the experts, and sportmen have not yet abandoned the hope that Donoghue, Hagen and Noreng will yet come together in a great international contest.

The skate of today seems to be about as perfect as man's ingenuity can make it, and when it is compared with the clumsy, strap encumbered skate of only a few years ago one can only feel regret and admiration for the inventive Yankee. Many minutes were required to fasten the old style skates to the feet, but the mere pressing of a lever will firmly affix the modern skate to shoe. The speed skate is always much longer than the ordinary pleasure skate and ranges from 14 to 18 inches in length. The Norwegian pattern is very popular. It is 17 1/2 inches long and is made of the very best steel. Experts like Donoghue, Hagen and Noreng limit their liability to accident from the breaking or loosening of clamps by having their speed skates firmly riveted to the specially made skating shoes they wear. It is said that the iron skate blade was first used in 1772, when a squadron of Dutch warships was frozen in at Amsterdam. A rival power sent troops to capture the vessels, but the Dutch sailors and soldiers got their skates on, met the enemy on the ice and easily routed them.

Ice yachting is one of the most exciting and dangerous of winter sports. Races are now being held the country over wherever there is ice of proper thickness, but there seems to be more activity at Red Bank, N. J., than at any other place. There is a large fleet of very fast yachts on the North Shrewsbury river, and races are of almost daily occurrence.

One of the swiftest ice yachts at Red Bank is the George, owned by Charles P. Irwin. She has won many fast races on the North Shrewsbury course. The ice yachts move at a terrific speed when there is a good wind, and an upset or a fall sometimes means severe injury or even death to the yachtsmen, who cling like leeches to their slender craft. The Sleet, another swift yacht owned by Crawford Hendrickson, recently covered the 10-mile course at Red Bank in 18 minutes 13 seconds, the fastest time made on the North Shrewsbury this season. EARLE H. BAYES.

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KING KELLY AS A STAR.

Much Ease In Casey's Manner, but Little In That of Kelly.

Michael J. Kelly, who is known to millions of baseball cranks the country over as King Kelly, the \$10,000 beauty, has just made his debut as a vaudeville star at a big variety theater in New York. Kelly is a very handsome man and in that particu-



KELLY ON THE STAGE.

lar has a very good stage presence. The principal event of his nightly appearance is his delivery of "Casey at the Bat," the poem De Wolf Hopper has recited with such success. The opening lines of the Kelly version are as follows:

There was ease in Casey's manner as he stepped into his place. There was pride in Casey's bearing and a smile on Casey's face. And when responding to the cheers he lightly doffed his hat. No stranger to the crowd could doubt 'twas Casey at the bat.

There may have been ease in Casey's manner, but there was very little in Kelly's as he stepped into his place on the historic diamond at New York. Kelly is probably as near to being king of the national game as any man, but he has thus far failed to solve the puzzle of the curve.

As an eloquist Kelly undoubtedly fans the air as successfully as Casey did when he left no joy in Mudville by striking out. When one has heard De Wolf Hopper describe Casey's unfortunate adventure, comparison between Hopper's effort and that of Kelly naturally follows. Hopper's performance is a work of art. One can almost see Casey as the comedian describes how he rubbed his hands with dust and wiped them on his baseball shirt preparatory to knocking out a 3-bagger. Kelly's effort is without spirit, and the umpire says "strike him" as calmly as if there were several dozen left before Casey could possibly succeed in striking out. After the umpire has called two strikes on Casey King Kelly completes the poem as follows:

The sneer is gone from Casey's lip; his teeth are clenched in hate; He pounds his cruel violence his bat upon the plate; And now the pitcher holds the ball, and now he lets it go; And now the air is shattered by the force of Casey's blow.

Oh, somewhere in this favored land the sun is shining bright; The band is playing somewhere, and somewhere hearts are light; And somewhere children are laughing, and somewhere children shout; But there is no joy in Mudville—mighty Casey has struck out.

The Cherry Diamond's Shakedown.

One of the largest and most ambitious athletic clubs in the United States, the world famous Manhattan A. C., seems to be in sore straits. The club has a magnificent building in Madison square, New York city, but it also has an indebtedness of about \$75,000, and G. W. Carr, president, E. F. Hoyt, vice president, Charles C. Hughes, secretary, and J. M. Tate, treasurer, Eugene Van Schalk, captain, J. B. Anderson, first lieutenant, Fred R. Fortmeyer, second lieutenant, and H. A. Applegate, J. H. Bradley, C. F. James, Rollin Morgan, Homer Hemmaway, C. A. McEwen, C. O. Perry, A. C. Palmer, Warren Sage, C. E. Trotter and J. M. Tate, governors of the club, have been sued for \$12,420 by Cornelius V. Cross, who claims that they are personally responsible for the club's debts.

Other suits will follow, it is said, and if Cross' position—that the officers are individually liable by the law under which the club was organized—is sustained many of the organization's officers will be ruined.

Two of them, Secretary Hughes and Treasurer Walton Storm, have already resigned, and it is said all the others will gradually withdraw. Mr. Storm has been a very active cherry diamond man for 13 years. He was a Columbia college athlete and had a record of 101.5 seconds for the 100 yard sprint. Ex-Secretary Hughes and President Carr have been prominent officials at nearly every amateur athletic event in the east for years.

The club is now endeavoring, with very fair prospects of success, to raise \$25,000 with which to weather the financial storm. The organization's assets are \$1,100,000.

Another big athletic club—the Central Turn Verein of New York—is also in financial difficulty, and members fear they will be compelled to sell their \$83,000 clubhouse on East Sixty-seventh street to meet their obligations. Brewer Jacob Huppert has a \$70,000 mortgage on the structure, and members have asked him to purchase the whole building and lease it to the society.

New Honors for Women.

Two ladies are to be judges at the dog show of the World's fair. The young New England woman who makes a specialty of the rearing of St. Bernards is one of them. She is a judge for this class. The other lady is from Philadelphia, and is one of the judges for all classes of canines. There are five judges for the dog shows, and two out of the five are women.

Ben started a little early on the fatal evening, and took with him a pair of soft soap. Crossing the log backward he carefully greased it behind him, and then triumphantly entered the fair one's abode.

Ben winked the other eye and gazed complacently at the gay white vest which completed his careful "get up."

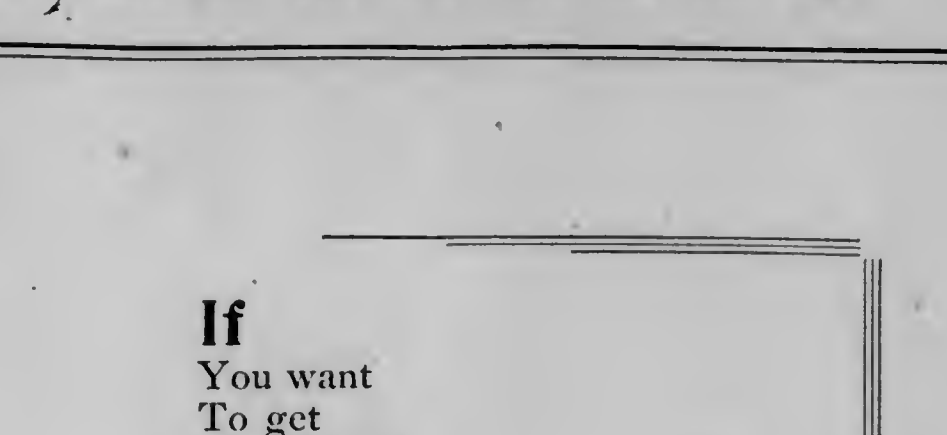
As to what followed in the parlor we are not definitely informed, but suffice to say at a late hour Ben issued forth happy and elated at his success, bearing the promise of his fair one's hand.

So happy was he that all recollection of the log's slippery condition had escaped his mind, and, oblivious to all else save his good fortune, he slipped out upon the log.

But, alas, "pride goeth before destruction and a haughty spirit before a fall." Into the river he went, new trousers, vest and all.—Boston Herald.

CLIMAX PLUG

is made only of the choicest leaf, and has a round red tin tag like this. is not too sweet, but sweet enough, and has a round red tin tag like this. does not "fly to pieces" in the mouth, and has a round red tin tag like this. Has a round red tin tag like this. Like this like this like this like this.



If You want To get The Want You want to get your want Into the want getter.

THE Evening Herald

Wants to get your want, Because it wants You to get The Want You want To get.

Explained. Teacher—What is the principal part of a knife? For instance, why does your father carry a knife in his pocket? Young Hopeful—Please, sir, because of the corkscrow.—Spassvogel.

Marguerite Merington's New Play. The general opinion of the Boston critics seems to be that Miss Marguerite Merington's latest play, "Good Bye," which was produced at the Boston Museum, is not nearly so meritorious as "Captain Letterblair." Fault is found with the frequency of puns in inappropriate places, and there is also alleged to be a lack of what might be called "connectedness." It is said to appear too much like a series of independent sketches. The story deals with a young girl who has always believed that she is the child and heiress of the wealthy people who have reared her in luxury. A half-witted old Scotchman, who turns up on the day of her "coming out" party, proves to be her father. She goes with him from a sense of duty. The villain, who makes persistent efforts to wed her, is obliged to leave the country for political reasons, and she marries the man of her heart.

Told of Young Ben Butler. In his youth, so the story goes, Ben, with two other unfortunate, sought the hand of a maiden in northern Maine. The race was very even, and for a long time the issue was in doubt. But one day the maiden told the three rivals that if they would all come on a certain evening she would give them her answer.

The future lawyer, fearing that he did not stand so high in the maiden's graces as the others, saw a chance for the exercise of his wit. Strategy alone would win the day.

On one side of a river lived the damsel, and about opposite on the other side boarded the anxious lovers. The river was bridged at but one point, and that was in the center of the village, nearly a half a mile from the bridge. Ben and his two rivals had to cross the stream, and on this bridge of sighs the lovers were wont to wend their way.

Ben started a little early on the fatal evening, and took with him a pair of soft soap. Crossing the log backward he carefully greased it behind him, and then triumphantly entered the fair one's abode.

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Mr. Albert Favorite, of Arkansas City, Kan., wishes to give our readers the benefit of his experience with colds. He says: "I contracted a cold early last spring that settled on my lungs, and had hardly recovered from it when I caught another that hung on all summer and left me with a hacking cough which I thought I never would get rid of. I had used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy some fourteen years ago with much success, and concluded to try it again. When I had got through with one bottle my cough had left me, and I have not suffered with a cough or cold since. I have recommended it to others, and all speak well of it." Fifty-cent bottles for sale by druggists.

Something of Interest. The St. Paul & Duluth R. R. is the short line to all California and Southern points. All information regarding this trip cheerfully given. 428 Spalding hotel.

Offices For Rent. Elegant ground floor offices for rent in the New Herald building, 220 West Superior street. Ready for occupancy Feb. 1. Inquire at Herald office in Henderson block, Fifth avenue west and Superior street.

The Only Line That Does It. The St. Paul & Duluth Short line runs three daily trains between Duluth, St. Paul and Minneapolis and Chicago, making direct connections at all points in the East and South, Southern Florida and California. This is the only line that can give you this service and no one can question the fact. For full information and sleeping car reservations call on Northern Passenger Agent, 428 Spalding hotel.

Indigestion! Miserable! Take BEECHAM'S PILLS. Fifty men wanted to chop wood and clear land. Apply at 1033 West First street, H. D. Enle.

Notice. This is to warn the public that Wm. Campbell has no connection with this company and we will not be responsible for any business he transacts. NORTHWESTERN BENEFIT ASS'n. Minneapolis, Jan. 26, 1893. Cultum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

Women Will Vote as usual at the next school election—but for many candidates. They give a unanimous vote—every day in the week—in favor of KIRK'S WHITE RUSSIAN SOAP because they know it has no equal as a labor and temper saver on wash-day. The "White Russian" is a great soap to use in hard or alkali water. Does not roughen or injure the hands—is perfectly safe to use on the finest fabrics. JAS. S. KIRK & Co., Chicago. Dusky Diamond Tar Soap. Makes the skin soft and smooth.

LEGAL NOTICES.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Kate Culver Whitelaw and Frank S. Whitelaw, her husband, mortgagee, of St. Louis county, Minnesota, to the Duluth Building and Loan Association, of St. Louis county, Minnesota, bearing date the 24th day of May, A. D. 1892, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 9th day of May, A. D. 1892, at 1 o'clock p. m., in book 80 of mortgages, on page 150. And whereas, default has been made in the payment of the dues on stock, and interest and premium on the indebtedness secured by said mortgage, for more than the space of four (4) months after the same has become due; And whereas the mortgage contains a provision that in case of default in the payment of the monthly interest or premium, or dues on stock, or any part thereof, for the space of four (4) months after the same shall become due, then the whole principal debt shall become due, and the mortgagee shall have authority and power to sell the said premises at public auction according to the statutes in such case made and provided;

And whereas said mortgage has elected to declare the whole debt due because of said default in the payment of said interest and premium and dues on stock; And whereas there is claimed to be due and is due at the date of the first publication of this notice on the debt secured by said mortgage the sum of \$14.60 (\$14 and 60/100) dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgagee will sell the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: Lots nine and ten of block forty-eight (48) of Fort street (S) East Second street of Duluth, Properly divided according to the recorded plat thereof, said lands being located in St. Louis county, Minnesota, with the lot at public auction to the highest bidder and one hundred dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: Lots nine and ten of block forty-eight (48) of Fort street (S) East Second street of Duluth, Properly divided according to the recorded plat thereof, said lands being located in St. Louis county, Minnesota, with the lot at public auction to the highest bidder and one hundred dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and 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THE GREATEST SHOW

The World's Fair is Absolutely the Grandest Exhibition That Has Ever Occurred on Earth.

Here Will be Large and Splendid Buildings and a Congregation of all the Peoples.

Wonderful Botanic Display and What Artemus Ward Would Call a "Moral Silver Statue."

All roads now lead to Chicago, and since the holiday season closed all minds seem to be common consent turned toward the Columbian exposition of 1893. It is no longer next year or a date more remote; the year is this year, and renewed activity in every department where there was already activity enough apparently shows how deeply interested the world is in the great exposition.



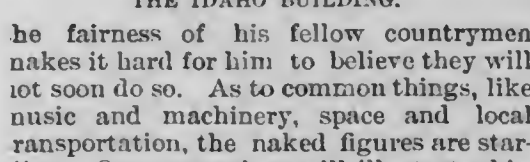
THE FLORIDA BUILDING.

Every nation has its assigned space and is rushing its preparations. Every state in the Union has its own building well under way, and the list to attract attention for their beauty and appropriateness to the Florida and Idaho. It is not necessary to go into details as to their architecture and general designs, seeing that here has already been a great deal of that, at the two structures will attract attention because of their contrasts. They represent the old and the new—the first settlement in what is now the United States and almost the last; the far south and the extreme northwest; the regions where a man must live half the year under a roof and the region where he may live all the year under the sky, and finally the grizzly bear and mountain lion against the tarpon, alligator and manatee.

The Florida building is an exact reproduction of Fort Marion, the old Spanish fortress at St. Augustine, which is one of the oldest and most picturesque relics of colonial days.

Nearly all the offices of those concerned in directing the work have recently been moved to the grounds, and already the row of pleasant dunes it seems as if he fair had regularly opened. The souvenir coins have been struck and distributed and command a premium—a valuable indication of the popular interest. The steel keepers have joined in a solemn assurance that they will not raise the rates, and the registration of rooms to be rented—a very excellent arrangement indeed by the managers—shows over 20,000 rooms between North avenue and the southern limits of the city.

This bureau has the whole city carefully mapped out, so any visitor can consult the register and find where a room or rooms are to be had and the prices. It is a little singular that the railroads have not yet agreed upon a uniform reduction of rates, but the average American's confidence in



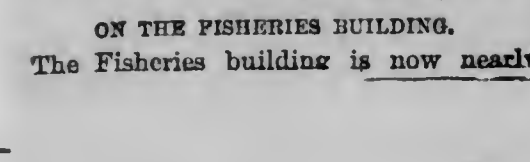
THE IDAHO BUILDING.

the fairness of his fellow countrymen makes it hard for him to believe they will not soon do so. As to common things, like music and machinery, space and local transportation, the naked figures are starting. One competition will illustrate this. The machinery at the Philadelphia Centennial was really driven by little more than 2,000 horsepower, and quite recently the company engaged in utilizing the force of Niagara falls estimated the combined motive strength of all the mills and factories in Buffalo at only 40,000 horsepower.

Well, the trial plant at Chicago will supply 25,000 horsepower, with a 5,000 reserve for water pressure. Boilers, forty in number, will stand in one solid battery; a vast furnace with twenty feet depth will extend in sections under the plant, and visitors can view the whole fire and boiler operation from a gallery above.

The great triumph of science in the matter of applied power will be the E. P. Allis engine of 2,000 horsepower, which will drive two Westinghouse incandescent dynamos of 10,000 lights each. Two other engines will be of 1,000 horsepower each, while forty-five more will range from 600 down to 150 horsepower.

The fact that every race of mankind, and almost every tribe, no matter how small or remote, will be represented is a mere commonplace; that has been done in Paris and London. But it is now assured that the representation of almost every section of the earth's surface will be shown. Among the exotic plants already on the grounds are the great ferns of Australia, the complete set of native plants from southeastern Asia, the dwarf trees and cultivated flowers from Japan, and the long list of cacti and other curious growths from Mexico and Central America. Such are a few, and but a few, of the many wonders of the coming exposition.



ON THE FISHERIES BUILDING.

The Fisheries building is now nearly completed. Despite the inclemency of the weather the roofing has been about finished and work will soon begin on the interior. As a result the structure may be expected to figure as one of the architectural glories of the Columbian exposition. It is said that the display of fish to be seen there during the celebration will be the finest in the annals of pisciculture.

A Pair of Overall.



—Life

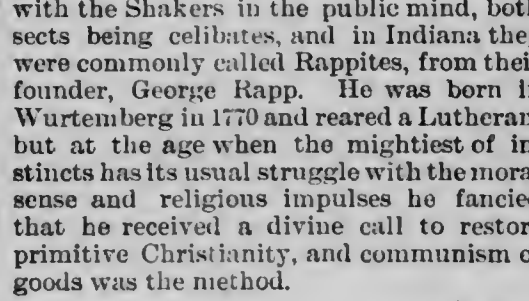
IT IS A REMARKABLE TOWN.

Millions of Money and Property Owned by a Religion.

The recent death of Father Henri, head of the Harmonist community at Economy, Pa., once more called attention to those singular people, and the funeral ceremonies attracted more gentiles than had visited the place at once for many years. That the Economists are a long lived race is attested by the fact that Father Henri was the immediate successor of George Rapp, the society's founder, and that with very few exceptions none of the society is now able to work.

At intervals for forty years past an item has gone the rounds of the papers that they were reduced to a mere handful, that their property was worth \$70,000,000, and that ere long it would fall to the state for want of heirs. And yet there are still some fifty of the original Economists, and they occasionally gain converts among those they hire to do their work. As to the property, they decline to estimate its value, and when questioned as to its disposition reply, "That will be in God's hands, and so will we; why should we worry about it?" Their best informed neighbors, however, declare that their possessions are certainly worth no more than \$30,000,000.

They consist chiefly of 3,000 acres of fine land in the very highest state of cultivation, with a vast amount of fine stock, storehouses and workshops and the singularly beautiful village of Economy, which stands on a bluff overlooking the Ohio and eighteen miles from Pittsburgh. It is a fact of some importance in this connection that John Duss, who is chosen to succeed Father Henri, is almost the youngest member in age, and has been a full member but two years, though his parents, the founders of the sect, were born in 1770 and reared a Lutheran, but at the age when the mightiest of instincts has its usual struggle with the morose and religious impulses he fancied that he received a divine call to restore primitive Christianity, and communism of goods was the method.



THE TOWN HALL AT ECONOMY.

In 1805 his little commune removed to Pennsylvania and located in Butler county, where Father Henri and his followers, all of six relations, was proclaimed as a doctrine. In 1815 they removed to Indiana, bought 27,000 acres in the Wabash valley and built the beautiful town of New Harmony, Posey county, which has since become noted by contributing so many eminent men to the cause of nature and science. They sold their possessions there to the Robert Owen socialist commune and moved to their present place.

George Rapp had so completely concentrated all power in his own hands (the papers remarking the commune were drawn from all his relations) that when he died the commune had become so rigid that there was a revolt, and one Count Leo led off some 200 of the original members. Rapp voluntarily allowed them \$100,000, which was thought to be their proportion at that time—1822. The dissidents soon separated and became "world's people." Through all the subsequent sixty-two years there has been a continuous decline, and in 1870 Economy had but 225 inhabitants, including employees and such orphan children as had been taken in charge.

It is economically an almost perfect town. The streets are broad and solidly paved, all the sanitary arrangements are first class, perfect cleanliness prevails, and there is not a healthier town in the world. There is one store, and each member draws therefrom whatever he needs. There is a hotel for visitors who wish to pay, but those who do not are equally welcome. The form of worship is that of the Lutheran church, with some additions. The dead are buried in rows without tombstone or other distinction. The grave of Rapp, who died in 1847, is simply a number in its turn; that of Father Henri is now but a number, and so on the last of the original Harmonists will have his number in the same plain row.

A Lake Village in England.

The remains of an ancient lake village, akin to those which have become famous in Switzerland, have been discovered near Glastonbury, in Somersetshire, England. So far the trial diggings indicate the existence of sixty or seventy dwellings or workshops, extending over about five acres. The remains already found include a splendid canoe sixteen feet long. It would appear as if the inhabitants of the settlement, after a period of long occupancy, indicated by a succession of superimposed hearths, had been flooded out of their homes, as an accumulation of flood soil now covers the whole meadow to the extent of twelve to eighteen inches in depth. The surrounding district is now richly cultivated, but an old map, dated 1668, contains a lake called the "Meare pools," into which three streams debouched, and from which the site of the present discovery could not be far distant. The approximate date of occupancy of the village is placed at 2,000 years ago.



THE FISHERIES BUILDING.

THEIR EVIDENCE.

Some Positive and Startling Testimony.

And They Pledge Their Word to its Absolute Truth.

Something Which Will be to All Conclusive and Convincing Proof.

We publish the evidence of two well-known and highly-respected ladies, and we consider that such testimony amounts to absolute proof.

Mrs. J. W. Beale, who resides at 52 Eastern avenue, Worcester, Mass., makes the following statement:

"I was sick for more than seven years, not able to do my housework for five years. I employed more than sixteen different doctors without benefit. The whole length of my spine was very bad, which went to my head, being so bad that it was about impossible for me to stoop to the floor or turn my head to the right or left, my neck was so stiff. I was unable to comb my hair, the nerves of my head were so sore, I also had convulsions and kidney trouble."



MRS. J. W. BEALE.

"After a time I was persuaded to use Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. Words cannot express my wonderful cure! Now all is changed and I am strong and well and able to do all my work. I have gained twenty-six pounds in weight, and where before all was gloom and despondency, there is now light and hope."

"Words cannot express my feelings! Thanks to God and the wonderful medicine, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, I am cured. I write this with the desire that others may be influenced to use this wonderful medicine as I did and be cured."

Mrs. M. Wreath, of 716 Sterling street, Philadelphia, Pa., says:

"I suffered most indescribable pain in my head, pain in my heart, with fluttering and weak, nervous spells. Often with difficulty I could sleep or rest, and at times was unable to perform my duties."

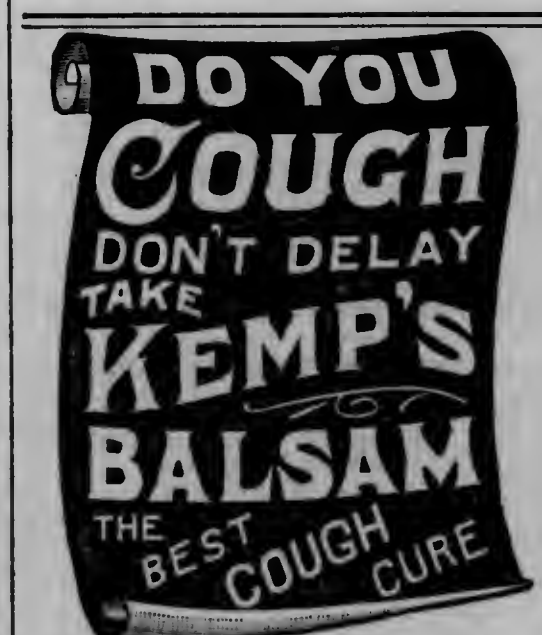


MRS. M. WREATH.

"I took Dr. Greene's Nervura, and my improvement has been so rapid that now I sleep soundly, appetite and strength are returning. I thank God and Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy for affording me such relief. It will always be our family remedy."

How persons can read the true testimony of ladies so high standing as Mrs. Beale and Mrs. Wreath, which proves beyond a doubt that Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy does surely cure most kinds of diseases, and not be influenced to immediately try this wonderful medicine in their own cases, is beyond our understanding. Especially would this seem true when the doctors so widely recommend the use of this valuable remedy. It is kept by druggists for \$1, and is purely vegetable and harmless, being the prescription and discovery of Dr. Greene of 35 West Fourteenth street, New York, the famous specialist in curing all forms of nervous and chronic diseases. He can be consulted free, personally or by letter.

For a list of the Fourth ward cast your vote for Fred H. Quinby.



It Cures Coughs, Sore Throats, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in its early stages, and sure relief in its advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by druggists everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and \$1.00.

APPLICATIONS WANTED FOR LOANS

\$400, \$500, \$600, \$800, \$900, \$1000, \$1500, \$2000, OR ANY OTHER AMOUNT DESIRED.

RATES: 5% to 8%!

Money on hand and No Red Tape.

Real Estate for Sale!

SOME CHOICE BARGAINS AT WEST DULUTH.

Look This Up.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

YOUR OFFICE!

I can supply it with every convenience at prices that will be pleasing to you.

CARL BERKELMAN, 110 EAST SUPERIOR STREET, OPPOSITE CITY HALL.

FINE FURNITURE AT LOW PRICES.

DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS.

The only safe, sure and reliable Female Pill ever offered to Ladies. Especially recommended to married Ladies. Beware of Pills put up in tin boxes as they are dangerous. Ask for Dr. Mott's Pennyroyal Pills and take no other. Send for circular. Price \$1.00 per box, 6 boxes for \$5.00. Dr. Mott's Chemical Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

For Sale by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth.

MANHOOD RESTORED "Nerve Seeds."

For guarantee to cure all nervous diseases, such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Manhood, Nightly Emissions, Quilting, Evil Dreams, Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Lassitude, all drains and loss of vitality, youthful errors, or excessive use of tobacco, opium or stimulants which soon lead to infirmity, Consumption and finally death. Put up in every tin box, 6 boxes for \$5.00. With every 6 boxes we give a circular free. Address NERVE SEED CO., Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE IN DULUTH BY S. F. BOYCE AND MAX WIRTH, DRUGGISTS.

LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.

"SPANISH NERVE GRAINS" the wonderful remedy is sold with a written guarantee to cure all nervous diseases, such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Manhood, Nightly Emissions, Quilting, Evil Dreams, Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Lassitude, all drains and loss of vitality, youthful errors, or excessive use of tobacco, opium or stimulants which soon lead to infirmity, Consumption and finally death. Put up in every tin box, 6 boxes for \$5.00. With every 6 boxes we give a circular free. Address NERVE SEED CO., Chicago, Ill.

For Sale in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist, 13 West Superior Street.

DR. L. A. FAULKNER'S

American Medical Dispensary!

316 STENSON BLOCK,

Corner Superior St. and First Ave. East.

Treats all Chronic, Skin, Nervous, Blood and Kidney Diseases, Piles, Rheumatism, "Secret" diseases, etc. No assistant palmed off on you. You see no one but the doctor. Medicines FREE.

Why He Is Happy?

Mr. E. J. Moyland, 295 Second Street, is well and favorably known to the citizens of Superior.

READ WHAT HE SAYS:

"For five years I suffered from mental depression and general weakness, could get no rest at night and felt tired and exhausted during the day. I had pains in my back, had taste in my mouth, dizzy spells and shortness of breath on the least exertion. Physicians and patent medicines done me no good. I had heard considerable about the success of Dr. Saper & Co., and I called at their office in the New York block, corner of Tower avenue and Fourteenth street, West Superior. The doctor seemed to have no difficulty in locating my trouble and described my condition in detail. I was particularly pleased with the interest he took in my case and am more than pleased with the result. He told me that I had a new lease on life. I am not anxious to rush into print and would be very slow in making this statement if I did not consider Dr. Saper & Company worthy the confidence of the public. Should any one feel interested and wish further information, they will find me at my place of business, 295 Second street, East Superior."

E. J. MOYLAND.

"THE POT CALLED THE KETTLE BLACK."

BECAUSE THE HOUSEWIFE DIDN'T USE

SAPOLIO

MEMBERS OF THE

DULUTH CLEARING HOUSE ASSOCIATION

First National Bank - CAPITAL \$1,000,000 SURPLUS \$200,000

American Exchange Bank - 500,000 85,000

Marine National Bank - 250,000 20,000

National Bank of Commerce - 200,000 21,000

State Bank of Duluth - 100,000 40,000

Security Bank of Duluth - 100,000 33,000

Iron Exchange Bank - 100,000

Hartman General Electric Company

ARE PREPARED TO

Furnish Electric Current

For Arc and Incandescent Light

And Motor Service.

GENERAL OFFICE: ROOM 3, EXCHANGE BUILDING.

Station A, Foot of Fifth Ave. East. Station B, 126 West Michigan Street.

LOANS PLACED WITHOUT DELAY

ON FIRST MORTGAGE SECURITIES.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES

Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.

HOUSES TO RENT.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Notice of Election

OFFICE OF CITY CLERK,
Duluth, Minn., Jan. 12th, 1893.
Notice is hereby given that the annual general municipal election of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, for the election of the following named city officers will take place on
Tuesday, the 7th day of February, 1893.

Officers to be Chosen.

City Comptroller.
City Treasurer.
One alderman for the First ward.
One alderman for the Second ward.
One alderman for the Third ward.
One alderman for the Fourth ward.
One alderman for the Fifth ward.
One alderman for the Sixth ward.
Two aldermen for the Seventh ward, one to serve one year and one to serve two years.

The polls will be opened at six o'clock in the morning, and kept open without interruption or adjournment until seven o'clock in the evening.

The following named persons and places have been appointed and designated to serve as judges of election and polling places respectively, in each of the several polling precincts of the city of Duluth, to-wit:

First Ward.

First precinct—Judges of election: Olaf Dahl, K. Berven, E. Wohlin.
Polling place—Hanson's store, 208 Lake avenue south.
Second precinct—Judges of election: James Brown, Theodore Eldon Smith, Beasley.
Polling place—No. 34 Lake avenue south.
Third precinct—Judges of election: James Prior, John Moran, Alex. Shaw.
Polling place—Ferry house south of canal.

Second Ward.

First precinct—Judges of election: A. C. Barlow, John H. La Vaque, H. E. Mitchell.
Polling place—Engine house No. 4.
Second precinct—Judges of election: Thomas Clark, John W. Miller, W. M. Barnett.
Polling place—Hunter's Park station.
Third precinct—Judges of election: John Bell, E. C. Holliday, Chas. S. Hazen.
Polling place—Street car barn, Twentieth avenue east.

Third Ward.

First precinct—Judges of election: Chas. McKay, W. W. Davis, A. T. Scarlett.
Polling place—Police headquarters.
Second precinct—Judges of election: Wallace Warner, Coby Smith, G. T. Johns.
Polling place—City building, Sixth avenue east.
Third precinct—Judges of election: John Cogan, John H. Cameron, L. A. Coddling.
Polling place—No. 301 East Second street.

Fourth precinct—Judges of election: E. Appleblom, F. A. Grunnen, Alois Blum.
Polling place—No. 420 Fifth avenue east.

Fifth precinct—Judges of election: Svend Olson, L. H. Whipple, Paul F. E. Winland.
Polling place—No. 504 Second avenue east.

Fourth Ward.

First precinct—Judges of election: H. A. Douglas, G. H. McCallum, Hiram Parsons.
Polling place—No. 38 West First street.
Second precinct—Judges of election: S. C. McQuade, J. H. Baker, Charles E. Borden.
Polling place—No. 215 West Michigan street.
Third precinct—Judges of election: John A. Van Dyck, William Kaiser, P. Hammel.
Polling place—No. 556 West Superior street.

Fourth precinct—Judges of election: H. C. Osterhout, D. S. Blanchard, Thomas McLaughlin.
Polling place—No. 1127 West Michigan street.

Fifth precinct—Judges of election: A. L. Hudson, Astor Elmer, Berni Johnson.
Polling place—No. 109 West Fourth street.

Sixth precinct—Judges of election: Geo. W. Orchard, S. M. Fulton, J. R. Henderson.
Polling place—No. 802 West Fifth street.

Fifth Ward.

First precinct—Judges of election: Alex. Kennedy, J. S. Grover, C. A. Carlson.
Polling place—No. 1093 West Superior street.
Second precinct—Judges of election: A. Swearing, Geo. W. McAdams, L. K. McCluskey.
Polling place—No. 538 Garfield avenue.
Third precinct—Judges of election: L. A. Gunderson, A. O. Ayres, John Beckman.
Polling place—No. 1922 West Michigan street.

Sixth Ward.

First precinct—Judges of election: E. S. Bouson, J. J. Crowley, F. E. Swanson, Jr.
Polling place—No. 222 West Michigan street.
Second precinct—Judges of election: Henry Haskins, A. N. Hopkins, J. W. Allen.
Polling place—Corner Twenty-fifth avenue west and Superior street.

Seventh Ward.

First precinct—Judges of election: Cutler J. Marshall, Geo. W. Winchell, Samuel Lloyd.
Polling place—City hall, Lakeside.
The board of registry will meet at the polling places in the several polling precincts on Tuesday January 11, 1893, from 9 o'clock a. m. to 9 o'clock p. m., on Tuesday January 24th, 1893, from 9 o'clock a. m. to 9 o'clock p. m., on Wednesday January 25th, 1893, from 12 o'clock m. to 6 o'clock p. m., to register voters and revise the lists.

FRANK BIERE, JR.,
City Clerk,
Duluth, Minn.

{Corporate Seal Jan. 12 to Feb. 6, 1893.

TRY

THE

EVENING

HERALD

Want Columns.

NORTHWESTERN NATIONAL

Bichloride of Gold Co.,

Dr. H. O. Rockwell, Resident Physician.

Room 610 Chamber of Commerce Building.

Use the Celebrated Dr. Mark M. Thompson Bichloride of Gold Remedies.

What We Will Do.

We Replace Slavery With Freedom.

In the case of anyone who really desires to quit the use of Alcohol, Tobacco and Opium, we absolutely cure the disease which creates the appetite.

No Time Lost From Business.

No Injurious Effects.

No Restraint of Liberty.

Treatment given at the office of the company. All appetite for narcotics completely and permanently eradicated from the system in from three to four weeks' treatment.

Strongly endorsed as the most scientific yet discovered by Miss Francis E. Willard, Bishop Fallows, John A. Farwell and the press and clergy everywhere.

Write for circulars. All communications are treated in strictest confidence.

Address—

SECRETARY OF

NORTHWESTERN NATIONAL

BICHLORIDE OF GOLD

COMPANY.

Room 610 Chamber of Commerce Bldg., Duluth.

Removed!

Pioneer Fuel Co.

To 416 W. Superior St.
Chamber of Commerce
Building.

Telephone 161.

Temporary Headquarters.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio.
Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote & Co.
Dr. Schiffman extracts teeth without
pain.

St. Louis county commissioners meet
tomorrow.
"Gill's Best" flour—the favorite with
all families.

A patent has been granted to Edward
E. Fitzgerald, of West Duluth, for a
band saw mill.

For alderman of the Fourth ward cast
your vote for Fred H. Quinby.

On or before loans wanted at 6 to 8
per cent. T. O. Hall, 207 Palladio.

Hermas Lerous from Canada took out
his first citizenship papers in the United
States court yesterday.

An interesting entertainment is prom-
ised for Saturday evening of this week
at the Saturday club rooms.

The cases of the New Duluth Land
company against G. Lind and G. Lind et
al, have been dismissed on motion of the
plaintiff.

Reports reached here yesterday from
Two Harbors that another and exceed-
ingly rich copper vein had been un-
covered in the Stewart river mining dis-
trict.

Births as follows were reported to the
board of health today: Carl and Minnie
Anderson, 341 Garfield avenue, a son; L.
and Annie Augustus, 2201 West Seventh
street, a son.

A transcript of judgment from the
municipal court was docketed in the dis-
trict court this morning in favor of
Home Brothers and against Emma Kurtz
for \$87.44.

Assignee Fischbein in the Ludwig
Kahn insolvency case has asked Judge
Ensign to fix a time for the presentation
of claims and Judge Ensign has fixed
March 3 as the limit.

The writ of certiorari issued by the
supreme court in the case of Michael
Norris et al vs. the District Courts of the
Eleventh and First Districts, has been
discharged by mandate.

E. L. Fisher and a party of friends,
who have been prospecting on the north
shore above Grand Marais, are supposed
to be sheltered at that point during the
present cold and stormy snap.

The parties to the Pickard vs. Moun-
tain habes corpus case appeared before
Judge Ensign this morning and on mo-
tion of the defendant the hearing was
continued until Monday next at 10 o'clock.

The insurance and investment busi-
ness formerly conducted by Prindle &
Clague at Superior has been sold to J.
W. Greene & Co. A. H. Bertrand, who
has acted as manager for the old firm,
will retain his position.

Only one sinner, Frank White, ap-
peared before Judge Powell this morn-
ing and he was charged with drunken-
ness. Sentence was suspended and the
candidate for a dose of justice sent out
to meet the raging blasts of winter.

In the case of John Trowbridge vs. A.
L. Langellier and Firmin A. Chaver,
Judge Ensign has handed down his
findings which summarized are that the
defendant Langellier must pay to the
plaintiff the sum of \$250.00 and the in-
terest thereon since 1886.

An invitation has been extended to the
Catholic club of Duluth by the Catholics
in Superior to attend a reception to
Bishop Schwabach, of La Crosse, to be
given in the club rooms in the Maryland
block at Superior on Feb. 9.

The debris has nearly all been re-
moved from the ruins of the Chapin-
Wells portion of the Fergusson block.
So far the salvage has not been very
valuable. A few stoves have been re-
covered intact and a quantity of build-
ing paper. Some bar iron is supposed
to be in a fair state of preservation and
will probably be unearthed today or to-
morrow.

A mandate from the supreme court
has been received by the clerk of the dis-
trict court which reverses the decision
of the lower court in the somewhat
famous case of Backus et al vs. Burke
et al. Plaintiffs asked for a new trial
and the lower court denied the request.
The supreme court gives the plaintiffs
the right to a retrial and orders a judg-
ment against the defendants for \$138.20.

Will buy a limited amount of choice
commercial paper. C. W. Hoyt, West
Duluth, Minn.

A Real Live Slaughter.
There are so many tricks and devices
used nowadays to create trade, that the
general public have grown to ignore
them to a certain extent. Yet the fact
that this is a genuine slaughter in the
old Kahn stand causes a rush unprece-
dented in this locality, and there is no
question about the fact that the dry
goods stock there is being slaughtered,
as it is very plain to any one who cares
to investigate.

To the Lakeside Public.
C. W. Dorsey, clothes cleaning and
tonorial rooms. London station. Pat-
ronize home industry.

WILL GIVE A HEARING.

Mayor d'Autremont Will Hear Objections to
Alderman Long's Protest Against
Street Railway Franchises.

The Minnesota Point Street Railway Very
Anxious to Have the Bill Pass the
Legislature.

Alderman Long Says the Duluth Street Rail-
way Company is Also Anxious to
See it Adopted.

At the last council meeting Alderman
Long introduced a resolution expressing
it as the sense of the common council
that the bill before the legislature intro-
duced by a member of that body from
St. Louis county, legalizing street rail-
way franchises, is inimical to the best in-
terests of this city, and urging the St.
Louis county representatives to do all in
their power to prevent its passage. The
resolution passed unanimously and is
now before the mayor for his approval or
rejection.

A number of those interested in the
Park Point street railway feel that the
action of the council and the failure of
the legislature to pass that bill will work
injustice to that company. Those repre-
sentatives of that company further feel
themselves to be burning with a desire
to appear before his honor, Mayor
d'Autremont and register such kicks and
protests as they feel will influence him
to veto the resolution.

For the purpose, therefore, of allow-
ing them the gracious privilege of ar-
guing their side of the case, the mayor
has set the hour of 10 o'clock tomorrow
morning, at which time all interested
parties may appear and unbosom them-
selves.

Alderman Long says that the idea of
killing the bill now before the legisla-
ture is in the interests of the city and to
hold the Duluth street railway within
reasonable control by the city. Some
years ago, so says Mr. Long, the repre-
sentatives of the Duluth street railway
quietly packed their little grips, slipped
down to St. Paul, and secured a fran-
chise from the state instead of calling on
the city of Duluth for the valued privi-
lege. It is known, however, that the
franchise is full of holes and that this
bill is to remove them and thereby
place the street railway company in an
impregnable position so far as any
control over it or demands upon it from
the city are concerned. It is considered
that the present franchise, rather than
the franchise in its present form and con-
dition gives the company ample powers
and at the same time allows the city to
put in a word or set down its foot when
the interests of the people make it seem
necessary.

DISCUSSING A LOCATION.
Board of Trade is Considering a Site for its
Building.

The board of trade as has been stated
has in contemplation the erection of a
building suited to the needs of the grain
interests of the state. At present there
are two sites on First street which have
been offered to the board and are under
consideration. One is said to be the
property sold by the Old Dominion Land
company recently, which sale was re-
ported yesterday. The other is the
corner now occupied by H. M. Peyton's
residence. Which will be chosen or
whether either will be only a matter of
conjecture now. A building costing
\$250,000 is to be erected.

Look into our "On or Before" clause
Before Taking Any Other.
MONEY
Always on Hand

LOANS OF ANY AMOUNT
ON IMPROVED
BUSINESS AND RESIDENCE
PROPERTY AT
6%

"ON OR BEFORE"
Which means that the Mortgage is made
for 3 years, but you have the privilege of
paying part or all on any semi-annual in-
terest day, without cost. Notice.
If you consult your own interests you will
sign no other form of mortgage.
R. M. NEWPORT & SON,
Investment Bankers, 8 Phoenix Block.

Killed by a Tree.
Andrew Hansen, a sawyer in Swee-
ney's camp near Brule, Wis., was killed
by a falling tree at 9 o'clock yesterday
morning. He skull was fractured and
he died almost instantly. A telephone
message was sent to his wife, and his
body was sent to Superior in the even-
ing.

Hansen leaves a wife and two chil-
dren, the oldest 5 years old. He has
lived in Superior two years.

Union Covered Skating Rink.
Marine brass band Wednesday and
Saturday evenings, good ice. Lake ave.

For alderman of the Fourth ward cast
your vote for Fred H. Quinby.

One of the Judges Explain.
E. C. Holliday, one of the judges of
electors in the Third precinct of the
Second ward, says that the judges went
to the polling place Tuesday morning
and found no fire or means to have any
and no furniture and that it was a
physical impossibility to stay there.
On the two Tuesdays preceding, he said,
there were there and only one man
registered.

Geo. Dinwoodie, 208 West Superior
street. Best coal, lowest prices, prompt-
est delivery.

For alderman of the Fourth ward cast
your vote for Fred H. Quinby.

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A BUTCHERS BANQUET.

The Duluth and Superior Union Dined at the
Latter Place.

The annual banquet of the Butchers
union of Superior and Duluth was held
at the Ritchie Hotel in Superior last
evening. Forty-two guests were present.
Secretary E. L. Whittington was toast-
master. The butchers from this side of
the bay who were present were: N.
Youngblood, Munsey Bros., Black &
Tobin, Cox Bros., T. K. Hicks, Milner
& Ebert, Henry Scheiser, Felix Zeipin,
of Duluth, and A. F. Rockwell, Gottwald
& Hanna, Charles Hugo, of West Du-
luth.

J. C. Fisher, of the Armour Packing
company was also present from Duluth.
A number of speeches were made. J.
C. Fisher, representing the Armour
Packing company, spoke of the advan-
tages of the union and dwelt on the ben-
efits of the cash system. N. Youngblood
made a very neat little speech, saying:

"The union has a tendency to make
honest men out of butchers. The har-
mony that now exists is gratifying to
everyone. I am more than pleased to
see the jealousy that has existed between
the two cities dying out. Our interests
are identical. What is to your benefit is
a benefit to us. Let us be more united
that we may be the great city and
work for one common good."

A. F. Rockwell, of West Duluth, said:
"You may talk of Duluth and Superior,
but I tell you they are not in it. Come
over to West Duluth and we will show
you a city. We have the village of Du-
luth to the east and the town of Superior
on the south, but we have the city."

PERSONAL.
Clerk of Court D. J. Sinclair is quite
sick.

F. S. Wardwell returned from Chic-
ago today.

W. C. Runyon, the Cleveland iron
man, is here today.

E. L. Brown, of the St. Paul & Duluth
road, is in the city today.

J. C. Flynn, of Little Falls, came up
from St. Paul last evening.

J. A. Forin, of British Columbia, is
registered at the Seaside hotel.

R. A. Taussig left yesterday afternoon
for a two weeks trip to Philadelphia.

Mrs. Dean, wife of Depot Master T.
F. Deans somewhat improved in health.

R. C. Judson, of St. Paul, who is inter-
ested at La Prairie, is in the city today.

George M. Kenyon and George Lar-
kins came up from St. Paul this morn-
ing.

Chief of Police Garvin, of St. Paul, is
in the city today looking after private
business matters.

Hon. M. E. Clapp, K. D. Chase, Don-
ald Grant and John Grant arrived in the
city this morning.

Mrs. Dutton and Mrs. Geo. Green-
wood give a card party this evening at
the residence of the latter lady.

Assistant City Attorney J. J. Squier,
instead of being around his accustomed
haunts at the city hall, is confined to his
room with illness.

Mr. and Mrs. George F. Porter, of
Minneapolis, have returned home after
a week's visit with Mr. and Mrs. M. W.
McIntosh, 107 East Third street.

Superintendent Greene, of the North-
ern Pacific, is back from St. Paul where
he has been testifying in a personal
damage suit which was brought against
the company.

Lieut. Edward Dwyer who has been
very ill for some month started for Hot
Springs, Arkansas, yesterday. He was
so weak he had to be carried to the train.
Court Officer Frank Horgan takes care
of him on the trip.

The Barker Reception.
Over two hundred people attended
the reception given to Bishop and Mrs.
Barker at the residence of Mrs. W. A.
Barker on East Second street last evening.
This was the last opportunity given the
members of St. Paul's church to take
leave of the former rector and was
taken advantage of by nearly all the
members. The extremely cold weather
prevented some from attending. Bishop
and Mrs. Barker leave for Colorado
during the week.

NO TRADING IN WHEAT.
The Storm Stopped Business and Prices De-
clined Nominally.

There was no trading at all on the board of
trade today. The howling storm cut off com-
munication with outside markets almost en-
tirely and dealers here were not disposed to
make any trades. The opening was nominally
the same as yesterday's close. The afternoon
session ruled easier under weak and declining
quotations from Chicago and the close was a
few cents lower for cash and 1/4 cent lower for
May as follows:

No. 1 hard, cash, 65 1/2; January, 65 1/2;
No. 2 hard, cash, 65 1/2; January, 65 1/2;
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DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TENTH YEAR.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1893.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

THREE CENTS

A Duluth Clothing House Exclusively Owned and Controlled by Duluth Men
ESTABLISHED 1881.
Store Closed Every Evening Except Mondays and Saturdays.

Your Choice
Of Any
OVERCOAT
In the House
For

\$14.98

Overcoats we've been selling at \$20, \$22, \$24, \$25, \$28 and \$30, in handsome Double and Single-Breasted Meltons, Cheviots and Kerseys, fine Chinchillas and Fur-Trimmed Overcoats, Ulsters and Storm Coats—Not one Overcoat in the house excluded—They all go during this wonderful Overcoat Sale at

Fourteen Ninety-Eight

The BIG DULUTH

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL, Props.
Wholesalers and Retailers of Lumbermen's, Miners and Explorer's Supplies.

JUST SEE OUR EXCLUSIVE SPECIALS:

THE PATEK-PHILIPPE WATCH,
DULUTH HARBOR SPOONS AND TRAYS,
WHALEBACK TRAYS, ETC., ETC.

J. M. GEIST, Jeweler, The Leading House.

Housekeepers, Attention!

This is the time of the year to buy Furniture and Carpets at prices away below the lowest. Every housekeeper in Duluth and vicinity, as well as those contemplating Housekeeping soon should visit my store at once and see the immense stock of Parlor, Bed Room and Dining Room Furniture I am offering at such amazingly low prices.

F.S. Kelly,

710 and 712 West Superior Street.

Everything for the Home,
Everything for the Office,
ON EASY PAYMENTS.

IFINE HOUSES!

Several very desirable East End houses, from \$12,000 to \$25,000 on Bench, First, Second and Jefferson Streets.

E. R. BRACE,

513 Palladio,
DULUTH.

NO HOOP SKIRTS

A Bill to Prevent Their Sale or Manufacture Introduced in the Legislature This Morning.

Mr. Bleeker is the Member Who is Determined to Check the Revival of the Style.

The House Referred the Measure to Mr. Boggs' Committee on Corporations Other Than Municipal.

Appropriation of \$200,000 to Build a Library and Assembly Hall For the State University.

St. Paul, Feb. 5.—[Special to The Herald.]—Senator Sanborn had a resolution passed this morning appointing a special commission of five senators and nine representatives to have charge of itasca state park matters.

Mr. Dean introduced a bill to prevent pool selling and book-making. It proposes to subject all operators, lessors, lessees, etc., of such rooms to a fine not exceeding \$2000 and to imprisonment not exceeding one year.

Mr. Denny introduced a bill that will men need not construct fish ways through midlams when such construction may cause a lessening of power derived from the water power.

Senator Smith introduced a bill appropriating \$5000 for the state forestry association to enable that organization to plant trees upon the prairies and gather statistics on forestry.

Senator Davis introduced a bill preventing telephone calls from being charged over \$3 per month, and when the same man has two telephones not over \$2.50 per month.

Mr. McMillan introduced a bill appropriating \$200,000 to build a library and assembly hall for the state university.

Senator Lincoln introduced a resolution calling for a committee to have charge of immigration matters. The following bills were passed today by the senate: Senator Allen's bill relating to duties on village treasurers and recorders; Senator Stevens' bill curing defective deeds and mortgages, regarding trusts and one relating to roads and bridges; Mr. Sanborn's bill relating to actions for divorce requiring personal service was passed.

In the house this morning a large batch of bills were introduced. Mr. Leonard introduced a bill regulating wages of miners and providing payment to them rather than guard against certain cases. Mr. Scofield introduced a bill to appropriate \$15,000 to complete the field work of the geological survey. The bill provides for the preparation of the final report, with necessary maps and illustrations in geology of the iron-bearing rocks of the northern part of the state and for the necessary chemical and other laboratory work.

Mr. Anderson introduced a bill fixing weights and measures of all farm products.

Mr. Horton introduced a bill providing for taxation of gross earnings of sleeping parlor and dining car conductors.

Mr. Furlong introduced a bill to provide that village councils shall donate a portion of money received from liquor licenses to schools.

Mr. Bleeker introduced a bill to prevent the sale or manufacture of hoop skirts, and after the house indulged in much badinage the bill was referred to Mr. Boggs' committee on corporations other than municipal.

Mr. French introduced a bill to provide for the establishment of farmers' institutes; Mr. Roach introduced a bill to prevent brokers charging more than ten per cent interest. Mr. McEwen a bill providing that all proceedings of village councils shall be published.

TO HEAD OFF SHARKS.
Bill to Abolish Penalties Upon Delinquent Property.

St. Paul, Feb. 3.—Emerson Cole, of Minneapolis, introduced an important bill in the house yesterday afternoon providing that after June 1, 1893, penalties upon delinquent real and personal property shall be abolished and interest at 6 per cent substituted therefor.

This will knock out the real estate title sharks and save a great deal of money for the poor tax payer, who now has to pay 10 per cent penalty and a 12 per cent rate of interest each day his tax is delinquent in June, and another 5 per cent penalty in January.

Mr. Cole also wants the county auditor each year to give notice to each delinquent property owner. He thinks the bill will pass.

THE ANTI-OPTION BILL.
Speaker Crisp Decides It Must Go to a Committee.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—The speaker of the house has decided that the senate amendments to the anti-option bill must be considered in committee of the whole. Therefore, they are not now open for consideration, and under the rule must first be referred to a standing or select committee. It was then referred to the committee on agriculture.

FROZEN TO DEATH.
A Man and His Wife and Child Perished in Kansas.

TOPEKA, Kas., Feb. 3.—James Mitchell, his wife and his child were frozen to death in a frame house seven miles north of the city yesterday.

The Nebraska Senatorship.
LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 3.—The ballot for United States senator resulted in no choice.

DIVIDING THE PROFITS.

Bulls on Cordage Company Stock Divide the Proceeds.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—A meeting was held in a well known Wall street office after business hours Wednesday at which \$1,300,000 in cash was distributed among those present by Jas. R. Keene.

The occasion was the distribution of the profits that have accrued from Keene's bull campaign in the stocks of the National Cordage company. The attendance at the meeting was not large, yet it included all of those who have cooperated with Keene in one of the most successful operations he has ever made, for, besides the cash profits divided, Mr. Keene reported that the combination had quick assets of \$1,200,000 making the total profits of the deal nearly \$2,500,000.

K. O. L. WILL EMIGRATE.
The Headquarters of the Order Will Be Removed to Canada Soon.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 3.—It is reported on good authority that the executive board of the Knights of Labor has finally decided on the Canadian side of Niagara falls for the location of the new headquarters of the organization. Columbus and Baltimore were the other places considered.

The removal will not be effected until spring unless a customer is found in the meantime for the present building on North Broad street in which the headquarters are now located. The upshot price placed on this property is \$700,000, while the highest bid is but \$70,000.

TO THE KOOTENAY DISTRICT.
The Canadian Pacific Is After an Entrance to It.

WINNIPEG, Feb. 3.—Negotiations are in progress with a view to the absorption of that portion of the narrow gauge Canada & Great Falls railway between Lethbridge and the Canadian Pacific railway main line by the last-named company.

When the deal is consummated the road will be made standard gauge, and will be extended ultimately into Crow's Nest pass of the Rocky mountains, thus securing eastern access to the Kootenay mining region.

HE WILL GIVE LECTURES.
Archbishop Salotti Will Lecture in a Baltimore Seminary.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 3.—Before dismissing the classes of St. Mary's seminary yesterday the president, Dr. Magnien, announced that Archbishop Salotti on March 9 next would take up his temporary residence at St. Mary's seminary and give a series of lectures to the clergy and seminarians beside assuming spiritual charge of the Italian residents that are Catholics.

Later in the year he will go to New York and then establish a permanent headquarters to be fitted up specially for him.

A FIND OF PLATINUM.
The Rare Metal Found in a Mine Near Ashland.

ASHLAND, Wis., Feb. 3.—The latest sensation regarding the Morgan mine, south of Ashland, is that platinum has been found. A pound of quartz crushed yesterday produced three ounces of platinum.

Some capitalists have taken hold of the property to develop it. The main shaft is down only twenty feet and gold, silver and platinum have been found in paying quantities.

Baron Reinach Autopsy.
PARIS, Feb. 3.—The Matin publishes what purports to be official report of the autopsy on the body of the late Baron Reinach, who was suspected of having committed suicide in order to escape trial on charges of fraud and swindling in connection with the Panama canal.

The report states that there were no marks of violence on the body, and it was impossible to affirm that death was due to syncope. The analysis did not reveal poison. The doctors who were engaged in the original and subsequent examinations had arrived separately at identical results.

Fatally Burned.
HAMMOND, Ind., Feb. 3.—At Beranice, three miles south of here, a disastrous fire occurred early yesterday morning.

A saloon, owned by the late Joseph Smith Bros., was burned to the ground and one of the boarders named Hughes, who was asleep when the fire broke out, was frightfully burned on the head and body and cannot recover.

To Succeed Carlisle.
FRANKFORT, Ky., Feb. 3.—The caucus of Democratic members of the legislature last night nominated Judge William Lindsay for United States senator vice John C. Carlisle. Lindsay had no opposition.

Deaths From Typhus.
NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—Three deaths from typhus fever were reported from North Brothers island yesterday. There are now twenty-five suspected cases of typhus fever in the tents at Bellevue hospital.

To Succeed Lamar.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Howell E. Jackson, of Tennessee, has been nominated by the president to be associate justice of the supreme court of the United States, vice Q. C. Lamar, deceased.

A Portfolio For Boies.
NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—A special to the Press from Des Moines, Ia., says: President-elect Cleveland has tendered Governor-elect Boies the position of secretary of agriculture.

Steamer Long Overdue.
SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 3.—The overdue steamer City of Peking, still unheard from. It is now the general belief that she has broken down.

Scott Made Postmaster.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—W. W. Scott has been appointed postmaster at Willow River, Pine county, Minn.

IS SEEKING A THRONE

The Princess Kalulani Has Now Loomed Up as a Factor in the Hawaiian Troubles.

An Exciting Race by Rail With a Kingdom as the Possible Prize for the Winner.

An Uncle of the Princess Started Ahead of the Hawaiian Commission to the Capital.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 3.—The representatives of the provisional government of Hawaii who are endeavoring to dispossess Queen Liliuokalani of what she claims to be her rights, passed through Pittsburgh on the Keystone express this morning at 6:30 o'clock.

The train was over three hours late. In the party were Lorin Thurston, chairman of the provisional committee; Charles L. Carter, Joseph Marsden, W. C. Wilder and William R. Castle. They will not reach Washington until nearly 6:30 this afternoon.

John M. Clegborn, of San Francisco, uncle of the Princess Kalulani, who also claims the throne, was not more than twelve hours ahead of the revolutionists, having passed through Pittsburgh last night.

H. H. Brown, of Minneapolis, arrived from Chicago, on the same train and having conversed with the distinguished gentleman said to a reporter that these gentlemen are all Americans as are many others of the property owners in Honolulu.

Chairman Thurston said to the informant that the greatest objection to the rule of the present nominal queen is that by her influence the lottery company was promised a monopoly. The kingdom is badly in debt and the revenues from the lottery were relied upon to pay all the expenses of the government. Mr. Thurston said that all of the white residents resented the proposed scheme and are determined to frustrate it.

A KINGDOM AT STAKE.
It's an Unequal but Exciting Race Between Rival Hawaiian Factories.

CHICAGO, Feb. 3.—Probably the most novel and important long distance race in American history rapidly reached a climax yesterday. The prize at stake is the political and commercial control of the Hawaiian islands and the Pacific coast.

The result involves possibly a clash at arms between two of the great nations of the earth, Great Britain and America.

It is an unequal race. The representative of Princess Kalulani, the possible queen, is a native Hawaiian, while the twelve hours' start of the commission representing the protectorate, engines are being crowded to their fullest capacity for the difference in time may be equalized by the office hours of the department officials at Washington.

Despite the fact of the great start of the princess' uncle and representative, the couriers of the two factions of the little country of the Pacific may reach the ears of the state department at about the same time. It will then be an even battle between the representatives in placing the situation before the United States government, with no opportunity for a partiality formed in advance by the courier to the other side.

That the race was one in earnest was apparent by the haste and activity of the officials of the train dispatcher's office of the Chicago & Northwestern railroad in this city. What was worrying the officials was that, owing to the blizzard, the train from the West, which connects with the Pennsylvania limited for the national capital, was two hours or more late. The embassy was due here at 9:30 a. m., but they were two far to the west of the city, with a fierce snow storm blowing. The limited had no option but to proceed without them.

The reason of all the hubbub was the discovery that John M. Clegborn, of San Francisco, uncle of the Princess Kalulani, the British educated heir apparent to the throne of Hawaii, left Chicago Wednesday night for Washington, about the time Thurston, Charles L. Carter, Joseph Marsden, W. C. Wilder and William R. Castle, the Hawaiian revolutionists who desire annexation to the United States, arrived in Omaha. Mr. Clegborn's mission is to lay before President Harrison the claim of his niece to the Hawaiian throne and he will plead for the establishment of a protectorate with the princess as queen.

"This girl," he said, "educated in England will be much more satisfactory to the foreign element in the Sandwich islands than Queen Liliuokalani was. It will be better for all concerned if the deposed queen be kept from the throne. She hates foreigners, and if her demands had found favor it would only have been a matter of a few years before she would have confiscated the property of the aliens. She did wrong in endeavoring to get the cabinet to sign a new constitution which would disfranchise foreigners."

"I do not think the provisional government will last long, for I believe the United States will establish a protectorate instead of annexing the islands. England will certainly not permit annexation without making a vigorous protest and perhaps a great deal of trouble. If the United States will not see the justice of the claims I will lay before it, I shall go to England and appeal to Great Britain. The Princess Kalulani is a strong brained woman, capable of ruling Hawaii. She is receiving the best of education with the expectation that some day sitting on the Hawaiian throne."

Mr. Clegborn is extremely anxious to reach Washington to correct what he says are the false impressions received by the president and cabinet. He said that the princess and queen were the best of friends, and that the queen telegraphed

her daughter, giving an account of the events which took her from the throne.

PREPARED FOR INVASION.
Americans in Hawaii Will Resist any Move by the British.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—Col. Lathrop L. Bullock, of California, who has long been identified with large financial interests on the Pacific coast, says that his opinion is that the American in Honolulu would resist with arms any attempt of the British to land troops at Honolulu.

"I know the temperament of our people out there two well to admit of any doubt as to what course they will pursue if the British attempt high-handed work," said Col. Bullock. "Call them our people because they are Americans. The 200 Americans at Honolulu are patriots to a degree which people at home do not fully realize. Shut off as they are they have been welded together. Cooperation they have found necessary in view of the constant encroachments of British agents. I know that not only are our people down in Hawaii ready to hold the islands, but that, if need be, there are plenty of supplies and equipments in San Francisco ready for shipment to them."

"Delay in the taking advantage of the opportunity now offered to the flag to acquire new territory will prove disastrous. Depend on it, just as soon as a British fleet reaches Honolulu, and I understand British warships are now hurrying thither from all points of the Pacific, that fleet will attempt to land men under some pretext or other. The British have done this thing before, and they understand better than any one else how to find an excuse for disembarking on foreign soil."

"The trouble will come when such an attempt is made. The provisional government, capable as I believe it to be to maintain complete sway on the island, will resist as an invasion the appearance of British troops on the island."

Col. Bullock says that Hawaii has practically been under American control for the last fifteen years. The late king was heavily in debt to several Californians, as was also the recent government. The natural condition of affairs has led to the assumption of control by the rulers of the island.

THERE MAY BE A STRIKE.
Employees of the Louisville & Nashville Want Increased Wages.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 3.—There is a possibility of trouble ahead for the Louisville & Nashville Railroad company. It is difficult to predict whether the system is to be tied up in a strike or the stockholders compelled to see their management give a substantial increase to over 1200 men.

The men asked a change in the basis upon which overtime is computed. That means an increase in wages. When the proposition was made General Manager Westlake refused to make the concession. Then the employees asked for the standard scale now adopted by nearly all the other railroad systems in the United States. This concession was refused.

Grand Chief P. M. Arthur of the engineers said last night: "I cannot speculate about the future. The Louisville & Nashville has not refused absolutely, and I think it probable that we will have an amicable adjustment. We do not expect that the differences will result in a strike, although the employees will stand firm on the ground they have taken."

WAS HE POISONED?
Suspicious Death of Charles Pingel at His Wedding Supper.

NEW ULM, Feb. 3.—The excitement over the death of Charles Pingel at his wedding supper has been increased by the suspicion that poison was administered to him.

Pingel became infatuated with Bertha Gise in Germany, but his affection was not reciprocated. He came to New Ulm several years ago and sent money to Bertha to pay her passage over. She was poor and promised to marry him. On her arrival he pressed his suit, but she refused.

On the day before the marriage she consented and became his wife. She left the house before he died, and has been near it but once since. He leaves considerable farm property which is now hers. The coroner has been sent for at Springfield to hold an inquest.

A BLOW AT PINKERTONISM.
Bill Introduced to Shut Pinkertons Out of Wisconsin.

MADISON, Wis., Feb. 3.—A bill was introduced in the legislature yesterday which is a blow at Pinkertonism. The bill provides that no person shall at any time be appointed peace officer unless he is a citizen of Wisconsin and a resident of the county where his services are required to prevent or quell the public disturbance.

Disastrous Prairie Fires.
HUGO, Col., Feb. 3.—The prairie fires raging near here prove to be much more disastrous than at first reported.

The main fire is south and west of Hugo and started in the vicinity of Mirage at noon Wednesday and at 6 o'clock yesterday the head fire was twenty-five or thirty miles southwest. It was still fanned by a very strong wind. The indications are that the ranges on Rush creek, Big and Little Horse creeks south to the Missouri Pacific railroad will be destroyed as the grass is heavy and dry. The fires are the worst ever known.

Tin Mines Closed.
RAPID CITY, S. D., Feb. 3.—Reports received here today from Hill City are to the effect that the Harney Peak Tin company has closed down its mines and suspended operations. At the new mill about 100 men are thrown out of employment without any intimation as to when their services will be again required.

The Venezuelan Boundary.
NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—The Herald's cable dispatch from Caracas, Venezuela, says: Mr. Cleist, the German minister to Venezuela who is also acting as British minister, says that officially he has no information that Venezuela desires to open the boundary question. No minister from Venezuela has been named by the court of St. James.

NOT VERY IMPORTANT

That is What President Van Horne Thinks of President Harrison's Reply to the Hitt Resolution.

Government of Either Country Must Take Such Steps as Are Necessary to Protect Its Revenues.

The Conclusions Reached by the President Which Are Embodied in the Message to Congress.

President Van Horne was shown, just before leaving Duluth this afternoon the telegraphic report of President Harrison's reply to Congressman Hitt's resolution governing the transportation of bonded merchandise from one port of the United States to another over Canadian territory.

Mr. Van Horne said: "I have not had time in the brief glance over the dispatch to take in the full scope intended by the parent of the resolution, but at the first glance it doesn't seem to amount to very much, and would only give a delay of a few hours in transit. It doesn't cut any figure as I understand it from the opportunity I have had of taking in its full meaning. The government of either country is bound to take such steps to protect its revenues as it may deem necessary and there is no intention I deem it, on the part of President Harrison or any member of the congress of the United States, to attempt to meddle with our freight rates. I don't clearly see how anyone can for a moment imagine such to be the case. The transportation of goods in bond is growing in volume and there may be at times new governmental regulations enacted on both sides of the line regarding their movement."

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.
Conclusions Reached Regarding Transportation of Goods in Bond.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—President Harrison yesterday sent to congress his reply to the resolution of Representative Hitt relating to the regulations governing the transportation of imported merchandise from one port of the United States to another over Canadian territory. The following are the conclusions at which he arrives:

First—That article 29 of the treaty of Washington has been abrogated.

Second—That even if this article were in force, there is no law to execute it.

Third—That when in force, the treaty imposed no obligation upon the United States to use the concession as to transit by Canada and no limitations upon the power of the United States in dealing with merchandise imported for the uses of our citizens through Canadian ports, or passing from one place in the United States to another through Canada, upon the arrival of such merchandise at our borders.

Fourth—That, therefore, treaty or no treaty, the question of sealing cars containing such merchandise, and the treatment of such sealed cars when they cross our borders, is and always has been one to be settled by our laws according to our convenience and our interests as we may see them.

Fifth—That the law authorizing the sealing of cars in Canada containing foreign merchandise imported from a contiguous country, does not apply to merchandise imported by our own people from countries not contiguous and carried through Canada for delivery to such owner.

Sixth—That the law did not contemplate the passing of sealed cars to any place not provided for the delivery of such cars to the owner or consignee to be opened by him without the supervision of a revenue officer.

Seventh—That such a practice is inconsistent with the safety of the revenue. In closing, the president says: "The statutes relating to transportation of merchandise between the United States and the British possessions should be the subject of revision. The treasury regulations have given these laws a construction and a scope that I do not think was contemplated by congress. A policy adapted to the new conditions, growing in part out of the construction of the Canadian Pacific railroad, should be declared and the business placed upon a basis more just to our people and to our transportation companies. If we continue the policy of supervising rates and requiring that they shall be equal and reasonable upon the railroads, we cannot in fairness at the same time give these unequal facilities for competition to Canadian roads, that are free to pursue the practices as to cut rates and favored rates that we condemn and punish if practiced by our own rail roads."

TWO TRAINS COLLIDED.
One Woman Killed and Several People Injured.

WOONSOCKET, R. I., Feb. 3.—Two trains collided on the New England road at East Douglas, Mass., at 6 o'clock this morning. One woman was killed and several others were injured.

CONSOLIDATION IMPROBABLE.
The Postoffice Situation at Superior Not Likely to Be Changed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—[Special to The Herald.]—The proposed consolidation of the postoffice at South, East and West Superior, although recommended by the postoffice inspectors, is not likely to take place, because the appropriation for such purposes is nearly exhausted.

Admitted to Practice.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—[Special to The Herald.]—Jud L. Washburn of Duluth was admitted to practice before the supreme court today on motion of C. Water Davis.

FIGHTING THE STORM

Railroads Are Recovering From the Effects of Yesterday's Blow and All Running Nearly on Time.

Snow Plows Are Bucking the Drifts and Keeping the Cuts Clear on All the Lines.

Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railway Has Been Troubled More With Frozen Water Tanks Than Snow.

The various lines of railroad running into Duluth while still somewhat delayed are recovering from the effects of the late storm. Snow plows are working on all lines and yard crews are handling the moving freight with double energies.

The St. Paul & Duluth's trains have been moving on time since the night express left here last night and four or five delayed freights have arrived and four trains have been sent out.

On the Omaha road the St. Paul night express rolled into the depot exactly on time, but the Chicago train is a little behind, due, however, to heavy drifting snows in Wisconsin below Eau Claire.

Freights on this road are moving fairly well and all outbound trains have left on time.

The Duluth & Iron range is moving its main line passenger trains on schedule, but the morning train to McKinley was a little late in leaving, owing to a drift in the Chester Creek cuts, near Tenth avenue east. The Lester Park train was a little late in arriving.

On the Duluth, Missabe & Northern the movement of trains has been hampered by frozen water tanks more than by snow on their own line. Everything will be on time by evening unless another storm should spring up.

Duluth & Winnipeg people have kept up with the procession and have little or no trouble the other side of Cloquet. Between Duluth and Cloquet there has been some heavy drifting and filling of cuts, but everything is on time again as usual.

Northern Pacific trains within a fairly local radius are and have been on time right along, but the main lines west beyond Staples have had bad weather and lots of snow and are still a good deal behind schedule time. The rotaries are at work on the western divisions and engine plows are doing good work near here. Wisconsin Central trains are making card time near here, but are still greatly delayed in Central Wisconsin by snow.

The Eastern Minnesota people have kept their passenger trains moving with the greatest regularity and have been very little behind. This is due to big engines and light trains.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic people are having some trouble on the Michigan peninsula but are getting along fairly well. They worked a special over the road yesterday at a thirty-mile speed notwithstanding the storm.

FATALITIES IN CHICAGO.
Ice Streets and Pavements Smooth as Glass Were Responsible.

CHICAGO, Feb. 3.—Ice streets and pavements as smooth as glass and constantly wet by the drizzling rain caused at least one death yesterday, while hundreds suffered injuries of a more or less serious character. Perhaps never in the history of Chicago were the sidewalks so absolutely impassable, and last night pedestrians trod to the middle of the streets and tramped through half frozen mud and slush, which gave a footing but little better than the glaring flagstones on either side. The fatalities and minor casualties caused by the icy streets so far reported are as follows:

Sampson, Joseph, expressman, fell and fractured his skull at the Grand Trunk depot.

An Italian peddler, slipped and fell at the south side of Institute place and received a severe scalp wound.

Hussey, James, slipped and broke his leg.

Johnson, James, teamster, while loading his wagon slipped and fell on the icy pavement; skull fractured and concussion of the brain feared; taken to the hospital.

Splann, Nellie, slipped and fell, right wrist fractured.

Morgan, Richard, slipped and fell, the wheels of a loaded wagon passing over his legs.

Mailey, John S., patrolman, fell on the sidewalk, sprained his right ankle and severely bruising his left arm.

SUFFERING AMONG BOOMERS.
Frozen Feet, Hands, Noses and Ears Are Numerous.

ARKANSAS CITY, Kas., Feb. 3.—The suffering among the 8000 boomers camped out on the borders of the Cherokee strip from the blizzard of Wednesday was something terrible.

Cases too numerous to mention of frozen feet, hands, noses and ears are reported from the camps nearest here.

In one big camp sixteen miles south-east of this city the campers lost a number of horses from the cold and exposure as they were absolutely without shelter.

FOURTEEN WERE INJURED.
An Explosion in a Foundry Which Wrecked the Building.

WORCESTER, Mass., Feb. 3.—An explosion which seriously injured fourteen men took place at the Star foundry, a low wooden building at the corner of Washington street last evening. The men had finished work and the moulders had gone home, leaving the laborers to empty the stock.

The hot slag struck the wet ground and the explosion followed, wrecking the building. The foundry is the largest in the city.

Patrick Judge, night watchman, 46 years old, married, was fatally injured. All the others were more or less seriously injured.

BLIZZARD AT MILWAUKEE.
Electric Railways Are Having a Hard Time to Operate.

MILWAUKEE, Feb. 3.—A terrific blizzard raged here all day yesterday and

the electric railways have had a hard time of it. Eliza & Pierre Marquette No. 3 is caught in the ice at the mouth of the harbor.

The wind is blowing strongly and the ice is rapidly piling around her. She is entirely helpless.

Three People Perished.
TOMPKA, Kas., Feb. 3.—The full effects of the recent cold wave in this country were not known until yesterday. James Mitchell, wife and one child, were found in their home, a dilapidated frame house seven miles north of this city, frozen to death.

Almost Frozen to Death.
SEDALIA, Mo., Feb. 3.—Much suffering is reported here as a result of yesterday's blizzard. Lizzie Gibnew, aged 11 years, was found in a snow drift last evening with her feet hands and face badly frozen and may die.

A BANK CLOSED ITS DOORS.
None of the Depositors Will Suffer Any Loss.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Feb. 3.—The announcement made yesterday of the failure of the First National bank created a deal of surprise. Col. Logan H. Root assumed the presidency of the institution on Jan. 23 and in two days it was given out by the bank officials that the business of the concern was increasing.

Two weeks ago the bank had on deposit \$385,000. It closed yesterday owing individual and bank depositors about \$80,000 and the government about \$75,000, which is secured by \$75,000 in United States bonds, the bank being the government depository in this city. It now turns out that all the large depositors who placed their money in the bank after Col. Root took charge, in order to make it appear that confidence in the institution had been restored, did so with the understanding that they would be notified in time to protect their interests in case failure was liable to occur. All this class of depositors were notified Wednesday and the debts of honor were discharged.

No one connected with the bank can give any estimate of the liabilities, as much of the paper sent in for collection is signed by H. G. Allis as president of the bank, of which there is no record in the bank and is therefore repudiated. None of the depositors will lose anything by the failure.

The loss falls entirely upon Eastern people and those friends of Mr. Allis in Little Rock who endorsed his paper.

A TRAGEDY IN BROOKLYN.
A Woman Found Dead in Bed and Her Husband Dying.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Feb. 3.—Mrs. Plimmer was found dead in a bedroom on the second floor with a bullet wound in her head. Her husband was also shot through the abdomen, and although conscious was believed to be dying, and was immediately taken to the Methodist hospital.

On arrival at the hospital Plimmer was able to tell something about the tragedy, but his statement was not all coherent. He said that he had a quarrel with his wife just after he came home to dinner, and his wife shot him with a thirty-two caliber revolver, then she turned the weapon upon herself, killing herself almost instantly.

THE ECONOMIST SOCIETY.
Its Future to Be Devoted to Manufacturing Rather Than Farming.

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 3.—John I. Dues, senior trustee of the Economist society, is confined in bed where he has been nearly a week suffering from a paralytic stroke. He lost the use of the right side of his body but is slowly recovering.

He is now able to sit up, and in speaking regarding the changes to be made in the society, he said that all contemplated changes had already been made and the future of the society would be devoted to manufacturing rather than farming.

THREE TAKEN OUT DEAD.
Fatal Explosion of Boiler Works in Mississippi.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Feb. 3.—The Planters Compress boiler works at Vicksburg, Miss., exploded yesterday. The compress was torn to pieces and three men were taken out dead. They are James Colbe, brother of the superintendent; Dago Joe, an Italian; and Billy Clifton, a negro.

Ten people are still in the ruins. Seven have been taken out more or less injured. The fire engines are at work to keep the cotton from burning.

The Cremation of the Negro.
PARIS, Tex., Feb. 3.—Everything is quiet here. All who participated in the terrible torture of the negro Smith boldly proclaim the part they took in the affair and say that they have no fear of arrest. The ashes of the funeral pyre were raked over yesterday and many persons carried away buttons, bones, etc., as relics of the affair.

A Window Glass Trust.
MILWAUKEE, Feb. 3.—The window glass trust was formed at the Plankinton house yesterday afternoon. Forty-eight delegates were present and the session was behind closed doors. Thirteen directors were chosen and they will elect their officers. The concern, as already stated, has been incorporated under the name of the National Glass company.

Suffocated by Fire.
NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—A family, consisting of Morris Cohen, his wife and baby, were suffocated by a fire at their home, 137 Orchard street, early this morning. Three other persons were badly injured: Annie Goldberg, 13; Jacob Cohen and Pauline Goldberg.

Short in His Accounts.
PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 3.—Dr. Lancaster Drew, secretary and treasurer of the Fund and Safe Deposit company here, left his office Wednesday ostensibly to go to luncheon. He has not since returned and yesterday his accounts were discovered to be short about \$500.

Paper Mill Burned.
KENIA, O., Feb. 3.—The Columbian paper mill was completely destroyed by fire yesterday. The fire started in the oil room. Loss, \$75,000; insured for \$40,000. Two hundred men are thrown out of employment.

For alderman of the Fourth ward cast your vote for Fred H. Quinby.

AT BEDTIME I TAKE A PLEASANT HERB DRINK

THE MORNING FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

LANE'S MEDICINE

Can Secure Competent Servants

By Advertising in the HERALD WANT COLUMN

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Fresh Air and Exercise.

Get all that's possible of both, if in need of flesh strength and nerve force. There's need, too, of plenty of fat-food.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod Liver Oil builds up flesh and strength quicker than any other preparation known to science.

Scott's Emulsion is constantly effective. Cures Consumption, Bronchitis and kindred diseases where other methods fail.

ON TRIAL FOR MURDER.

The Trial of One of the Homeless Strikers Has Been Begun.

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 3.—John Clifford, one of the homeless strikers, was placed on trial in criminal court No. 1 yesterday.

Charge Slagge presiding. Clifford is charged with the killing of J. L. Conners and others during the battle with the Pinkerton men at Homestead on the morning of July 6.

The court room was packed to the limit long before the case was called. During the reading of the indictment Clifford stood in the prisoner's dock, his eyes intently fixed upon the clerk.

At the close of the reading he in a firm voice answered the question by pleading "not guilty," and then took his seat beside his counsel, while the preparations for empanelling the jury was in progress.

Clifford is represented by Messrs. Montooth, Brennan, Cox and Reardon. District Attorney Burleigh, D. F. Patterson, J. S. Kolb and E. V. Beck represent the commonwealth.

CHARCOAL KILN EXPLODED.
A Lumbering Town Threatened With Destruction by Fire.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Feb. 3.—A steamer and hose cart were sent to Sullivan, a lumbering town on the Muskegon branch of the Grand Rapids & Indiana railroad, thirty-two miles from here, yesterday in response to a telegram stating that the town was threatened with destruction by fire.

It has been learned that one of Sullivan's lumber company's charcoal kilns exploded and that the flames spread to the mill near by. All communication is cut off from the railroad office here and no further particulars can be learned.

This is Sullivan's second visitation by fire, the town having been nearly wiped out about two years ago.

General Strike Rumored.
ST. LOUIS, Mo., Feb. 3.—The news from Chicago about a general strike among railroad switchmen was not unexpected here. There is no doubt that a clear understanding was arrived at among railroad men here several days ago, and if the strike is ordered the local brotherhood will participate.

Returning to Hawaii.
SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 3.—The Hawaiian steamer Claudine, which left from Honolulu Saturday morning last with news of the queen's overthrow, and also brought the five commissioners who are on their way to Washington with a petition for annexation, sailed on her return trip yesterday.

Prof. Niel.
Government chemist, writes: I have carefully analyzed your "Royal Ruby" and find it to be a pure and valuable gem.

For alderman of the Fourth ward cast your vote for Fred H. Quinby.

Offices For Rent.
Elegant ground floor offices for rent in the new Herald building, 220 West Superior street. Ready for occupancy Feb. 1. Inquire at Herald office in Henderson block, Fifth avenue west and Superior street.

The Quickest Route to Hurley, Ironwood and Bessemer.
Is via the South Shore line. Train leaves Duluth, Union depot, at 11:02 a. m. and arrives at Hurley 4:18 p. m., Ironwood 4:26 p. m., Bessemer 4:47 p. m., Wakefield 5:05 p. m.

Union Covered Skating Rink.
Marine brass band Wednesday and Saturday evenings, good ice. Lake ave.

The Highland electric cars are running regularly from the head of the incline through the prettiest tract of land at the head of the lakes.

For alderman of the Fourth ward cast your vote for Fred H. Quinby.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladium building

AT BEDTIME I TAKE A PLEASANT HERB DRINK

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MEMBERS

Duluth Jobbers UNION.

DULUTH SHOE CO., Manufacturers and Jobbers, Shoes and Slippers.	GILL & WRIGHT, Duluth Roller Mills, "Gill & Wright" Flour.
DULUTH DRY GOODS CO., Wholesale Dry Goods, Manufacturers Men's Furnishing Goods.	QUINBY & OMEIS, Builders and Cut Stone Contractors, and Shippers of Stone.
DULUTH & SUPERIOR FEEDING CO., Manufacturers and Jobbers, Machinery and Feeding Material.	PIONEER FUEL CO., Shippers and Jobbers, Hard and Soft Coal, Wood and Cok.
CHAPIN-WELLS HARDWARE CO., Wholesale Heavy and Sheet Hardware, Lumbermen's Supplies.	NORTHWESTERN FUEL CO., Shippers and Jobbers, Anthracite and Bituminous Coals.
J. J. & R. A. COSTELLO, Wholesale Heavy and Sheet Hardware, Lumbermen's and Miners Supplies.	NATIONAL IRON WORKS, Machinists and Founders, Engines, Pumps and Mining Machinery.
CRANE-ORDWAY CO., Manufacturers and Jobbers, Steam, Gas and Water Goods.	IRONTON STRUCTURAL STEEL CO., Manufacturers, Builders and Bridge Materials.
PRONIX ELECTRIC CO., Manufacturers and Jobbers of Electrical Supplies.	DULUTH MANUFACTURING CO., Manufacturers of Freight Cars, Caskets, Merchant Bar Iron, Forges.
WELLS-STONE MERCANTILE CO., Importers and Wholesale Grocers.	MARINETTE IRON WORKS, Machinists and Founders, Steam Engines.
STONE-ORDWAY CO., Importers and Wholesale Grocers.	CLYDE IRON WORKS, Machinists and Founders, Marine Supplies.
KELLY ROBINSON & CO., Wholesale Groceries and Produce.	CRAWFORD STEAM ENGINE WORKS, Manufacturers Steam Engines, Pumps.
SMITH & COULTER SPICE CO., Roasters of Coffee and Manufacturers of Baking Powder, Extracts and Spices.	DULUTH BOILER WORKS, Manufacturers Stationary and Marine Boilers, Iron Tanks.
J. S. SHINNERS & CO., Manufacturers and Jobbers, Confectionery.	PEYTON, KIMBALL & BARBER, Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.
T. B. HAWKES & CO., Wholesale Grain, Hay and Flour.	DUNCAN BREWER & CO., Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.
CULVER BROS., Wholesale Grain and Hay, Stocks.	C. B. WOODRUFF, Wholesale and Retail Lumber, Lath and Shingles.
MESSICK & MACAULEY, Wholesale Commission, Butter, Eggs and Country Produce.	MESABA LUMBER CO., Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.
FITGER & CO., Wholesale The Trade and Families Supplied.	HOWE LUMBER CO.—Towner, Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.
HELLER & LOEE, Importers and Wholesale Wine and Liquor Merchants.	MITCHELL & MCCLURE, Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.
CALIFORNIA WINE HOUSE, Wholesale Wines, Liquors, Etc.	SCOTT & HOLSTON LUMBER CO., Manufacturers Lumber, Sash, Doors, Mouldings.
SCHULZE BROS., Leathers and Shoe Findings, Manufacturers of Boot and Shoe Upfers.	HOWARD LUMBER CO., Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.
E. WIELAND, Tanner, Harness Leather a Specialty.	RICHARDS LUMBER CO., Manufacturers Lumber.

"CLEANLINESS IS NAE PRIDE, DIRT'S NAE HONESTY." COMMON SENSE DICTATES THE USE OF

SAPOLIO

MEMBERS OF THE DULUTH CLEARING HOUSE ASSOCIATION

First National Bank	CAPITAL	\$1,000,000	SURPLUS	\$200,000
American Exchange Bank		500,000		350,000
Marine National Bank		250,000		20,000
National Bank of Commerce		200,000		21,000
State Bank of Duluth		100,000		40,000
Security Bank of Duluth		100,000		35,000
Iron Exchange Bank		100,000		

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.

Time Table Effective Jan. 2, 1893.

WEEK END TRAINS

STATIONS.

	Leaving Duluth	Arriving South Shore	Leaving South Shore	Arriving Atlantic
Leave Duluth	11:00 am		7:30 pm	
Arrive West Duluth	11:15 am		7:45 pm	
Arrive Hurley	11:30 am		8:00 pm	
Arrive Ironwood	11:45 am		8:15 pm	
Arrive Houghton	12:00 pm		8:30 pm	
Arrive Marquette	10:45 pm		7:30 am	
Arrive Marinette			12:15 pm	
Arrive Green Bay			2:15 pm	
Arrive Saint Paul, St. Marie			1:15 pm	
Arrive Grand Rapids			11:00 am	
Arrive Saginaw	1:15 pm			
	3:10 pm			
Arrive Detroit	5:58 pm		2:20 am	
Arrive Buffalo	9:40 am		5:55 pm	
Arrive Toronto	8:15 am		5:20 am	
Arrive Montreal	6:45 am		4:40 am	
Arrive Boston	6:03 pm		8:05 am	
Arrive New York	3:43 pm		5:45 am	

ASHLAND

TO

Milwaukee and Chicago

Rhinelanders,	Kaukauna,
New London:	Mantowoc,
Wausau,	Sheboygan,
Appleton,	Racine,

EVENING HERALD. **OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DULUTH.**

PUBLISHED BY THE
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
 Business and editorial rooms in Henderson
 block, corner Superior street and Fifth avenue
 west. Entrance opposite Spaulding. Telephone
 24.
 Eastern Office—109 World Building, New York.
 A. E. Story, Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
 Daily, per year, \$7.00
 Daily, per three months, \$2.00
 Daily, per month, .60
 Weekly, per year, \$3.00

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.
 Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as
 second-class mail matter.

The Weather.
 U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, DULUTH, Minn.,
 Feb. 2.—An area of unusually high barometer
 has moved down from the Northwest, accom-
 panied by a severe cold wave, and is now cen-
 tral over the Dakotas. The cold wave, which
 has been felt in the city, is now being
 replaced by a milder one, with temperatures
 ranging from 0 to 38.
 Snow fell all along the lake region yesterday,
 but it has now cleared off, and with the excep-
 tion of a few drifting snowflakes it is clear in all
 parts of the country.
 The highest temperature recorded by the bureau
 here yesterday was 6 below zero, the lowest
 being 24 below. The snow fall amounted,
 when it fell, to 2 inches.
 DULUTH, Feb. 2.—Fair, colder; winds from
 west to north.

R. H. BOONSHAW,
 Local Forecast Official.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—Forecast till 8 p. m.
 tomorrow: Fair, with occasional showers; wind
 northerly, variable; temperature ranging from
 10 to 30.

The Saturday Herald.
 Although January and February are
 usually considered dull business months,
 and particularly so with newspapers, the
 Herald has had an unexampled rush of
 advertising during the past month and the
 present indications are that it will
 continue during February. This is un-
 doubtedly due to the appreciation by
 Duluth merchants of the fact that the
 Herald has by far the largest circulation in
 the town of the people and therefore
 is the best advertising medium at the
 head of the lakes.

The Herald's large circulation is the
 direct result of its merits as a newspaper,
 as compared with its would-be competi-
 tors. In its columns is found all the
 news, both local and telegraphic, and
 when any event of importance occurs,
 the people naturally turn to the news-
 pages of The Herald to find the most
 complete account.

But in addition to publishing all the
 latest news in its news, The Herald
 presents many special articles of inter-
 est, both of literary and news character.
 The dedication of the handsome new
 church building of the First Methodist St.
 Episcopal church, which will occur on
 Sunday next, will be appropriately
 treated in the Saturday Herald, and
 there will be other local articles. The
 weekly letter of Bill Nye will be found
 very amusing as usual, and the ladies
 will be interested in a bright article by
 Henriette Broussau descriptive of
 novel ball gowns and the picturesque
 floral costumes that are being worn by
 young girls in New York society.

Municipal Charters.
 The St. Paul News claims that a mun-
 icipal government law, dividing the
 cities of the state into different classes,
 would be unconstitutional, as a violation
 of the constitutional amendment prohib-
 iting special legislation. Such laws have
 been passed in other states and held by
 the courts to be valid, but it is possible
 that there may be some difference in
 their constitutions and that of this state.
 There is no reason at all in the opin-
 ion of the St. Paul paper, why a gen-
 eral law may not be devised which shall
 afford St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth a
 satisfactory working charter, and indeed
 it might be extended to minor cities by
 such provisions that one law would suf-
 fice for all, and afford all good, satisfac-
 tory government.

It is a mistaken idea of the symmetry
 of things and the provision of rational
 and economical government, contends
 the St. Paul paper, to imagine that each
 municipality is a separate and individual
 principality, an independent nation, so to
 speak. All alike owe allegiance to the
 state, and as the state grows upon and
 forbids special legislation, all should be
 content and unite in promoting a homo-
 geneous system of municipal govern-
 ment founded upon business principles
 and to be conducted, as nearly as pos-
 sible, upon the same lines as those which
 contribute to the success of private busi-
 ness.

This argument is in line with a recent
 communication to The Herald from the
 pen of Mr. T. T. Hudson of this city, and
 it certainly has much to commend it to
 careful consideration. It does seem
 possible that one general law could be
 framed that would provide a satisfactory
 charter for every city in the state. It
 is claimed that Duluth, being the only lake
 port in the list of Minnesota cities, needs
 special powers that are not required by
 the others, but why not have these
 powers granted by a general law applic-
 able to all cities? Those that did not
 desire or need these powers would not
 be compelled to exercise them.

From the variety of municipal govern-
 ment bills now before the legislature and
 the diversity of opinion manifested by
 the members, there does not appear,
 however, to be very much probability of
 any measure being passed at the present
 session. A commission will probably
 be appointed to frame such a measure
 for the next legislature and it should be
 able to prepare one law that will cover
 the wants of every city in the state.

Pinkertonism has been given a blow in
 Wisconsin by the introduction of a bill
 in the legislature to prohibit the employ-

ment of peace officers who are not resi-
 dents of the county where the distur-
 bance occurs. As some counties are
 sparsely settled, it might be better to
 limit it to residents of the state.

Justice Lamar's Successor.
 President Harrison has appointed
 Howell E. Jackson of Tennessee to fill
 the vacancy created on the bench of the
 supreme court by the death of Justice
 Lamar. This appointment is in keeping
 with the other excellent selections which
 President Harrison has made in appoint-
 ments to the judiciary.

Mr. Jackson is a distinguished South-
 ern jurist and, like his predecessor upon
 the supreme court bench, is a Democrat.
 He is a native of Tennessee, being born
 there in 1832 and is consequently in his
 sixty-fifth year. In 1859 he removed
 with his parents to Paris, Jackson, Tenn.,
 was graduated at the West Tennessee
 college in 1858, and then passed two
 years in the University of Virginia. In
 1859 he was graduated at the Lebanon
 law school and began practice at
 Jackson, where he quickly attained emi-
 nence at the bar.

The field at Jackson was too limited,
 and Mr. Jackson moved in 1859 to Mem-
 phis, and was twice appointed a judge
 of the state supreme court. He returned
 to Jackson in 1876, and was elected a
 representative in the legislature in 1880,
 and next was elected United States sen-
 ator from Tennessee for the term begin-
 ning March 4, 1881.

Five years later he resigned
 in March, 1886, was appointed
 by President Cleveland to be
 United States district judge for
 the western district of Tennessee, in
 which position he has given excellent
 satisfaction and has fairly won this high
 honor. Mr. Jackson's brother, William
 Hicks Jackson, rose to the rank of brig-
 adier general in the Confederate army,
 and is now the proprietor of the cele-
 brated Belle Meade stock farm in the
 blue grass region of Tennessee.

The Law in Texas.
 The cremation of the negro Smith at
 Paris, Tex., was a horrible affair that
 must cause every friend of republican
 institutions to blush with shame that the
 law was powerless to prevent such an
 awful outrage. Despicable though the
 crime of this black fiend may have been,
 and severe as may have been the pun-
 ishment which he justly merited, still
 there can be no excuse for such an out-
 rageous and awful affair as a tele-
 graphic report represents this to have been.

The criminal was in the hands of the
 authorities and his escape from convic-
 tion was impossible in view of the over-
 whelming evidence against him, and the
 law should have been permitted to take
 its course and inflict the capital punish-
 ment provided for such wretches. That
 a mob should have seized him and tortured him
 in such a fiendish manner does not speak
 well for our boasted civilization. Neither
 does it do credit to our methods of ad-
 ministering justice that the men who
 participated in the horrible scene of tor-
 ture boldly walk the streets today and
 declare they have no fear of arrest.

The state of Texas should not permit
 such gross violation of the law to go un-
 punished. Unless the law is to be cast
 aside entirely and the state desires to re-
 turn to the ancient modes of dealing
 with crime, the people of Texas should
 see to it that these men are made to an-
 swer for their savage and barbaric deed
 in the courts.

Lynch law should have no place in
 this enlightened land, much less the ter-
 rible torture which recalls the fiendish
 treatment that the bloodthirsty redskins
 dealt out to their captives in the early
 days of the settlement of the Western
 States. There must be something rad-
 ically wrong with the administration of
 justice in Texas when such a terrible af-
 fair can happen and no one be called to
 account.

Objectionable Features.
 There was another batch of matter
 about the bridge question in the News
 Tribune today, including a letter from
 Mr. Hartley, but there was nothing
 whatever to disprove the statements
 which The Herald has made heretofore
 on the subject. There is one point in
 the Hartley bridge proposition which
 has not yet been alluded to. It concerns
 the clause providing for purchase by the
 counties of St. Louis and Douglas, be-
 cause a more careful examination of the
 bill shows that no provision is made for
 purchase by the cities of Duluth and
 Superior, but only by the counties.

The Hartley bill does not provide that
 the company shall sell to either the city
 or the counties. It leaves that optional
 with the company itself. It might re-
 fuse at the expiration of five years to
 sell on the terms stated in the bill, and
 neither the cities nor counties could com-
 pel it to sell. The bill simply provides
 that the company may sell to the coun-
 ties. There is nothing compulsory about
 that, and if the promoters of this mea-
 sure had been sincere in their desire to
 give the counties a chance to buy the
 bridge they would not have worded the
 bill in this manner. If the bill allowed
 the counties or cities the right to pur-
 chase and compelled the company to com-
 pel to sell, then Mr. Hartley's present claims
 in behalf of his bill on that point would
 be correct; at present they are incor-
 rect.

A dispatch from Washington to the
 Pioneer Press says that the Hartley bill
 encounters opposition there because it

makes no provision for railroads using
 the bridge, thus leaving the present
 monopoly in bridges to the Northern
 Pacific. The war department also ob-
 jects because the bridge is to have only
 one span, two being desired. The Her-
 ald has already pointed out these ob-
 jectionable features in the Hartley bill.
 No such objections can be made against
 the Commercial Improvement com-
 pany's bill. But probably a bridge of
 that character would cost more than
 Mr. Hartley and his associates de-
 sired to pay.

The report that Mr. Bayard is to be
 Mr. Cleveland's secretary of state has
 been revived. Surely Mr. Cleveland
 will not repeat such an egregious blun-
 der. Bayard is a dismal failure in the
 state department and he should not be
 given an opportunity to duplicate his record.

Where are the bribery prosecutions
 that Senator Davis, previous to his elec-
 tion, threatened to bring? If there is
 any proof of bribery, as was asserted,
 let the facts come out and the bribery
 agents and bribe-takers be punished.

By an error yesterday The Herald
 stated that the bill remedying the de-
 fective assessment for the Piedmont
 avenue improvement was introduced in
 the legislature by Mr. Cotton. The honor
 belongs to Mr. Boggs.

The Michigan legislature has repealed
 the Miner election law, providing for the
 election of the presidential electors by
 districts. Michigan's electoral vote will
 not be divided the next time a presiden-
 tial election is held.

Archbishop Satolli, the papal delegate,
 has settled the case Father Kellen vs.
 Bishop Wigger, of Newark, N. J.,
 against the bishop. This is another vic-
 tory for the opponents of Catholicism
 in America.

Platinum, that rare and valuable
 metal, is reported to have been found
 at a mine near Ashland. The Lake
 Superior county evidently has riches
 yet in store for the lucky prospector.

Ben Butler left no will. The old gen-
 eral was determined not to give any law-
 yer a chance to prove that he was not of
 sound mind.

If the ground hog came out of his hole
 yesterday, he returned to it without get-
 ting a glance at his shadow.

The Third Organ Recital.
 The third and last of a series of
 grand inaugural recitals to be given at
 the First Methodist Episcopal church
 next Thursday evening will be under the
 direction of J. Warner Andrews, organist
 of the Plymouth Congregational, Minne-
 apolis. The program is as follows:
 Chorus—"Spring is Coming" (Waltz) by
 First M. E. Church, choir, Mr. S. S. Myers.
 Organ—A Fifth organ concert. Handel.
 Quartet—"Recess of the Night" (Serenade)
 Song, with violin obbligato—"Serenade"
 Miss Mabel Thayer and Arthur Thayer.
 Organ—A Grand chorus in D. Gullman.
 Quartet—"Recess of the Night" (Serenade)
 Miss Mabel Thayer and Arthur Thayer.
 Quartet—"Recess of the Night" (Serenade)
 Miss Mabel Thayer and Arthur Thayer.
 Duet, with violin obbligato—"Serenade"
 Miss Mabel Thayer and Arthur Thayer.
 Recitation—"The Little Lullaby"
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ARE TO CLOSE A DEAL

That is What President Van Horne and His Party Will do at St. Paul Tomorrow.

It is Said to be For Terminal Property at Superior For the Duluth & Winnipeg.

It Would Seem From This That the Canadian Pacific is Interested But This is Denied.

President Van Horne, of the Canadian Pacific, and party including his private secretary George D. McDonald, Gen. Samuel Thomas, president of the South Shore road, and T. C. Shaughnessy, left for St. Paul on the St. Paul & Duluth limited this afternoon. Francis B. Clarke, secretary of the Consolidated Land company, of Superior, also went down with the party.

A gentleman who claims to know says that they went down to close a deal for some land for terminals at Superior for the Duluth & Winnipeg road and that the Canadian Pacific will look after negotiations for the Duluth & Winnipeg road. This would appear significant and would seem to indicate that the Canadian Pacific is interested in the Duluth & Winnipeg.

President Van Horne emphatically denies it and says that the Canadian Pacific is in no way interested in the Duluth & Winnipeg. Statements made by railroad men, however, should be taken with several grains of allowance, and in fact it is generally accepted that a road man must be a good prevaricator. All of the officials who were here corroborated President Van Horne's statement and claimed to be only here looking over the South Shore road interests.

A DEFAULTING MANAGER.

F. D. Timmerman, Representing the Western Union at Superior, is Missing.

F. D. Timmerman, manager at West Superior of the Western Union Telegraph company and the American District Telegraph company, has disappeared and is believed to be short in his accounts. J. Levin, assistant general superintendent of the Western Union Telegraph company, arrived yesterday from Minneapolis and took charge of the office. He is checking up the books and the amount of Timmerman's defaultation will not be known until he has finished. The books are in bad shape. Mr. Levin said last evening that he could form no idea at present of how they stand.

Mrs. Timmerman is check clerk in the office. She seems to think that her husband has gone for good but does not know where.

The Western Union is fully protected by bonds of the fidelity and casualty insurance company of New York. It is thought that the assurance company will carry out the usual policy of such institutions and pursue and prosecute the defaulter if found. Timmerman's downfall is due to gambling.

In the Race to Slay.

To the Editor of The Herald: Since the last few days, I have read certain misstatements in your general paper which I do not think belong to me and which a trustworthy daily newspaper should not tolerate in its columns, unless based upon the truth itself and after due inquiries. In one issue you had it that I was to withdraw in favor of Mr. Quinby in the Fourth ward. In another issue you made it to understand that I was a Republican candidate, and still in another issue you again state I am to withdraw.

This to me seems uncalled for, as I never meant to withdraw and will not do so. I am a candidate in the Fourth ward to win or to lose. I do not know of any candidate in said ward my superior, and if I was to withdraw it would be for candidates better qualified than I am, and I fail to see that superior qualification in the persons of my opponents. Would be too glad to meet them in a meeting of the voters of said ward, where their respective superior qualifications could be tested.

JOHN L. HARQUELL.
Duluth, Feb. 3.

A Curling Match.

There will be an exciting curling match at the curling rink at Glen Avon tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. The rink which played at St. Paul has been challenged to play a "dark horse" rink for an overster player. The former consists of R. J. MacLeod, skip; D. MacLeod, third; S. D. Palmer, second; Alex. MacRae, first. The team which will oppose them will be: S. Fullerton, skip; J. Moon, third; J. R. Quigby, second; L. D. Campbell, first. Two or three rinks are expected up from St. Paul within the next three or four weeks to play Duluth rinks.

Catarth in the head is a constitutional disease and requires a constitutional remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla to effect a cure.

True Economy in Dress.

"No woman practices true economy until she uses diamond dyes," says a writer in the Ladies' Companion. Every dime spent for diamond dyes will save dollars. They color dresses, cloaks, feathers, ribbons, carpet rags, etc., any color. Even a child can use them, they are so simple. But do not risk your goods with any imitations; the diamond are the only original and reliable.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

BURGLARS ABOARD.

Four Men Attempted to Enter a Clothing Store at West Duluth.

An unsuccessful attempt to burglarize the Great Eastern clothing store at West Duluth was made Wednesday night about 10 o'clock. The gang consisted of four men, and entrance was sought through the rear door of the store. The burglars were first discovered by S. J. Nygren through the window of his room in the Manufacturers' Bank building. He heard them below and near his window and ran down and gave the alarm to a policeman who happened near. Before the officer got near them, however, they became frightened and scattered. One of them was afterward caught and gave his name as Ed McCune.

West Duluth Briefs.

The Great Western Electric and Supply company have completed plans for an additional building, 200x50 feet, two stories high. The manufacture of electrical supplies has already commenced in portions of the above building. Plans are being prepared for the introduction of new machinery.

A 25,000 pound casting has just been completed for the Duluth incline railway to replace the one recently broken. C. O. Nelson will close up his furniture store on Central avenue this week and move his goods to his West End store at Duluth. The place here will be occupied by L. Hanson, a furniture dealer from Hudson, Wis.

Dr. Alex. Forin is confined to his bed with sickness.

D. M. DeVore is in St. Paul.

H. P. Johnson and wife have returned from Ely.

Robert Hanson has returned from an extensive visit to Canada.

Paul Ransom, who has been quite ill for the past two weeks, is convalescent.

W. E. Lawrence, of Morley, Minn., has accepted a position as pharmacist with J. B. McKee.

H. B. McKee has recovered his health at For. Atkinson, Wis., and has given notice that he will start at once for West Duluth.

A. J. Filatrault has returned from a visit at Washington, D. C.

Messrs. Gogin and Prescott have moved into their new office on Fourth street north.

A. J. Filatrault and John Maginnis have formed a partnership in the livery business.

William Chesser has recovered from his sickness and is again able to attend to business.

Houses for sale cheap. C. W. Hoyt, Merchants' bank, West Duluth.

POWELL AN OLD TIMER.

Criminal Record of a Man Who Was Arrested in Duluth.

The arrest of John Powell in Duluth by Detective McFetridge of St. Paul last week was even more important than was thought at the time. His St. Paul career so far as known consisted of buying about \$300 worth of cutlery which was stolen from Schnell & Frank, and Powell confessed to having sent it to his wife at 71 Adams street, Hoboken, N. J.

Chief McGinn, of the St. Paul detective department, sent orders to have the place in Hoboken searched, and the result was most startling. Powell has evidently been a traveling fence for a number of years, for his home was found stocked with valuable stuffs, consisting of cloths, cutlery, jewelry and a little of everything under the sun.

Mrs. Powell was interviewed in New York and claimed to have no knowledge that her husband was engaged in a criminal business. She will probably not be prosecuted. The goods belonging to Schnell & Frank have been shipped to St. Paul. Powell waived examination on Friday in the municipal court when arrested and was held to the grand jury.

PRESIDENT CUTTER WRITES.

He Regrets His Inability to Have Been Present at the Reilly Banquet.

A letter has been received from President W. B. Cutter, of the National Real Estate association, explaining that sickness prevented him from attending the banquet on Tuesday evening. He says further:

"Do not, however, for a moment believe that I have indefinitely postponed my trip to the Northwest. My recovery can now be a matter of but a few days, and at the earliest possible moment I shall strike out for Minnesota. I fully intend, if the occasion offered, to make a few remarks respecting our national association and its campaign of 1893. I am now obliged to solicit your kind offices in giving the association due prominence at the banquet. I feel that my absence on an occasion of such importance may be construed into an indication of apathy or indifference on my part, and trust that you will spare no effort to relieve me of that suspicion."

Two Objectors Appeared.

Messrs. Briggs and Edson appeared before the mayor this morning, and representatives of the Park Point Street railway, expressed themselves on the resolution passed by the council last Monday night condemning the bill in the legislature legalizing and perfecting street railway franchises. The officers of the Park Point railway will probably seek relief in a bill affecting villages less than 1000 in population.

Will Receive Bids.

The board of fire commissioners meets tomorrow afternoon. Aside from the regular inspection of bills and accounts for the new fire engine and 2000 feet of hose will be opened. No bids are yet in but by tomorrow they are looked for together with a flood of representatives from fire department supply houses.

De Bernier Honored.

PARIS, Feb. 3.—Elections were held yesterday to choose successors to MM. Ernest Renan, Camille Rousset and Xavier Marmier, as members of the French academy. The balloting resulted in the election of Viscount Henry de Bernier, the poet M. Thureau, the historian, and M. Dangein. The competition for the seat made vacant at the death of Marmier was great, one of the candidates being M. Zola. Five ballots were taken, and Zola received six votes.

Offices For Rent.

Elegant ground floor offices for rent in the New Herald building, 220 West Superior street. Ready for occupancy Feb. 1. Inquire at Herald office in Henderson block, Fifth avenue west and Superior street.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

BUSINESS PICKING UP.

Some Interesting Cases in the Municipal Court This Morning.

Business seems to be picking up in the municipal court, especially in the line of criminal matters. The principal case demanding attention was that of John McDonald, charged with grand larceny. McDonald and a Swede named Andrew Foreman came in from Mitchell & McClure's lumber camp a few nights ago and were more or less fraternal in their actions. They put up at the Windsor, and the next morning the Swede found that he had been robbed of a time check for \$67 and a smaller one of \$2, together with a few cents in coin.

The case was reported to the police and when Detective Kenna searched McDonald the checks and Foreman's purse were found on his person. Charles Baldwin defended McDonald and when Foreman was giving his testimony, Mr. Baldwin said:

"Had you been drinking?" "I was not drunk but had been drinking a little," announced the witness.

"What did you drink," continued the attorney.

"A few glasses of beer," replied the Swede.

"How many," asked the lawyer.

"Ten perhaps," said Foreman.

"Had you drank any whisky," asked Baldwin, pushing the examination.

"Yes, four or five glasses, perhaps," was the reply and then the court knew what a "little drinking" meant to the witness but all were left in darkness as to the quantity necessary to make him drunk.

McDonald was discharged on the grounds of failure to prove the ownership of the checks.

A. W. Seaman, charged with assault in the second degree by Wm. Sherlock, who maintains that the defendant knocked him down night before last for purposes of robbery, waived examination and was placed under \$500 bonds to answer to the charge before the grand jury which meets next Tuesday.

At the time of the assault Sherlock escaped and all covered with blood and set fire to the Windsor hotel. Detective Kenna arrested the defendant yesterday in a saloon.

E. S. Vosberg, charged with battery by Bertha Hedman, on motion of his attorney, had his case continued until Feb. 6. The matter is now under process of settlement before the county commissioners.

It is now thought that Edward will dig up some cash which the unlucky Bertha will accept in lieu of attempting to send the alleged father of her prospective babe to the penitentiary.

F. M. McCalby was up for drunkenness. His guilt being proven and the offense being his third day in jail was his lot. Daniel Garrety, for the same offense, paid \$12. Lewis McFadden was drunk also and commitment was his reward. James Kelly, charged with vagrancy, was made happy by a suspension of sentence.

SUFFERING IN THE STORM.

The Experience of Railroad Passengers in North Dakota.

FARGO, N. D., Feb. 3.—The snow-bound train on the Fargo & Southwestern reached here at 2 o'clock yesterday morning, having been stuck in a drift near Lisbon since Monday afternoon. A relief train with a snow plow went down Wednesday morning to dig it out. At Lisbon the passenger car was left on the side track while the engine and car went on to the snow-bound train. Hard coal gave out and the train men used soft coal to heat the car. The stove pipe became red hot and set fire to the car, which was consumed. The Lisbon depot had a narrow escape from destruction.

The passengers were all right. The district school on the Sheyenni reservation, six miles from here, was closed when the storm began and the children sent home. A 7-year-old daughter of Ole Olson got lost, and after several hours' search was found under the hanging bank of the river, both her hands being badly frozen. They may have to be amputated. He was working his way north on the Great Northern freight. When it reached Reynolds the train was laid over on account of the storm. Greenbaum went into the depot to pass the night in the waiting room, but claims he was turned out by the agent. He spent the night in a boxcar. The Cigarmakers' union are caring for him.

MONEY FOR A ROAD BUREAU.

Agricultural Appropriation Bill Provides \$10,000 to Establish One.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 3.—Representative Durborow has secured the insertion in the agricultural appropriation bill of an item appropriating \$10,000 for the establishment of a road bureau.

The new bureau is to be placed under the direction of the agricultural department. The object of it is to spread knowledge regarding the building and maintenance of good roads. An expert on roadmaking will be placed in charge of the new bureau, and it will be his duty to prepare and modify the road laws of the various states with a view of establishing a national law to control the roads, or rather to induce the states to adopt uniform laws on the subject.

There is widespread interest in this subject, and while the proposed appropriation is small, it will serve as an entering wedge, and Mr. Durborow looks forward to great results therefrom.

De Bernier Honored.

PARIS, Feb. 3.—Elections were held yesterday to choose successors to MM. Ernest Renan, Camille Rousset and Xavier Marmier, as members of the French academy. The balloting resulted in the election of Viscount Henry de Bernier, the poet M. Thureau, the historian, and M. Dangein. The competition for the seat made vacant at the death of Marmier was great, one of the candidates being M. Zola. Five ballots were taken, and Zola received six votes.

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Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

Special Rates to New Orleans.

For the Mardi Gras carnival at New Orleans and Mobile, "The Northwestern Line" (C. St. P. M. & O. R'y) will sell excursion tickets at greatly reduced rates. Tickets on sale Feb. 6 to 12, good to return until March 7. Through train service to Chicago. For tickets and sleeping car reservation call at 426 Spaulding house block.

B. W. SUMMERS,

City Ticket Agent.

Geo. Dinwoodie, 228 West Superior street. Best coal. Lowest prices. Promptest delivery.

For alderman of the Fourth ward cast your vote for Fred H. Quinby.

WHAT Money Can Do!

THE Duluth Cash Grocery

WILL SELL YOU

DULUTH BEST PATENT FLOUR \$2.05
FLOUR Per Large Sack.
3 LB. CANS, PEACHES, 15c
PEARS, APRICOTS, ETC., Per Can.
TOMATOES, CORN, PEAS, 10c
BEANS, Per Can.
BEST CREAMERY BUTTER 28c
CAROLINA RICE 6c
SOUTHWELL'S ENGLISH PRESERVES 21c
FINEST MUSCATEL 25c
RAISINS, 3 lbs. for \$1.00
Best Quality PATROS' CURRANTS, 6c per lbs. 20lb for \$1.00
CRUSHED JAVA COFFEE, 22c per lb. 5 lbs for \$1.00
18 LBS. FINE WHITE SUGAR \$1.00

We are desirous of working up a large

TEA

Trade, and are offering Black and Green Teas at prices far below what they have ever been offered before in this city.

WE SELL
Chase and Sanborn's Famous Boston Coffee. Harvey Ricker's best Pulverized Mixture.

Duluth Cash Grocery Co.,
208 W. SUPERIOR ST.

THE NORTH WESTERN
C. ST. P. M. & O. R. Y.

The Short Line to Chicago.

The Pullman Car Line to St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Time Table in Effect Oct. 16th, 1892.

For St. Paul and Minneapolis.	Day Exp. (Ex. Sun.)	Night Exp. (Ex. Sun.)
Ly Duluth	10:00 am	11:00 pm
Ly West Superior	10:20 am	11:20 pm
Ar Spooner	12:25 pm	2:00 am
Ar Shawano	4:25 pm	7:00 am
Ar St. Paul	6:00 pm	6:50 am
Ar Minneapolis	6:40 pm	7:30 am
For Eau Claire, Chicago and the East.	Day Exp. (Ex. Sun.)	Night Exp. (Ex. Sun.)
Ly Duluth	10:00 am	4:50 pm
Ly West Superior	10:20 am	5:10 pm
Ar Eau Claire	12:25 pm	1:00 pm
Ar Madison	4:25 pm	10:15 pm
Ar Milwaukee	8:10 pm	3:45 am
Ar Chicago	8:40 pm	7:45 am

Parlor Cars on day trains.
Chicago Special runs through without change of cars for any class of passengers between Duluth and Chicago.

HENRY L. SISLER,
City Ticket Agent,
332 Hotel St. Louis, Duluth.
GEO. M. SMITH,
General Agent.

Great Northern

Railway Line,

EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY,

BETWEEN

Duluth, West Superior, St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Sioux City, Chicago, Omaha, Kansas City, Denver, Winnipeg, Butte Helena Spokane and Pacific Coast Point. All Points East, South and West.

No Line so Handsomely Equipped.

Luxurious Buffet Parlor Cars on Day Trains.

City Ticket Office,
432 W. Superior St., The Spaulding.

C. H. De VAULT,

City Passenger and Ticket Agent

And Depot, cor. Sixth Av. W. & Mich.

DAWKINS!

DAWKINS SELLS MORE GOODS
FOR THE SAME MONEY
THAN ANY HOUSE
AT THE HEAD OF THE LAKES

CORNER OF
First Avenue West and First Street.

**KAHN'S
BANKRUPT STOCK**

We have sold thousands of dollars worth of goods since Friday afternoon, but still have \$35,000 worth left; many goods we could not get time to mark before will go on sale today, and every day for the next two weeks you can find new bargains. Kahn's stock of

CLOAKS

was immense, about \$13,000. We do not wish to carry over a single garment, and have made prices to sell them.

You Can Find Any Price Garment You Want From

50c to \$50!

In Cloth and Fur, not one but is worth double and treble the prices they are marked.

COME TO US AND SAVE YOUR MONEY.

We Close at Six O'Clock Every Evening Except Saturday.

GRAND ORGAN RECITALS AND LECTURE.
First M. E. Church
Feb. 6, 7, 8 and 9.
Monday Evening—Introductory Lecture, "Great Deeds of Great Men," by Bishop Fowler.
Tuesday and Thursday Evenings—Grand organ recitals under direction of J. Warren Andrews, organist, Plymouth Church, Minneapolis.
Thursday Evening—Organ recital under the direction of Mr. Sidney Brown, assisted by the best local talent.
See program for Wednesday evening's recital on another page. Tickets on sale at Hoyce's drug store.

TEMPLE OPERA
Tonight and Saturday Matinee,
February 2nd, 3rd and 4th.
Engagement of the famous English Actor
Mr. E. S. Willard
Tonight—
Saturday Matinee—
"THE MIDDLEMAN,"
"THE PROFESSOR'S LOVE STORY."
Original Cast—Original Scenery.
Sale of seats will commence Tuesday at 9 a. m. at Kilgore, Stewart & Co. and box office.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic R'y.
DIRECT LINE TO
Boston, New York,
Montreal, Buffalo,
Philadelphia, Pittsburg,
Cleveland, Detroit,
All points in Michigan,
The East and South.
Over 100 miles shorter than any other line to Boston and all New England Points.
Over 70 miles the shortest line to all Points East of Mackinaw or Detroit Mich.

WAGNER SLEEPING CARS
ON ALL THROUGH TRAINS.
For tickets, sleeping car accommodations and full information, apply to
T. H. LARKE, Commercial Agent,
426 West Superior Street, DULUTH, MINN.
Building Hotel Block

DENTIST,
Dr. D. H. Day,
Formerly Demonstrator of } W. Superior St.
Operative Dentistry at } Duluth.
Duluth.

The Latest Designs in
Fixtures,
Shades and
Globes.
Crowley Electric Co.
18 W. Superior Street.

Democratic Rally.
I beg to state that I am the only Democratic candidate for alderman in the Fourth ward. I am candidate by virtue of nomination paper, as we have had no Democratic caucus in said ward. Being entitled to my party vote, I respectfully ask the same. Will be thankful for Republican votes also. If elected will have at heart the interest of the Fourth ward, irrespective of political parties.
JOHN L. HARQUELL.

Removed!

Pioneer Fuel Co.
To 416 W. Superior St.
Chamber of Commerce
Building.
Telephone 161.

Temporary Headquarters.

CITY BRIEFS.
Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio.
Smoke Endion cigar, W. A. Foote & Co.
Dr. Schiffman fills teeth without pain.
"Gill's Best" flour, the home manu-
facture of Duluth, is the best in the
market.

For alderman of the Fourth ward cast
your vote for Fred H. Quinby.
The directors of the public library
meet next Monday evening, the first
Monday of the month.

The Chapin-Wells Hardware com-
pany's loss in the Ferguson block fire
has been adjusted with the insurance
company. The company gets \$36,850
and the salvage.

A man named S. J. Connel was
brought in last evening from Dedham
and taken to St. Mary's hospital. He is
suffering from a broken leg.

James E. York and a number of East-
ern capitalists, most of whom are inter-
ested in the Ironstone Structural Steel
company, have organized the Structural
Steel and company with a capital stock of
\$100,000. It will have offices in Duluth
and New York.

The Epworth league of the First
Methodist church will give a young peo-
ple's reception in the church parlors this
evening.

The pupils of St. Thomas' school have
in preparation a drama to be produced
on Washington's birthday.

A meeting of the A. O. H. will be held
tomorrow evening. Bishop McGulick
will address the members.

Invitations are being sent out for the
jobbers union banquet on Feb. 15.

Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Hartley enter-
tained a few young people at the Kitchi
Canini club last evening in honor of
Miss Harlely, of Minneapolis.

A writ of error in the case of J. L.
Danielson vs. the Northwestern Fuel
company, has been filed in the United
States court by the defendant, and the
case will go up to the court of appeals.

A marriage license has been issued to
Charles Gebberg and Emma Wiklund.
John Carlson was granted second natu-
ralization papers by the district court.

An order of dismissal by plaintiff has
been made in the case of the Minneapo-
lis Trust company vs. the Duluth Star
Construction company. The dismissal
was made in Ramsey county.

The boys in the fire department wish,
through the columns of The Herald, to
return thanks to St. John's, and Al-
bert Wieland for courtesies and kind-
ness shown the night of the fire at Craw-
ford's machine shop in the form of warm
mies, lunch and hot coffee.

On March 10, two new towns, 63-30
and 132-20, will be open for entries at
the Duluth/United States land office.

Herbert Stanley Renton will lecture
at the High school on Monday next
instead of Friday.

PERSONAL.

Alex W. Hartman returned from Min-
neapolis this morning.

E. J. Longyear, of Mountain Iron, is in
the city today.

W. C. Leconre, representing the Pioneer
Press company, came up from St.
Paul this morning.

C. A. Luster, of Saginaw, Mich., is at
the Spalding.

D. H. Merritt came over from Mar-
quette this morning.

Assistant Superintendent A. M. Smith,
of the Iron Range road, came down from
Two Harbors last evening.

Gen. J. H. Mullen came up from St.
Paul last evening.

H. O. Fisher and wife, from Chicago,
are at the Spalding.

Alderman N. F. Hugo is considerably
better today and continued improvement
is expected.

H. S. Kennedy, of New Ulm, is in the
city today.

H. C. Hope, superintendent of tele-
graph of the Omaha road, came up
from St. Paul this morning.

Ferley A. Stone, of Haverhill, Mass.,
is at the Spalding today.

J. T. Black, of St. Paul, in the city
and endeavor to furnish the city with
the new fire engine which it is to
be purchased.

Assistant City Attorney Joel J. Squier
has so far recovered from his bilious at-
tacks as to be at his duties in the city hall
today.

C. L. Pratt, general passenger and W.
A. Russell, assistant general passenger
agent of the Minneapolis & St. Louis
road, are in the city today.

Insanity Examinations.
Judge Ayer will have two examina-
tions of alleged insane people this after-
noon. Emil Dietz, the little tailor who
had an altercation with his landlord and
has since been slightly off, will be ex-
amined. He will be followed by Thomas
Maloy who imagines he is in love with
the Virgin Mary and wants to marry
her.

Your Choice for \$14.98
Of any overcoat in the house worth from
\$20 to \$30.

THE BIG DULUTH.
For alderman of the Fourth ward cast
your vote for Fred H. Quinby.

DR. PRICE'S
Cream Baking
Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

CHASE HAS RESIGNED.

The President of the Duluth, Missabe &
Northern Railway Has Handed in
His Resignation.

The Merritt faction has purchased the
Interests of the Grant and
Chase People.

No President to be Elected Until Next Tues-
day—The Injunctions Will Now
be Withdrawn.

It is no longer President K. D. Chase,
only plain K. D. Chase. Yesterday he
resigned from the office of chief officer
of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern rail-
way. This is the outcome of the nego-
tiations and the various meetings which
the Merritts, Capt. McDougall, C. W.
Wetmore, A. D. Thomson and others
have been holding. The meeting which
was in progress when The Herald went
to press yesterday closed late in the af-
ternoon and it was then quietly given
out that the Grant, Foley and Chase in-
terest in the road had been sold.

The Merritts confirm this and say that
"everything is all hunk-a-dori" now.
The terms of the contract are not known
but the statement is made that in the
neighborhood of a million and half was
paid for their interests. The Chase in-
terest alone is said to have been worth
over \$600,000 and to have brought con-
siderably more than that in the sale.

The Merritt faction is now in control
and Alfred Merritt says: "We have
stood by Duluth well and Duluth ought
to stand by us now." The construction
work has been continued right along
during all the trouble and will not be
discontinued. It is expected that ore
will be shipped from the Duluth dock
by June 1.

The annual meeting of the road
will be held on Tuesday next, and until
that time it will probably be without a
president. It is pretty generally ad-
mitted that Alfred Merritt is slated for
the presidency. A. D. Thomson
undoubtedly occupies a conspicuous position
in the management of the road.

Moses E. Clapp will probably continue
as attorney for the road.

The various injunctions pending in
outside courts will now undoubtedly be
withdrawn and no further obstruction
offered to the consummation of the con-
tract and the plans contemplated by the
Merritts and the American Steel Barge
company.

Lois Merritt was seen immediately
after the noon hour today and said that
the injunction proceedings begun by the
Grant and Chase people to prevent the
carrying out of the contract with the
American Steel Barge company have
been withdrawn, and that the Brown in-
junction will be withdrawn tomorrow.

Another meeting was held this morning,
but only construction matters were con-
sidered. Mr. Merritt says that the Duluth,
Missabe & Northern railway will be
the finest iron railroad in the world
and that it will be completed entire this
summer.

An Unjust Reflection.

The statement in the morning
paper that Manager Condon, of the
Temple, should have notified the public
in the Herald last night that there
would be no performance last evening
does that gentleman a gross injustice.

Mr. Willard and company did not reach
the city until 6 p. m. and it was not until
half an hour later that his manager saw
Mr. Condon and decided not to give any
performance last night, it being impos-
sible to produce "The Middleman" with-
out the special scenery which could not
be unloaded in the storm.

A Woman the Purchaser.

The deal for the purchase of the block
near Sixteenth avenue west in which the
Standard Iron works is located which
has been reported several days ago as about
to be made has not yet been closed. A
good deal of speculation was indulged in
as to whether it was being purchased
for a railroad company or some other
corporation. J. D. Stryker represents
the prospective purchaser and says that
the comments that have been made
have amused him very much. He will
not say who is the purchaser but says
that it is a woman.

Going to a Banquet.

The Minneapolis real estate board
gives its annual banquet this evening
and C. E. Holliday, D. E. Woodbridge,
C. A. Long and George Cross will rep-
resent the Duluth exchange. They left
on the St. Paul & Duluth limited this
afternoon. The Buffalo exchange has
its banquet on Thursday next and has
invited the Duluth exchange to be rep-
resented.

The County Commissioners.

The county commissioners are in ses-
sion at the court house. They waded
through a lot of bills this morning and
this afternoon will consider the various
bills for furnishing the county with
blanks, blankbooks, court calendars, etc.,
which about twenty energetic bidders
were preparing at noon. There are a
few minor matters out of routine to come
up at this meeting.

Spring overcoats, medium weight over-
coats, fine chinchillas and fur-trimmed
overcoats, ulsters and storm coats worth
\$20 to \$30, at your choice for \$14.98.

THE BIG DULUTH.
Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

WHEAT A LITTLE HIGHER.

Business on the Duluth Board Very Light
Today.

The wheat market opened weak today with
sellers at yesterday's closing figures. Trading
commenced late at 1/2c below last night's close
on May wheat. The market ruled very dull but
firm and steady, with buyers and sellers apart,
the latter striving to secure an advance. Small
transactions in July wheat were reported at 2 1/2c
premium over the May delivery. Receipts were
very light at all points on account of the storm
and will continue so for several days.

Cleanances were reported light at all ports,
and cables, both English and continental,
quoted weak and lower. The weather
in the winter wheat belt was reported cold and
large districts covered with ice. This was the
first of the winter wheat, but it had little effect
on prices here. The afternoon session ruled
firm but sluggish, with little disposition for
business. The close was quite strong, cash being
1/2c higher than yesterday and futures 1/4c higher.
Following were the closing prices:

No. 1 hard, cash, Feb. 70c; February, 70c;
May, 72c; July, 74c. No. 1 northern, cash,
Feb. 67c; February, 67c; May, 70c; July, 72c.
No. 2 northern, cash, Feb. 65c; February, 65c;
May, 68c; July, 70c. On track—No. 1 hard, Feb.
68c; May, 70c; July, 72c.

Car inspection today. 2 Receipts—Wheat,
1,000 bushels; Corn, 1,000 bushels; Oats, 1,000
bushels; Rye, 1,000 bushels; Barley, 1,000 bushels;
Clover, 1,000 bushels; Hay, 1,000 bushels;
Sorghum, 1,000 bushels; Potatoes, 1,000 bushels;
Beans, 1,000 bushels; Peas, 1,000 bushels;
Lentils, 1,000 bushels; Chickpeas, 1,000 bushels;
Millet, 1,000 bushels; Buckwheat, 1,000 bushels;
Rice, 1,000 bushels; Cornmeal, 1,000 bushels;
Flour, 1,000 bushels; Sugar, 1,000 bushels;
Coffee, 1,000 bushels; Tea, 1,000 bushels;
Spices, 1,000 bushels; Fruits, 1,000 bushels;
Vegetables, 1,000 bushels; Eggs, 1,000 bushels;
Butter, 1,000 bushels; Cheese, 1,000 bushels;
Lard, 1,000 bushels; Tallow, 1,000 bushels;
Candles, 1,000 bushels; Soap, 1,000 bushels;
Paper, 1,000 bushels; Cloth, 1,000 bushels;
Furniture, 1,000 bushels; Hardware, 1,000 bushels;
Tools, 1,000 bushels; Machinery, 1,000 bushels;
Electrical, 1,000 bushels; Chemicals, 1,000 bushels;
Drugs, 1,000 bushels; Medicines, 1,000 bushels;
Cosmetics, 1,000 bushels; Perfumes, 1,000 bushels;
Toiletries, 1,000 bushels; Stationery, 1,000 bushels;
Books, 1,000 bushels; Maps, 1,000 bushels;
Glasses, 1,000 bushels; Watches, 1,000 bushels;
Jewelry, 1,000 bushels; Silverware, 1,000 bushels;
Goldware, 1,000 bushels; Diamonds, 1,000 bushels;
Gems, 1,000 bushels; Pearls, 1,000 bushels;
Shells, 1,000 bushels; Bones, 1,000 bushels;
Horns, 1,000 bushels; Teeth, 1,000 bushels;
Claws, 1,000 bushels; Hooves, 1,000 bushels;
Hairs, 1,000 bushels; Nails, 1,000 bushels;
Feathers, 1,000 bushels; Skins, 1,000 bushels;
Furs, 1,000 bushels; Leather, 1,000 bushels;
Rubber, 1,000 bushels; Glass, 1,000 bushels;
Ceramics, 1,000 bushels; Pottery, 1,000 bushels;
Textiles, 1,000 bushels; Yarns, 1,000 bushels;
Fabrics, 1,000 bushels; Linens, 1,000 bushels;
Cottons, 1,000 bushels; Silks, 1,000 bushels;
Wools, 1,000 bushels; Hides, 1,000 bushels;
Bones, 1,000 bushels; Horns, 1,000 bushels;
Teeth, 1,000 bushels; Claws, 1,000 bushels;
Hooves, 1,000 bushels; Hairs, 1,000 bushels;
Nails, 1,000 bushels; Feathers, 1,000 bushels;
Skins, 1,000 bushels; Furs, 1,000 bushels;
Leather, 1,000 bushels; Rubber, 1,000 bushels;
Glass, 1,000 bushels; Ceramics, 1,000 bushels;
Pottery, 1,000 bushels; Textiles, 1,000 bushels;
Yarns, 1,000 bushels; Fabrics, 1,000 bushels;
Linens, 1,000 bushels; Cottons, 1,000 bushels;
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DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TENTH YEAR.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1893.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

THREE CENTS

SMITH, FARWELL & STEELE
COMPANY.

The great object of advertising is not only

To Gain Custom,
BUT
To Keep Custom

A merchant should always be able to Back Up and make Good every public announcement. An advertised specialty at a low price indicates but does not guarantee that everything else sold is a Bargain. Give careful consideration as well as to articles which are not advertised. It is there that you will find proof of the genuineness of our bargain.

We Exhibit

In our mammoth warehouses, an assortment of

Carpets,
Furniture,
Crockery,
And Other
House Furnishing Goods

Not Duplicated at the Head of the Lakes.

We Sell on Easy Payments When Desired.

Do you need accommodations? Have you given this method of our business your consideration? It is honorable. It is just and equitable. Our books contain the names of the best citizens of Duluth, who have availed themselves of its advantages. We ask a payment of \$5.00 on \$20.00 Bought. \$5.00 on 40.00 Bought. \$10.00 on 60.00 Bought. \$20.00 on 100.00 Bought. NO INTEREST CHARGED.

We Quote
The Lowest
Living Prices.

Smith,
Farwell &
Steele Co.,
DULUTH.

Fine Sleighs and Cutters!
RUSSIAN AND PORTLANDS, TWO-SEATERS AND SINGLES.

REMOVED TO 416-418 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

M. W. TURNER.

PLACE YOUR FIRE INSURANCE

WITH HARRY D. PEARSON

BEFORE YOU ARE "ROASTED" OUT.
305 Burrows' Building.

JUST SEE OUR EXCLUSIVE SPECIALS:

THE PATEK-PHILIPPE WATCH,
DULUTH HARBOR SPOONS AND TRAYS,
WHALEBACK TRAYS, ETC., ETC.

J. M. GEIST, Jeweler, The Leading House.

FURNITURE

If you are in need of Furniture of any kind—a Parlor or Bed Room Suite, a Lounge or Couch, Tables or Chairs, Springs or Mattresses, Pillows or Quilts, or anything usually kept in a Furniture Store—and don't visit

BAYHA & CO.

You will miss it. Goods sold on Easy Payment Plan.

No. 108 and 110 First Avenue west, above First street.

N. B. Proprietor of the City Carpet Cleaning Works.

Blank Books!

You should have
Just what you want
And you can find it at

CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR'S BOOKSTORE.

SOLE AGENTS



UNDERWEAR,
HOSIERY,
NECKWEAR,
HATS.

Cate & Clarke's,
333 SUPERIOR STREET WEST.

RIOT AT BOGOTA

It Lasted For Two Days and One Hundred Men Were Killed and Five Hundred Wounded.

The Trouble Was Caused by an Article Published by a Professor in a Jesuit College.

He Alleged Widespread Ignorance Among the Laboring Classes and the Artisans Rose En Masse.

They Overpowered the Police and Were Not Dispersed Until the Military Were Called Out.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—The Herald's Panama correspondent cables: There has been a serious riot at Bogota which lasted for two days. It is said that 100 men were killed and 500 were wounded. The riots are in no sense political. Trouble grew out of a publication in La Christiana of an article by J. Ignacio Gutierrez, a professor in a local Jesuit college, alleging widespread ignorance among the laboring classes.

The artisans rose en masse, and a mob of about 200 gathered about the house of Gutierrez, stoned the building and broke the windows and door. The police remonstrated with the rioters, but they were driven away. They returned with reinforcements and a collision occurred in which shots were exchanged. The police were victorious.

Another light occurred later in the day but the rioters were dispersed. Everything was quiet the next morning, but at 5 o'clock in the evening the workingmen gathered by thousands in San Victoriano square, Las Cruces ward and in the public market. They overpowered the police and for a while and in full possession of the city. Newspaper offices were sacked, and a general assault was commenced on the public barracks. The government called out the military and after a sharp fight the mob dispersed. The capital is still in a state of siege, although it is officially announced that quiet has been restored. A strict local press censorship has been established.

A SANGUINARY BATTLE.

The First Accounts Were Not Exaggerated at All.

PANAMA, via Galveston, Feb. 4.—Private advices from Bogota are to the effect that the recent riot was much more serious than at first reported. It is stated that there was a severe and sanguinary battle between the populace and the police. The mob defeated the police and held possession of the city for two days.

Then the national troops were called out and martial law was proclaimed. The soldiers succeeded in restoring order and the leaders of the mob were arrested and executed. Altogether about 100 persons were killed and from 500 to 600 injured in the conflict. A rigid censorship of press dispatches is being maintained so that it is difficult to get the facts.

THREE BURNED TO DEATH.

A Series of Horrible Fatalities on an Alabama Farm.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Feb. 4.—News reached here yesterday from Gordonville of a wholesale burning. The clothing of a little negro child caught fire out in the field and a negro woman ran to extinguish the flames. Her clothing was also soon on fire. Both were burned to death.

A negro man who made an effort to save the two was badly burned. Thursday Sol Robinson, an old blind negro, well known around Hayville, was burned to death on the same farm.

KILLED IN THE RING.

A Colored Middleweight Instantly Killed by His Opponent.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 4.—George Goodrich, a colored middle-weight, was instantly killed in the ring last night by his opponent Green. It was long after midnight. The fight was one of a series given in Duffy's arena under the direction of the celebrated referee. In the second round of the fight, Goodrich ducked a blow and slipped on the bloody stage. He fell first on his groin, then on his neck and died instantly. The man hailed from Louisville.

Bad Fire at Glencoe.

GLENCOE, Minn., Feb. 4.—The McLeod County bank building, occupied by the Montrose Mortgage company, McClelland & Tift, the Register Printing company and Drs. Day and Dorsey and the court house, was burned at 3 a. m. The loss on the McLeod County bank was \$20,000; Register Printing company, \$3000; McClelland & Tift, \$5000. The court house was damaged \$3000.

The McGarran Claim.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The McGarran bill which recently failed to pass over the president's veto will not down. It was favorably reported to the senate again today but amended so as to meet the objections raised in the veto message. Under the present bill the claim goes to the court of claims with that judicial body sitting simply as a court of inquiry. Its findings will not be a judgment but more in the nature of a recommendation.

Cowboys Murdered.

RUSHVILLE, Neb., Feb. 4.—Word was received here this morning of the murder of four cowboys belonging to the Humphrey ranch on the White river last night about the Pine Ridge agency by two strikers, one of the leaders of the troubles at Pine Ridge two years ago.

ANOTHER BIG SAFE TRUST.

The Diebold-Mosler-Damon Company Has Been Organized.

CHICAGO, Feb. 4.—A little less than a year ago the Herring Safe and Lock company, of New York, the Hall Safe and Lock company, of Cincinnati, and the Marvin Safe and Lock company, of New York, formed a trust with a capital stock of \$3,800,000, which has had a serious effect on the many other firms in the same business. For the latter that still do business there remained only one alternative—the trust.

Whether to enter the one already formed or to organize a combination of their own was a question that demanded considerable shrewd thought and discussion. Negotiations were commenced last July, resulting in the organization of a trust under the laws of New Jersey whose statutes are particularly friendly to and convenient for the octopus, with a capital of \$5,000,000. New York was made headquarters.

The new combine will be in operation inside of thirty days. The corporation will acquire and purchase the business of the following companies and firms, manufacturers of fire and burglar proof vaults and safes: Diebold Safe and Lock company, Canton, O.; Mosler Safe and Lock company, Hamilton, O.; Damon Safe and Iron Works company, Boston, Mass.; York Safe and Lock company, York, Pa.; Barnes Safe and Lock company, Pittsburg; Miller Safe and Iron Works company, Baltimore; MacNeale & Urban Safe and Lock company, Cincinnati, O.; Mosler, Bahman & Co., Cincinnati; Cary Safe company, (limited), Buffalo, N. Y.

The new combination will be known as the Diebold-Mosler-Damon company. William G. Norris & Co., Chicago representatives of the National Safe and Lock company, which is in the new trust, said to a reporter yesterday: "While the factories are not turned over to the new company yet the deal will go through inside of thirty days. The combination will boost the prices on safes which competition has lowered to a point where they are almost ruinous. The firms in the combination have now seven representatives and as many stores in Chicago, the majority of which will be abolished after all the trust papers are signed."

"The reduction in expenses in a combine of this kind is apparent when the instance of Mosler's Hardware, Hall & Marvin is cited in reference to their New York stores. Hall was paying \$1800 a month on rent, and the other two other firms were paying almost a like sum. The combination put the three firms in one store, and it was the same case in all large cities and will be a like case with us."

NORTHERN PACIFIC WRECK.

The Westbound Train Wrecked Near Vining Station and Seven Passengers Are Reported Seriously Injured.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Feb. 4.—A telegram to the Dispatch from Fergus Falls says the Northern Pacific passenger train west-bound was wrecked at noon today, near Vining station. Seven passengers are reported seriously injured.

GOT A LIFE SENTENCE.

An Ex-Speaker of the Oklahoma Legislature Sentenced for Murder.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Feb. 4.—Ira N. Terrill, ex-speaker of the last house of the Oklahoma legislature, who so brutally murdered George Embree at the land office door in this city, because the latter testified against him in a land suit, was yesterday refused a new trial by Judge Connor and sentenced to the penitentiary for life.

After receiving his sentence, Terrill delivered an anarchistic address abusing the court, the jury and the attorneys, and was by force removed to the jail.

He Is Pleaded.

Mayor D. W. Bruckart returned last night from Duluth, says the St. Cloud Times of Thursday. Previous to paying a visit to the Zenith city, he took a look at the iron-ore fields where the company in which he is interested is prospecting. Just what the mayor found he declines to divulge at present, but from the smiles that chased each other over his jolly face today, no other inference could be drawn but that the outlook was highly satisfactory. The company is making preparations to send out more machinery to the men who are prospecting on the range north of Grand Rapids.

Big Storm at Seattle.

SEATTLE, Wash., Feb. 4.—The wind began blowing from the south about noon yesterday, followed by rain, but soon changed to the northeast and at 4 o'clock a heavy snowfall began. There is great danger now of freshets in the valley that will do far more damage than the floods of last fall. About three feet of snow has already fallen.

Trouble in Sight.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—A dispatch was received at the foreign office yesterday from Lord Cromer, the British minister to Egypt, stating that the condition of affairs in Egypt may compel the landing of all the British troops that have been ordered to that country.

A Railroad Leased.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Feb. 4.—The Connecticut River railroad was yesterday leased by the Boston & Maine for ninety-nine years and President McLeod has already taken possession and appointed George F. Evans as general manager.

Sales Has Declined.

DES MOINES, Feb. 4.—Governor Boies has declined a portfolio in Mr. Cleveland's cabinet because he would find it difficult to get the Democrats of the state in a difficult position. All the plans for next summer's campaign would be smashed and the party would be without a leader.

Mrs. Whitney Very Low.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—Mrs. W. C. Whitney, wife of ex-secretary of the navy, who is lying seriously ill of heart trouble at her home in this city, was reported to be very low this morning, but resting quietly.

FOUR MEN DEAD

A Horrible Casualty Took Place on the Central & Hudson Road at Syracuse This Morning.

Six Men Run Down by a Train; Four Being Instantly Killed, and the Others Injured.

They Were all Section Hands and Were Walking on the Track to Make Some Repairs.

Three Men Killed by the Explosion of a Boiler at Steel Works in Belleville, Ill.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Feb. 4.—A horrible casualty occurred here about 7:30 this morning. Near the state pump house a Central & Hudson passenger train, west-bound, ran down six men. Four were killed outright and two injured. One died at the hospital, another is dying and a third is seriously hurt. The killed are: John Ryan, Pat Doyle, 127 Wall street; John Maroney, 208 Schuyler street; Michael J. Connell, 132 Eureka street. The injured: Michael Maroney, 106 Lake View avenue, foreman of the section, injured about the hips; James Hutchins, of Emerson avenue, Ninth ward, fatally.

The men were all employed as section hands on the Central & Hudson railroad. They were walking on the track going to a point near Soda-Ash works to make some repairs on the track. It was very cold and the wind and snow was blowing furiously from over the lake.

Foreman Maroney says that half a minute before they were run down he turned about to see if a train was coming but saw none. Very shortly afterward he heard an engine bell, and looking around saw the passenger train tearing down on them. He yelled to the men who were just ahead of him and jumped from the track and as he did so the cylinder box of the engine struck him in the hips. In a second the other men were flying through the air in all directions.

KILLED IN STEEL WORKS.

Three Men Blown Into Eternity by a Boiler Exploding.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Feb. 4.—A telephone message received at 1:15 p. m. states that three men were killed by the explosion of a boiler at the Waugh steel works in Belleville, Ill., this morning.

Four Miners Crushed.

JOHNSVILLE, O., Feb. 4.—By a fall of slate today, the Prince coal mine at Sealover, four miles south of here, four miners were crushed. George Waxler died shortly after being removed. No hope is entertained for the others, who are in a critical condition.

SHOT BY A SOLDIER.

Probable Murder of a Halfbreed Engineer by a Private.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich., Feb. 4.—John De Graff, a private of Company D, Nineteenth infantry, stationed at old Fort Brady, shot James Prior, Jr., a halfbreed steamboat engineer, at a show pack dance at an early hour, yesterday morning.

Physicians say that the ball entered the stomach and that Prior will die. De Graff was turned over to the civil authorities, and is safe in jail. De Graff claims he did the shooting in self-defense.

Cleveland Is Pleased.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—President-elect Cleveland spoke frankly yesterday about the nomination of H. E. Jackson as the successor of the late Justice Lamar. He said that it would have been impossible to select a man better fitted for this high office and expressed his pleasure over the fact that he had thus been preferred. He allied pleasantly to his appreciation of the compliment paid to a man who had been originally appointed to the bench by himself.

Not Guilty of Murder.

CHICAGO, Feb. 4.—The jury in the case of James Dalton, who has been on trial for the past two weeks for the killing of Anton Foughner, in accordance with instructions from the court today returned a verdict of not guilty on the ground of self defense.

Ordway Got Twelve Votes.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Feb. 4.—A dispatch from Bismarck, N. D., says the Republican caucus adjourned for the joint session without result today. The thirtieth ballot resulted: Shridger 37; Ordway 22; Worst 5; Palmer 6; Kingman 6; Anderson 10; Smith 1; Hogert 5; scattering 4.

Arraigned for Forgery.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—Maurice Wormser, a nephew of Isidor Wormser, the well-known banker, was arraigned in Jefferson Market police court this morning on a charge of forgery.

Chemical Works Burned.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Feb. 4.—Fire started in the Deland chemical works at Fairport shortly before 11 o'clock this morning and before 12 o'clock the plant was destroyed. The loss is \$200,000.

An Indian Outbreak.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 4.—A report reached army headquarters this afternoon that another outbreak of Indians at Pine Ridge agency has occurred and that five men have been killed.

Again Continued.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 4.—The Brown injunction case against the Missabe railway was again continued until Wednesday next.

SATURDAY TONIGHT.

Positively Your Last Chance to Buy Dry Goods in the Old

Glass Block STORE

We begin to move into our magnificent new store Monday morning at 12:30. We will not be closed at all, and bargains of rare magnitude will be given at both stores during our moving. We want to make today a Memorial day to our patrons at the Glass Block Store, and we think the best way to do it is to fill our store with thousands of people by giving them a lot of bargains that will send all fake sales into oblivion. Read the bargains we will give you for today only

Store Open Until 10 p. m. Tonight

CLOAKS.

\$7.95 \$7.95 89c 800 Pairs 89c

Your choice of any \$15.00 Fur Trimmed Jacket in our store, consisting of Astrachan, Labradore Seal, Black Fox, Opposum and Martin Trimmed. All this season's goods; take your pick for today only for \$7.95.

SILKS.

Half Price. Half Price 25 Pieces

Faille silks, \$1.25 Quality

25 colors to select from; Today at

Half Price, 62½c.

Dress Goods

35c 35c 19c 19c

All our 50c, 50c and 65c

Homespun, Cheviots, Cashmeres and Serges.

39 and 40 inches wide, absolutely all pure wool; 8 and 7 yards makes a dress.

Today's Price, 35c.

GLOVES.

50c 50c 5c 5c

Our entire line of

Ladies' Lined Kid Mitts

And gloves with Fur Top. We have sold hundreds of pairs at \$1.00. Today just half price

50 CENTS.

White Flouncing and Skirting.

50c 50c

Our entire stock of

Counter Embroidery

Somewhat soiled; former prices 75c, 95c, \$1.00 and \$1.25. All go at 50c.

Black Skirtings.

500 YARDS

Black Embroidery Skirting

75c, 95c and \$1.25 goods.

All go today for 25c.

Panton & Watson

Misses' Shoes

89c 800 Pairs 89c

Misses' Dongola Shoes

With patent leather tips, worth \$1.39.

Sale Price, 89c.

Gents' Underwear

25c 13 Dozen 25c

Gents' Ribbed Camels

Hair Underwear.

Regular 50c goods

Today Half Price.

TOWELS

19c 53 Dozen 19c

Linen Huck Towels

Red borders and fringed, size 50x25.

Regular 30c Quality.

Outing Flannels.

5c 10c 5c 5c

Outing Flannel

at

Half Price, 5c.

RUGS.

100 Door Rugs

(Smyrna make)

with Fringe,

50c Quality.

Today 25c Each.

Hardware,

Crockery,

Nos. 8 and 9

WAFFLE IRONS,

Worth \$1.00 for 50c; Silver plated knives and forks, guaranteed the best goods; 4 doz. knives, 1 doz. forks for \$2.95, worth \$4.00

Dawkins

Corner First Avenue West and First Street, Duluth.



KAHN'S — BANKRUPT STOCK! — KAHN'S

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE, WE HAVE NOT LEFT TOWN,

As our would-be competitors try to make their few customers believe. WE ARE HERE TO STAY, and believe the people of Duluth (with the exception of a few Dry Goods Merchants) are glad to have us with them. We are still selling

KAHN'S BANKRUPT STOCK AT HALF PRICE OR LESS!

And are opening new goods every day. We have thousands of dollars worth of goods piled away, and are marking them and putting them on sale as fast as we can make room for them. In 18 months DAWKINS has built up the largest retail Dry Goods business in the Northwest (outside of St. Paul and Minneapolis) from July 4th to Dec. 31, 1892, we offered ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS IN GOLD to any one who could prove that we ever advertised anything that we did not fulfill, but we failed to have it questioned. Our reputation on the other side of the bay is sufficient to convince any one that we are doing exactly as we advertise, giving

\$2.00 WORTH OF GOODS FOR \$1.00!

Kahn's stock of \$63,000 was sold for \$25,000, and you can plainly see that we are in a position to sell our goods very much less than any wholesale house can buy them, and still make a profit.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN WILTON VELVET, MOQUET and BODY BRUSSELS CARPETS,

CLOAKS, SUITS AND HOUSE WRAPPERS,

At 10 Cents to 50 Cents on a Dollar.

Don't Forget the Place, First Avenue West and First Street.

OUR STORE WILL CLOSE AT 6 P. M. EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SATURDAY.

THE WEEK IN SOCIETY.

A Number of Events Combined to Make a Busy Week Considering the Unpleasant Weather.

Palestine Lodge Reception One of the Bright Features—Mr. and Mrs. Hartley Give a Dinner.

Series of Organ Recitals to be Given at the New First Methodist Church.

Society has not been very lively this week, but there have been a number of small events, which made quite a busy week considering the weather. The reception to Bishop Barker was one of the leading events and there were a number of parties which were very pleasant, such as the Masonic affair, which is mentioned elsewhere. Card parties were numerous, dancing parties ditto, and sleighride parties were fewer than they would have been had the weather been a little more propitious. The Columbian tea is coming very soon and will be the greatest affair of a busy social winter, so the committees say. Skating parties have been quite numerous in the covered rinks, and a couple of pleasant little affairs are reported from Glen Avon. A great many theater parties were given Friday eve-

ning, the occasion of E. S. Willard's appearance, and some very swell costumes were seen.

A BRILLIANT AFFAIR.
Palestine Lodge Reception the Particular Event of the Week.

Palestine lodge, A. F. & A. M., celebrated its twenty-third anniversary Wednesday evening at Masonic temple and the reception and dance was really the particular feature of the week. Worthy Master W. B. Patten made a short address and an orchestra promenade concert was given from 8 to 9 o'clock. A musical program of more than ordinary merit occupied the next hour and afterward dancing was the order. Refreshments were served on the sixth floor. Over 500 guests were present.

Mr. and Mrs. Hartley Entertain.
Mr. and Mrs. Hartley entertained several young people at the Kitchi Gammi club Monday evening, in honor of Miss Hartley, of Minneapolis, a niece of the entertainers. The party was afterward to have heard Willard at the Temple, but his non-appearance prevented this. Some of the guests were: Dr. Ritchie, Walter Turrell, C. J. Kershaw, C. B. Woodruff, W. B. Silvey, and Misses Magoffin, Munger and Grant.

ORGAN RECITALS.
A Series of Three to be Given at the New First Methodist Church.

The series of organ recitals to be given in the auditorium of the new First Methodist Episcopal church three evenings of next week commencing Tuesday, promise to be in every way successful, and judging from the excellence of the programs all those having music in their souls with capacity for its enjoyment will, in event of their attending, be afforded much rare enjoyment. Tuesday

and Wednesday evenings the recitals will be under the direction of J. Warren Andrews, organist of the Plymouth Congregational church of Minneapolis. Wednesday evening's recital will be directed by Sydney Brown, assisted by the best local talent. Mr. Brown, by the way, is to be the future organist of the church. The musical entertainments will be preceded by a lecture on "Great Deeds of Great Men," by Bishop Fowler, the lecture to be given Monday evening.

The Saturday Club.
The Saturday club is holding its regular meeting this afternoon. This is history day and the following program is being carried out under the leadership of Mrs. T. M. Findley: "Military Heroes," Eugene of Savoy, duke of Marlborough, the "Old Dessauer." "Relations Between France and Germany From the Revolution to Waterloo." Talk—"Partitions of Poland."

Social Mention.
Mrs. Fossett, of West Duluth, entertained a number of ladies Wednesday afternoon.

"Pictures From American Poets" will be given at the Saturday club rooms this evening.

Mrs. J. A. Ferguson entertained the Church club Thursday evening, at 2310 East Fifth street.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Hoyt, of West Duluth, entertained the C. P. Whist club Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Upham and family are "at home" in the family residence, 301 East Fourth street.

The real estate banquet Monday night at the Spaulding was a prominent "social event" of the week.

The engagement is announced of Patrick McCabe and Miss Mary O'Connor, a prominent young society lady of the West End. The marriage takes place at St. Clements church on Feb. 15, and

after a brief wedding trip the happy couple will be at home to their friends at 1720 West Third street.

Rev. Dr. Ringland and wife were given a reception by the faculty and students of Macalester college a week ago.

Mrs. George C. Greenwood and Mrs. A. M. Dutton gave a very pleasant card party last Thursday, at the residence of Mrs. Greenwood.

Mr. and Mrs. William Nesbitt celebrated the twenty-eighth anniversary of their wedding Monday. A large number of guests was present.

Mr. Thomas J. Monaghan and Mrs. Elizabeth M. Foley were quietly married Wednesday morning and are spending their honeymoon in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Pattison, of Superior, gave a large dancing and card party Tuesday evening. A number of prominent Duluthians were present.

The wedding of Mr. M. P. Wardwell, of Duluth, to Miss Mary Louise Ames at Bangor, Maine, was solemnized Wednesday, and the happy couple are expected here today.

Next Thursday Miss Hardy and Miss Haire will entertain a select circle of friends with a reception at Hardy's hall, at which Miss Gertrude Green will be a prominent attendant.

The Round Table club met on Monday at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. George C. Howe, 1421 Bench street. "Money in Politics" was the allotted theme for the discussion, which was quite spirited.

The wedding of Mr. G. H. Wood and Miss Bertha Thompson is set for next Wednesday at the residence of the bride's parents, 1508 Bench street.

The bridal couple will be "at home" after March 1st at 728 East First street.

Mrs. George Hall, of West Duluth, gave a party on Wednesday afternoon to a number of her friends. As it was a birthday party, the guests received a number of beautiful gifts, in-

cluding a handsome rocking chair, from those present.

Mrs. R. J. Wemyss, of West Superior, gave a box party this evening to Misses Fannie Upham, Mary Magoffin and Maren Miller, of Duluth.

Mrs. B. Silberstein accompanied by her son and daughter, Master Edward and Miss Elsie, leave Monday for a four months' visit at Nashville, N. C., in hopes that it will prove of benefit to Edward's health.

Chief of Police Briggs and wife, of West Duluth, gave a reception Thursday evening in honor of Mrs. Annie Cummings, a sister of Chief Briggs. A large crowd was present, including three big sleighloads of people from Duluth. The evening was very pleasantly spent.

Dancing was the leading feature. Mrs. Walbank's residence on East Second street was filled Wednesday evening by friends of Rt. Rev. Wm. Barker and wife who leave next week for the new bishopric to which the reverend gentleman has been called.

The reception though sad in its cause was a brilliant one and testified to the great place which departing friends have in the hearts of Duluth people.

Social Personal.

Mrs. H. W. Pride, of Mankato, is visiting here.

Mrs. T. F. Dean is said to be considerably better.

Miss Mabel Paddock has gone to Galveston, Texas.

Mr. and Mrs. Rudolph Ordman are visiting in Duluth.

Mrs. Virginia McNeely has gone to Chicago and Indiana.

Mrs. M. H. Luther has been spending some days in St. Paul lately.

Mrs. A. E. Humphreys has returned from a visit to West Virginia.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Taussig and family are enjoying a Southeastern tour.

Mrs. D. A. Petre, Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Macfarlane and Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Hun-

ter started for a winter trip to Florida on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Johnson, of West Duluth, have returned from Ely.

Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Pinther, of Chicago, are calling on old friends here.

Mrs. W. L. Tillman is calling on friends and relatives in Oberlin, O.

Miss Sampson is back from a four months' visit in Boston and New York.

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Lardner have for a guest Mrs. H. M. Baldwin, of Kenosha, Wis.

Capt. Ray T. Lewis and wife are touring in California. They will be absent two months.

Mrs. B. L. Brown has returned to Chicago after a pleasant three weeks' visit with friends here.

Mrs. William C. Sargent is enjoying a visit from her sister, Miss Peck, of Syracuse, N. Y.

Mrs. C. E. Van Bergen has gone to Denver and the Southwest for a couple of months' stay.

Mr. and Mrs. A. R. McLeod will spend the balance of the winter in the vicinity of St. Augustine, Fla.

Mr. and Mrs. George Spencer have followed the small army of Duluthians to Florida during the week.

Mrs. Geo. W. Goff, at 308 Piedmont avenue, has for a guest Miss Davis, of Washington, D. C., also several young ladies from West Superior.

Mr. and Mrs. George F. Porter, of Minneapolis, who have been entertained during the past week by Mr. and Mrs. M. W. McDonald, at 1407 East Third street, have returned home.

The Quickest Route to Hurley, Ironwood and Bassett.

Is via the South Shore line. Train leaves Duluth Union depot, at 11:02 a. m. and arrives at Hurley 4:18 p. m., Ironwood 4:26 p. m., Bessener 4:47 p. m., Wakefield 5:05 p. m.

Mr. Albert Favorite, of Arkansas City, Kan., wishes to give our readers the benefit of his experience with colds. He says: "I contracted a cold early last spring that settled on my lungs, and had hardly recovered from it when I caught another that hung on all summer and left me with a hacking cough which I thought I never would get rid of. I had used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy some fourteen years ago with much success, and concluded to try it again. When I had got through with one bottle my cough had left me, and I have not suffered with a cough or cold since. I have recommended it to others, and all speak well of it." Fifty cent bottles for sale by druggists.

Telephone Lutes laundry to call for your washing.



It Cures Coughs, Sore Throats, Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by druggists everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and \$1.00.

MONEY SAVED, IS MONEY GAINED!

Therefore, follow the above motto and apply immediately to the undersigned for either a Gas or Water Meter, and rest assured that you will save money.

The demand has been so great during the past two months that we couldn't get meters fast enough from the manufacturers to supply the demand.

We received this week a large consignment, and are prepared to SET THEM ON SHORT NOTICE.

Please bear in mind that we have made a

Big Reduction in the Price of Gas.

At the price we are now selling Gas, it is the cheapest light in the market, and we guarantee you satisfactory service. Our would-be competitors are not in it. We have them on the run and propose to keep them that way.

FUEL GAS! FUEL GAS!

It is surprising, the demand for Gas Stoves. The two hundred Gas Stoves we set during the past year are giving such perfect success that the wonder of the consumer is "how they ever got along before without a Gas Stove." We positively guarantee that gas used for cooking purposes is cheaper than coal. So leave your order for a Stove early as the season is drawing near when the manufacturers cannot supply the demand.

Call upon us and leave your application for a Meter or your order for a Stove, or telephone us, No. 54, and one of our representatives will call upon you.

DULUTH GAS & WATER CO

232 WEST FIRST STREET.

IN THE LEGISLATURE.

The Corporate Interests Brought Into Close Quarters by Numerous Bills to Fry Out Fat.

Evidence That the House Democratic and Alliance Forces are Better Handled Than the Republicans.

The Army of Clerks and Hangers on is as Large as Ever and Growing Every Day.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 4.—[Special to The Herald.]—The legislature has now pretty nearly succeeded in getting the corporate interests of the state into close quarters by the introduction and consideration of measures calculated to fry the fat out of them. Much of this legislation is just, but a good deal of it is considered crude by the best legal minds. Most bills, however, are subjected to a good many changes and amendments before they get through the houses. Ordinarily the woodchuck is pretty nearly chased out of them before the governor gets a chance to affix his John Hancock.

The most legislation introduced thus far by Duluth members is of a remedial nature and destined to cure illegal franchises and improperly executed instruments, to repeal old special laws and to make reconciliation between contradictory portions of the municipal laws governing Duluth and its suburbs when the latter become a part of the present city. Outside legislators who are trying to win farmer votes to other measures are responsible for most of the measures introduced taxing the output of the iron mines cents at a time when the Mesaba range has not yet sold a pound of ore for use in Eastern blast furnaces. Many of the legislators are filled to the brim of their imaginations with Aladdin tales of the wealth of iron ore in St. Louis county, and they do not stop to call to mind that the ore has not yet been placed upon the market.

There are evidences of much better handling of the Democratic and Alliance Populist forces in the legislature than of the Republicans. This is more noticeable in the house, where there is evidence that the Democratic and Alliance combine can pretty nearly shape the legislation or prevent its shaping as they please. The shrewdest Democratic worker in the house is reported to be Pat Kelly. There is no member who apparently does more hustling than he or who seems to do they pull together as regularly as they might. They pursue a guerrilla warfare against the solid and

united interests of the opposition. The house has done but little yet to save money bills, and it is not noticeable that the minority are extremely anxious that very much should be done.

The most fun thus far in the session has been derived from the fight of the railway conductors against the scalpers. At a meeting of the judiciary committee of the house the other night, the scalpers showed their hand, and they well earned their title by literally scalping the railroad companies. They openly asserted that they stood in with the railroad companies and the latter furnished them most of their tickets. J. A. Mackenzie, the well known scalper, poured hot shot into the railroad companies and in the preliminary skirmish had the best of the battle.

The army of clerks and hangers on here is quite as large as it ever has been and is growing every day. The house has spasmodic fits of economy and then refuses to employ any more clerks for committees, but it soon forgets them and the clerks after slight delays are usually appointed in the long run. All of these, of course, are interested in prolonging the session and it probably will completely fill out the allotted ninety days.

The legislation introduced by the Duluth members in the house to provide for relieving certain assessments in West Duluth or rather legalizing them after West Duluth becomes a part of Duluth, and the bill continuing the municipal court of West Duluth after such a union takes place will probably be reported favorably by the various committees. A hearing was had yesterday before which Judge Martin and other West Duluthians appeared. These curative measures, it is said, were made necessary by certain stipulations which were agreed upon when there was such a bitter fight made two years ago to unite all the suburbs to Duluth.

The bills introduced in the house to tax iron ores are now in possession of Mr. Markham, as chairman of the committee on taxes and tax laws, and as yet no hearing has been had upon them. The house looks for light upon these subjects from Lon Merritt, who has been absent a great deal lately on account of the trouble and law suits in which the Mesaba & Northern road has been involved.

The president of the senate yesterday afternoon announced the following committee, which is to have charge of the Itasca State Park. Sanborn, Smith, J. D., Donnelly, McHale and Hompe. It is not observed from the complexion of this committee that the northern portion of the state has any particular interest in this park, unless Senator Hompe may be considered as the representative of the Sixth district on this committee.

The grain and warehouse commission will introduce considerable legislation this winter affecting the matters under railroad right of ways are looked upon as being satisfactory to the railroad and warehouse commissioners, and the grain inspection department. If the powers of

the commission are so extended as to include authority over the express companies and over the whole wheat system of the Northwest, they will have over double the work to do which is now delegated to them under the state laws. There has been a constant complaint among them that the powers were too limited to allow them to carry out their purposes as the spirit of the law evidently intended that they should.

The labor commissioner of the state has also many suggestions to make for improvement in the laws which govern the duties of his position. Chief among his recommendations is the establishment of the free labor employment bureau system as it now exists in Ohio. It is to have a head at the capital and branches in the principal cities of the state which are to support them. They will operate to furnish employment to those desiring work and also correct and reliable labor employment information from various parts of the country.

A persistent and vigorous attack is being made upon the land commissioner in the state auditor's office by the St. Paul News. It is considered one of the fastest jobs around the capital worth \$15,000 a year according to some. It is one of the perquisites of the state auditor's office. The News is desirous of having a separate land department directly responsible to the governor. The commissioner would then be paid a salary and turn over the rest to the state. It is doubtful, however, if this would reach the desired end, because when certain lumbermen want a good piece of stumpage they usually know how to get it, even from a salaried officer, even though the state may become no richer by the success of that knowledge. As far as can be learned the stumpage on school and university lands is secured at a very low, and sometimes at ridiculously low figures, although this is not particularly chargeable to the present administration of the state land department more than to others which have gone before.

In the senate yesterday afternoon the capital commission, appointed by the senate two years ago presented majority and minority reports. The majority report by Dean favored the erection of a new capitol to cost \$2,000,000 within three-quarters of a mile from the present location. The minority report by McMillan, of Hennepin county, favored a new capitol to cost \$2,000,000. A bill embodying the recommendations of the majority report was returned at the same time and referred to the finance committee. The senate adjourned until Monday.

The senate committee on municipal corporations has decided to refer the bills affecting the incorporation and government of cities to the legal advisers of St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth and such other cities as may desire to confer, for the purpose of having them agree upon the main provisions of a bill and report back to the committee.

Something of Interest.
The St. Paul & Duluth R. R. is the shortest line to all California and Southern points. All information regarding this trip cheerfully given.

428 Spalding hotel.

NATURAL GAS EXPLODED.

A House Blown to Pieces and Two Persons Fatally Hurt.

URBANA, O., Feb. 4.—The city has been almost without natural gas for two days owing to a leak in the main line. Yesterday evening the break was repaired and the city connected with the wells.

The gas poured into the mains in the city with ten pounds pressure, the ordinary pressure being only four ounces. This unusual pressure burst half the meters in the city, causing the gas to fill the cellars. At the residence of John F. Schofstaal the escaping gas ignited and an explosion followed. The house was blown to pieces and the debris was soon in flames. Mr. Schofstaal, his daughter, Nellie and his mother-in-law, Mrs. Sophia Clark, were in the house. Mr. Schofstaal escaped with terrible burns about the face. His daughter was pinned to the floor by brick and rafters and was rescued from the burning house with difficulty. She died in an hour. Mrs. Clark also died. L. A. Steinbarger and Dr. Kerr's residences were also burned.

PERISHED IN THE FLAMES.

The Mother of Seven Children Cremated in Her Residence.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Feb. 4.—A fire broke out yesterday in the residence of Charles Haywood, four miles south of the village of Wayland, and a horrible fatality occurred.

Mrs. Haywood was assisting her husband in carrying out goods and went up stairs for some clothing. The flames cut off her retreat and prevented all assistance from her friends. After the fire was extinguished only charred pieces of flesh could be found. She leaves seven young children.

Snow Seven Feet Deep.

RHINELANDER, Wis., Feb. 4.—It was 15 below here yesterday. Snow is seven and a half feet deep on the level and all trains are badly delayed.

For Sale.

Sullivan H. diamond drill, good as new, with 400 foot rods and boiler and pumping outfit. Cheap for cash. Address, J. C. TEN EVY, Kitchi Gammi Club, Duluth.

"MOTHER'S FRIEND"

is a scientifically prepared Liniment and harmless, every ingredient is of recognized value and in constant use by the medical profession. It shortens Labor, Lessens Pain, Diminishes Danger to Life of Mother and Child. Book "To Mothers" mailed free, containing valuable information and voluntary testimonials. Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price, \$1.00 per bottle. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ALBANY, GA. Sold by all druggists.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Topic for the Week Beginning Feb. 6. Comment by Rev. S. H. Doyle.

Topic.—Joy in God's service and in his house. Rom. xiv. 16-19; Ez. vi. 16.

The chief occupation of the Christian is to serve God in his life and worship him in his house. Service may be called worship out of God's house and worship service in God's house. It is an easily proved fact that we always do best what we take personal pleasure and delight in. The studies are best learned in which the student finds real pleasure. That duty is best performed in which we find delight, and which is not looked upon merely in the light of cold, unattractive duty. Since these things are true, how important that the Christian shall find real and unalloyed pleasure in serving God and in worshipping him in order that he may give him the best possible service and render to him the most acceptable worship!

1. "The kingdom of God is not meat and drink, but righteousness and peace and joy in the Holy Ghost" (Rom. xiv. 17). Paul is urging the stronger Roman Christians to give up temporal desires for the benefit of the weaker brethren, giving as his reason that the highest pleasures to the Christian are not to be found in these things, but in spiritual things, the righteousness, peace and joy of which the Holy Ghost is the author. The true Christian should find his highest joys in the joys of salvation, and his greatest delight in serving God, in doing his Master's will. "We should be continually filled with joy not in spite of our religion, but because of it, because we have made our peace with God, and because we delight to serve him for all his many blessings to us. It is a sad commentary upon our religion when we must go out into the world and to worldly pleasures to find enjoyment and delight. And yet that is the excuse of many Christians for participating in worldly pleasures. Cultivate a spirit of joy in serving God, such a spirit that will give you delight in doing everything that is good and in associating with those who love God and serve him. 2. "The children of Israel kept the dedication of the house of God with joy" (Ez. vi. 16). The dedication here referred to is that one which took place after the return from captivity, when the temple was rebuilt. In the books of Ezra and Nehemiah much is said about joy in the worship of God's house. This joyousness is twice noted in this one chapter. It is not without reason that there was such joy in serving God in his temple. The children of Israel had been led away captives. They have for a long time been deprived of the temple service. They have passed through many sorrows and grievous afflictions. All these things tend to make them appreciate the blessings of God's house. True joy can only come after we have been sobered by sorrow. We never appreciate a blessing as we ought until deprived of it for a time, and often God removes blessings to make us appreciate them. But because we may always have had a place to worship in worshipping God. Religious services should always be made as joyous and bright as possible. Enter into the courts of the Lord with joy and gladness.

Bible References.—I Kings viii. 63-66; I Chron. xvi. 28-31; II Chron. vii. 4, 10; Ps. xvi. 11; xviii. 13; xxi. 1-4; lxxiii. 5; xcxvi. 9; Jer. vii. 1, 2; Luke ii. 13, 14; John xvi. 24; Acts ii. 46, 47; I Cor. xiv. 26; Phil. iv. 4; Jas. v. 13; I Pet. iv. 13.

Working for Christ.

As a fit climax this is an evangelistic movement. It is primarily an effort of the young to save the young. These Endeavorers take charge of the smallest little ones in the Junior society and train them to work for Christ. They plead with the associate members who are not willing to call themselves Christians, and they win them over. They are zealous for church membership. Last year 120,000 joined the church from the ranks of these societies, chiefly from the associate membership. They are eager with invitations to a Christian life. They put them in the way in hotels, railroad stations, barber shops, wherever young men and young women may be reached. They work in many ingenious ways. They bait their hooks with social gatherings, with music, with flowers. They are eager for souls, these Christian Endeavorers.—Once a Week.

Christian Endeavor Convention.

The twelfth international Christian Endeavor convention will be at Montreal next July. So great is the interest aroused that more accommodation has been promised than was at the disposal of the 1892 committee in New York. For the meetings the use of the National Drill hall has been secured. This is an immense stone building, absolutely fireproof, and contains an assembly room with an area of 40,000 feet. To supplement this a huge tent, 300 by 150 feet, has been purchased and will be pitched on the square directly opposite the drill hall, and will accommodate a second meeting of 10,000 persons if necessary.

The Smoke Nuisance.

Mrs. Billus—Here you come again smelling of tobacco. You know smoking is very offensive to me. Mr. Billus—So it is to me, Maria. Pshaw! Turn down that parlor lamp.—Chicago Tribune.

Would Make It All Right.

Jack's Roommate—It will never do, Jack, to go calling with that shabby tie. Jack—That's all right. I'm going to wear a chrysanthemum in my button-hole.—Chicago News-Record.

Asking Too Much.

Aunt—And so you go to school? Now tell me what you have learned at school. Wee Niece—Oo! There isn't time. I'm only going to be here a week.—Good News.

Railway Conundrums.

What is the railway mileage of the United States? 170,601 miles.

What has been the cost? Over ten billion dollars.

What state heads the list in point of mileage? Illinois—10,070 miles.

What is the average cost of constructing a mile of railroad? About \$30,000.

Who built the first locomotive in the United States? Peter Cooper.

What is the cost of a palace sleeping car? About \$15,000, or \$17,000 if vestibuled.

What road carries the largest number of passengers? The Manhattan Elevated railroad, New York—\$25,000 a day or 101,625,000 yearly.

What are the chances of fatal accident in railway travel? Statistics show one killed in every 10,000,000.

What road runs the famous vestibuled, electric lighted and steam heated train between St. Paul, Minneapolis and Chicago? The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. It leaves St. Paul at 8:10 o'clock every evening. Considered one of the most complete and handsome trains in this country.

How many trains per day via this road from the "Twin Cities" to Chicago? Four—from St. Paul Union depot at 7:50 a. m., 2:35 p. m., 6:55 p. m. and 8:10 p. m.

Are they all heated by steam? Yes.

If there any road except "The Milwaukee" which furnishes electric berth lamps to read by? No.

Who should a passenger apply to for information as to the lowest rates to all points in United States and Canada via "The Milwaukee"? To any coupon ticket agent in the Northwest, or address J. T. CONLEY, Ass't Gen'l Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

Every Man whose watch has been rung out of the bow (ring), by a pickpocket,

Every Man whose watch has been damaged by dropping out of the bow, and

Every Man of sense who merely compares the old pull-out bow and the new

Non-pull-out

will exclaim: "Ought to have been made long ago!"

It can't be twisted off the case. Can only be had with Jas. Boss Filled and other cases stamped with this trade mark—

Ask your jeweler for pamphlet.

Keynote Watch Case Co., Philadelphia.

HAS A FIT OF ECONOMY

Legislature Decides Today That the Present Clerks Must Work For all the House Committees.

Joint Resolution Passed Adopting the "Ladies Slipper" as the Flower Emblem of the State.

Bill to Give the Railroad Commission the Needed Power to Remedy Exorbitant Joint Rates.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 4.—[Special to The Herald.]—On motion of Mr. Jackson this morning the clerks of committees now appointed will have to work for all committees of the house which need them. Geo. Wilson introduced a bill in the house this morning repealing the tax on mortgages on Minnesota lands and providing that the tax shall only be levied on mortgages pertaining to other states. The bill of the capital commission of the senate providing for building a \$5,000,000 capitol was read in the house today and referred to the committee on public buildings.

Mr. Jacobson introduced a bill providing that common carriers shall furnish all necessary connections and side-tracks with other roads which they cross; providing also, that reasonable joint through rates are to be established on connecting roads, and that transfers be made without extra charges. It is aimed to get at the exorbitant through rates which the railway commission have been unable to remedy.

Mr. Jacobson also had a bill making chattel mortgages on real estate subject to the same provisions as mortgages on real estate is filed with the register of deeds.

Mr. Kelly introduced a bill regulating public libraries and reading rooms and setting forth the rate of taxation to be levied to support libraries.

Mr. Turrell brought in a bill to provide for the payment of fees by banks and trust companies organized under the laws of the state and for an assistant bank examiner.

Mr. Leonard introduced a bill providing the manner of publishing delinquent real estate tax notices and lists.

The senate today introduced a concurrent resolution adopting the mosses flower or "ladies slipper" as the floral emblem of the state.

Mr. Richardson introduced a bill to license peddlers on foot by the secretary of the state \$30; with a horse and wagon \$30; and with a double team \$40. Mr. Donnelly introduced a joint memorial which passed the senate asking congress to establish a government telegraph and telephone.

The following bills were passed by the senate today: Craven's bill allowing a portion of the liquor license bill to be refunded, if not used for a full year; John Day Smith's bill on cruelty to animals, the legislative manual, and revision of the statutes; Keller's bill on the state seal; Nelson's bill relating to engines; Nelson's bill relating to justices of the peace.

Bills were introduced as follows: By Senator Tawney, amending the law relating to summons in justice court; by Senator McMillan, amending the election laws so that a citizen is allowed to vote who has been a resident of the state six months and of the election district thirty days.

Mr. Lommen's bill creating a court of railway commissioners was debated hotly today and was finally referred to the judiciary committee. [For other legislative news see page 3.]

THE KOOTENAI MINES.

The County is Very Rich In Gold and Silver.

BONNER'S FERRY, Idaho, Feb. 4.—The new stage line is now in operation from here to a connection with steamers for Astoria, Kaslo and other points on the Kootenai lake. Stages will leave here Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays in connection with the Great Northern Pacific railway train.

Machinery for the new lake steamer to run from here to the lake is expected daily, and the boat will be ready for the opening of river navigation. The ice has not prevented navigation on the lake. The interest in the mining developments in the Kaslo-Stocan and Lard-Duncan districts increases with the approach of spring.

It is predicted that the country will exceed the Leadville and Cripple Creek in richness. Specimens from the Lard-Duncan assay as high as \$2,500 in silver to the ton.

Notice.

All outstanding accounts of Charles A. Beattie, 344 Lake avenue south, if presented to the undersigned by the 5th inst., will be settled. Any accounts due said C. A. Beattie, if not paid by same date, will be left with an attorney for collection.

A. M. BEATTIE.

Room 7 Merchants Hotel.

The Only Line That Does It.

The St. Paul & Duluth Short Line runs three daily trains between Duluth, St. Paul and Minneapolis and Chicago, making direct connections for all points in the East and South, Southern Florida and California. This is the only line that can give you this service and no one will question it. For reliable information and sleeping car reservations call on

Northern Passenger Agent, 428 Spaulding hotel.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

WAS BEATEN TO DEATH

Striking Moulders Attacked Non-Union Men in Tennessee and a Free Fight Was the Result.

A Non-Union Man Beaten and Cut so Badly That an Ambulance Had to be Called.

Other Workmen Rushed to His Aid and the Rioters Then Beat a Hasty Retreat.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—A special to the Times from Chattanooga, Tenn., states that a riot occurred yesterday between striking union moulders and non-union men who are filling their places at the Chattanooga Car and Foundry company's works, which are owned by First Assistant Postmaster General Evans. Although several non-union men were seriously cut none were fatally injured. The striking union men, just outside the works, were the leader of the strikers, who were armed with pistols and knives. The first man they hated happened to be alone, and choking him to still his cries, they beat and cut him so badly that an ambulance had to be called to take him to his home.

The men came out on the ground after a few minutes and a free fight followed, in which several were slightly injured. The fight ended in a few minutes, as the workmen in the foundry and in the wood working departments, hearing the row, rushed out and the strikers dispersed, fearing that they would be overpowered.

Manager Jesse Evans, a nephew of the ex-congressman by that name, was choked and roughly handled by the strikers, while he was trying to stop the trouble.

THE NEW LIEN LAW.

Judge Canby Explains His Bill to the Senate Judiciary Committee.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 4.—The senate judiciary committee accorded Judge Canby a hearing on senate bill No. 14, which was introduced by Senator Phillips, but was drawn by the judge. A large number of other senators and representatives interested in the subject of the bill, which reconstructs the lien law of the state, were present.

Judge Canby said that the bill was drawn for the better protection of the laboring men and material men. He characterized the present law as cumbersome and impracticable in its operation, and as working a confiscation and a fraud upon the very persons it was designed to protect.

It attempts to gather all the lines to gether into one suit, and those who do the first work on a structure are compelled to wait until the building is finished before they can force an action for foreclosure. In the case of a large building, this might drag the matter out a year or two, as there is always some one who is not ready. When they finally get around to close their suit, they find that one judgment and one sale, and the owner may go around and buy up the claims of the only ones who could put up the money at a sale, and then put in the property at a figure that will only pay the small lien holders a few cents on the dollar.

The foreclosure proceedings are too complicated and too expensive. Minnesota was a state which needed a more carefully guarded lien law. The exemptions are larger here than in any state in the Union. A dead beat may put half a million dollars into a home, and the rest of the rest into his wife's name. Incidentally Judge Canby remarked that he thought that a homestead exemption should be limited to \$10,000.

The present bill is practically the same which passed both houses two years ago but was vetoed by Governor Merriam. It makes the laboring man's second course attempt to interfere with a prior recorded mortgage. It contains provisions designed to connect the owner of the building with the structure being erected; provides that the owner must know of work done for a tenant, and makes these matters evidence in an action.

The bill has been carefully drawn, and Judge Canby thinks that the rights of the laboring man are amply and admirably guarded.

Avoid Cold Weather.

And make a pleasant trip to Florida or any of our coast. The Chicago & Eastern Illinois railroad, "Evansville Route," will take you there by the shortest way, six hours quicker than any other line. Vestibuled trains of Pullman sleepers and dining cars. For full information address Charles W. Humphrey, No. Pass. Agt., 170 East Third street, St. Paul, Minn. Chicago city ticket office, 204 Clark street, or Charles L. Stone, Gen. Pass. and Tkt. Agt., Chicago.

Special Rates to New Orleans.

For the Mardi Gras carnival at New Orleans and Mobile, "The Northwestern Line" (C. St. P. M. & O. R'y) will sell excursion tickets at greatly reduced rates. Tickets on sale Feb. 6 to 12, good to return until March 7. Through train service to Chicago. For tickets and sleeping car reservations call at 255 Spaulding house block.

B. W. SUMMERS.

City Ticket Agent.

The St. Paul & Duluth R. R.

Is the short line to St. Paul, Minneapolis and Chicago. Three trains daily. Chair and sleeping car reservations made at city ticket office, 428 Spaulding hotel.

Geo. Dinwiddie, 208 West Superior street.

Best coal. Lowest prices. Promptest delivery.

Officers For Rent.

Elegant ground floor offices for rent in the New Herald building, 230 West Superior street. Ready for occupancy Feb. 1. Inquire at Herald office in Henderson block, Fifth avenue west and Superior street.

THE CLEVELAND BABY.

It Is Now Coming Into More Prominence Than Ever.

The "White House baby" has for some time been the favorite of Washington life. Even infants related to candidates for office have been exploited and praised, possibly to the point of exaggeration. "Baby Conington" was much written about while its distinguished grandfather, James G. Blaine, was campaigning against Cleveland.

Baby McKee has held the post of prominence during Harrison's administration, and now that Cleveland is to succeed the Indiana statesman as head of the government.

Why Great Brains Shrink—Disclosures Regarding the Brains of Eminent Men—What They Indicate—Result of the Examination of the Brain of Gen. Benjamin F. Butler.

The brain of the late Benjamin F. Butler was found to weigh sixty-two ounces, four ounces more than the brain of the great Daniel Webster.

Up to this time Webster's brain was the second largest on record, the largest being that of Cuvier, which weighed sixty-five ounces. The average weight of the brain is about forty-nine ounces.

The physicians state that the brain of Daniel Webster was originally much larger than at the time of his death, but that it had become shrunken by disease and the use of alcohol; it is estimated that at least six ounces were lost in this way.

Think of it! The brain shrinks, the tissues waste, the thinking power becomes less, all by reason of over-exercising, disease, or dissipation.

How many men and women today are shrinking, wasting, ruining their brains, and thus shortening their lives. The number is legion; and yet it is all needless, it can all be avoided; let us explain.

The brain and nerves need food; not such food as sustains the muscles, makes bone, makes sinew, but brain food, nerve food. If the tissues of the brain are strained by over application, alcohol or other causes, they can be kept in perfect condition by feeding the brain properly, not with ordinary food, but something especially designed for them. For this purpose nothing has ever been known equal to the great modern discovery, Paine's cerebri compound. This is a perfect food for the brain and nerves. It is no ordinary concoction, nerve, sarsaparilla, or tonic, but a veritable blessing to weary brains, over-strained nerves and weakened lives.

To Prison for Life. MANHATTAN, Feb. 4.—Judge Severeance yesterday sentenced Frank Giefer to imprisonment for life in Stillwater penitentiary for murder of Leonard Roway last August. Sentence of death had been generally expected, as the murder was a most cold-blooded one, committed for purposes of robbery.

Fatal Blood Poisoning. NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—Dr. George Jackson Fisher, a prominent physician, died last night at his residence, 115 West 11th street, New York State Medical society, died last evening from blood poisoning contracted while performing an operation Jan. 13.

Blocked With Snow. HUDSON, Wis., Feb. 4.—The temperature here was below zero yesterday. A high west wind was blowing. All the country roads are blocked with snow.

The Highland electric cars are running regularly from the head of the incline through the prettiest tract of land at the head of the lakes.

CARLSLE, OF KENTUCKY.

One of the Men Who May Be in the Cleveland Cabinet.

It is taken for granted, and the knowing ones concede it, that Senator John C. Carlisle, of Kentucky, is to be secretary of the treasury in President Cleveland's cabinet. There is a lively interest in his views on silver and other issues and a still greater interest in the question of who is to be his successor in the senate.

Mr. Carlisle passed the active part of his life in the military service. He was a member of the Kentucky legislature when the civil war began.

After the war he served in the state senate and as lieutenant governor and steadily grew more prominent in the national career of the Democracy. In 1876 he was elected to represent the United States senate. This term will not expire until March 3, 1895, and hence, probably, will result in the unusual case of three senators filling one senatorial term.

From the day he entered congress Mr. Carlisle took a high rank in that body, and was soon recognized as an authority on fiscal and economic matters. He served as a speaker of the Forty-eighth, Forty-ninth and Fiftieth congresses. In the Fiftieth congress his position on the silver question became of great importance, and his course at that juncture was warmly approved by Mr. Cleveland.

In Kentucky, as elsewhere, the question of a successor excites the ambitions. The man most talked of in Congressman William Campbell Preston Breckinridge. This gentleman, born Aug. 28, 1837, at Lexington, Ky., has served in congress continuously since the opening of the Forty-ninth congress. An unusual interest attaches to him as representing, in his own person, the perfect amnesty which prevails in Kentucky. The Breckinridges, as all Americans know, were divided during the civil war, and while the present congressman was in the Confederate ranks his father, the eminent preacher, was a leader of the war for the Union party.

Well Known Abroad. It is strange that in cities where the water supply is drawn from rivers flowing through sedimentary plains so few have sunk wells alongside the river, and thus secure a natural filter for the water. The amount of infiltration is nearly always sufficient, with a moderate drain in the wells, and this case is improved if not enough. At Peoria, Ill., the water is drawn from a well of the kind situated more than 1,000 feet from the river, and the infiltration, when the head is seven feet, is at the rate of one foot a minute in the well.

Will Make a Good Showing. Since the cessation of peace in Honduras the work of its exposition commission has been vigorously prosecuted, and a large amount of material is already on hand prepared for shipment. The foreign mining companies have collected handsome displays, and many characteristic articles showing the richness of the country's resources are already packed.

Dawkins' and other papers are at interest of everyone who has a dollar to spend.

GEN. BUTLER'S BRAIN.

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It's a Family Necessity!

THE EVENING HERALD,

THE PAPER OF THE HOME AND FIRESIDE!

It is the largest and newest paper printed at the Head of the Lakes. It gives

More Local News,
More Telegraphic News,
More News Features,
More Special Articles

That inure to Duluth's supremacy than any other Duluth paper. It is essentially the women's paper; its bright and crisp society gossip, its many features pertaining directly to the homes, and the recognition of the cause of the gentle sex make THE EVENING HERALD especially of interest to them.

The independent course pursued by THE HERALD in politics has won for it many friends who are not prejudiced by party ties, and who approve of a fearless newspaper, but who loathe and despise a hide-bound organ, that only reverberates the sentiment of some party platform that has nothing in common with Duluth or her varied interests. THE EVENING HERALD has given several examples of its independence the past year and will continue to do so whenever in its opinion the good of Duluth demands it. If you do not take it, subscribe for it.

The business man reads it and advertises in it to the exclusion of all others, because it GIVES THE NEWS and is read by double as many readers as all other Duluth papers.

The laboring man and the artisan want THE EVENING HERALD because it is delivered fresh from the press at a time when his day's labors are ended and he has the long winter evenings to read to himself and family all the day's happenings of his own city and from every nook and corner of a busy and heedless world.

The two largest news organizations, the Associated Press and the United Press, serve the Herald with special telegraph wires, with all of the outside news.

Its staff of editors, local reporters and contributors are ever alert that nothing may be missed that might be of interest to its patrons or contribute to the welfare and prosperity of Duluth.

Advertise in
THE HERALD
WANT COLUMNS.
"Situations Wanted" Free.

The Weekly Herald

Send for Sample Copy

Price for WEEKLY, one year, \$1.50; in clubs of ten \$1.00 each. DAILY, per year, \$7; per month, 60 cents. ADDRESS:

EVENING HERALD
DULUTH, MINN.

Removed!
Pioneer Fuel Co.
 To 416 W. Superior St.
 Chamber of Commerce
 Building.
 Telephone 161.
 Temporary Headquarters.

Russian and Turkish BATHS
 416 West Michigan Street,
 CHAS. O. FALLER, Prop. DULUTH, MINN.

CITY BRIEFS.
 Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio.
 Smoke-Endition cigar, W. A. Foote & Co.
 Dr. Schiffman extracts teeth without pain.
 "Gill's Best" flour—the favorite with all families.
 Boyd's Gernie's cures falling hair.
 Sold by Boyd & Wilbur, Temple Opera.
 On or before loans wanted at 6 to 8 per cent. T. O. Hall, 207 Palladio.
 Chas. Wallace was found guilty of drunkenness by Judge Powell in the municipal court this morning and, as it was the second offense, commitment for thirty days was the punishment administered.

Births as follows were reported to the board of health this morning: Pascal and Matea Mannella, 1102 West Second street, a daughter; Julius and Carrie Gyllen, 310 Garfield avenue, a son; Simon and Louisa Perreault, 1532 West Superior street, a daughter; Hugh and Emily Farscott, 1120 West Second street, a son; Arnold and Bertie Vandervort, 731 Garfield avenue, a daughter.
 Emil Dietz and Thomas Malow were found to be insane upon examination and were discharged by Judge of Probate Ayer yesterday afternoon.

The meeting of the State Humane Society will be held on Tuesday, Feb. 14 at St. Paul. Rev. G. H. Kemp will represent the Duluth society.

Get the two beautiful half tone engravings of the new First M. E. church. Free with every copy of tomorrow's Sunday News Tribune.

The meeting of the Bethel singing class has been postponed from February 6 to February 13.

No invitations have been sent out for the policemen's ball on Wednesday evening at the Spalding but the members of the force extend a cordial invitation to everybody to attend.

PERSONAL.
 Dr. F. C. Drenning has returned from Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Humphreys have returned from their Southern trip.

H. W. Eastman, treasurer of the Temple, has returned from New York.

Dr. S. J. Phaneuf and bride, of West Superior, were at the Spalding last evening. They were married a few days ago at Lausberg, N. Y.

W. A. Barr, of St. Paul, is here today. Manager Arthur E. Miller returned this morning from his Eastern trip.

Misses Kuster and Root, of Oswego, New York, who were recently elected to positions in the Duluth schools, have reached the city and will enter at once upon their duties.

Mrs. E. D. Midgough, of Owatonna, is visiting at the home of Prof. E. T. Critchett.

Alderman Cox, who has been confined to his bed since last Tuesday with a mild fever, showed up at the city hall this morning.

Huntington W. Merchant came up from the state university this morning.

F. L. Stetson, of Minneapolis, is in the city.

H. B. Mills, of St. Paul, is at the Spalding today.

T. A. Bury, T. Hannan and S. E. Atkinson, of Two Harbors, came down to Duluth last evening.

A. R. Merritt arrived from Cincinnati last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Logan and daughter Gertrude left for Detroit this morning.

Is Most Opportune.
 In view of the great interest that the Sandwich Islands are creating as the result of the application of the provisional government for annexation to the United States, the lecture by Herbert Stanley Renton at the High school next Monday evening is most opportune and affords a most excellent means of acquiring some reliable information on that interesting country in the midst of the Pacific waters.

Trains Late Today.
 Trains are still suffering from the effects of the late storm and the Union depot bulletin board showed the Wisconsin Central from Chicago to be almost three hours late, the Northern Pacific from the west to be two hours late and the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic to be about eight hours behind. Other roads were delayed slightly. Freight trains are moving on all roads but are not on regular time and are handled by telegraph.

Get the two beautiful half tone engravings of the new First M. E. church. Free with every copy of tomorrow's Sunday News Tribune.

Dawkins has removed to the corner of First avenue west and First street.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.
 The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder—No Ammonia; No Alum.
 Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

THE DISTRICT COURT.

The Regular February Term of the Eleventh Judicial District Opens on Tuesday Next.

An Unusually Large Calendar of Cases—Judges Searle and Baxter Will be Here.

Large Number of Cases Disposed of in Special Term This Morning—One Divorce Granted.

The regular February term of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district opens next Tuesday at the court house. The calendar contains 170 cases, besides the criminal cases, one of the largest ever known in St. Louis county. It is now in the hands of the printer and will probably be out by Monday. Judge Stearns being absent it will probably fall to Judge Ensign to open court alone. Judge Searle, of St. Cloud, is expected to arrive on Wednesday and assist Judge Ensign for a week, and Judge Baxter, of Fergus Falls, is then expected to come for a week. What provision will be made after that is at present undetermined.

THE SPECIAL TERM.
 Large Calendar Disposed of—One Divorce Was Granted.

In special term before Judge Ensign this morning the case of Chas. Gasper et al. vs. W. P. Heimbach was continued by consent, as were the actions of Wm. Steel vs. Archie Campbell, Daniel Peterson vs. Archie Campbell, H. P. Rugg vs. Tower Hotel association, Heller & Hoffman et al. vs. R. P. Edson et al., Frank Burke et al. vs. E. V. Baldwin et al. The matter of the assignment of Montague & Co. was stricken from the calendar, as was Isaac Hinkley vs. Mary J. Quinn et al.

The plaintiff's motion for further disclosures in Henderson vs. Austin was denied. The demurrer of the defendant to the complaint in Wilkins vs. Sherwood was sustained and plaintiff has twenty days in which to amend. In Perry vs. Murphy et al. the plaintiffs have leave to amend instant. In Winters vs. E. T. Merritt et al. the motion for bail for costs was denied. In Henning vs. Grieser et al. a bill of exceptions was settled upon and a motion for a new trial overruled.

A judgment of foreclosure was ordered in Perry vs. Long as garnisher. In the matter of the assignment of John Le Roy the assignee was ordered to show next Saturday why he should not render an account. The matter of condemnation proceedings for lands for parks and parkway purposes is having a hearing.

Emma Hanson was granted a divorce from Hans Hanson on the ground of cruel and inhuman treatment. He is 42 and she is 40 years old. They have three children, Annie, aged 15, Esther, aged 11, and Gertrude, aged 6. Hanson, long line of ill treatment, drunkenness and lascivious conduct was alleged and the decree was granted giving the plaintiff custody of the three children.

Public Library Figures.
 The report of the public library for the month of January shows the total issue of books to have been 625, divided among the following classes: Philosophy, 39; religion, 48; sociology, 62; natural sciences, 111; useful arts, 69; fine arts, 96; general works, 181; poetry, 59; drama, 72; fiction, 478; essays and letters, 6; satire and humor, 60; general and miscellaneous, 103; travel and geography, 246; biography, 238; history, 214.

The greatest number of books issued in any one day was 456 on January 28, and the least number 91 on January 31. The average daily circulation was 245 and at the close of the month there were 1702 books out. There were issued 185 new cards and \$241.65 was realized in fines. The work of making a catalogue for the West End branch occupied considerable time during January.

No Reduction.
 The rumor has gained currency that the royalties at both the Cincinnati and Hale mines have been reduced by the fee-holders, but Manager Bates, who was questioned regarding the matter, denied the correctness of the report, although he admitted that both royalties and minimum outputs should be reduced all along the range in order that the mines may compete in the present market, which is exceedingly dull.

Dinwiddie Has Withdrawn.
 George Dinwiddie has withdrawn from the aldermanic race in the Third ward and thereby simplified matters somewhat. He said it was for the purpose of enabling the remaining candidates to have a square fight. This leaves James Sullivan, John R. Meining and William Getty in the field.

Dawkins is selling Kalb's banknote stock at half price. First avenue west and First street.

To the Lakeside Public.
 Marine brass band Wednesday and Saturday evenings good ice. Lake avenue home industry.

Union Covered Skating Rink.
 Marine brass band Wednesday and Saturday evenings good ice. Lake avenue home industry.

Geo. Dinwiddie, 208 West Superior street. Best coal, lowest prices, prompt delivery.

CAR WORKS HUSTLING.

Forty-Six New Cars For the Missabe Road Turned Out This Week.

The Duluth Manufacturing company turned out forty-six new cars for the Duluth, Missabe & Northern this week. This makes nearly 150 cars turned out at these works in the last three weeks. The company is making a record under the able management of L. G. Matthews.

The foundry department at the car works has been shut down for two days owing to the inability of the railroad to get in the necessary coke.

One Nearly Ran Out.
 The ore is coming in slowly at the blast furnace and it was thought at one time that the fires would have to be covered. But a train load drawn by three engines came in just at the nick of time and averted the difficulty.

West Duluth Briefs.
 After a conference with the county attorney, the conclusion was reached that enough evidence could not be procured to bring a case against the men who attempt to break into the Great Eastern Clothing store Wednesday night.

The congregational church is being repaired and repaired within.

J. E. Morrison has returned from an extended visit at Kittermington, Penn., his old home.

L. L. Marble returned last evening from the Mesaba and will result in a great saving in the cost of taking care of the lesser class of criminals.

The contracts for furnishing the following supplies were awarded as follows: Blank books, Le Tourneau & Lewis, at \$63.50; legal blanks, same firm, at \$188.25; letter heads and envelopes, C. E. Judd, at \$202.57; court calendars, Hunter & Quinn, at 40 cents a page; other stationery, to Duluth Paper company, at \$312.32.

Bonds of \$1000 each were filed by Deputy Coroners W. N. Shephard, of Tower; S. M. Stocker, of Duluth; H. L. Darns, of Biwabik. A number of bills were audited and some tax assessments examined into.

A NEW DEPARTURE.
 Four Hundred Men to be Employed at the Hale Mine.

A pleasing bit of information was imparted to the Mesaba Range recently, when a well posted gentleman stated that all preparations had been made for active and extensive operations at the Hale mine during the coming season.

The report was confirmed by General Manager Bates, of the Standard Ore company. Two hundred men will be employed for open pit work have been ordered and will be in place in about thirty days. The plan of the machinery will cost in the neighborhood of \$10,000. Each conveyor requires 100 men to operate it and with day and night shifts this means the employment of 400 men.

The intelligence is received with considerable satisfaction with the execution of the inauguration of this work will probably result the early building of the railroad spur through the town to the mine.

THE WORKINGMEN'S CLUB.
 Arrangements Being Perfected for Its Opening February 17.

The committee on entertainment of the various unions that aided the Bethel lodge last evening with the execution of the committee of the Bethel to perfect arrangements for the opening of the Workingmen's club. The date fixed is Friday, Feb. 17. Addresses will be made by Messrs. Baker, McDowell and Gleason. The members of the council and the city officers will be invited to attend. A general program will be given and all committees are requested to make reports not later than next week. Messrs. Baker, McDowell and Gleason were appointed on arrangements.

THE HEALTH REPORT.
 The Death Rate For the Month of January Was 13.8.

The death rate for January as shown by the board of health report was 13.8. There were 46 deaths, 9 of children under 1 year, 12 between the ages of 1 and 5; 7 between 5 and 10, 2 between 10 and 20, 15 between 20 and 40, 3 between 40 and 60, and 2 between 60 and 80. Twenty-six were males, 20 females, 35 single and 8 married. Scarlet fever has been reported in cases, diphtheria, 2, meningitis for 3, phthisis for 4 and accident for 4.

There were 95 births during the month, 54 males and 41 females, 1 pair of twins, 3 illegitimates and 3 still-born.

Eppworth League Social.
 Though the nipping air of last evening was anything but conducive to allure one from the cheerful hearth of a pleasant home, this did not prevent the Eppworth league from adding another to its list of pleasant social entertainments. The social was the first to be given by the league in the beautiful parlors of its new home, and fully 300 young people, representing the various church societies of the city, responded to invitations to be present. Several happy hours were beguiled with music and various social amenities, while refreshments most daintily were sacrificed at the altar of the inner man. Vocal solos were rendered by the Misses Wiggins and Brown, and D. G. Slack and a violin solo by Miss Clara Palmer.

Read Dawkins' ad. on second page. It will interest you.

Get the two beautiful half tone engravings of the new First M. E. church. Free with every copy of tomorrow's Sunday News Tribune.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.
 M. G. Burnside to Phoenix Improvement company, lot 1, block 127, West Duluth, fifth division, \$1,100.
 Virginia Improvement company to J. E. Smith, lot 23, block 17, Virginia, \$300.
 Same to same, lot 8, block 25, Virginia, \$250.
 Robert Rodgers to E. E. Hedman, lots 25 and 26, block 25, Virginia, \$1,250.
 Total transfers, \$2,900.
 Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

Choice of Routes.
 The St. Paul & Duluth R. R. can ticket you to Florida either via St. Louis or Chicago and make through car arrangements for you.

428 Spalding Hotel.
 Third Ward Voters.
 I hereby announce myself a candidate for alderman of the Third ward.
 GEO. DINWIDDIE.

If you are not satisfied with your laundry telephone 447 and have Lutes' laundry call.

COUNTY LEGISLATION.

Conference Next Week Between the County Commissioners Committee, Judge Ensign and C. C. Tear.

The Proposed Bonding of the County for a New Court House Will be Considered.

Contracts Let This Morning by the Commissioners for Furnishing County Blanks and Stationery.

The county commissioners have adjourned until next Friday when the legislative committee consisting of Commissioners Butchart, Bonham, and Miller will meet with Judge Ensign and C. C. Tear to talk over some proposed legislation for St. Louis county. Among the subjects to be talked over is the proposed bonding for a new court house and workhouse. The workhouse scheme is the subject of much discussion.

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 I hereby announce myself a candidate for alderman of the Third ward.
 GEO. DINWIDDIE.

If you are not satisfied with your laundry telephone 447 and have Lutes' laundry call.

DULUTH CHURCHES.

[Notice of religious services will hereafter be found in this column. Pastor will kindly follow same form in writing future notices. Copy must be received at the business office, not later than Friday afternoon.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, CORNER Second street and Third avenue east.
 Rev. A. W. Highland, D. D., of Macalester, will preach both morning and evening. Sabbath school at 9 a. m.; Junior Endeavor society at 4 p. m.; Senior Endeavor society at 6:30 p. m. All welcome.

SERVICES AT THE PRO-CATHEDRAL OF THE Sacred Heart. First mass with instruction at 6:30 a. m.; second mass with instruction at 8 a. m.; third mass for children exclusively at 9 a. m.; high mass with a special musical program, "The Immortality of the Soul," Sunday school instruction and benediction at 10:30 a. m. Rev. T. J. Mackey will deliver the sermon.

SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 1515 W. Superior street. Rev. T. M. Fudler, pastor. Services at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. Mission at 3 p. m. Young people's meeting at 6:45 p. m. Morning devotion at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. and will continue her services through the week each evening at 7:30 p. m. Seats free and strictly welcome at all services.

DEUTEROCALISTAS PASTOR, SYNODAL school at 3 p. m. Evening service at 7:30 p. m. Business Requiem at 8 p. m.
ST. PAUL'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH, CORNER Lake avenue and Second street. Rev. William M. Gifford, pastor. Morning service at 10:30 a. m. and evening at 7:30 p. m. Confirmation at 11:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

LAKESIDE EPISCOPAL—SERVICES AND sermon in the Town Hall at 8:30 p. m.
ST. LUKE'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH, CORNER First street and Second avenue west. Rev. H. J. Sheridan, pastor. Morning service at 10:30 a. m. and evening at 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. At this service history Barker, of Western Colorado, will administer the rite of confirmation.

LAKESIDE PRESBYTERIAN—A. T. CARVER, pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sabbath school at 9:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Morning devotion at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. and will continue her services through the week each evening at 7:30 p. m. Seats free and strictly welcome at all services.

GLACE METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, corner of Twenty-second avenue west and Third street. Rev. J. C. Truitt, pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sabbath school at 9:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Morning devotion at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. and will continue her services through the week each evening at 7:30 p. m. Seats free and strictly welcome at all services.

UNITARIAN CHURCH, CORNER Second street and First avenue east. F. C. Southworth, pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. At this service history Barker, of Western Colorado, will administer the rite of confirmation.

SHOULD BAPTIST CHURCH, CORNER OF Twentieth avenue west and First street. E. E. Tyson, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. subject, "The Jewish Christ." Called by the pastor. With the Lord's Supper instituted by Christ. Bible study, 11:30 a. m. to 12:30 p. m. Morning devotion at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. and will continue her services through the week each evening at 7:30 p. m. Seats free and strictly welcome at all services.

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, corner of Second street and Third avenue west. Rev. H. H. Stocking, D. D., pastor. Dedication services: At 10:30 a. m. subject, "The Jewish Christ." Called by the pastor. With the Lord's Supper instituted by Christ. Bible study, 11:30 a. m. to 12:30 p. m. Morning devotion at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. and will continue her services through the week each evening at 7:30 p. m. Seats free and strictly welcome at all services.

NORWEGIAN LUTHERAN CHURCH, CORNER of Twentieth avenue west and First street. Rev. O. Sandness, of Two Harbors, will preach morning and evening.

100 LATE TO CLASSIFY.
WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 142 South street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, Electric light, bath, etc., suitable for one or two gentlemen. 312 West Fourth street.

4 ROOMS TO RENT, 103 EAST Superior street.

FURNISHED ROOM, PLAT L, BUFFALO building, Ninth avenue east. Heat, electricity, bath. At once.

WANTED—STRONG, COMPETENT GIRL for general house work; family of three; \$15 per month. Call for Mr. Wardwell, Power house, Eleventh avenue west and Superior street.

6% MONEY!
 We have a large supply of funds for loans on residence and business property. Lowest rates made on both large and small loans.

C. A. & E. D. Field
 17 BOARD OF TRADE.

GRAND ORGAN RECITALS AND LECTURE.

First M. E. Church
 Feb. 6, 7, 8 and 9.

Monday Evening—Introductory lecture. "Great Deeds of Great Men" by Bishop Fowler.

Tuesday and Thursday Evenings—Grand organ recitals under direction of J. Warren Andrews, organist Plymouth Church, Minneapolis.

Wednesday Evening—Organ recital under the direction of Mr. Sidney Root, assisted by the best local talent.

Tickets on sale at Boyle's drug store.

RUPTURE CURED
 Detention or Cutting.

YES. We can cure you by our new method without Cutting, Injection, Pain or Risk. No external use of medicine. You are safe and better from the first day. Cure Guaranteed.

Consultation and Examination Free.
 Duluth, Brunswick, 421 West Superior street, Tuesday, Feb. 7, Hours 10 to 4.

If you want references we have thousands. If you want a CURE, come and see us.

The Blackburn Truss Co.

The Great Eastern

The Largest and Finest Clothing House in the Northwest.

FOR TODAY ONLY.

Boys' and Children's Department:

CHOICE
 Of all our Boys' Overcoats and Ulsters, ages 14 to 19 in Meltons, Friezes, Kerseys and Chinchillas, worth from \$12.50 to \$20.00, at.....

\$10.00

Mens' Trouser Department:

Trousers Worth--

\$10, \$11 and \$12 at..... \$8.00

\$8, \$8.50, \$9 and \$9.50 at..... \$7.00

\$6, \$6.50, \$7 and \$7.50 at..... \$5.00

\$5, at..... \$3.50

These goods at these prices Are not offered every day.

M. S. Burrows & Company,
 DULUTH, MINN.

105-107

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TENTH YEAR.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1893.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

THREE CENTS

HAVE YOU A HAIR MATTRESS

For a warm, comfortable bed, there is nothing equal to a NICE HAIR MATTRESS. We make them to order in any size to fit your bed, and GUARANTEE THE BEST HAIR for the price paid.

HAVE YOUR OLD MATTRESS MADE OVER EQUAL TO NEW

Reupholstering, Repairing, Refinishing,

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERY, On Partial Payments.

FRENCH & BASSETT, 24 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

APPLICATIONS WANTED FOR LOANS

\$400, \$500, \$600, \$900, \$1000, \$1500, \$2000, OR ANY OTHER AMOUNT DESIRED.

RATES: 5% to 8%!

Money on hand and No Red Tape.

Real Estate for Sale!

SOME CHOICE BARGAINS AT WEST DULUTH.

Look This Up STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

If You want To get The Want You want to get your want Into the want getter.

THE Evening Herald

Wants to get your want, Because it wants You to get The Want You want To get.

Why He Is Happy?

Mr. E. J. Moyland, 295 Second Street, is well and favorably known to the citizens of Superior.

READ WHAT HE SAYS:

"For five years I suffered from mental depression and general weakness, could get no rest at night and felt tired and exhausted during the day. I had pains in my back, had no taste in my mouth, dizzy spells and shortness of breath on the least exertion. Physicians and patent medicines did me no good. I had heard considerable about the success of Dr. S. J. Speer & Co., and I called at their office in the New York block, corner of Tenth and Superior streets, West Superior. The doctor seemed to have no difficulty in locating my trouble and described my condition in detail. I was particularly pleased with the interest he took in my case and am more than pleased with the result of the treatment. My disagreeable symptoms have rapidly disappeared and I feel that I have a new lease on life. I am not anxious to make any public statement of the result of the treatment, but I do not consider Dr. Speer & Co. worthy the confidence of the public. Should any one feel interested and wish further information, they will find me at my place of business, 295 Second Street, East Superior."

E. J. MOYLAND.



LOST MANHOOD RESTORED. "SPANISH NERVE GRAINS" the wonderful remedy in solid with a written guarantee to cure all nervous diseases such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Lost Manhood, Nightly Emissions, Evil Dreams, Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Lassitude, all drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs in either sex caused by over exertion, youthful errors, excessive use of tobacco, opium or stimulants which soon lead to Infertility, Consumption and Insanity. Put up in convenient, portable, neat, and safe in plain package to any address for \$1.00. Carry in for \$5.00. With every \$5.00 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular Free. Address: DR. J. C. HARRIS, 1012 Broadway, New York.

BEFORE AND AFTER USING.

For Sale in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist, 13 West Superior Street.

THE FINAL CEREMONY

The New First Methodist Church to be Consecrated to the Worship of the Lord Tomorrow.

Brief Sketch of the Church Society and its Various Pastors Since Its Organization.

Program of the Elaborate Dedication Exercises Which Will Be Conducted By Bishop Fowler.

Tomorrow the members of the First Methodist Episcopal church of Duluth dedicate their new church building. This magnificent structure, built on the prayers, labors and liberality of a people



and pastor, is one of the most complete in its arrangement and furnishings of any sanctuary in the country. Some may say, but none can excel it.

To do justice to this edifice and those who have made it possible, a description should emanate from a brain more fertile and a pen more facile than possessed by the one who writes these lines. The Herald feels it a privilege, however, to recognize this victory on the part of a people who took for their watchword, in a season of inactivity and financial depression, "What needs to be done can be done." Without rhetorical flourishes, a brief space in these columns has been set apart for the recognition of this red-letter day and the events that through years of labor, suffering, and commendable generosity, have led up to it and made it possible.

The plans and specifications for this edifice were prepared by Veary & Kigamer, architects, Akron, Ohio, and were suggested and modeled in a great degree by the First Methodist Episcopal church edifice at Burlington, Iowa. McMillan & Radcliffe, of Duluth, acted as associate architects. The contract for excavating the foundation was let to L. W. Meining & Co., Jan. 16, 1891. On April 15, the same year, David Myers, of Wooster, Ohio, secured the contract on a bid of \$75,243, for the erection of the building. The corner stone was laid on Sept. 22. By Thanksgiving day the last stone in the form of the beautiful cross on the front gable was put in place. The work on the interior was then pushed steadily, the finishing touches being made simultaneously with the printing of these lines.

This new structure stands on the southwest corner of Third street and Third avenue west. The lots are 150 by 100 feet in area, while that of the church is 86 by 120 feet. The front elevation, which faces Third street, is 45 feet from the ground to the eaves, 84 feet to the ridge of the roof and 120 feet to the tip of the spire. The walls are of Bass Island brown stone, the roof of slate, and a majority of the windows beautifully arched and set with the result of the harmonious in colors and figures.

The main auditorium is entered by doors facing Third street, and has a seating capacity for 700. The gallery seats 250, and extra seats in the aisles and open spaces brings accommodations for 1200 worshippers. An immense curtain separates the main auditorium from the Sunday school auditorium and classrooms. The latter will seat 1000 people. When the large curtain is drawn to one side the two auditoriums, galleries and classrooms give comfortable accommodations for 2200 persons.

At the front of the main auditorium is situated the choir gallery and organ loft. The choir gallery is connected with a vestibule at each side and has fifty-four seats. The organ is a beautiful instrument of mammoth dimensions, first class make, superior tones and represents \$8000 of the church's funds. The maker of the organ calls it a \$10,000 organ. The Sabbath school auditorium is lighted with windows in the class rooms and a large octagonal skylight of stained glass overhead. The eight class rooms off from the auditorium are provided with glass front doors, while curtains close the eight class rooms off from the gallery.

The wood work is birch with a cherry finish. The walls are a buff fresco, ornamented with delicate figures of a darker shade. Rich carpets are on the floor and the pews in finish match the wood work of the galleries and other parts. From the floor to the ceiling of the main auditorium the distance is forty feet. The acoustic qualities are splendid. The basement is entered most easily from the outside by a door on Third avenue. At the left of the vestibule are one entrance, a commodious, comfortable and well lighted pastor's study. Directly in front of that is the lecture room, 45 by

40 feet in area, capable of seating 300 and furnished with a fine carpet, piano, handsome chairs and other furniture. That connects by sliding doors with the dining room, 36 by 40 feet. On the west side of the lecture room is the ladies' parlor which is fitted up in a manner calculated to please the heart of any woman. On the east side of the dining room is situated the reading room 15 by 40 feet. Then there is the lecture room, kitchen and check room. The combined seating capacity of the lecture room, dining room and reading room is 600.

On the north side of the basement is a baptistry neatly designed and conveniently arranged for all who prefer baptism by immersion. In addition to all the conveniences and features mentioned, there are toilet rooms for ladies and gentlemen and a choir practice room. In the sub-basement is the heating apparatus and four comfortable rooms for the sexton. The whole structure is lighted by gas and electricity and warmed and ventilated by the mechanical "fan" system.

The beauty of the interior is indescribable. It must be seen to be appreciated. The furnishings, decorations, trimmings, and all other features excel anything either at the head of the



lakes or in the West. The ample space promises to be fully occupied tomorrow, when the day's services and exercises will be in accordance with the following program:

MORNING SERVICES, 10 A. M.
Organ Voluntary.
Hymn 282, sung to "Duke Street."
Hallelujah Chorus.
First Scripture Lesson and Chronicles, ch. 1, v. 2.
Second Scripture Lesson and Hebrews 1, v. 26.
Solo.
Sermon, Rt. Rev. Bishop D. D. D., Financial statement and contributions from the people.
Responsive reading of Psalm cxlviii.
Presentation of the church for dedication by the board of trustees, but not yet adopted.
A. W. Bradley, president.
Prayer of Dedication.
Benediction.

SEVEN O'CLOCK, P. M.
Lesson—"Dedicating the Temple," Ezra vii-14-22.
Hymn—Song to "Zion."
Five minute offering.
Hymn—Song to "St. Thomas."
Five minute offering.
Hymn—Song to "Marching to Zion."
Reception of new members.
Hymn—Song to "My Name Written There."
Organ Voluntary.
Antiphon—"Blessed Are They That Dwell in Thy House."
Hymn 988—Song to "Portuguese Hymn."
Prayer.
Reading of the Scriptures.
Sole—"Sons of God."
Sermon—Chancellor C. N. Sims, D. D.
Hymn 989—Song to "Dundee."
Benediction.

One of the first to expound the gospel in the Methodist tongue, where now stands the matchless Zenith city, was Rev. Samuel Spates, a missionary to the Indians. At a session of the Minnesota annual conference held at Minneapolis, Oct. 7 and 11, 1869, was formed the charge of Duluth and Oneota. Rev. H. Webb was appointed pastor. After a journey occupying seventeen days' time made from St. Anthony via Milwaukee, Green Bay, Marquette and Superior, he reached Duluth on the morning of Oct. 15, 1869. He was the first pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal church which has made this article a possibility. Mrs. Webb was the only member received in full membership, but seed for the future was found in the person of one Swede who joined on probation.

December 4 and 5 the first quarterly meeting was held at Oneota, and the pioneer board of trustees chosen in the persons of J. H. White, N. S. Ryder, L. Mendenhall, George C. Stone and C. Markell. The next quarterly meeting was held February 25 and 26, 1870, at which time a love feast attended by special interest was held, the sacrament administered to twenty-five persons, and in some miraculous manner a collection of \$22 secured, and it was not dried fish and furs, either, but good coin of the realm.

Meetings were first held in "Portland" school house, then in Grove's building opposite the old Clark house, and in August, 1870, more comfortable quarters were secured in a store room on First street. Benches and other furniture were secured for that place and the pioneer disciples of Wesley were greatly encouraged. Late in the fall of 1870 a church was started at Oneota and on a lot at the corner of Third avenue west and Second street, donated by the town-site company, was commenced the erection of an edifice for the First church.

The conference returned Rev. Webb for a second year. At that time the Duluth church had 14 full members and 4 probationers. The Oneota church had, however, swelled its membership to 25.

July 30, 1871, the new church was completed and the occasion saw also on the church rolls the names of 31 members and 6 probationers. In the fall of 1871 the conference sent Rev. Henry Crist to minister unto Duluth Methodists. During his year of service, five children were baptized, \$800 expended on church building, generous contributions to benevolence and the membership raised to fifty, with two probationers.

The eighteenth session of the Minnesota conference was held at Winona, Sept. 25-30, 1872. Duluth was taken from the St. Paul district, placed in that of the Northern Pacific, and Rev. Wm. McKinley sent to care for the flock. That was a dull year, but the changing era debt to a donation by Rev. E. Remington, of Ilion, N. Y., caused much joy and reduced the church debt \$1700. A revival followed later on. The membership was raised to fifty and six probationers, all expenses were met and the debt reduced to \$500.

In 1873, gloomy clouds appeared and brought discouragement to the church. At the close of the year, the church, failed, the Northern Pacific railway was embarrassed, and as a result of the depression one-half the members moved away. New additions, however, kept the membership about even, and at the end of the year the Sunday school had fifty scholars, eight teachers and officers and a library of 150 volumes. Rev. Mr. McKinley's ministrations ceased in the fall of 1874, and the charge was not supplied until one-third the conference year was gone. Rev. J. F. Chaffee finally appeared and filled out the year. When he left the membership was the same as the year previous with two less probationers.

Rev. H. S. Hilton was the next pastor. The church that year was greatly discouraged but funds received from the sale of the Swedish Methodist church enabled the First church to reduce its debt. The pastor was returned for a second year but sickness overtook him and he left before the expiration of his time. At the close of his ministrations the membership was 13 with 7 probationers. The year was succeeded by Rev. C. F. Bradley who also remained but one year. At the beginning of that conference year—the fall of 1876—the board of stewards was J. W. Palmer, J. A. Stevens, M. J. Davis and J. B. Scoville. At the second quarterly conference, Mrs. J. B. Scoville and Mrs. Rachel were added to the board. The trustees were L. Mendenhall, L. W. Palmer, M. J. Davis, J. A. Stevens and J. B. Scoville. That year the membership dropped to 46 with 8 probationers.

From 1879 to 1880, Rev. H. G. Billie cared for the flock and the church in full membership was raised to 67 with probationers. He was succeeded by Rev. S. H. Shumate, who remained two years. At the close of his year, the membership dropped to 48. The next year saw it raised to 86. The conference year, commencing in 1882, saw Rev. J. B. Scoville sent to Duluth by the conference. His pastorate was most successful and was marked by a glorious revival in 1883, which helped raise the membership to 135, with a Sabbath school of 150 scholars and 16 officers and teachers.

The next year was one of prosperity under the pastorate of Rev. L. C. Gilbert. The parsonage was commenced and when completed cost \$2800. The church was carpeted, a new chancel rail and new communion table, all at expenses paid and liberal donations made to benevolent causes. In the fall of 1884 Rev. Mr. Gilbert was returned for a second year. During his year, material evidence of growth, progress and prosperity were seen in the organization of a Chautauque circle, a class for religious instruction to Sabbath school scholars, and an organ purchased for the vestry. The pastor was however robbed of his beloved wife by death. That year saw the membership reach 101 in number with 16 probationers. Under the superintendency of C. M. Gray, the Sabbath school was increased to a membership of 150 scholars. That year an auxiliary society of the Women's Foreign Missionary society was organized.

Poor health compelled Rev. G. P. Penepacker, who came out from Pennsylvania in 1885 to take the charge, to return from whence he came. His year was completed by Rev. C. H. H. Dunn, D. D., who in five months worked the church up to a membership of 220 with 30 probationers. He was returned in 1886 in which year the old church was enlarged at a cost of \$7000, and the site of the new structure purchased at a cost of \$8000. Dr. Dunn held the pastorate until the close of the conference year in 1890, and his connection with the church saw nothing but growth and prosperity. Under his care in 1889 the membership was 326, probationers, 27, and 343 Sabbath school pupils; 1888 saw a membership of 440, probationers, 50, and Sabbath school scholars to the number of 332, with 36 officers and teachers.

In 1889, the church membership number 490 with 48 probationers, 375 Sabbath school scholars and 30 officers and teachers. The year of 1889-90 saw the church at Lester Park added to the list of Methodist Episcopal churches in and around Duluth and the Epworth league chartered Oct. 1, 1890. At the close of Dr. Dunn's pastorate, the names of 514 members were on the church rolls aside from the 57 probationers. The Sabbath school numbered 375 scholars and 30 officers and teachers.

At the thirty-sixth session of the Minnesota conference, held at Mankato, Oct. 1, 1890, Rev. C. H. Stocking was transferred from Burlington, Iowa, and given the charge at Duluth. He is now on the third year of his pastorate—one most memorable for spiritual and material progress. Dr. Stocking's labors are so well known by most of those who will read this, and space at The Herald's command is so limited, that no minute details will nor can be entered into. The church has gained one of the finest church edifices in the land, reorganizations and additions in working bodies in the church will make a memorable year. The Oneota church has been important and unimportant spiritual results. At the present time the church rolls show 612 in full membership, 25 probationers and 435 attendants upon the Sabbath school. The possibilities for future results and growth are scarcely comprehensible. One church has, however, swelled its membership to 25.

this church held the pastorate The Herald through the kindness of Dr. Stocking in allowing access to the manuscript of his next year book, is able to give an account, with a couple of exceptions, of their present whereabouts.

Rev. H. Webb, pastor of a Methodist Episcopal church at Gainesville, Tex.

Rev. Henry C. Crist, still a member of the Minnesota conference.

Rev. William McKinley, and Rev. J. F. Chaffee, no record made of their present location.

Rev. H. S. Hilton, superannuated member of the Iowa conference. Resides at Mt. Pleasant, Ia.

Rev. J. C. Rich, superannuated member of the Minnesota conference, resides at Farmington, Minn.

Rev. C. F. Bradley, professor in the Garrettton Biblical Institute, Evanston, Ill.

Rev. H. G. Billie, pastor at Cloquet, Minn.

Rev. S. H. Shumate, superannuated, resides at St. Paul, Minn.

Rev. J. M. Bull, pastor at Stillwater, Minn.

Rev. Levi Gilbert, pastor First Methodist Episcopal church, Cleveland, Ohio.

Rev. G. D. Penepacker, resides at Clearfield, Penn.

Rev. C. S. H. Dunn, D. D., editor Southwestern Christian Advocate, Riverside, Cal.

Rev. C. H. Stocking, D. D., resident pastor of the Duluth First Methodist Episcopal church.

Burrell & Little, hardware dealers of Duluth, have been here most of the week putting in a hot air furnace at the school building.

Mr. Lind has sold his interest in the Atlas Iron works, to the other members of the company, and it is now expected they will soon open the works again.

Ernest Hurd has returned from a business trip to St. Paul.

Mrs. Ayers and Miss Ayers have left for the Mesabie where they may remain some time.

Mrs. Tower is expected home next week. She has been making a two months' visit in Michigan.

A little daughter came this week to reside with the family of J. Herman.

Miss Hurd spent several days in the village with her aunt, Mrs. Herbert.

Miss Baily received a visit from her uncle, Mr. Russell, of Chicago. She will Sunday in Duluth with relatives.

The Messrs. Crowley are now employed at the Merrimette works at West Duluth, the Atlas being closed.

Mrs. Beach, a resident of the Range, formerly from here, has been visiting old friends for the past week.

Miss Julia Mason will go to Duluth to be the guest of Miss Flora London for Sunday.

The New Duluth Chess club has disbanded for the winter.

The party to have been given by the members of the New Duluth band, Thursday night, was postponed on account of the storm.

Mr. Jackson, pastor of the Baptist church, will preach a sermon to the children of the village Sunday morning.

It is said W. A. Lawson has gone out of the meat business here and will probably locate in West Duluth. Wm. Shibe will continue the business here.

THE SHERMAN SILVER ACT.

Why Senator Hill Gave Notice He Would Call It Up Monday.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Senator Hill's notice that he intends to call up the silver bill next Monday was given because of a belief on his part that there is a lack of real earnestness among the Republican managers of the senate in pressing the repeal bill to a vote. Senator Hill feels that he is justified in taking the action of which he has given notice. He also expresses the opinion that his motion will prevail and the bill will be taken up.

EXPLOSION IN A MINE.

Two Men Killed and Other Lives Probably Lost.

McALLISTER, I. T., Feb. 4.—An explosion occurred last night in a mine owned by the Osage Coal and Mining company. Nathan Ward and Jack Connors were killed, and it is feared that other lives were lost.

The explosion was caused by firing a shot in the drift, which caused gas to ignite and explode. Ward left a widow and six children, and Connors a widow and seven children.

Men are now digging away the debris. If there were any other men in the mine at the time of the explosion, it is certain that they are dead.

Typus Dying Out.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—The typhus record shows that the disease is either being stamped out or that it is slumbering for a while. Only one new case was reported and that merely the developing of the disease by a subject who has been in the reception hospital for three days.

Col. Dawes Dead.

TAMPA, Fla., Feb. 4.—Col. A. C. Dawes, formerly general passenger agent of the Burlington railroad with headquarters at St. Louis, died here yesterday. His remains will be taken to St. Joseph, Mo., for burial.

A SEA CAPTAIN'S STORY.

Had Many Wonderful Adventures on the Sea.

But His Most Remarkable Experience Was on the Land.

What the Famous Captain Has to Say About the Matter.

The experiences of sea captains are always interesting.

Capt. Alexander Horn is at present sojourning at West Lubec, Maine, but his permanent address is the Marine Asylum, Philadelphia, Pa.

Capt. Horn has had many remarkable adventures during his active and eventful career, but his most wonderful experience was met with on shore. He says:

"I was stricken with paralysis of the left side in 1866, and have since that time been under the treatment of many physicians and tried various remedies.

"I could not in all the years that have passed, since stricken, lift my left foot from the floor."

"I commenced taking Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy and I am now able to walk without a cane, having good use of my foot and side, so long useless. Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy has cured me of my terrible trouble."

This cure was considered so remarkable that it was brought before the attention of the medical societies, hospitals and physicians, and the facts legally subscribed and certified to by the well-known J. O. Phillips, Esq., Notary Public, of Philadelphia.



CAPT. HORN.

It is for this reason that Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy is now used so extensively in hospitals and so widely recommended by physicians for the cure of disease.

But do not wait until you are actually paralyzed before using this great remedy. Paralysis is always the result of neglecting the first symptoms. Use this medicine when the first symptoms appear, and you can always ward off paralysis, nervous debility and nervous and physical prostration.

Take it if you have a weak and tired feeling with weariness of the limbs, numbness, trembling, palpitation of the heart, pricking sensation in fingers or toes, headaches, dull feeling head, confused mind, loss of memory. Above all you need it if you are sleepless, and wake tired and unfreshened mornings, have little or no appetite for breakfast, and feel dull and out of spirits. It will overcome indigestion and dyspepsia, regulate the bowels and cure liver and kidney complaints. It is the best blood-purifier and invigorator in the world.

It is purely vegetable and perfectly harmless, and should you be a sufferer from disease you will use it if you are wise. All druggists have it for \$1. It is the prescription and discovery of the successful specialist in the cure of nervous and chronic diseases, Dr. Greene, of 35 West Fourteenth street, New York, who can be consulted free, personally or by letter.

Geo. Dinwiddie, 208 West Superior street, Best coal, lowest prices, promptest delivery.

CLIFFORD BLACKMAN.

A Boston Boy's Eyesight Saved—Perhaps His Life.

By Hood's Sarsaparilla—Blood Pooled.

Read the following from a grateful mother:

"My little boy had Scarlet Fever when he was four years old, and it left him very weak and with blood-poisoned with canker. His eyes became so inflamed that his sufferings were intense, and for seven weeks he

Could Not Open His Eyes.

I took him twice during that time to the Eye and Ear Infirmary on Charles street, but his remedies failed to do him the faintest shadow of good. I commenced giving him Hood's Sarsaparilla and it soon cured him. I have since used it in many cases, and I can say that it is the best medicine I have ever used to cure the blood.

Hood's Sarsaparilla.

because of the wonderful good it did my son."

ABDIE F. BLACKMAN, 2888 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

Get HOOD'S.

HOOD'S PILLS are hand made, and are perfect in composition, proportion and appearance.

NOVEL BALL DRESSES

The Picturesque Floral Costumes That Were Worn by Six Young Girls in New York.

At the Germans This Season Favors Have Been Odd and Curious Rather Than Costly.

New Summer Fabrics Described—Dainty French Gingham—How the Summer Dresses Will be Made.



IN THE occasion of a recent dinner and ball the three young daughters of the house and three of their friends retired from the ball-room for a few minutes and returned in short dresses made of tulle woven with gold beads in basket fashion even upon them. The corsages were masses of flowers, and each had a handle made of basket work fastened so as to frame the pretty face like the handle of a basket. One had lilies of the valley only, another violets, one roses, and so on through all the spring blossoms, and they went through with a pretty little dance that had been devised for them by their dancing teacher. Then they flashed out again, and when they returned they wore the regulation dancing dresses of flimsy white, floating pink, ethereal blue, or the tender green of springtime, and went on with their dancing as if nothing unusual had happened, but the innovation was unexpected and gave the guests something to talk about.

At the Germans this season the favors have been very odd and curious rather than costly, and the wise hostess tries to think of something that nobody has ever had before. One of the wealthiest ladies in the city had whole families of those stuffed tabby cats that are sold for ten cents apiece for favors, and each had a long ribbon tied around its neck so that it could be carried, and the object was for each one to see how many he or she could carry at once. One young lady had three hung around her neck.

As an offset the dinner favors consisted of large orchids of filigree silver, each holding the morsel rolled up and stood in the center of a bunch of violets, which had their stems in the lip of the orchid. The new summer fabrics are all bought and now being made up rapidly as possible, and some of them are perfectly elegant and quite as dressy as silks. The care exercised in making up the summer gowns, though they are of inexpensive material, is as great as if it were cloth of gold. Every one fits as though molten, and every stitch is as fine and neat as fingers can sew them, and by the way, they are nearly all made by hand. It is one of the tests—hand or machine work—and of course the one that costs the most labor is the best.

There is a very robbly stuff called Priscilla homespun. It is very ugly, but stylish, and is being largely worn for run about frocks, and there is a changeable cheviot which makes up into a handsome dress, and for every day in early spring there is cashmere, with serge and satiny stripes; fancy pinhead checks; camel's hair, with fancy weaves and satin stripes, and several effects of silk and wool weaves.

There are for handsome gowns, for calling, carriage, reception, and other occasions which require more elaborate toilet pattern, dresses of rich broadcloth, and this now comes already shrunken, and there are lighter bolles cloths, some of them having stripes of camel's hair on the surface. This is sometimes seen in gray, with soft creamy white lines over it, and it makes lovely dresses.

But the lace French gingham and the tinsel plaid gingham, the satin plaid and stripe goods of the same class, the novelty stripe, the brocade figured, the Roman stripe, the brocade figured, the Byzantine stripe, the zephyr, the green-



NEW CHAMBRAY AND GINGHAM GOWNS, dine stripe and the half silk gingham make up a few of those goods never before seen, and they make up the very daintiest and most fetching of summer gowns. The colors are all well chosen and well blended.

Among the gingham novelties I find on referring to my notes that there are also raised hair line stripes and Scotch crinkled gingham, as well as patterns where there is a flounce or neck ruff and tash all embroidered in contrasting color, and I remember one exquisite French crape gingham in shell pink, with a delicate embroidery in old rose and brown.

This does not by any means exhaust the list of lovely fabrics for summer gowns, but I want to say a few words as to how these dresses are made—that is

to say, the chambray gingham. One home dress was made of light golden brown, with a light outline pattern in black silk chain stitch. It was princess shape and open in front over a slate colored chambray panel, which was in turn worked with brown and light gray. The sleeves were of this latter. This gown was for a young married lady who could take dollars up to the moon if she wished.

Another new gingham was in pinhead checks of salmon and maize, and in the front was an embroidery of brown and black. The dress was princess in the back and fell loosely from the bust line. There was a short jacket, scarce more than a yoke of gray chambray, embroidered and bordered with narrow white braid, and in each vandyle was a flat linen button. The sleeves were quite as elaborate as if the dress was of silk that cost three dollars a yard instead of gingham at forty cents, which is the price of the finest qualities.

Among some of the new summer gowns there are several designs in turkey reds, and these will have flat lace flounces, either black or ecru.

HENRIETTE ROUSSEAU.

New York.

A SMART WOMAN.

She Can Teach School, Talk Politics and Lecture on Twenty Topics.

Kearney, Neb., boasts of a genius in the person of Miss Mary A. Ripley, who can talk on more topics than any other woman in the United States. And she can talk interestingly on every one of them too. She is, to use the phrase of a down east woman who heard her lecture, "an awful smart woman."

Miss Ripley was for many years a teacher in the Buffalo high school. Her summers only are spent at Kearney. As soon as the lecture season begins she packs her satchel and starts out to tour it, all over the country—from Portland, Or., to Portland, Me., and from St. Augustine to Montreal.



MARY A. RIPLEY.

Her new lecture on "Columbus" is a very interesting one and gives hints on discovery which those who are making arctic expeditions would do well to heed. Among Miss Ripley's multitude of lecture topics there are talks upon the "Venus of Milo," "Hereditry," "Household Service" and "Scientific Temperance." As soon as the lecture begins to speak she captivates her audience, for she is eloquent to a degree. Her finely formed head and wealth of short hair add weight and impressiveness to her words.

AGUSTA PARSONS.

HOUSEWORK SIMPLIFIED.

The Methods of a Woman Who "Does Her Own Work."

In this country servants are so uncertain and so poor that any guide from one who "does her own work" successfully cannot fail to be of interest to many women. The person in question says in response to questioning as to her methods, which seem perfection:

I determined at the start upon two things: One was that my home should be as tidily as ever, so that neither children nor parents should relax into careless habits. The second was that I must husband my strength in all possible ways. I could not have believed how many steps could be saved by how much unnecessary work I was in the habit of doing until I tried to be careful and to remember. We were thinking, when our maid of all work went away, of moving. The new house was much more desirable in several ways than the old one, but it had a basement kitchen, and I refused that. No woman who can help it should have a flight of stairs between herself and her work.

Then I had a corner cupboard set up in the dining room and filled it with the best china, which had been kept before this in an out of the way closet. Now it was all at hand at a moment's notice. I even filled the kitchen salt cellar with mixed pepper and salt and bought one or two cheap napkin rings, so that there should be no hesitation in setting the table from having several nearly alike. I only give these as instances of my scrupulous care. There were many others like them.

I used a good deal of fruit instead of made desserts, and when I did bake pies or boil puddings I had a sufficient quantity to rehearse for another day. Fortunately for us housekeepers almost everything eatable can be purchased in cans, and I always have a closetful on hand ready to "fall back on." I early abandoned my old fashioned idea of having everything that the market affords put upon the table at once. Instead of that, I make the variety from day to day, and find the result infinitely easier for me and more agreeable to my family. Several times a week I have soup, or something hot of fish or shell, or an entree besides the meat, with potatoes and one other kind of vegetables; never more than one kind, but that changed so from dinner to dinner that I do not hear the old cry any more, "I am so tired of this or that."

One of my little daughters has been trained to change the plates; the other helps us greatly about the house. All the children have learned to do their share of the work. One of them darts after my sweeping and another "brushes up" the halls and stairs. I believe that is the hardest thing of all to learn—how

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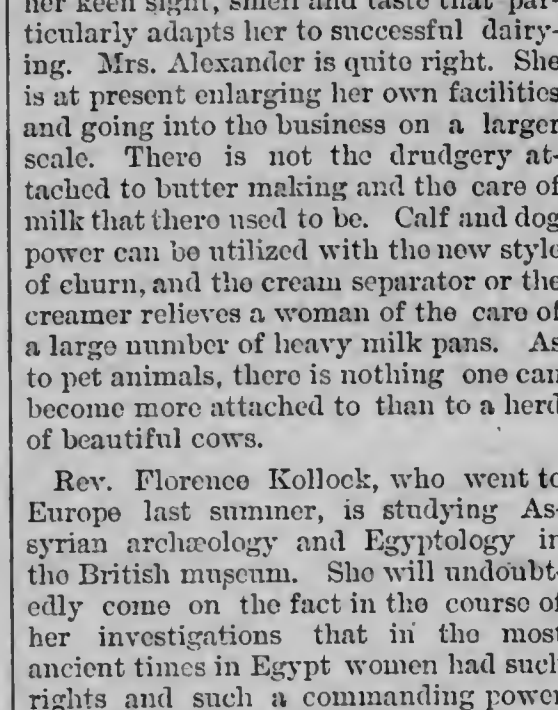
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Miss Ripley was for many years a teacher in the Buffalo high school. Her summers only are spent at Kearney. As soon as the lecture season begins she packs her satchel and starts out to tour it, all over the country—from Portland, Or., to Portland, Me., and from St. Augustine to Montreal.

HENRIETTE ROUSSEAU.

New York.

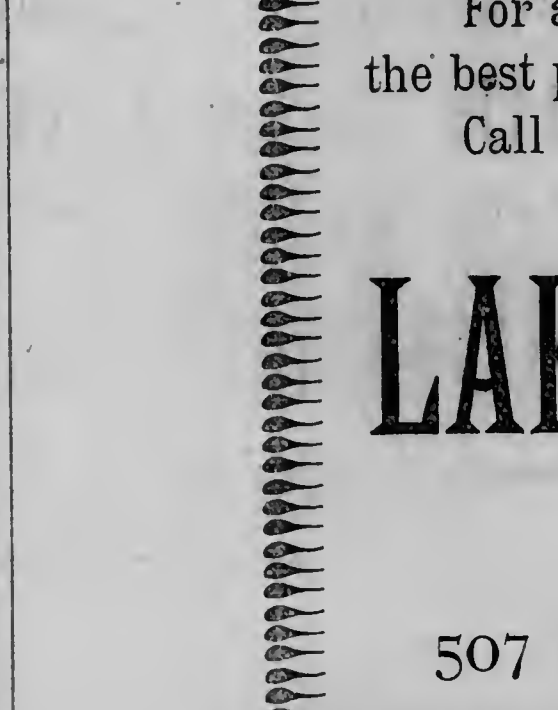
A SMART WOMAN.

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As soon as the lecture begins to speak she captivates her audience, for she is eloquent to a degree. Her finely formed head and wealth of short hair add weight and impressiveness to her words.



MARY A. RIPLEY.

Her new lecture on "Columbus" is a very interesting one and gives hints on discovery which those who are making arctic expeditions would do well to heed. Among Miss Ripley's multitude of lecture topics there are talks upon the "Venus of Milo," "Hereditry," "Household Service" and "Scientific Temperance." As soon as the lecture begins to speak she captivates her audience, for she is eloquent to a degree. Her finely formed head and wealth of short hair add weight and impressiveness to her words.

AGUSTA PARSONS.

HOUSEWORK SIMPLIFIED.

The Methods of a Woman Who "Does Her Own Work."

In this country servants are so uncertain and so poor that any guide from one who "does her own work" successfully cannot fail to be of interest to many women. The person in question says in response to questioning as to her methods, which seem perfection:

I determined at the start upon two things: One was that my home should be as tidily as ever, so that neither children nor parents should relax into careless habits. The second was that I must husband my strength in all possible ways. I could not have believed how many steps could be saved by how much unnecessary work I was in the habit of doing until I tried to be careful and to remember. We were thinking, when our maid of all work went away, of moving. The new house was much more desirable in several ways than the old one, but it had a basement kitchen, and I refused that. No woman who can help it should have a flight of stairs between herself and her work.

Then I had a corner cupboard set up in the dining room and filled it with the best china, which had been kept before this in an out of the way closet. Now it was all at hand at a moment's notice. I even filled the kitchen salt cellar with mixed pepper and salt and bought one or two cheap napkin rings, so that there should be no hesitation in setting the table from having several nearly alike. I only give these as instances of my scrupulous care. There were many others like them.

I used a good deal of fruit instead of made desserts, and when I did bake pies or boil puddings I had a sufficient quantity to rehearse for another day. Fortunately for us housekeepers almost everything eatable can be purchased in cans, and I always have a closetful on hand ready to "fall back on." I early abandoned my old fashioned idea of having everything that the market affords put upon the table at once. Instead of that, I make the variety from day to day, and find the result infinitely easier for me and more agreeable to my family. Several times a week I have soup, or something hot of fish or shell, or an entree besides the meat, with potatoes and one other kind of vegetables; never more than one kind, but that changed so from dinner to dinner that I do not hear the old cry any more, "I am so tired of this or that."

One of my little daughters has been trained to change the plates; the other helps us greatly about the house. All the children have learned to do their share of the work. One of them darts after my sweeping and another "brushes up" the halls and stairs. I believe that is the hardest thing of all to learn—how

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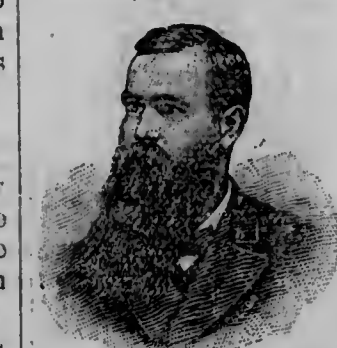
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HERMANN IS COMING

The Great Prestidigitator and Magician is to Appear at the Temple on Saturday Next.

There is a Plethora of Notable Attractions in New York, Which Come in For Mention.

Criticism of Eleonora Duse, the Italian Actress, Who Has Captured the Gotham Theater Goers.

Hermann, the great magician and prestidigitator, will be the Temple's only attraction next week, appearing there on Saturday. He has been in Duluth several times heretofore and needs no introduction. It is sufficient to say that he is a wonder and his performances defy explanation.

The University of Minnesota Glee and Banjo clubs, twenty-five strong, come to the Lyceum Thursday evening, and promise a treat in the way of original music and the best college glee. The boys will be entertained by the Duluth Alumni while here.

HAS CAPTURED NEW YORK.

Eleonora Duse, the Italian Actress, Has Scored Another Triumph.

New York, Feb. 1.—Eleonora Duse has captured New York. There is no denying it. She did not come unheralded, as has been ridiculously asserted, for she received as shrewd praise as any new foreign star that ever visited this country. The New York papers, with uncustomed liberality, printed long extracts from the press of Berlin and Vienna detailing the Duse's triumphs. She was invited to the skies, and now that she has had a fair hearing, I must confess that she is deserving of most of the praise bestowed upon her. Managers of foreign dramatic stars, generally make the mistake of inviting comparison with Bernhardt. I say "mistake," for so far as woman has been found who is the equal of the great French actress, and Duse is no exception to the rule.

She imagines that her strongest point is her "sensitivity." In reality her great merit lies in her remarkable power of facial expression. In the deliberate low tones her voice is so effectively tremulous to a degree never

attained by any actress of the present day. Her figure is rather pleasing, and her face, though the reverse of beautiful, is agreeable to look upon when lighted up by the big lustrous eyes which she knows so well how to use.

In the gentler speeches Mme. Duse has the power to express tears in her voice, and the genuine article really does flow copiously from her eyes. There is no simulation. It is all horribly real.

Some of Duse's work is almost brutal in its naked naturalness. In "Camille" the unblushing manner in which she, as Margherita Gauthier, exhibits her unbridled and fiercely passionate love for Armando Duval is so real that it is painful. Still it is just what might be expected of such a woman as "La Dame aux Camellias." Mme. Duse walks awkwardly. She has a way of protruding her chest that conveys the impression of consciousness. Then, too, in striving manifestly after the intensely natural she does many things which are decidedly unnatural. For instance, when I saw her drop carelessly into a chair which was wrong side before, I said to myself, "There is an artist who will not rest the effectiveness of ascension by twisting that chair around." The second time she did it I thought it a coincidence, but when she deliberately turned a chair around so that she might sit on it the wrong way, the naturalness of the act took wings, and cunning in its playfulness perched in its place.

It is doubtless a fact that Mme. Duse's freedom from stage trickery and supreme contempt for conventionality were once genuine. The newspapers probably called attention to the daring genius of her methods, and she, in endeavoring to emphasize the reputation she had earned, went so far on one side that she fell over on the other.

Mme. Duse's voice, when employed in violently emotional scenes, is her weakest point. In "Camille," which she chose as the vehicle for her American debut, she utterly failed to arouse the audience to the pitch of enthusiasm to which Bernhardt, Clara Morris and Modjeska have accustomed us. She evidently knows of this weakness, for she never puts her voice to a severe test, preferring to subdue her auditors by quiet methods rather than to excite them by violent declamation. This was particularly noticeable in the interview with the elder Duval in the second act of "Camille."

It is often falsely argued that everything on the stage should be exactly as it is in ordinary life. This is manifestly the wrong view, for plays are always the grouping together of a series of incidents which are out of the ordinary. Different persons are affected in different ways by the same news, in real life, and for stage purposes the type to be followed is that one which is most unusual, whether by reason of intense calmness or unrestrained excitement. Thus, when the elder Duval tells Margherita that she must give up his son forever, she would reply with a simple "All right," or "I will not" if she were of a plegmatic nature. If, on the other hand, she were a woman of a highly wrought and acutely nervous temperament, she would almost go into hysterics.

Mme. Duse paints Margherita as a creature of impulse, restless, uneasy, digressing, cynical in the common affairs of life, but steadfast as the sun where her affections have been fixed. She had grown to love Armando with an intensity that was at once charming and frightful. Would such a woman tamely surrender the man of her choice? Would she not fume and fret

and chide and scold and cast the air and declaim violently against fate before consenting to do something intended to cause her lover to forever lose faith in her? I think so, and I believe Mme. Duse thinks so, too, but I am afraid to essay something in which many actresses easily excel her. The unconventionality—I call it awkward—



ELEONORA DUSE.

wardness of Duse's stiff arm and wide-apart-fingers gesticulation has been praised by many, but it is really the one thing which seriously mars her work, and painful as it is to admit it, it is undeniable that the lady "flops"—that is to say, she tumbles herself about as if in constant protest against a fate which compels her to destroy oxygen and participate in the affairs of this terrestrial globe.

Still Mme. Duse is a great artist—a very great artist. She is more artist in fact than she is actress. Her eyes are literally the windows of her soul, and the effects she produces with that monotonous voice by simply increasing or diminishing its volume is marvelous. Her face is mobile, and she has no superior in the expression of mute despair.

I have criticized Mme. Duse because the circumstances under which she appears in the city are such that she is bound to be considered one of the world's greatest artists. By the way, the lady's name is pronounced Doo-zay, with a particularly light accent on the final syllable. Oscar Hammerstein has inaugurated his season of grand opera in English at the Manhattan Opera House. The only work new to this country is "Bohemia," by Moritz Moszkowski. This opera is not a notable contribution to dramatic music, but it will probably prove acceptable despite its poverty of melody. Hammerstein has long had an idea that grand opera in English at reasonable prices would pay in New York if presented by a company of excellence without the accessories of high priced stars. He has as principals Messrs. Otto Rauberg, Payne Clarke, J. Bolze, Alphonse Fugère, Conrad Behrens, Durward Lely and Mmes. Januschowsky, Dorri, Albu, Reimers, Elly Coghlan and others. None of these people possess phenomenal voices, but they can all sing well, and most of them are fairly good actors.

Mr. Charles Frohman, with his fine stock company, his handsome and conveniently located new Empire theater, and the elegant mounting given to "The Girl I Left Behind Me," may succeed in making this first joint effort of Belasco and Fyles a "go," but I very much doubt it. And even if he should, it will be but another evidence of the degeneracy of the theatrical tastes of a class of people who ought to be able to distinguish between sincerity and trippery, between heroism and fastidiousness, between naturalness and artificiality.

"The Girl I Left Behind Me" is a melodrama. Regarded as such and compared with the nightmares which nowadays torture the theater-going public under that alluring title, it is fairly good. But on the playbill it is called an "American drama," and it is upon this claim that it should be criticized. It is as generally supposed, Mr. Fyles is the author and Mr. Belasco the constructor of "The Girl I Left Behind Me," the latter is entitled to most of the praise of which this piece is worthy, although even his work is sadly defective.



SCENE FROM "THE GIRL I LEFT BEHIND ME."

The play contains one little idea. This is cherished tenderly through four acts. It is laid in cotton batting from time to time when it gets weak, and a little comedy which is more or less funny is introduced, not because it comes about naturally, but because the play must last well on to 11 o'clock, and there is not enough of the main idea to hang on for that length of time. Some of this "comedy" never fails to bring smiles to the faces of people who are at all familiar with the better class of drama, but they are smiles of ridicule mingled with pity for the ignorance of the unthinking who applaud such claptrap. For instance, one girl gets the man who it is at once seen is destined to become her sweetheart to turn his back and while she wipes her hands on her petticoat and then quietly raises her dress and lets him dry his on the same garment.

In another act the sister of one of the lieutenants attached to the post is desperately in love with a private soldier who has been wounded. His forehead is bleeding—or at least she says it is—and the handkerchief she has been using to wipe the blood from his forehead is being used to wipe the sweat from her forehead.

And this is called comedy! I do not believe that "The Girl I Left Behind Me" will enjoy a long run in spite of its excellent surroundings, and I am quite positive that it does not deserve it, no matter what the result may be. The mate of the second act is quite strong without noise, and the finale of the third act is similarly strong, but with an accompaniment of racket that seems incongruous away from the bawdy. The third climax is a hard-fought "brawl" from "Virginius" and the "Relief of Lucknow." The best character sketch in "The Girl I Left Behind Me" is that of a jovial major with a grief festering in his manly bosom. The type of present day frontier life in a military post is presumably correct in the main, although it is improbable that private soldiers are permitted to dance with the ladies of the officers' families.

William H. Crane is playing to immense business at the Star theater in "On Probation"—a comedy which he once tried at a matinee. Mr. Crane is a great favorite in this city, and he might profitably remain here the year round if he were so inclined. Martha Morton's new comedy will be produced by Mr. Crane during his present engagement at the Star.

William Gillette emerged from his temporary obscurity on Tuesday night when he presented at the Broadway theater his latest original work, entitled "Ninety Days." The piece may be called a spectacular drama, and the scenery and mechanical effects have probably never been surpassed in elaborateness on the American stage.

It is of about the same nature as "Around the World in Eighty Days," with the exception that the story is intensely dramatic, if a trifle unlikely in its development and bombastic in its sentiment. It has to do with a girl who, by the terms of a rich relative's will, is compelled to find and marry a certain missionary within 90 days from the date of the relative's death, in order to be entitled to the property. The missionary is in India, and it is with the adventures of the quasi heiress and her party while searching for the good man that the play deals.

The dramatist of "Hypatia." In Stoke Newington, Surrey, England, lives a man about whom London's literary and dramatic circles are talking a good deal just now. His name is G. Stuart Ogilvie, and he is the first of the many who have attempted it to accomplish the difficult

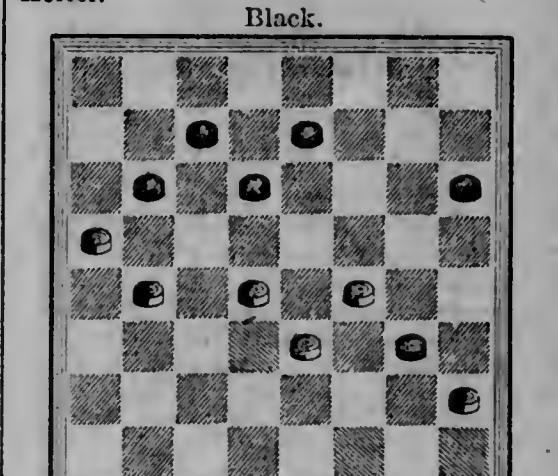


G. STUART OGILVIE. Task of successfully dramatizing Charles Kingsley's magnificent historical novel, "Hypatia." Mr. Ogilvie was engaged in this work about six years. Hearsham.

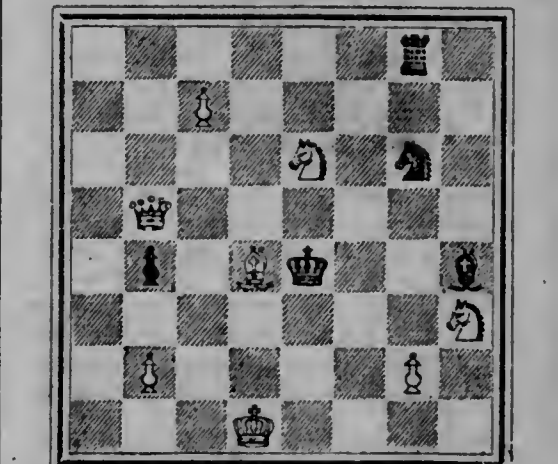
Tree, the great English actor, recently produced "Hypatia" at the London Haymarket theater. The play scored an immediate hit, and a long career is predicted for it. The author, Mr. Ogilvie, is a lawyer.

CHECKERS AND CHESS.

Checker Problem No. 204—By A. J. Hefter.



White to play and draw.
Chess Problem No. 204—By W. Meredith.



White to play and mate in three moves.
Checker problem No. 203.

White. 1. G to 2. 2. 15 to 11. 3. 2 to 7. 4. 1 to 6. 5. 12 to 3. Black. 1. 24 to 20. 2. 13 to 8. 3. 10 to 14. 4. 3 to 10. Drawn.

Chess problem No. 203.

White. 1. B to K B 6. 2. R—K K 3 ch. 3. K—Q 2 mate.

Winter Tourist Rates. Are now in effect via the "St. Paul & Duluth R. R." to principal resorts in Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas, California and Mexico, including Jacksonville, St. Augustine, Indian River points in Florida, Galveston and Houston, Texas, Los Angeles, San Diego and San Francisco, Cal., at lowest rates, with choice of variable routes. For particulars and rates, call at City Ticket Office, 43 West Superior street, The Spalding, F. B. Ross, Nor. Pass. Agent.

Union Covered Skating Rink. Marine brass band Wednesday and Saturday evenings, good ice. Lake ave.

A REMARKABLE PLAYWRIGHT.

Charles H. Hoyt, Who Has Made Countless Thousands Laugh.

Charles H. Hoyt probably has a more remarkable record than any living playwright of note, for he has never written a failure. In fact, there is not one of his farces which has not turned out to be what the professionals call a "big money winner."

Hoyt began his career as a young man on a Boston newspaper. He had been raised near the little Wells river, Vermont, and after he had learned something of journal-



CHARLES H. HOYT.

ism in the "Hart" he returned to his native state to assume editorial control of the St. Albans Advertiser. He then went back to Boston as the funny man of The Post. He afterward became a musical and dramatic critic of that paper.

Hoyt's first play was a serious drama called "Clifford's Luck." Then he wrote another called "Zegonia" for the Boston Globe theater. The first of these was slammed together inside of 24 hours. Then Hoyt stumbled into his proper sphere. He had "stepped" Willie Edson's "Dreams." He was invited to remedy the defects with which he alleged the play abounded. He undertook the task and succeeded admirably. Hoyt next "constructed" in quick succession "A Parlor Match," "A Tin Soldier," "A Rag Baby," "A Brass Monkey," "A Midnight Bell," "A Texas Steer," "A Trip to Chinatown" and "A Temperance Town." These plays have made Mr. Hoyt rich. He is probably worth more than \$200,000. He was elected to the legislature of New Hampshire as a Democrat last fall.

Besides a number of road companies, Mr. Hoyt is the owner of the lease of the Madison Square theater in New York city. He is about 32 years old. His wife was Flora Walsh, an accomplished actress and charming woman, who died a short time ago.

The Quickest Route to Hurley, Ironwood and Is via the South Shore line. Train leaves Duluth, Union depot, at 11:02 a. m. and arrives at Hurley 4:18 p. m., Ironwood 4:25 p. m., Bessemer 4:47 p. m., Wakefield 5:05 p. m. Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building

THE MODEL KITCHEN.

Another Interesting Paper by Mrs. Mendenhall in the Bright Series Devoted to Household Economics.

The Side Walls, Ceilings, Floors and Furnishings of the Model Kitchen are Here Considered.

A Few Pointers Regarding the Best Manner in Which a Cup of Coffee Can be Made.

In a previous reference to the kitchen, its size, position, artificial lighting, windows, doors, woodwork, were sketched in. Today we will consider side walls, ceilings, floors, and begin the furnishings of the kitchen. Another paper will finish them and consider the kitchen offices.

Walls—They can be painted, plastered or sheathed, or have the "good old-fashioned whitewash" which can be applied yearly to sweeten; or the more expensive, but durable and easily cleaned tile—Dutch or English can be used. Still more ornate is the Cornelian Vandebilt kitchen, of gleaming white English porcelain, with a border of under-glazed custard tiles, and overhead an arched roof after the Moorish dome, and a central cot; or that of W. K. Vandebilt, where walls are lined with cream enameled tiles and all the angles covered with brass moldings, and the ceiling is of white enameled tiles set in cement, which, not to imperil the head of a \$100.00 cook, are also secured, each tile with raised metal bolts, wastering can be whitened each spring, or painted a rather light color, (as more cheerful) three coats of oil paint, enough to make surface "glazy" or washable. Adamant, plastic or other plaster of a cement nature may be used. In a dark kitchen, or on shady side of house, yellow will seem to give continual sunshine. Terra cotta or red are good in kalsomine or paint. If tiles, glazed, of subdued shades, yet non-absorbent of light, preferably dull buff, dark cream, greys, or best of all, palish green. If tiles are too expensive for all walls, they could be used as dado, or at least about tables, range and sink; or wall there can be tiled for three feet. Muralis makes an excellent dado, can be cleaned with soap and water, resists damp, heat and cold, and rough scrubbing; it cannot be dented or injured. For ceiling, metal (if not tile or plaster) is water and fire proof. Sheet metal makes a very handsome and perfect ceiling.

Floors—Plain, unglazed tiling is no more troublesome to stand or walk on than oilcloth or wood, is one of most durable and nothing can be cleaner, says one; another says they do tire the feet. Or, partially glazed tiles, marble tiles, roughened slate, slate brick, or cement mosaic laid in an impervious cement joint. The Vandervilts have floor of marble or of bricks of terra cotta mosaic. Hard wood can be simply oiled two or three times a year, no grease spot is made, for it can be easily wiped up when it drops. Avoid spruce, which pine, carefully selected is good; but the best wood is maple or birch in strips not more than three inches wide. If soft wood be used, splinters must be removed. A hard wood or linoleum floor must be kept thoroughly oiled or coated to prevent absorption of water and allow frequent mopping, oil, linoleum, which somewhat resembles oil cloth, but is thicker and warmer is as good a covering as can be found; clean and durable. Nairn's linoleum is highly recommended but is quickly injured by grease. Oil cloth looks bright and clean but frequently causes rheumatism, as it is too cold. Carpet on a kitchen catches all the grease and odors. Stain and paint, or stain and oil the wood, and rugs of yarn or of remnants of carpeting, can be spread down where desired and easily taken up, shaken, washed or oiled.

Furnishings—To have good cooks we must have good kitchens, provided with all the necessary furnishings. No cupboards or closets ought to be allowed. The best ornaments are ranges of well polished tin, bright copper, clean plates, and a general purity, neatness and order.

Between chimney and woodwork put a piece of polished steel metal to prevent injury from heat. Special care should be given to construction of chimney shafts. No subject in the building is so sadly neglected. The ground is often not even leveled, and slightest settling will cause the shaft to go with it, the joints open and fire can make its way.

Range may be set on portable. Set ranges require less room as are brick set into chimneys; allow boiling and roasting before the fire, and insure a constant supply of hot water; but they are rather slow to respond to draughts and check; they consume a great deal of coal; the hearth becomes hot and uncomfortable to stand on, and as there is but one side to approach, frequent lifting and moving of heavy utensils is necessitated. The portable range can be placed as to permit of one's walking almost around it; it can be used advantageously as a set range, with about half the same quantity of coal; there is a prompt response to the opening or closing of a draught, ones feet do not get heated by standing near it; there are no dark corners; not so much moving of heavy utensils, and a hot oven can be managed at any time of day. But roasting must be done in the oven, and broiling over the coals, and the supply of hot water is limited. A set range requires a broad head of tiles, slate or best face-brick. A portable range, only a large piece of zinc whose edges should be bound by the tin with a double strip.

One wise housekeeper of twenty-five years of hard work came to the conclusion that although it might cause a revolution in the civilized world, she would never put another zinc under her sitting-room stove, but a heavy oilcloth with newspapers under it, and although it was a basebureaucracy, it kept a large room warm, the experiment was a success, because oilcloth is more easily taken care of by washing with warm suds, then with milk and water and wiping with a soft cloth, and can renew fresh look by carriage varnish, besides preserving it; while zinc requires scouring. What roasting stove? It is more cheerful and can be bought in pretty patterns,

and linoleum is an advance on oilcloth. The set range is an advance in a small kitchen, both because it requires least space and does not heat the room as intensely as a stove; if in the house of tenants, it saves them the cost and cartage of a stove.

The simplest construction of either is the most easy to manage and the least soon to get out of order. It is the most important piece of furniture and should therefore be the best of its kind. It should not be placed opposite a door or window, as draughts prevent ovens from baking well. Best ranges are said to come from Troy and the cheapest from Philadelphia, but that needs investigation. The range whose range, heater and other cooking apparatus should all be covered with a sheet metal hood 7/8 from the floor, funnel-shaped or semicircular, with a steam coil or a large pipe that in turn covers the main smoke pipe, running into the smoke flue and at least four inches larger than the smoke pipe. The heat from this latter creates an induced draught and will effectively carry off all odors and smoke from the cooking. The range should be located for the best accessibility to sinks, pantry, cupboards, etc.

The reservoir should have a faucet on the side next to the sink. All the cooking utensils should be kept on the right of the stove. By the side of the range should be a bracket large enough to hold a dredging box with flour, and others for salt, pepper and sugar. To the left of the range and near the butler door should be a warming shelf for spoons, etc., metal with a steam coil or gas jet under. In the Cornelian Vandebilt kitchen, convenient to the range, is a steel panier with some running hooks, where the skillets, spiders, boilers, stewpans and other cooking utensils hang. All are copper throughout and every one shines. The hot water boilers for the baths are copper, as is the air-tight copper crematory in which the waste is consumed.

A very great convenience, for warm weather use, would be a second small kitchen which need be only large enough for a cookstove and passage around it. The roof to be carried up as high as the kitchen chamber, with a window near the top, which can be opened or shut by a pulley. Or a shaft over the stove can be carried up through the house to the roof, and be opened or shut in like manner, if this room cannot have its roof carried up.

A gas or oil stove is a great comfort. The "Sun Dial," of Philadelphia, is said to roast, bake, or boil, etc., as well as a coal stove or range. The gas stove, run all day, is much greater in expense than the coal; the oil stove is cheaper than either. As there is so much competition in oil stoves, they are nearly all good, for doing a part of the cooking, if for large family; or all, if family be small.

The Atkinson oven, called the "Aladdin," is worked by either gas or oil. Meat, fish, onions, fruits and delicate puddings may all be cooked in the same oven, without any flavor or odor of the one being imparted to the other. All kinds of food may be cooked in the dishes (even if china) in which they are to be served, without injury to the dishes. A pan of water to wash the dishes may be warmed on the top of the oven, while the cooking is going on within. Oatmeal and stews may be cooked in the oven at night, with a lamp or gas burner of low power, and be ready for morning. The capacity of the inner oven of the extra size is 18 inches wide, 13 inches deep, 15 inches high. A four-course dinner of fish, entree, roast, thin vegetables and pudding, pie or cake may be cooked in the oven at the same time, sufficient for eight persons, with an expenditure of about one pint of oil. Soup may be reheated at the same time.

This oven is not a quick worker, but cooks slowly at moderate heat, without waste or radiation, and preserves flavor and nutritive properties of food in the best manner. It is invaluable for workmen, as the breakfast is ready for their early hour. One testifies that breakfast put in early on July 4 and left while the family made a visit till 8 o'clock of July 5 was cooked as nicely as usual and at just right temperature when eating, the lamp had been turned low enough to make the oil last. So any house-mother can keep food for late or early breakfast, or for a party, without the necessity of preparing her dinner and leave it for a few hours, and return tired, perhaps, but with a full meal ready for immediate conveyance to the table. This oven will be thoroughly illustrated at the exposition.

One of the most interesting novelties of the French exhibition of 1889 was the self-acting Norwegian cooking apparatus of simplest construction. A wooden box lined with four inches of felt, which saucepans containing the food previously boiled for five or ten minutes, according to the nature of the food, are placed. The heat-conveyers are covered with a thick felt cover, the lid of the box is fastened down, and the rest of the cooking is done by slow digestion, no more heat being added. The heated vessels retain a high temperature for several hours, so that a dinner put in at 8 a. m. would be quite hot and ready for 5 p. m., and would keep hot up to 10 or 12 at night. If any more information is desired I will give it on application.

The best oven for baking bread is the brick oven, but one can use the Italian expedient with the iron oven. The peasants of Italy bake their loaves in flower pots or bowls of similar material, and when well baked, they are covered with a put into a nice new flower pot and be put in the iron oven, the bread will bake quite as well as in a brick oven, because the heat will be graduated in the same way.

A Cup of Coffee. Before the cup is required, must come selection from knowledge. Today will give the search for knowledge. The Turkish is the finest coffee in the world, for the climate allows the bean to ripen on the stalk for years, and coffee always improves with age. Then comes Java when well ripened. Old Government Java is only Java that is green, yellow, several years, it then assumes a brown color and loses by evaporation its harsh, bitter and astringent taste.

There are three kinds of coffee, yellow, green and black. The yellow, the best, is green when ripe, and is a bright, continuous fire. The yellow need not be intense and uniform heat, a longer and more delicate roasting, and must be removed from fire when of a light, chestnut color. The

NEW GOODS VS. OLD GOODS! PRICE OF EACH THE SAME.

That's the Whole Story in a Nut Shell.

We claim (and can prove) to sell New Goods fully as Low as many people are buying shop-worn goods for. Enough said, it is only a question as to which you prefer, THE NEW OR THE OLD.

MONDAY!

We show some New Things in Ladies Muslin Underwear. The Styles are so entirely new that a comprehensive description is quite impossible, but instead will ask you to call and examine price:

Corset Covers from 25c to \$2.00 Each.
Skirts from 50c to \$7.00 Each.
Night Gowns from 75c to \$3.00 Each.
Drawers from 25c to \$3.50 Each.
Chemise from 50c to \$2.00 Each.

NOTE! In quoting prices we mention nothing cheaper than 25c, however, we have cheaper garments, but do not recommend them. In the above prices we offer better value than ever shown in this city.

Embroideries!

Are selling fast, and any one who is going to use Embroidery this spring should not fail to see those six lines at

5c, 9c, 13c, 17c, 21c and 25c.

No other house can show you equal value.

JUST A WORD

About New Wash Goods. We are receiving new things daily, and are always pleased to have you call and see them; it is a pleasure to show such handsome fabrics. Call on us MONDAY before doing your shopping and save money.

Silberstein & Bondy

DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS.

The only safe, sure and reliable Female Pill ever offered to Ladies. Especially recommended to married Ladies. Beware of Pills put up in tin boxes as they are dangerous. Ask for Dr. Mott's Pennyroyal Pills and take no other. Send for circular. Price \$1.00 per box, 6 boxes for \$5.00. Dr. Mott's Chemical Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

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TRY THE HERALD WANT COLUMNS!

"SITUATIONS WANTED" FREE.

POPULAR WANTS!

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THESPIAN THOUGHTS.

Bill Nye Gives a Short History of Thespis
And Tells About the Audiences

He Had:

The Manner in Which Artemus Ward First
Found Out How Very Funny
He Was.

Did Not Know He Was Doing a Comedy
Part Without Support Until He
Saw Jefferson.

[Copyright, 1893, by Edgar W. Nye.]
It may be interesting to know that the
pioneer American humorist, who was first
to study and depict the humor of the
Yankee and good naturedly to attack
the brag and bluster of the enthusiastic
American, got his first inspiration from
Joseph Jefferson in "A Terrible Fix."



TRYING TO MAKE THEM LAUGH.

Charlie Browne (Artemus Ward) had
amused his friends many times by his
look of intense sadness even while he
was in some grotesque situation which
itself made everybody laugh, but he did
not know that he was acting. He did
not know that he was doing a comedy
part without support until he saw
Jefferson in "A Terrible Fix."

Then his Yankee shrewdness showed
him that he might utilize this power to
his own advantage and the entertain-
ment of others. Then he said to him-
self, "I need not rely wholly on my pen
to give me a living. Here's a chance to
do better, and at the same time to do
something that is agreeable to myself."

So he became a lecturer in
America and England, and with a little
delight and an audience alone with his
humor, heightened by the art of the stage.

Yet Daniel Dougherty told me once
that he and Edwin Forrest went to hear
Ward together, and Forrest, especially
was disappointed. That never inspired
my good opinion of Ward, for another
man once said that the greatest task of the
humorous lecturer is to work all of one
evening to make those laugh whom God
had never intended should laugh. For-
rest belonged to a time when school chil-
dren believed that the celebrated Indian
chiefs, Black Hawk and Logan, were
greater men than John Quincy Adams.

This lowered him in the estimation of
those who worshipped the solemn dignity
of Logan, who "was the friend of the
white man," and who dared "any white
man to say that he ever entered Logan's
cabin hungry without getting a drink."

It is said that "Colonel Cressap in cold
blood killed the family of Logan," so
that there ran not in the veins of any
living creature one drop of the blood of
Logan. Later historians say that Logan
had no family, dying a bachelor and en-
tirely on a stump as regards his family
tree, being utterly destitute of parents
as far back as the eye could reach; also
that a school teacher named Colchester wrote
all of Logan's speeches for him.

But since that time we have learned
that the best dramatic work is the best
representation of human action and human
life. Human life is not all poison
and murder. "Save me! Save me! Save me
for I am but a poor sewing girl" (pro-
nounced sewing girl), but there are times
when people eat well, sleep well and
have fun in preference to running around
with a foot-sword sticking out between
their shoulder blades.

I presume that in the days of Thespis,
when his first tragedy was produced,
there was nothing to laugh at except his
own Greek pronunciation and the digni-
fied way his dead men had to walk off
the stage without assistance.

No doubt Thespis did the kerosene oil
circuit with his first tragedy. The dressing
rooms were as bad as they are now.
It's pretty hard to say, but very likely in
the smaller towns, after you left Attica,
the star had a three-cornered room with
the record of Alvin Josslyn's company in
pencil on the wall and a rude lithograph
of Alvin with a dried quail of tobacco on
his 5-pound diamond. Dressing rooms
in those days also had a view of a colored
gambling hall on the alley, and Thespis
entertained by means of the trunk chair.

Dressing then was less difficult, no
doubt, and the star wore his street cos-
tume and had no valet. If the roads
were bad he turned up the edges of his
drapery till time to ring up, and then
turning it down and powdering his legs
before the briars had cruelly scratched
them he sailed in.

After he was over with his work friends
came back to shake hands and hear him
tell tales of his success, and how they
hired a field near Icaria and then
turned people away.

Pisistratus was a contemporary of
Thespis' and admired him very much.
They collaborated on a play called "How
Greece Was Tried." It ran a week in
Attica and then went on the road. Thes-
pis furnished the blood and Pisistratus
the teams. The support was poor and
immoral. Pisistratus took tickets at
the door and drove the team daytimes.

When the glowing comic Thespis, who
sat on the front seat, would say, "Gee-
"

do you reckon we are far enough away
from the last town to try it here?"

Thespis played mostly by main
strength and often carried his audience
with him when the house was light.

Confidentially, he said that in one char-
acter where he delicately killed his ad-
versary by means of poison he played
over the heads of his audience. At that
time the tragedian had to kill a man so
that no autopsy was necessary, or the
audience went home grumbling.

Thespis played exclusively a one part
play, aside from the chorus which he in-
troduced at a reception given to Dionys-
us. He held the center of the stage and
gave a dialogue with himself till he
got tired, and then the chorus came in
and sang "The Suvvenure River" or "Dun-
dee." The choruses in those days were
not attractive.

Horace said that Thespis was a bad
actor and not worth the salt he ate on
his scenery. I have a little notice of the
work of Thespis, as written by Horace,
from which I find that makes a better ex-
cerpt than something from Horace.

"Thespis with his company played
here yesterday to a small house hereto-
fore used for storing oats. He played his
own play and even 'falled up' on that at
times. It was called, 'How Greece Was
Tried,' or, 'Remember Unto Greece That
Which is Greasy.'"

"In this tragedy Mr. Thespis dies by
his own hand, but he is too long in lead-
ing up to this point. Very few people
were out, and they were not out so much
as they would have been had not Thespis
made popular prices.

"We do not reproach him for the
money he has taken out of the town, for
his play was not an enormous one, and
Troy laundry will get the most of it, we
opine.

"The tragedy played here is a stolen
piece, but the theft was not a crime: it
was only a misadventure. It was not a
great play in the first place, and Thespis
with a road company has not elevated it."

"The Attica papers all speak of Thespis
in a friendly way and call him The
Child Wonder, though he is forty-nine
years of age and dyes the whiskers on
his jokes.

"Thespis needs a new play with some
pop to it. The writer is now working on
one that would bring out the abilities of
the great tragedian and give him a
standing so that he could, with better
support, play a return date to this town.
Now his company is constantly thinned
out by the police and filled up from the
corn fields along the roads.

"Thespis also drinks too much. Our
reporter called to see him yesterday, but
was told that he 'was resting up for the
evening.' That will not go with the
Grecian press. The walk from his last
stand was not an enormous one, and if he
ever expects to succeed he must show
more consideration for the press.

"A little more scenery and less realism
about the frost bitten feet of the support
would help Thespis, and a little more
dignity or more clothes in the chorus
would bring out a better class of people.

The twelve men who saw the play last
evening agreed to tell their wives that
they had been serving on jury and
couldn't agree.

"Thespis claims that his entire chorus
is composed of young lads, but a man
from Attica came on here to look for his
wife and took one of the chorus home in
his buggy wearing bitterly."

Colley Cibber was born in 1671. Thes-
pis had severely criticized the tendency
of the people, and so did Cibber 300
years ago. They were the same things
that are gumbled about now. There are
many reasons why audiences are
criticized yet from the stage, but it is
the same with press, pulpit and pres-
ident. And yet how necessary an audi-
ence to all of us. We cannot do without
the audience shall be best pleased with
what least pleases us. There are a
good many elements in an audience, and
it wants all kinds of things in two hours,
just as the reader wants news, sport,
humor, opinion, gossip, weather,
arrivals, departures, science and lava
tunnels in a paper—for two cents.

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this evening, I was a fairy and had gams
wings. I wore pink tights, and when the
orchestra made the remark—
"Tummy tum teale,
Tummy tum teale,
Tummy tum teale."

I pulled the string that worked my
wings and gleefully skipped up and down
stage like this little down borne on the
bosom of a playful wind."

Mr. Burbank said: "I sent a man to
see Rip many years ago. He went from
Buffalo on purpose. He was a clergy-
man and asked me if there was anything
about the play that would demoralize
him if he went."

"Did he go?" says Rip.
"Yes. He was greatly interested in
Irving's story and was anxious to see
how it looked on the stage."

"He was a clergyman, you say?"
"Yes, he was a clergyman of the Dutch
Reformed church."

"Well," said Mr. Jefferson, "I'm
afraid he was disappointed, for there is
nothing in the nature of Dutch reform
about Rip."

Bill Nye

Hard on Jeremiah.
"Why, Jeremiah Brown! Is this you,
alive and in the flesh?" exclaimed Mrs.
Brown as her husband returned from a
short railway journey.

"Why, of course it's me, ain't this the
time when I said I'd be back?" said Mr.
Brown rather testily.

"And you ain't been in no accident and
got killed?"
"Do I look as if I was dead?"
"And you ain't lost both legs and both
arms, Jeremiah?"

"No, I ain't."
"Nor even one leg, nor one arm, nor
an eye?"

"No."
"And you ain't so much as got hurt
enough so you can sit in the house and
not work for a few months?"

"How many times have I got to tell
you there ain't nothing happened?"
"Well, you beat all! There you went
and paid 4 shillings for an accident in-
surance ticket just before you left, and
you haven't done anything to get any
money out of it. Four shillings wasted
for nothing! And you might just as
well have made £2,000 if you'd only got
killed! Nice manager you are!"—Boston
Globe!

Not That Way.
Edgar gazed into Arabella's eyes with
a soulfulness which showed he meant
business. He murmured, "You shall al-
ways build the morning fires, and I will
never, never attempt to thwart you in
this the noblest, the grandest work
which comes within the sphere of wom-
ankind."

And Arabella put her hand confusingly
in Edgar's, and with an artless, gur-
gling laugh replied, "No, Edgar, I pre-
fer to make it warm for you in some
other way."—Boston Transcript.

Why He Stayed In.
Mother: "This is Saturday. Why don't
you go out and play?"
Small Son: "I'm afraid I'll get too tired
to sit still in church tomorrow."

Mother: "Well, if you are tired you
need not go to church. You need exer-
cise and should take it today. Two boys
have been waiting for you out there for
the past hour."

Small Son: "Y-o-s, they're waiting to
lick me.—Good News.

Where He Stood.
Lawyer (cross examining): "And where
were you, sir, at the time the pistol was
discharged?"
Stately Witness—I—er—well—ah—er—
um—
Lawyer: "Never mind the 'er—ums.'"
Where were you standing when the shot
was fired?"
Stately Witness—I—I—er—I believe I
was under the sofa.—Detroit Tribune.

Well Balanced.
"For such a large man," said Mr.
Heavywate, "I am very light on my
feet."
"Remarkably well balanced, then,
aren't you?" Miss Maud asked mali-
ciously.
"How so?"
"Light footed and light headed."—But-
fal Express.

After Sunshine.
Mrs. Upton: "My dear, we'll have to go
to Florida."
Mr. Upton: "Florida? We are all in
good health."

Mrs. Upton: "Yes, I know, but I bought
a perfectly lovely parasol at such a bar-
gain today, and it will be out of fashion
before spring.—New York Weekly.

The Odd Threadneedle Race.
One of the strangest races ever invented
by English athletes is the threadneedle
race that is a feature of the gymkhana or
athletic carnival held in India. The com-
petitors are a brawny lot of young British
and an equal number of pretty Indians.

A TALK WITH JEFFERSON.
Colley Cibber married a Miss Shore in
1688. Being a cautious man he handled
his matrimonial bark so as to hug the
shore occasionally, but Cibber was a
man with a set of morals that had been
handed down to him from an ancestor
who was a Roman senator, and in those
days the morals of Rome were very much
in need of a suitable fix screen.

Cibber was a dramatist and comedian,
born in London. He wrote "Love's Last
Shift," referring doubtless to Cupid, who
has seen some of the most rigid writers,
but never wrote an overcoat yet.

Cibber also wrote "The Careless Hus-
band," "The Nonjuror," etc.

He and Thespis both referred easily to
the decline of the drama.

Pope regarded Cibber as the most stu-
pid man of his time and said that he was
made poet laureate in 1700, and then
ceased writing anything of merit.

Not long since, referring to the stage,
I had a happy afternoon in Chicago, and
later on in St. Louis a very charming
evening with that well balanced gentle-
man and rising young actor, Joseph Jef-
ferson.

Every little while something recurs to
his mind that should have gone into that
autobiography of his.

"Fifty years ago," he said, "here in
St. Louis, on the ground where we played

the threadneedle race,

girls. The men are mounted upon horses
and race to a point where the ladies all
stand in a line. Each horseman carries a
needle, and the girl who carries a needle
which she threads as quickly as she can
her trembling fingers can accomplish the
delicate task. As soon as each needle is
threaded the man holding it rushes back to
his pony, mounts and races back to the
starting point. The man who returns
quickest and the girl whose fingers first
thread a needle are the envied ones at the
tournament.

THE THREADNEEDLE RACE.

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THE THREADNEEDLE RACE.

The Oldest Tobacco Advertisement in America.

From the Daily Advertiser, of New York, June 30, 1789.

Has a
CLIMAX
PLUS
round red
tin tag
CLIMAX
PLUS
like this

Tobacco & Snuff of the best quality & flavor,
At the Manufacturer, No. 4, Chatham street, near the Canal
By Peter and George Lorillard,
Where may be had as follows:

Cut tobacco,	Prig or carrot do.
Common kitefoot do.	Maccuba snuff,
Common smoking do.	Rappee do.
Strawburgh do.	Common rappee do.
Ladies twist do.	Scented rappee do, of dif-
Pigtail do, in small rolls,	ferent kinds,
Plug do.	Scotch do.
Hogtail do.	

The above Tobacco and Snuff will be sold reasonable,
and warranted as good as any on the continent. It not
found to prove good, any part of it may be returned, if
not damaged.
N. B. Proper allowance will be made to those that
purchase a quantity.

When this advertisement appeared, the LORILLARD firm was 29 years old. In
the 103 years intervening, the little store on the Boston Turnpike (now Park
Row) has grown into the largest Tobacco manufactory in the world. The en-
terprise, energy and skill which has kept the head of the procession so long,
finds its best expression to-day in CLIMAX PLUS, the choicest chewing tobacco
in the world. CLIMAX is sold everywhere. It's much the best.

Made only by the P. LORILLARD COMPANY, the oldest tobacco manufacturers in America, and the largest in the world.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SHERIFF'S EX-EUTION SALE.

Under and by virtue of an execution issued
out of and under the seal of the district court
of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh
judicial district, do hereby give notice that on
the 14th day of November 1892, upon a judg-
ment rendered and docketed in said court in
favor of the plaintiff, wherein Wm. H. Nesbitt
was plaintiff and against Frank Bowles and
Albert Polzer defendants, in favor of the
plaintiff and against said defendants, the sum of
three hundred and thirty dollars (\$330.00) with
costs of \$10.00, and interest thereon, was ad-
judged in said court, and the said judgment
and costs were duly entered and docketed in
said court, and the said judgment and costs
were duly levied upon the property of the de-
fendants, and the same were sold at public auc-
tion, and the proceeds of said sale were paid to
the plaintiff, and the said judgment and costs
were duly satisfied, and the said property was
sold at public auction, and the proceeds of said
sale were paid to the plaintiff, and the said
judgment and costs were duly satisfied, and the
said property was sold at public auction, and
the proceeds of said sale were paid to the
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